# **SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON**

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	APPLICATION

## STEP 1:

**REQUIREMENTS:** 

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

# **STEP 2:**

Create an API key



#### **STEP 3:**

**INSTALL** 

PAKAGE: > pip installsendgrid

## **SETP 4:**

#### **SEND EMAIL**

## **SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:**

```
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail (
       from email='from email@example.com',
6
       to emails='to@example.com',
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
8
      html_content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
      sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID_API_KEY'))
12
      response = sg.send(message)
13
     print(response.status_code)
14
      print (response.body)
15
      print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
      print (e.message)
```

#### **HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM**

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def __init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self._status_code = response.getcode()
          self._body = response.read()
          self. headers = response.info()
      def status code (self):
          :return: integer, status code of API call
      def body(self):
          :return: response from the API
44
```

```
def headers (self):
          :return: dict of response headers
          return self. headers
          :return: dict of response from the API
          if self.body:
              return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
64
      def init (sell,
                    request headers=None,
                   url_path=None,
                   append_slash=False,
                   timeout=None):
          :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
  https://api.sendgrid.com)
          :type host: string
          :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
           self.host = host
           self.request headers = request headers or {}
94
           self. url path = url path or []
           self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
        def build versioned url(self, url):
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
104
               (e.g. client. (1/v31))
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
  url)
110
        def build url(self, query params):
111
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
115
            :type query_params: dictionary
117
118
            ur1 = ""
            while count < len(self. url path):
121
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
124
            If self.append slash:
126
127
128
            guery params:
129
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
132
133
134
135
                url = '()()'.format(self.host, url)
136
137
138
        def _update_headers(self, request_headers):
139
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
            :type request headers: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
```

```
:param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
154
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self, url path
                           request_headers=self.request_headers,
                           url path=url path,
                           append slash=self.append slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type request: urllib.Request object
            :param timeout: timeout value or None
170
            :return: urllib response
174
175
176
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
179
                exc. cause = None
                 logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                    status=exc.status_code,
                   body=exc.body))
               (e.g. /your/api/(variable value)/call)
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
190
               in your url, you must use this method.
            :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
194
195
196
       def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
               You can also add a version number by using
  .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
            :return: mixed
206
               def get version (*args, **kwargs):
                   :param args: dict of settings
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
213
                    self._version = args[0]
216
                return get version
217
218
219
            if name in self.methods:
               method = name.upper()
221
                def http request (
223
                        request body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
227
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
 propagated to
230
                        urllib client
                    :type timeout: float
231
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
 merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request_headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
237
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
242
                    ! request headers:
```

```
243
                        self. update headers (request headers)
244
                    if request body is None:
                        data = None
247
249
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                             data = request body.encode('utf-8')
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                             data =
   json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                        self. build url(query params),
                        headers=self.request headers,
                        data=data,
263
                     request.get method = lambda: method
267
                     logger.debug('[method] Request: [url]'.format(
                         method=method,
269
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                        logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
273
                     logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                   response = Response(
                       self. make request (opener, request,
279
                   logger.debug('{method} Response: {status})
                       method=method,
                       status=response.status code,
                       body=response.body))
284
                 return response
286
              return http request
       def getstate (self):
292
          return self. dict
294
295
```