

Project Development Phase Model Performance Test

Date	04 NOVEMBER 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID32340
Project Name	DEVELOPING A FLIGHT DELAY PREDICTION MODEL USING MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHM
Maximum Marks	10 Marks

Model Performance Testing:

Project team shall fill the following information in model performance testing template.

S.No.	Parameter	Values	Screenshot																																							
1.	Metrics	<p>Regression Model: MAE - , MSE - , RMSE - , R2 score -</p> <p>Classification Model: Confusion Matrix - , Accuray Score- & Classification Report -</p>	<p>Classification Report</p> <pre>[] from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, precision_recall_fscore_support</pre> <pre>[] print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_lr_test))</pre> <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>precision</th><th>recall</th><th>f1-score</th><th>support</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0.0</td><td>0.96</td><td>0.94</td><td>0.95</td><td>1956</td></tr><tr><td>1.0</td><td>0.66</td><td>0.74</td><td>0.69</td><td>291</td></tr><tr><td>accuracy</td><td></td><td></td><td>0.92</td><td>2247</td></tr><tr><td>macro avg</td><td>0.81</td><td>0.84</td><td>0.82</td><td>2247</td></tr><tr><td>weighted avg</td><td>0.92</td><td>0.92</td><td>0.92</td><td>2247</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1 Score</p> <pre>acc_log = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr_test) prec_log, rec_log, f1_log, sup_log = precision_recall_fscore_support(y_test, y_pred_lr_test) print('Accuracy Score =', acc_log) print('Precision =', prec_log[0]) print('Recall =', rec_log[0]) print('F1 Score =', f1_log[0])</pre> <p>Accuracy Score = 0.9163328882955051 Precision = 0.95937565864204 Recall = 0.94325153742313 F1 Score = 0.9515214027849407</p> <p>Checking For Overfitting and Underfitting</p> <pre>[] lr_train_acc = accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred_lr_train) lr_test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_lr_test) print('Training Accuracy =', lr_train_acc) print('Testing Accuracy =', lr_test_acc)</pre> <p>Training Accuracy = 0.921945414809037 Testing Accuracy = 0.9163328882955051</p> <p>There is no big variation in the training and testing accuracy. Therefore, the Logistic Regression model is not overfitted or underfitted.</p> <p>Confusion Matrix</p> <pre>[] pd.crosstab(y_test.ravel(), y_pred_lr_test)</pre> <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>0.0</th><th>1.0</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0.0</td><td>1945</td><td>111</td></tr><tr><td>1.0</td><td>77</td><td>214</td></tr></tbody></table>		precision	recall	f1-score	support	0.0	0.96	0.94	0.95	1956	1.0	0.66	0.74	0.69	291	accuracy			0.92	2247	macro avg	0.81	0.84	0.82	2247	weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	2247		0.0	1.0	0.0	1945	111	1.0	77	214
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2.	Tune the Model	Hyperparameter Tuning - Validation Method -	<div>Hyper Parameter Tuning</div> <pre>[] from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV [] parameters = { 'solver':['newton-cg', 'lbfgs', 'liblinear'], 'C':[100, 10, 1.0, 0.1, 0.01], 'penalty':['l2']} [] model_tuning = GridSearchCV(LogisticRegression(max_iter=800), param_grid=parameters, verbose=2) model_tuning.fit(x_train, y_train.ravel()) Fitting 5 folds for each of 15 candidates, totalling 75 fits [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=newton-cg; total time= 1.3s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=newton-cg; total time= 0.8s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=newton-cg; total time= 1.1s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=newton-cg; total time= 0.7s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=newton-cg; total time= 0.9s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=lbfgs; total time= 2.2s [CV] ENDC=100, penalty=l2, solver=lbfgs; total time= 0.7s</pre> <div>Testing the Tuned Model</div> <pre>[] y_pred_tuning_train = model_tuning.predict(x_train) y_pred_tuning_test = model_tuning.predict(x_test) ▶ pd.DataFrame(y_pred_tuning_train).value_counts() 0.0 7722 1.0 1262 dtype: int64 [] pd.DataFrame(y_pred_tuning_test).value_counts() 0.0 1922 1.0 325 dtype: int64</pre>
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Evaluating the Tuned Model using Metrics

Classification Report

```
[ ] print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_tuning_test))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.96	0.94	0.95	1956
1.0	0.66	0.74	0.69	291
accuracy			0.92	2247
macro avg	0.81	0.84	0.82	2247
weighted avg	0.92	0.92	0.92	2247

```
[ ] #using F1SCORE
acc_tuning = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_tuning_test)
prec_tuning, rec_tuning, f1_tuning, sup_tuning = precision_recall_fscore_support(y_test, y_pred_tuning_test,
print('Accuracy Score =', acc_tuning)
print('Precision =', prec_tuning[0])
print('Recall =', rec_tuning[0])
print('F1 Score =', f1_tuning[0])

Accuracy Score = 0.9163328882955051
Precision = 0.9599375698364284
Recall = 0.9432553537423313
F1 Score = 0.9515214027849407
```

Checking for Overfitting and Underfitting

```
1 tuning_train_acc = accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred_tuning_train)
tuning_test_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_tuning_test)
print('Training Accuracy =', tuning_train_acc)
print('Testing Accuracy =', tuning_test_acc)

2 Training Accuracy = 0.9214158504007124
Testing Accuracy = 0.9163328882955051
```

There is no big variation in the training and testing accuracy. Therefore, the Tuned Logistic Regression model is not overfit or underfit.

Confusion Matrix

```
[ ] pd.crosstab(y_test.ravel(), y_pred_tuning_test)
```

col_0	0.0	1.0
row_0		
0.0	1845	111
1.0	77	214