SAYS

- To monitor different parameters such as soil moisture, temperature and humidity.
- Using web or mobile application, farmers can easily monitor the crop field.
- According to the need, mobile application takes decision to water the crop.

THINKS

- · To reduce production risks.
- Enhances the ability to foresee production results.
- For better cost management and waste reduction.
- All the data collected is stored and located on a digital platform for monitoring and forecasting.

DOES

- Soil moisture monitoring (including conductivity and pH).
- IoT irrigation control. Activate irrigation valves when the soil moisture drops below a certain level.
- Soil nutrient analysis. There are a range of emerging sensors that can monitor NPK levels in soil.

FEELS

- · Increased production.
- · Lower production costs.
- · Operational efficiencies.
- Real-time and intelligent cost management.

PAINS

- If the farmer is far from the crop field, it is difficult for him to monitor and control.
- Farmers cannot know if the application does not work properly.
- Farmers cannot detect if any sensors are damaged.

GAINS

- · Can monitor from anywhere.
- Easy to control the motor pump to water the crop as per the need.
- Easy to sense soil moisture, temperature and humidity by using the sensors.