AUTHOR NAME	PUBLISHED YEAR	METHODOLOGY
K.Samruddhi & Kumar	2020	Proposed using Supervised machine learning model using K-Nearest Neighbour to predict used car prices from a data set obtained from Kaggle containing 14 different attributes, using this method accuracy reached up to 85% after different values of K as well as Changing the percent of training data to testing data, expectedly when increasing the percent of data that is tested better accuracy results are achieved. The model was also cross validated with 5 and 10 folds by using K fold method.
Nabarun Pal	2019	It used a supervised learning method known as Random Forest. Kaggle's dataset was used as a basis for predicting used car prices. In order to determine the price impact of each feature, careful exploratory data analysis was performed. 500 Decision Trees were trained with Random Forests. It is most commonly used for classification, but they turned it into a regression model by transforming the problem into an equivalent regression problem. Using experimental results, it was found that training accuracy was 95.82%, and testing accuracy was 83.63%. By selecting the most correlated features, the model can accurately predict the car price

significant attributes only and to reduce the complexity of the model
