

Visualizing and Predicting Heart Diseases with an InteractiveDash Board

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Exploration Of BP vs Chest Pain Type And Gender :

Average BP during the Chest Pain

We are going to plot the average BP recorded for Male and Female based on Gender during the Chest pain recorded.

Background: Gender has been proposed as a potentially important predictor of bereavement outcomes. The majority of research in the field has explored this issue by examining gender differences in global grief severity. Findings have been mixed. In this study, we explore potential gender differences in grief using network analysis. This approach examines how individual symptoms relate to and reinforce each other, and so offers the potential to shed light on novel aspects of grief expression across genders.

Method: Graphical lasso networks were constructed using self-report data from 839 spousal bereaved older participants (584 female, 255 male) collected at 2- and 11- months post-bereavement. Edge strength, node strength and global network strength were compared to identify similarities and differences between gender networks across time.

Results: At both time points, the strongest connection for both genders was from the yearning to pangs of grief. Yearning, pangs of grief, acceptance, bitterness and shock were prominent nodes at time 1. Numbness and meaninglessness emerged as prominent nodes at time 2. Males and females differed in the relative importance of shock at time 1, and the female network had greater overall strength than the male network at time 2.

Conclusions: This study identified many similarities and few differences in the relationships between prolonged grief symptoms for males and females. Findings suggest that future studies should examine alternate sources of variation in grief outcomes. Limitations are discussed.

