Assignment -2

Data Visualization and Preprocessing

Assignment Date	19 September 2022
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Student Roll Number	211419104142
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Question-1:

Download the dataset:

Question-2:

Load the dataset.

Solution:

import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv('/content/Churn_Modelling.csv')

In [1]:	import pandas as pd														
In [3]:	<pre>df=pd.read_csv('/content/Churn_Modelling.csv')</pre>														
In [4]:	df														
Out[4]:	Ro	wNumber	Customerld	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
	0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
	1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
	2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
	3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
	4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0
									1					44	
	9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64	0
	9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77	0
	9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58	1
	9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52	1
	9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78	0

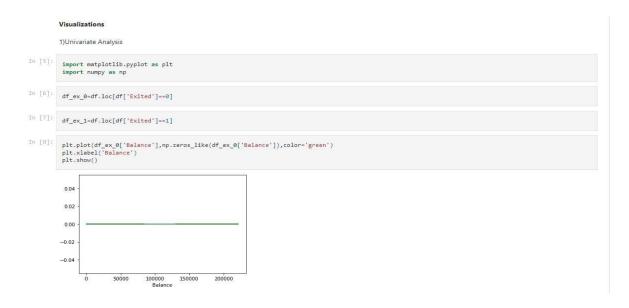
Question-3:

Perform Below Visualizations.

1)Univariate Analysis

Solution:

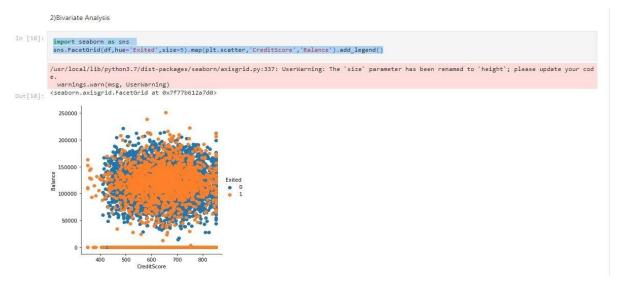
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import
numpy as np
df_ex_0=df.loc[df['Exited']==0]
df_ex_1=df.loc[df['Exited']==1]
plt.plot(df_ex_0['Balance'],np.zeros_like(df_ex_0['Balance']),color='green')
plt.xlabel('Balance') plt.show()
```



2)Bi - Variate Analysis

Solution:

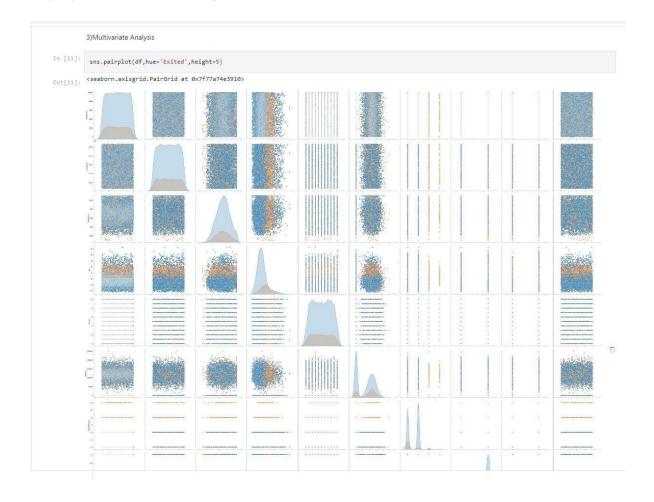
import seaborn as sns
sns.FacetGrid(df,hue='Exited',size=5).map(plt.scatter,'CreditScore','Balance').add_legend()



1) Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

sns.pairplot(df,hue='Exited',height=5)



Question-4:

Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution: df.describe(include='all')

Descriptive Statistics In [12]: df.describe(include='all') Out[12]: ___ RowNumber Customerld Surname CreditScore Geography Gender Balance NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember Estim count 10000.00000 1.000000e+04 10000 10000.000000 10000 10000 10000.000000 10000.000000 10000.000000 10000.000000 10000.00000 unique NaN NaN 2932 NaN 3 2 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN France Male NaN NaN NaN Smith NaN NaN NaN NaN top freq NaN NaN 32 NaN 5014 5457 NaN NaN NaN NaN NaN mean 5000.5000 1.569094e+07 NaN 650.528800 NaN NaN 38.921800 5.012800 76485.889288 1.530200 0.70550 0.515100 100 std 2886.89568 7.193619e+04 NaN 96.653299 NaN NaN 10.487806 2.892174 62397.405202 0.581654 0.45584 0.499797 57 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000 1.000000 min 1.00000 1.556570e+07 NaN 350,00000 NaN NaN 18,00000 0,000000 25% 2500,75000 1.562853e+07 NaN 584,00000 NaN NaN 32,00000 3,000000 0.00000 0.000000 1.000000 3.000000 5.000000 97198.540000 50% 5000.50000 1.569074e+07 NaN 652,000000 NaN NaN 37.000000 1.00000 1.000000 1.000000 100 75% 7500.25000 1.575323e+07 NaN 718.000000 NaN NaN 44.000000 7.000000 127644.240000 2.000000 1.00000 1.000000 149. max 10000.00000 1.581569e+07 NaN 850.00000 NaN NaN 92.00000 10.00000 250898.09000 4.00000 1.00000 1.000000 1999

Question-5:

Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

df.isnull().sum()

```
Handling Missing Values

In [13]: 

df.isnull().sum()

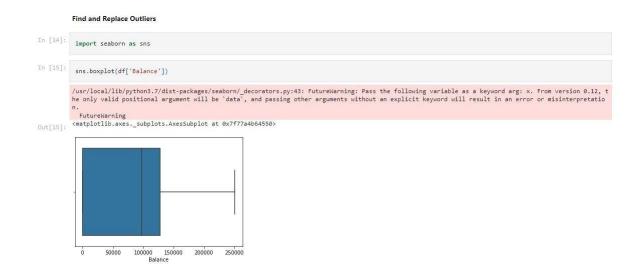
Out[13]: 
CustomerId 0
Surname 0
CreditScore 0
Geography 0
Gender 0
Age 0
Tenure 0
Balance 0
NumOfProducts 0
HasCrCard 0
IsActiveHember 0
EstimatedSalary 0
Exted 0
dtype: int64
```

Question-6:

Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:

import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(df['Balance'])



Question-7:

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

Solution:

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from
collections import Counter as count le=LabelEncoder()
df['Geography']=le.fit_transform(df['Geography'])
df['Gender']=le.fit_transform(df['Gender'])
df['Surname']=le.fit_transform(df['Surname'])

Enco	ding													
	n sklearn.pre n collections													
le=l	_abelEncoder(()												
df['	'Geography']= 'Gender']=le. 'Surname']=le	fit_transfe	orm(df['G	ender'])	'])									
df														
	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0		CustomerId 15634602	Surname 1115	CreditScore 619	Geography 0	Gender 0	Age 42	Tenure 2	Balance 0.00	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	
0					20		2000		0.00			1	101348.88	
	1 2	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88 112542.58	
1	2	15634602 15647311	1115 1177	619 608	0 2	0	42 41 42	2	0.00 83807.86	1	1 0	1 1 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57	Exite
1 2	1 2 3 4	15634602 15647311 15619304	1115 1177 2040	619 608 502	0 2	0 0	42 41 42	2 1 8	0.00 83807.86 159660.80	1 1 3	1 0	1 1 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57	
1 2 3	1 2 3 4	15634602 15647311 15619304 15701354	1115 1177 2040 289	619 608 502 699	0 2 0	0 0 0	42 41 42 39	2 1 8	0.00 83807,86 159660.80 0.00	1 1 3 2	1 0 1	1 1 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 93826.63	
1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5	15634602 15647311 15619304 15701354 15737888	1115 1177 2040 289 1822	619 608 502 699 850	0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0	42 41 42 39 43	2 1 8 1 2	0.00 83807.86 159660.80 0.00 125510.82	1 1 3 2	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 93826.63 79084.10	
1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4 5 	15634602 15647311 15619304 15701354 15737888	1115 1177 2040 289 1822	619 608 502 699 850	0 2 0 0 2	0 0 0 0	42 41 42 39 43 	2 1 8 1 2	0.00 83807.86 159660.80 0.00 125510.82 	1 1 3 2 1	1 0 1 0 1 1	1 1 0 0 1 	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 93826.63 79084.10 	
1 2 3 4 	1 2 3 4 5 9996 9997	15634602 15647311 15619304 15701354 15737888 	1115 1177 2040 289 1822 	619 608 502 699 850 	0 2 0 0 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 1	42 41 42 39 43 	2 1 8 1 2 5	0.00 83807.86 159660.80 0.00 125510.82 0.00	1 1 3 2 1 	1 0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0 1 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 93826.63 79084.10 96270.64 101699.77	
1 2 3 4 9995 9996	1 2 3 4 5 9996 9997	15634602 15647311 15619304 15701354 15737888 15606229 15569892	1115 1177 2040 289 1822 1999	619 608 502 699 850 771	0 2 0 0 2 0	0 0 0 0 0 1 1	42 41 42 39 43 39	2 1 8 1 2 5 10 7	0.00 83807.86 159660.80 0.00 125510.82 0.00 57369.61	1 1 3 2 1 2	1 0 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0 1 0	101348.88 112542.58 113931.57 93826.63 79084.10 96270.64 101699.77 42085.58	

Question-8:

Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

Solution:

x=df.iloc[:,0:13]
y=df['Exited']

```
Dependent and Independent variables

In [20]: x=df.iloc[:,0:13]

In [21]: y=df['Exited']
```

Question-9:

Scale the independent variables

Solution: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler sc=StandardScaler() sc_xtrain=sc.fit_transform(xtrain) sc_xtest=sc.transform(xtest)

Question-10:

Testing and training data

Solution: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=10)