

Design of a Communication System using Sign Language aid for Differently

Abled Peoples.

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Abstract

One of the most precious gifts of nature to the human race is the ability to express itself by responding to the events that occur in its environment. Every normal person sees, hears, and then reacts to the situations by expressing himself. But there are some less lucky ones who are deprived of this precious gift. Such people, especially deaf and mute, rely on some sort of gesture language to communicate their feelings to others. The deaf, dumb and the blind follow similar problems when it comes to the use of computers. In the era of advanced technologies, where computers, laptops and other processor-based devices are an integral part of everyday life, efforts must be made to make the disabilities in life more independent. Our goal is to design a human computer interface system that can accurately identify the language of the deaf and dumb. With the use of image processing and artificial intelligence, many techniques and algorithms have been developed in this area. Each character speech recognition system is trained to recognize the characters and convert them into the required pattern. The proposed system aims to give speech speechless, a real-time character language is captured as a series of images, and it is processed and then converted into speech and text .Key Words: Sign Language, Communication aid, Sign Recognition, Image Processing, Text Language.

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1. INTRODUCTION :

Dumb people are usually face some problems on normal communication with other people in society. It has been observed that they sometimes find it difficult to interact with normal people with their gestures. Because people with hearing problems or deaf people cannot speak like normal people, they have to depend on a kind of visual communication in most cases. To overcome these problems, we have proposed a system that uses cameras to capture and convert videos of hand gestures from dumb people who turn into speech for understanding normal people. The primary application for addressing sign language is the improvement of the sign language. Computer recognition of sign language is an important research problem for communication with the hearing impaired. The system does not require that the hand is perfectly aligned to the camera. The project uses the image processing system to identify, especially the English alphabetical character language used by the deaf to communicate. The system proposed to develop and build an intelligent system that uses image processing, machine learning and artificial intelligence concepts to make visual inputs of hand gestures of sign language and to create an easily recognizable form of outputs.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

A. Two Way Communicator between Deaf and Dumb People and Normal People. [1]

This system consists mainly of two modules, the first module is Indian Sign Language (ISL) gestures from real-time video and mapping it with human-Understandable speech. Accordingly, the second module is the natural language as Input and card with equivalent Indian Sign Language animated gestures.

B. Sign Language Recognition System to aid Deaf-dumb People Using PCA. [2]

This paper presents design and implementation of real-time sign language recognition system, to 26 gestures from the Indian sign language with MATLAB.

C. Sign Language to Text and Vice Versa Recognition using Computer Vision in Marathi. [3]

In this system edge detection algorithm is used to recognize the input character image gray scale and recognition of the edges of the hand gesture. The system is able to handle the different input records, images of alphabets, words, sentences, and translates them in text and vice versa. The system is designed to translate the Marathi sign language to text.

D. Sign Language Learning based on Android for Deaf and Speech Impaired People. [4]

This research makes an Android-based application that can directly interpret Sign language presented by deaf people in written language. Translation process Starts with the detection of hands with OpenCV and translation of and signals The K-NN classification. Tutorial features added in this application with the goal to train intensively to guide the user when using the sign language.

3. TECHNOLOGIES TO BE USED:

1. Blob Detection:

This algorithm helps to draw rectangles around the defective part. The methods aim to detect areas in a digital image that differ in properties, such as brightness or color, compared to surrounding regions. Independent detection of corresponding regions in scaled versions of the same image. A blob is a region of an image in which some properties are constant or approximately constant, all points in a blob can be viewed in a certain sense to be similar to one another.

2. Skin color recognition:

Skin detection is the process of finding skin colored pixels and regions in an image or video. This process is typically used as a preprocessing step to find areas that may have human faces and limbs in images.

3. Template Matching:

Template matching is a technique in digital image processing to find small portions of an image that match a template image. It can be used in manufacturing as part of quality control, one way to navigate a mobile robot, or as a way to detect edges in images.

4. METHODOLOGY

The methodology has the following main steps:

1. Generation of the database. Here our system takes the hand movements through the web camera. In this proposed method, 26 combinations of Indian characters are developed by the use of the right Hand saved in the training database.

2. Image preprocessing and segmentation. The pre-processing takes place on these recorded input gestures. Then the segmentation Hands are with the template matching algorithm that gives Optimized results

3. Feature Extraction. The segmented hand image is represented with certain features. The characteristics are used for gesture recognition

4. Sign recognition. The given character gesture is recognized with the skin color recognition and the template Matching from the record.

5. Sign to text and Speech conversion. The recognized sign is then mapped into text and further converted into speech With TTS libraries performed to separate object and background.

PRODUCT PERSPECTIVE:

To implement a system for recognizing sign language hand configurations as described which will additionally provide the facility to each individual to define and upload his own sign language into the system since every country or even regional group uses its own set of signs. To develop a tool which will help deaf people in communication. To develop a Sign language, it can be translated into text or sound based on images, videos. Signs can be converted to Speech so that there is a two - way communication

PRODUCT FUNCTION:

It's a Desktop application. User will start the video from the camera. Users will be able to register different signs for further recognition using cameras. When the user will start recognition activity and give various hand gestures in front of the camera, a sign will be detected and speech will be produced to announce the detected sign.

SCOPE:

Proposed systems scope is related with education of dumb peoples. Dumb people faces many problems when normal person could not understand their language. They were facing communication gaps with normal people. For communication between deaf person and a second person, a mediator is required to translate the sign language of deaf person. But a mediator is required to know the sign language used by deaf people. But this is not always possible since there are multiple sign languages for multiple languages. So to understand all sign languages, and gestures of deaf people by normal peoples this system is proposed. System gives output in the form of sound

3. CONCLUSIONS

The proposed communication system between Deaf and Dumb people and ordinary people are aiming for it when bridging the communication gap between two societies. Several work was done earlier in this area, but this paper adds in complete two - sided communication in an efficient manner because the system is implemented as one Handy mobile application. So, it really serves its needs in all aspects. The above strategies prove to be efficient In terms of time and accuracy. Further improvements can be made in the implementation of the communicator

with other sign language such as American Sign Language, Accent recognition for different accents throughout Globe, recognition of emotions in sign language and language Translation.

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