Assignment -2

| Assignment Date | 20 October 2022 |
|-------------------------|--|
| Student Name | Gayathri N |
| Student Register Number | 212219060086 |
| Topic | VirtualEye - Life Guardfor Swimming Pools to |
| | Detect Active Drowning |

```
In[1]: import pandas as
    pdimport numpyas np
    import seabornas sns
    import matplotlib.pyplotas plt
    %matplotlibinline
    importscipy.stats
    #import statsmodels.api as sms
    import statsmodels.formula.apias smf
    from statsmodels.stats.stattoolsimport jarque_bera
In[2]: data=pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv')
```

| <pre>lata=pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv') lata</pre> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| Out[2]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfP |
|---------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|--------|
| | 0 | 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | |
| | 1 | 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | |
| | 2 | 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | |
| | 3 | 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | |
| | 4 | 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 9995 | 9996 | 15606229 | Obijiaku | 771 | France | Male | 39 | 5 | 0.00 | |
| | 9996 | 9997 | 15569892 | Johnstone | 516 | France | Male | 35 | 10 | 57369.61 | |
| | 9997 | 9998 | 15584532 | Liu | 709 | France | Female | 36 | 7 | 0.00 | |
| | 9998 | 9999 | 15682355 | Sabbatini | 772 | Germany | Male | 42 | 3 | 75075.31 | |
| | 9999 | 10000 | 15628319 | Walker | 792 | France | Female | 28 | 4 | 130142.79 | |

10000 rows x 14 columns

Describe Function

mean 38.921800 5.012800 76485.889288

| std | 10.487806 | 2.892174 | 62397.405202 |
|-----|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| min | 18.000000 | 0.000000 | 0.000000 |
| 25% | 32.000000 | 3.000000 | 0.000000 |
| 50% | 37.000000 | 5.000000 | 97198.540000 |
| 75% | 44.000000 | 7.000000 | 127644.240000 |
| max | 92.000000 | 10.000000 | 250898.090000 |

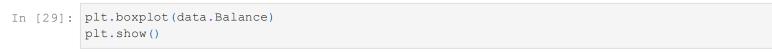
Data Type

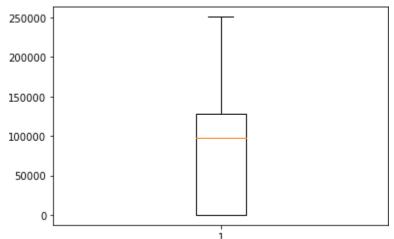
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js

```
In [15]: data.dtypes
                              int64
Out[15]: RowNumber
                              int64
         CustomerId
         Surname
                             object
         CreditScore
                              int64
         Geography
                             object
         Gender
                             object
         Age
                              int64
         Tenure
                              int64
         Balance
                            float64
         NumOfProducts
                              int64
                              int64
         HasCrCard
         IsActiveMember
                              int64
         EstimatedSalary
                            float64
         Exited
                              int64
         dtype: object
In [16]: data.isnull().any()
Out[16]: RowNumber
                            False
         CustomerId
                            False
                            False
         Surname
         CreditScore
                            False
         Geography
                            False
         Gender
                            False
         Age
                            False
         Tenure
                            False
         Balance
                            False
         NumOfProducts
                            False
         HasCrCard
                            False
         IsActiveMember
                            False
         EstimatedSalary
                            False
         Exited
                            False
         dtype: bool
         UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS
In [18]: sns.histplot(data.Age,kde=True)
Out[18]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Count'>
           800
```

800 -700 -600 -400 -300 -200 -100 -20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90

BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

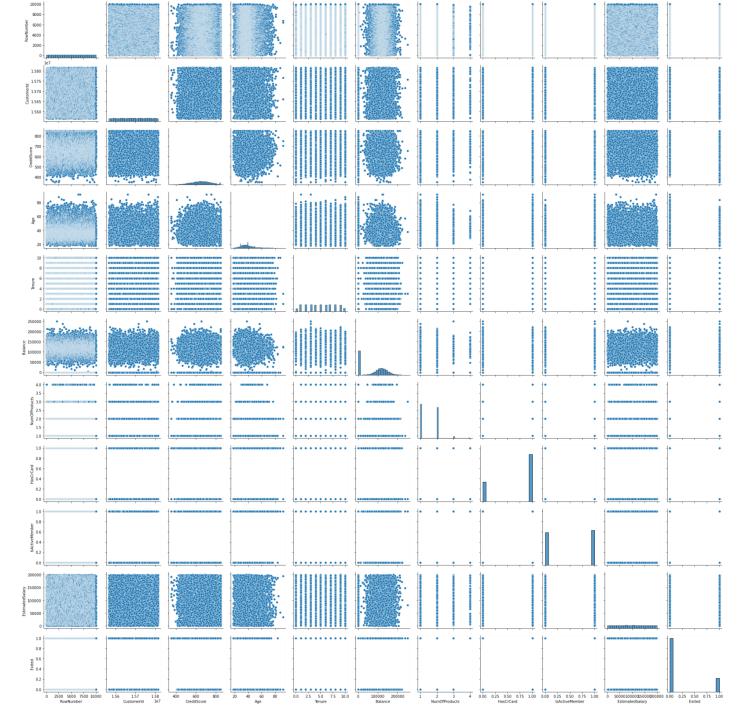




MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

In [47]: sns.pairplot(data)

Out[47]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1cb8b759610>



Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

In [3]: data.describe(include='all')

|]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure |
|----|--------|-------------|----------------------|---------|--------------|-----------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| | count | 10000.00000 | 1.000000e+04 | 10000 | 10000.000000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000.000000 | 10000.000000 |
| | unique | NaN | NaN | 2932 | NaN | 3 | 2 | NaN | NaN |
| | top | NaN | NaN | Smith | NaN | France | Male | NaN | NaN |
| | freq | NaN | NaN | 32 | NaN | 5014 | 5457 | NaN | NaN |
| | mean | 5000.50000 | 1.569094e+07 | NaN | 650.528800 | NaN | NaN | 38.921800 | 5.012800 |
| | std | 2886.89568 | 7.193619e+04 | NaN | 96.653299 | NaN | NaN | 10.487806 | 2.892174 |
| | min | 1.00000 | 1.00000 1.556570e+07 | | 350.000000 | NaN | NaN | 18.000000 | 0.000000 |
| | 25% | 2500.75000 | 1.562853e+07 | NaN | 584.000000 | NaN | NaN | 32.000000 | 3.000000 |
| | 50% | 5000.50000 | 1.569074e+07 | NaN | 652.000000 | NaN | NaN | 37.000000 | 5.000000 |
| | 75% | 7500.25000 | 1.575323e+07 | NaN | 718.000000 | NaN | NaN | 44.000000 | 7.000000 |
| | max | 10000.00000 | 1.581569e+07 | NaN | 850.000000 | NaN | NaN | 92.000000 | 10.000000 |

In [4]: data.count() 10000 Out[4]: RowNumber 10000 CustomerId Surname 10000 10000 CreditScore 10000 Geography Gender 10000 Age 10000 Tenure 10000 Balance 10000 NumOfProducts 10000 HasCrCard 10000 IsActiveMember 10000 EstimatedSalary 10000 Exited 10000 dtype: int64

Handle the Missing values.

Fill with Zeros for NAN values

```
In [7]: a =data.fillna(0)
a
```

Out[3]

| Out[7]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfP |
|---------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|--------|
| | 0 | 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | |
| | 1 | 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | |
| | 2 | 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | |
| | 3 | 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | |
| | 4 | 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 9995 | 9996 | 15606229 | Obijiaku | 771 | France | Male | 39 | 5 | 0.00 | |
| | 9996 | 9997 | 15569892 | Johnstone | 516 | France | Male | 35 | 10 | 57369.61 | |
| | 9997 | 9998 | 15584532 | Liu | 709 | France | Female | 36 | 7 | 0.00 | |
| | 9998 | 9999 | 15682355 | Sabbatini | 772 | Germany | Male | 42 | 3 | 75075.31 | |
| | 9999 | 10000 | 15628319 | Walker | 792 | France | Female | 28 | 4 | 130142.79 | |

10000 rows x 14 columns

Find the outliers and replace the outliers

| In [8]: | а | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|-----------|--------|
| Out[8]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfP |
| | 0 | 1 | 15634602 | Hargrave | 619 | France | Female | 42 | 2 | 0.00 | |
| | 1 | 2 | 15647311 | Hill | 608 | Spain | Female | 41 | 1 | 83807.86 | |
| | 2 | 3 | 15619304 | Onio | 502 | France | Female | 42 | 8 | 159660.80 | |
| | 3 | 4 | 15701354 | Boni | 699 | France | Female | 39 | 1 | 0.00 | |
| | 4 | 5 | 15737888 | Mitchell | 850 | Spain | Female | 43 | 2 | 125510.82 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 9995 | 9996 | 15606229 | Obijiaku | 771 | France | Male | 39 | 5 | 0.00 | |
| | 9996 | 9997 | 15569892 | Johnstone | 516 | France | Male | 35 | 10 | 57369.61 | |
| | 9997 | 9998 | 15584532 | Liu | 709 | France | Female | 36 | 7 | 0.00 | |
| | 9998 | 9999 | 15682355 | Sabbatini | 772 | Germany | Male | 42 | 3 | 75075.31 | |
| | 9999 | 10000 | 15628319 | Walker | 792 | France | Female | 28 | 4 | 130142.79 | |

10000 rows x 14 columns

```
In [9]: missing_values=data.isnull().sum()
    missing_values[missing_values>0]/len(data)*100

Out[9]: Series([], dtype:float64)

In [13]: cols =3
    rows =4
    num_cols=data.select_dtypes(exclude='object').columns
    fig = plt.figure( figsize=(cols*5, rows*5))
    for i, col in enumerate(num_cols):
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js
```

```
sns.boxplot(x=data[col],ax=ax)
                     fig.tight_layout()
                     plt.show()
                                                                                                                 1.580
le7
                                       4000 6000
RowNumber
                                                                                            1.570
CustomerId
                              2000
                                                                               1.560
                                                                                                                                                600
CreditScore
                                                         8000
                                                                 10000
                                                                                       1.565
                                                                                                                                          500
                                                                                                                                                                     800
                                         50 60
Age
                                                                                                                                             100000 150000
Balance
                                                                                                                                     50000
                                                                                                                                                              200000
                                                                                                                                                                       250000
                      1.0
                             1.5
                                    2.0 2.5
NumOfProducts
                                                           3.5
                                                                  4.0
                                                                                           0.4 0.6
HasCrCard
                                                                                                             0.8
                                                                                                                      1.0
                                                                                                                                              0.4 0.6
IsActiveMember
                                                                                                                                                                         1.0
                                                   3.0
                                                                          0.0
                                                                                  0.2
                                                                                                                             0.0
                                                                                                                                      0.2
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js | hatedSalary
                                                                                                                      1.0
```

ax=fig.add_subplot(rows,cols,i+1)

```
Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:>

2000
1750
1500
1250
1000
750
500
250
400
500
600
700
800
```

data['CreditScore'].hist()

```
In[15]:
         print('SkewnessvalueofAge:',data['Age'].skew())
         Age mean=data['Age'].mean()
         print('Mean of Age is:', Age mean)
         Age_std= data['Age'].std()
         print('Standard Deviation of Age is: ',Age std)
         low= Age_mean-(3 * Age_std)
         high= Age_mean+ (3 * Age_std)
         Age outliers = data[(data['Age'] <low) | (data['Age'] >high)]
         #print('OutliersofAgeis:\n',Age outliers)
         print('Outliers of Age is:')
         Age outliers.head()
         Skewness value of Age: 1.0113202630234552
         Mean of Age is:38.9218
         Standard Deviation of Age is: 10.487806451704591
         Outliers of Age is:
```

| Out[15]: | | RowNumber | CustomerId | Surname | CreditScore | Geography | Gender | Age | Tenure | Balance | NumOfPro |
|----------|-----|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|--------|-----|--------|----------|----------|
| | 85 | 86 | 15805254 | Ndukaku | 652 | Spain | Female | 75 | 10 | 0.00 | |
| | 158 | 159 | 15589975 | Maclean | 646 | France | Female | 73 | 6 | 97259.25 | |
| | 230 | 231 | 15808473 | Ringrose | 673 | France | Male | 72 | 1 | 0.00 | |
| | 252 | 253 | 15793726 | Matveyeva | 681 | France | Female | 79 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| | 310 | 311 | 15712287 | Pokrovskii | 652 | France | Female | 80 | 4 | 0.00 | |

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

```
In []: #data1=pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv')
  #data1.head()

In [4]: import numpyas np #for numpy operations
  import pandas as pd#for creating DataFrame using Pandas
  # to split the dataset using sklearn
  from sklearn.model_selectionimport train_test_split
  # load titanic dataset
  data1 = pd.read csv('Churn Modelling.csv',
Loading [MathJax]/extensions/Safe.js
```

```
data1.head()
             Surname
                     Geography Gender
 Out[4]:
          0 Hargrave
                          France
                                 Female
          1
                  Hill
                           Spain
                                 Female
          2
                 Onio
                          France
                                 Female
          3
                 Boni
                          France
                                 Female
          4
               Mitchell
                           Spain Female
          pd.get dummies(data1)
In [5]:
                Surname_Abazu Surname_Abbie Surname_Abbott Surname_Abdullah Surname_Abdulov
                                                                                               Surname_Abel
 Out[5]:
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
             2
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                            0
                                                                                                           0
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
             4
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
          9995
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                                             0
                            0
                                                                            0
                                                                                                           0
          9996
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
          9997
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
          9998
                            0
                                           0
                                                           0
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
                                                                                                           0
                                           0
                                                           0
          9999
                                                                            0
                                                                                             0
         10000 rows x 2937 columns
In [17]: # Returns dictionary having key as category and values asnumber
          deffind category mappings(data, variable):
           return {k: i for i, k inenumerate(data[variable].unique())}
          # Returns the column after mapping with dictionary
          definteger encode(data, variable, ordinal mapping):
           data[variable] = data[variable].map(ordinal_mapping)
          for variable in ['Surname', 'Geography', 'Gender']:
           mappings=find category_mappings(data1,variable)
           integer encode(data1, variable, mappings)
          data1.head()
             Surname
                      Geography Gender
Out[17]:
```

usecols=['Surname','Gender','Geography'])

Split the data into dependent and independent

variables.

Dependent Variable: A dependent variable is a variable whose value depends on another variable.

Independent Variable: An Independent variable is a variable whose value never depends on another variable.

```
In [6]: print("TheMinimumvalueofDataset:\n", data1.min(numeric only=True))
        print("\n")
        print("TheMaximumvalueofDataset:\n", data1.max(numeric only=True))
        print("\n")
        print("TheMeanvalueofDataset:\n", data1.mean(numeric_only=True))
        print("\n")
        print(data1.count(0))
        print (data1.shape)
        print(data1.size)
        The Minimum value ofDataset:
         Series([], dtype:float64)
        The Maximum value of Dataset:
         Series([], dtype:float64)
        The Mean value of Dataset:
         Series([], dtype:float64)
         Surname 10000
        Geography 10000
                      10000
        Gender
        dtype: int64
         (10000, 3)
         30000
In [7]: y = data1["Surname"]
        x=data1.drop(columns=["Surname"],axis=1)
        x.head()
           Geography Gender
Out[7]:
               France Female
         1
                Spain Female
         2
               France Female
         3
               France Female
         4
                Spain Female
```

Scale the independent variables

```
In[8]:
          names=x.columnsnam
Out[8]: Index(['Geography', 'Gender'],dtype='object')
In[12]:
          from sklearn.preprocessingimportscale
          x=scale(x)
In[16]:
                Geography Gender
Out[16]:
                           Female
                    France
                     Spain
                            Female
             2
                    France
                            Female
                    France
                            Female
             4
                     Spain Female
           9995
                    France
                              Male
           9996
                    France
                              Male
           9997
                            Female
                    France
           9998
                   Germany
                              Male
           9999
                    France
                            Female
```

10000 rows x 2 columns

Split the data into training and testing

The train-test split is used to estimate the performance of machine learning algorithms that are applicable for prediction-based Algorithms/Applications. By default, the Test set is split into 30 % of actual data and the training set is split into 70% of the actual data.

```
In[18]:
          from sklearn.model selectionimport train test split
In[19]:
          x train, x test, y train, y test=train test split(x, y, test size=0.2, random state=0)
In[20]:
          x_train.head()
                Geography
                           Gender
Out[20]:
          7389
                     Spain
                           Female
          9275
                  Germany
                             Male
          2995
                    France
                           Female
          5316
                     Spain
                             Male
           356
                           Female
                     Spain
```

Out[21]: ((8000, 2), (8000,), (2000, 2), (2000,))