

# NAALAIYA THIRAN PROJECT - 2022 19ECI01-PROFESSIONAL READINESS FOR INNOVATION, EMPLOYABILITY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP











# **AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts**

## A PROJECT REPORT

## Submitted by

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PERI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MANNIVAKKAM-600 048

Approved by AICTE, New Delhi. Accredited with B+ Grade by NAAC.

(Affiliated to Anna University)

ANNA UNIVERSITY: CHENNAI 600025 NOVEMBER 2022

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## **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this report "AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts" is the bonafide work of PRAKASH R (411519104067), PRIYADHARSAN V(411519104070), RISHIASHOK A (411519104075), SILAMBARASAN K(411519104084), AND SIVANANDHAN R (411519104085) who carried out 19ECI01 Professional Readiness for Innovation, Employability and Entrepreneurship project offered by IBM and Anna University, Chennai.

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# PROJECT CALENDER

Phase	Phase Description	Week	Dates	Activi
				ty Details
1	Preparation Phase (Pre- requisites, Registrations, Environment Set-up, etc.)	1	22 - 27 Aug 2022	Creation GitHub account & collaborate withProject repositoryin project workspace
	Ideation Phase (Literature Survey,	2	29 Aug – 3rd Sept 2022	Literature survey (Aim, objective, problem statement and need for the project)
2	Empathize, DefiningProblem Statement,Ideation)	3	5 - 10th Sept 2022	Preparing Empathy Map Canvas tocapture theuser Pains & Gains
	Statement, recurrent	4	12 - 17 Sept 2022	Listing of the ideas using brainstormingsession
3	Project Design Phase -I (ProposedSolution, Problem- Solution Fit,	5	19 - 24 Sept 2022	Preparin the proposed solution g docume nt
	Solution Architecture)		26 Sept - 01 Oct 2022	Preparing problem - solution fit document &Solution Architecture
	Project Design Phase -II	7	3 - 8 Oct 2022	Preparing the customer journey maps
4	(Requirement Analysis, CustomerJourney, Data FlowDiagrams, Technolo gy Architecture)	8	10 - 15 Oct 2022	Preparing the Functional RequirementDocument & Data- Flow Diagrams and TechnologyArchitecture
5	Project Planning Phase (Milestones & Tasks, Sprint Schedules)	9	17 - 22 Oct 2022	Preparing Milestone & Activity List, SprintDelivery Plan
	Project Development Phase (Coding & Solutioning, acceptance Testing, Performance Testing)	10	24 - 29 Oct 2022	Preparing Project Development - Delivery of Sprint-1
6		11	31 Oct – 5 Nov 2022	Preparing Project Development - Delivery of Sprint-2
		12	7 - 12 Nov 2022	Preparing Project Development - Delivery of Sprint-3
		13	14 - 19 Nov 2022	Preparing Project Development - Delivery of Sprint-4

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**SOURCE CODE** 

GITHUB AND DEMO LINK

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# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Nutritional intake is the basis for human growth and health. The intake of different types of nutrients and micronutrients can affect health. Most diseases get linked with diet. Diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, gout, peptic ulcers, and gastroenteritis are all dietrelated diseases. These are increasing in prevalence every year. The age group of above suffering from these diseases is gradually decreasing. The development of Internet has made it possible to conduct online nutrition surveys through large-scale food, nutrition databases. Which linked to automated dietary records. There are now a growing number of AI-POWERED NUTRITION ANALYZER FOR FITNESS ENTHUSIASTS software, platforms, and applications for nutrition surveys. This study develops an artificial intelligence model for a precision nutrient analysis, which allows users to enter the name of a dish and serving size to assess a total of 24 nutrients. The recipes get modified by the user, which allows the model to use in all countries and all contexts.

#### 1.2 PURPOSE

Fitness trackers don't just track your workouts. Nutrition is just as important as working out to achieve an active lifestyle A fitness tracker lets you watch and record your heart rate, daily burned calories and step counts. Self - tracking allows you to stick to a healthier diet, exercise more and sleep better.

# CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE SURVEY

### 2.1 EXISTING SOLUTION

A variety of medical problems can affect your appetite. Your illness, medicines or surgery can cause these problems. Many people get frustrated when they know they need to get well but they are not hungry. When they gain weight they get fatigued and unable to exact exercise. Each of the following sections describes a nutritional problem and suggests possible solutions.

### 2.2 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Nutritional problem may lead to decrease the appetite. Lack of appetite, or decreased hunger, is one of the most troublesome nutrition problems you can experience. Although it is a common problem, its cause is often unknown. Appetite-stimulating medicines are available.

## IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

### 3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS

An empathy map is a collaborative visualization used to express clearly what one knows about a particular type of user. It externalizes knowledge about users in order to create a shared understanding of user needs, and aid in decision making.

Empathy maps are split into 4 quadrants (Says, Thinks, Does, and Feels), with the user in the middle. Empathy maps provide a glance into who a user is as a whole. The *Says* quadrant contains what the user says or what he needs. The *Thinks* quadrant captures what the user is thinking throughout the experience. The *Does* quadrant encloses the actions the user takes. The *Feels* quadrant is the user's emotional state.

The empathy map for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts for retailers is shown in Fig 3.1

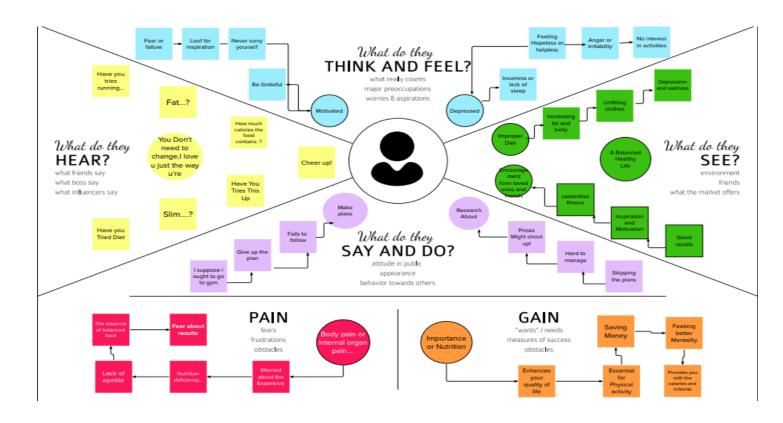
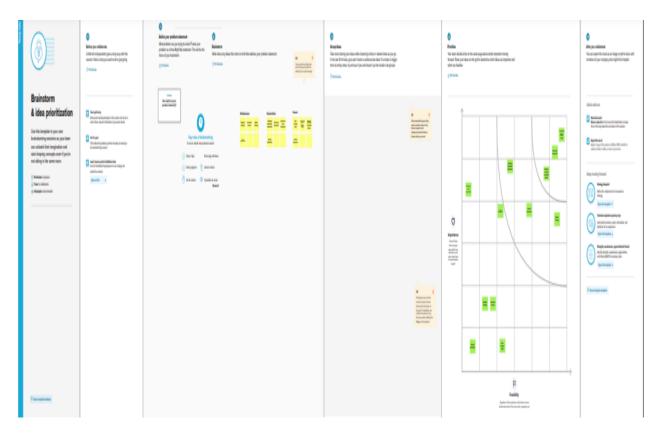


Fig 3.1 Empathy map

### 3.2 IDEATION AND BRAINSTORMING

Ideation is often closely related to the practice of brainstorming, a specific technique that is utilized to generate new ideas. Brainstorming is usually conducted by getting a group of people together to come up with either general new ideas or ideas for solving a specific problem or dealing with a specific situation. A principal difference between ideation and brainstorming is that ideation is commonly more thought of as being an individual pursuit, while brainstorming is almost always a group activity. Both brainstorming and ideation are processes invented to create new valuable ideas, perspectives, concepts and insights, and both are methods for envisioning new frameworks and systemic problem solving.



**Table 3.2 Ideation and Brainstorming** 

# 3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

The proposed solution for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts for retailers is shown in table 3.3

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to besolved)	The main aim of the project is to build a model which is used for identifying the fruit depends on the different characteristics like colour, shape, texture etc using image processing. Here the user can capture the images of different fruits and then the image will be analysed with the trained model.
2.	Idea / Solution description	The image will be sent to the trained model.
		The model analyses the image and detects the
		nutrition based on the fruits like (Sugar, Fibre,
		Protein, Calorie intake, etc.). The above idea is
		achieved by using the Convolution Neural
		Network (CNN).
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	We aim to design an AI-powered Nutrition
		Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiastswhich is used
		to manage the inventory details and aims to
		save for the future investments. The Application
		will notify the user when a stock is about to
		complete.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	This will acquire knowledge and provide
	Sausiaction	information about nutrition. Now a days, no one
		follows the diet plan. Providing this
		information, they come to know about the
		nutrition present in each food item to schedule a
		diet plan by taking the image of a food item and
		if we send it, we can get information about each
		food nutrition like carbohydrates, fat, proteins,
		vitamins, minerals and sugar.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Social media is the best way to spread the
		word about our application and with the help
		of influencers we can attract normal people.

		Clustering and targeting the fitness people		
		with the help of local gyms. If the products		
		sold through advertisements, then it is even		
		better.		
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Artificial intelligence (AI) can be used to predict		
		investment outcomes quickly and effectively, as		
		well as to devise strategies or establish long-		
		term goals. Scalable AI pertains to how data		
		models, infrastructures, and algorithms can		
		increase or decrease their complexity, speed, or		
		size at scale in order to best handle the		
		requirements of the situation at hand.		

**Table 3.3 Proposed Solution** 

#### 3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

The Problem solution fit simply means that one have found a problem with the customer and that the solution one have realised for it actually solves the customers problem. The problem solution fit is an important step towards the Product-Market Fit. The structure of problem solution fit is given below.



Fig 3.4 Problem Solution fit

### **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

Requirements analysis is very critical process that enables the success of a system or software project to be assessed. Requirements are generally split into two types: Functional and Non-functional requirements.

## **4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

These are the requirements that the end user specifically demands as basic facilities that the system should offer. All these functionalities need to be necessarily incorporated into the system as a part of the contract. These are represented or stated in the form of input to be given to the system, the operation performed and the output expected. They are basically the requirements stated by the user which one can see directly in the final product, unlike the non-functional requirements. The below table 4.1 shows the Functional Requirements for the cloud Based AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

FR No.	Functional	Sub Requirement (Story/ Sub Task)
	Requirement	
	(EPIC)	
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form
		Registration through Gmail
		Registration through LinkedIN
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation Via Email
		Confirmation Via OTP
FR-3	User login	Login through Google Login through Email
FR-4	Choose package	Selection of desired package
FR-5	Generate the daily plan	Daily plans will be generated by dietician
FR-6	Query	The user can ask for changes in plan

Table 4.2 Functional Requirements of cloud-based AI-powered Nutrition

Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

# **4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

These are basically the quality constraints that the system must satisfy according to the project contract. The priority or extent to which these factors are implemented varies from one project to other. They are also called non-behavioral requirements. The below table 4.2 shows the Non-Functional Requirements for the cloud Based AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

FR	Non-	Description
No.	Functional	
	Requirement	
NFR-1	Usability	Easy to use with interactive User Interface
NFR- 2	Security	User can access only their personal information
NFR- 3	Reliability	The average time of failure shall be 7 days or 1 month
NFR- 4	Performance	The result hasto be shown within 5 sec
NFR-5	Availability	The dietician shall be available to users 24 hours a day or 7 days of a week
NFR-6	Scalability	Supports various food items

Table 4.2 Non-Functional Requirements of cloud-based AI-powered Nutrition

Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

## PROJECT DESIGN

#### 5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS

A data flow diagram (DFD) maps out the flow of information for any process or system. It uses defined symbols like rectangles, circles and arrows, plus short text labels, to show data inputs, outputs, storage points and the routes between each destination. Data flowcharts can range from simple, even hand-drawn process overviews, to in-depth, multilevel DFDs that dig progressively deeper into how the data is handled. They can be used to analyze an existing system or model a new one. Like all the best diagrams and charts, a DFD can often visually "say" things that would be hard to explain in words, and they work for both technical and nontechnical audiences, from developer to CEO. That's why DFDs remain so popular after all these years. While they work well for data flow software and systems, they are less applicable nowadays to visualizing interactive, real-time or database-oriented software or systems.

There are four main elements of a DFD — external entity, process, data store, and data flow.

## • External entity

An external entity, which are also known as terminators, sources, sinks, or actors, are an outside system or process that sends or receives data to and from the diagrammed system. They're either the sources or destinations of information, so they're usually placed on the diagram's edges. External entity symbols are similar across models except for Unified, which uses a stick-figure drawing instead of a rectangle, circle, or square.

#### Process

Process is a procedure that manipulates the data and its flow by taking incoming data, changing it, and producing an output with it. A process can do this by performing computations and using logic to sort the data, or change its flow of direction. Processes usually start from the top left of the DFD and finish on the bottom right of the diagram.

#### Data store

Data stores hold information for later use, like a file of documents that's waiting to be processed. Data inputs flow through a process and then through a data store while data outputs flow out of a data store and then through a process.

#### • Data flow

Data flow is the path the system's information takes from external entities through processes and data stores. With arrows and succinct labels, the DFD can show the direction of the data flow. The below Fig 5.1 shows the Data Flow Diagram for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts for retailers

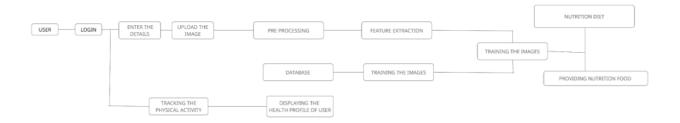


Fig 5.1: Data Flow Diagram for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts for retailers

#### 5.2 SOLUTION AND TECHNICAL ARCHITECHTURE

Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behaviour, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.

- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed, and delivered.

The below figure 5.2 shows the Solution architecture of Nutrition Analyzer for retailers

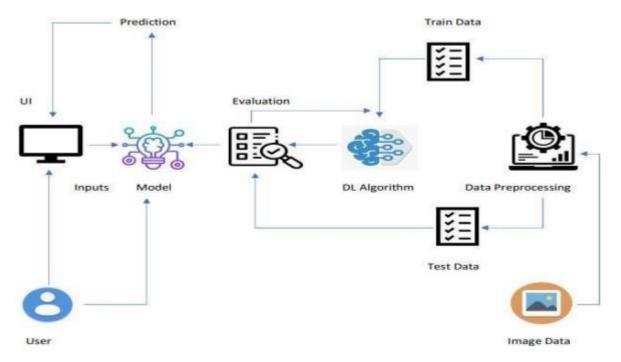


Fig 5.2: Solution architecture of Nutrition Analyzer for retailer

## PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

## **6.1 SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION**

Sprint planning is an event in scrum that kicks off the sprint. The purpose of sprint planning is to define what can be delivered in the sprint and how that work will be achieved. Sprint planning is done in collaboration with the whole scrum team. It needs to decide on how long the time box is going to be, the sprint goal, and where it is going to start. The sprint planning session kicks off the sprint by setting the agenda and focus. If done correctly, it also creates an environment where the team is motivated, challenged, and can be successful. The below table 6.1 shows the Sprint Planning and estimation for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts for Retailers

Sprint	Functional Requirement	User Story Number	User Story User Story / Task Number		Priority
		1 (4111001		Points	
Sprint-1	Data Collection	USN-1	Dataset - Collecting images of food items apples , banana, orange, pineapple, watermelon for analysis	5	High
Sprint-1		USN-2	Image data augmentation - Increasing the amount of data by generating new data points from existing data	4	Medium
Sprint-1	Image Preprocessing	USN-3	Image Data Generator Class - Used for getting the input of the original data	6	Medium
Sprint-1		USN-4	Applying image data generator functionality to train set and test set	5	High
Sprint-2	Modeling Phase	USN-5	Defining the model architecture - Building the model using deep learning approach and adding CNN layers	3	High
Sprint-2		USN-6	Training , saving, testing and predicting the model	6	High

Sprint-		USN-7	User database creation - It contains the details of	5	Medium
2			users, Home page		
			creation - It shows		
			options of the		
			application		
Sprint-		USN-8	Login and registration	6	Low
2			page creation - User can		
			register and login		
			through gmail with Id		
			and password		
Sprint-	Development	USN-9	Dashboard creation —	4	Low
3	phase		Dashboard contains the		
()			information of user		
6.2			profile and features of		
6.3			the application		
Sprint- <b>6.4</b> <sub>3</sub>		USN-10	User Input Page	6	Medium
<b>0.7</b> 3			Creation - It is for the		
			user to feed the input		
			images, Analysis and		
			prediction page creation		
			- It shows the prediction		
C 4		LICAL 11	of given user input		M - 1'
Sprint-		USN-11	Creation of about us,	5	Medium
3			feedback and rating		
			page — It shows application history and		
			feedback page to users		
Sprint-3		USN-12	Building the python	5	Medium
Spriit-3		0511-12	code and importing the	3	Wicdiani
			flask module into the		
			Project, Create the		
			Flask application and		
			loading the model		
Sprint-4	Application	USN-13	API integration -	4	Low
~ r	Phase		Connecting front end		
			and back end and		
			perform routing and run		
			the application		
Sprint-4	Deployment	USN-14	Deployment of	4	High
	Phase		application by using		
			IBM cloud		
Sprint-4		USN-15	Functional testing —	5	High
			Checking usability and		
			accessibility		
Sprint-4	Testing Phase	USN-16	Non Functional testing	3	Medium
			— Checking scalability		
			and performance of the		
			application		

Table 6.1: Sprint Planning and estimation for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts

## **6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE**

The sprint delivery plan is scheduled accordingly as shown in the below table 6.2 which consists of the sprints with respective to their duration, sprint start and end date and the releasing date.

SPRINT	TOTAL STORY POINTS	DURATION	SPRINT START DATE	SPRINT END DATE (PLANNED)	STORY POINTS COMPLETED (AS ON PLANNED END DATE)	SPRINT RELEASE DATE (ACTUAL)
Sprint-1	20	5 Days	29 Oct 2022	2 Nov 2022	20	3 Nov 2022
Sprint-2	20	5 Days	3 Nov 2022	07 Nov 2022	20	08 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	5 Days	08 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	16	5 Days	13 Nov 2022	17 Nov 2022	16	16 Nov 2022

**Table 6.2: Sprint Planning done for AI-powered Nutrition Analyzer for Fitness Enthusiasts** 

# CHAPTER 7 CODING & SOLUTIONING

#### 7.1 IBM Cloud

The IBM Cloud platform combines platform as a service (PaaS) with infrastructure as a service (IaaS) to provide an integrated experience. The platform scales and supports both small development teams and organizations, and large enterprise businesses. Globally deployed across data centers around the world, the solution you build on IBM Cloud spins up fast and performs reliably in a tested and supported environment you can trust!

IBM Cloud provides solutions that enable higher levels of compliance, security, and management, with proven architecture patterns and methods for rapid delivery for running mission-critical workloads.

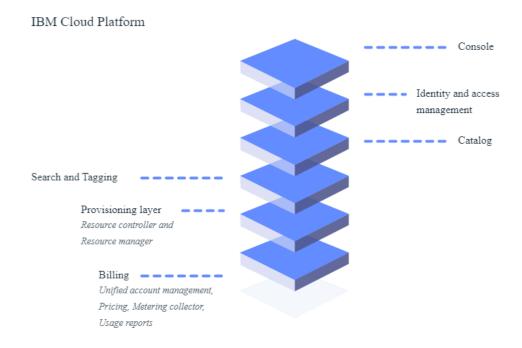


Fig 7.1: IBM cloud platform

#### 7.2 Flask framework

Flask is a micro web framework written in Python. It is classified as a microframework because it does not require particular tools or libraries. It has no database abstraction layer, form validation, or any other components where pre-existing third-party libraries provide common functions. However, Flask supports extensions that can add application features as if they were implemented in Flask itself. Extensions exist

for object-relational mappers, form validation, upload handling, various open authentication technologies and several common framework related tools.

#### 7.3 IBM DB2 Module

Module features allow you to

- Extend schema support by allowing you to group together, in a named set, a collection of related data type definitions, database object definitions and other logic elements including:
  - o SQL procedures
  - A module initialization procedure for implicit execution upon module initialization
  - User-defined data type definitions including: distinct type, array type,
     associative array type, row type, and cursor type
- Define a namespace such that objects defined within the module can refer to other objects defined in the module without providing an explicit qualifier.
- Add object definitions that are private to the module. These objects can only be referenced by other objects within the module.
- Add object definitions that are published. Published objects can be referenced from within the module or from outside of the module.
- Define published prototypes of routines without routine-bodies in modules and later implement the routine-bodies using the routine prototype.
- Initialize the module by executing the module initialization procedure for the module. This procedure can include SQL statements, SQL PL statements, and can be used to set default values for global variables or to open cursors.
- Reference objects defined in the module from within the module and from outside of the module by using the module name as a qualifier (2-part name support) or a combination of the module name and schema name as qualifiers (3-part name support).
- Drop objects defined within the module.
- Drop the module.
- Manage who can reference objects in a module by allowing you to grant and revoke the EXECUTE privilege for the module.

#### 7.4 Docker CLI

The Docker client enables users to interact with Docker. The Docker client can reside on the same host as the daemon or connect to a daemon on a remote host. A docker client can communicate with more than one daemon. The Docker client provides a command line interface (CLI) that allows you to issue build, run, and stop application commands to a Docker daemon. The main purpose of the Docker Client is to provide a means to direct the pull of images from a registry and to have it run on a Docker host. Common commands issued by a client are:

- docker build
- docker pull
- docker run

#### 7.5 IBM cloud CLI

IBM Cloud CLI provides full management of your IBM Cloud account via command line. Some installation steps described along this guide may need the IBM Cloud Command Line Interface (CLI) available to be performed.

#### 7.6 SendGrid API

SendGrid's web API allows users to pull information about their email program without having to actually log on to SendGrid.com. Users can pull lists, statistics, and even email reports. In addition to this, users can send email via the web API without using traditional SMTP.

#### 7.7 Kubernetes

Kubernetes is an open-source Container Management tool which automates container deployment, container scaling, and descaling and container load balancing (also called as container orchestration tool). It is written in Golang and has a huge community because it was first developed by Google and later donated to CNCF (Cloud Native Computing Foundation). Kubernetes can group 'n' number of containers into one logical unit for managing and deploying them easily. It works brilliantly with all cloud vendors i.e. public, hybrid and on-premises. Kubernetes is an open-source platform that manages Docker containers in the form of a cluster. Along with the automated deployment and scaling of containers, it provides healing by automatically restarting failed containers and rescheduling them when their hosts die. This capability improves the application's availability.

# CHAPTER 8 TESTING AND RESULTS

### **8.1 TEST CASES:**

The infusion of AI technology has done wonders for software testing inrecent times. AI and machine learning methods implement problem solving and reasoning algorithms to improve and automate software testing.

#### **8.2 USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING:**

- Full analysis of food recipes in real time entity extraction, measure and quantity extraction with computation of the applicable nutrition for the recipe, applicable health and diet labels, and recipe classification for cuisine, meal, and dish types. Finally, it adjusts quantity for certain ingredients to account for the cooking process. For example, it calculates oil absorption for fried recipes, excludes solids from stock and broth recipes, calculates marinate absorption for marinates and much more.
- Extraction of food entities with measures and quantities from unstructured text.
- Usage in chatbots transcribing natural speech to text.

# PERFORMANCE RESULTS

# 9.1 PERFORMANCE METRICES

Fig 9.1 shows the performance metrics of the flask application using Google Developer Tools.



Fig 9.1: Performance metrices

### ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

#### 10.1 ADVANTAGES

- They can be used to determine the nutrient density of foods.
- > They make it possible to quickly estimate the amount of calories in foods that we eat.
- They allow us to see how closely intake matches dietary standards.
- Analysis of food not only provides information about composition, appearance, texture, flavour, shelf-life, safety, processibility, and microstructure, but also guarantees product quality.
- Knowledge of the chemical and biochemical composition of foods is important to the health, well-being, and safety of the consumers.

## 10.2 DISADVANTAGES

- Variability in the composition of foods.
- Limited coverage of food items.
- Coverage of nutrients.
- Inappropriate database or food composition values.

# **CONCLUSION**

Dietary assessment is a necessary component of nutritional status assessment of Individuals, and also is useful for other purposes. It can be done using a variety of methods, each of which has advantages and limitations.

# CHAPTER 12 FUTURE SCOPE

The employment opportunities in this field can range from being a consultant, food inspector, sports nutritionist, nutrition trainer to a food show host. In the private sector, the job roles can also involve that of a quality control officer, production manager, or supervisor.

# CHAPTER 13 APPENDIX

A "composite" system is used to determine the expected nutrient content of each food group. Mixed foods are disaggregated into their ingredients, and similar ingredients are aggregated into item. The proportional intake of each item c luster within each food group or subgroup is calculated, and a nutrient-dense form of the food is selected as the representative food for each cluster. For example, the red - orange vegetable subgroup has 12 Item clusters, including cooked carrots, raw carrots, cooked tomatoes, and raw tomatoes. While cooked carrots may be consumed in many forms, plain cooked carrots are selected as the representative food for this cluster. Using the nutrients in each representative food and the item cluster's proportional intake, a nutrient profile is calculated for each food group or subgroup. Nutrient profiles are also calculated for oils and solid fats using food supply data to determine proportional intakes.

#### **SOURCE CODE**

```
APP.py
from flask import Flask,render_template,request
import os
import numpy as np
import requests
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model #to load our trained model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
import requests
app = Flask(__name__,template_folder='template') #initializing a flask app
# Loading the model
model=load_model('nutrition.h5')
print("Loaded model from disk")
@ app.route('/')# route to display the home page
def home():
  print("Loaded model from disk")
  return render_template('Home.html') #rendering the home page
@ app.route('/image1', methods=['GET', 'POST']) # routes to the index html
def image1():
  return render_template("Image.html")
```

@ app.route('/predict',methods=['GET','POST']) # route to show the predictions in a Web UI

```
def lanuch():
  if request.method=='POST':
    f=request.files['file'] # requesting the file
    f
    basepath=os.path.dirname('__file__') #storing the file directory
    print(basepath)
    filepath=os.path.join(basepath,"test",f.filename)
     #storing the file in uploads folder
    f.save(filepath) #saving the file
    img=image.load_img(filepath,target_size=(32,32)) #load and reshaping the image
    x=image.img_to_array(img) #converting image to an array
    x=np.expand_dims(x,axis=0) #changing the dimensions of the image
    pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=1)
    print("prediction",pred) #printing the prediction
index=['APPLE','BANANA','ORANGE','BANANA','WATERMELON','WATERMELON','WATE
RMELON', 'APPLE', 'BANANA', 'WATERMELON']
    result=str(index[pred[0]])
    print(result)
    x=result
    result=nutrition(result)
```

```
print(result)
    return render_template("0.html",showcase=(result),showcase1=(x))
def nutrition(index):
  import requests
  url = "https://calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com/v1/nutrition"
  querystring = {"query":index}
  headers = {
       "X-RapidAPI-Key": "85887549f4msh51e7315b280a87ep1f43e0jsn585c940f2ea6",
       "X-RapidAPI-Host": "calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com"
   }
  response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, params=querystring)
  print(response.text)
  return response.json()['items']
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # running the app
  app.run(debug=False)
```

## main.yml

```
name: Build and deploy Python app to Azure Web App - foood
 on:
   push:
    branches:
      - main
   workflow_dispatch:
jobs:
 build:
   runs-on: ubuntu-latest
steps:
- uses: actions/checkout@v2
- name: Set up Python version
uses: actions/setup-python@v1
with:
 python-version: '3.8'
- name: Create and start virtual environment
run:
 python -m venv venv source
 venv/bin/activate
- name: Install dependencies
run: pip install -rrequirements.txt
# Optional: Add step to run tests here (PyTest, Django test suites, etc.)
- name: Upload artifact for deployment jobs
uses: actions/upload-artifact@v2
with:
name: python-app
path: |
```

```
!venv/
deploy:
runs-on: ubuntu-latest
needs: build
environment:name: 'Production'
url: ${{ steps.deploy-to-webapp.outputs.webapp-url }}
steps:
- name: Download artifact from build job
uses: actions/download-artifact@v2 with:
name: python-app
path: .
- name: 'Deploy to Azure Web App'
uses: azure/webapps-deploy@v2 id:
deploy-to-webapp
   with:
   app-name: 'foood'
   slot-name: 'Production'
   publish-profile: ${{
secrets.AZUREAPPSERVICE_PUBLISHPROFILE_F6FCF510CE004208B6D1C454B08695A7
}}
Demo.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<!-- Required meta tags -->
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
<!-- Bootstrap CSS --> <link rel="stylesheet"
href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.css"
" integrity="sha384-
Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPg6fy4IWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGgFA
W/dAiS6JXm" crossorigin="anonymous">
<title>Demo</title>
```

```
</head>
<body>
<style>
@charset "UTF-8";
 .image {
  width:
  250px;float:
  left; margin:
  20px;
}
body {
  font-size:
  small; line-
  height: 1.4;
}
p {
  margin: 0;
 .performance-facts {
  border: 1px solid
  black; margin: 20px;
  float: left;
  width:
  320px;
  padding: 0.5rem;
 .performance-facts table
  { border-collapse:
  collapse;
 .performance-fact\underline{s}\\
  title { font-weight:
  bold;
  font-size: 2rem;
```

```
margin: 0 0 0.25rem
 0;
}
 .performance-facts header {
 border-bottom: 10px solid
 black; padding: 0 0 0.25rem 0;
 margin: 0 0 0.5rem 0;
 .performance-facts header p
  { margin: 0;
}
 .performance-facts table, .performance-facts table--small, .performance-facts table--grid
  { width: 100%;
.performance-facts_table thead tr th, .performance-facts_table--small thead tr th,
.performance-facts table--grid thead tr th,
.performance-facts table thead tr td,
.performance-facts_table--small thead tr td,
 .performance-facts table--grid thead tr
 td {border: 0;
}
.performance-facts_table th, .performance-facts_table--small th, .performance-facts_table-grid
.performance-facts table td,
.performance-facts_table--small td,
 .performance-facts table--grid
 td {font-weight: normal;
 text-align: left;
 padding: 0.25rem
 0;
 border-top: 1px solid
 black; white-space:
 nowrap;
 .performance-facts table td:last-child, .performance-facts table--small td:last-child,
 .performance-facts table--grid td:last-child {
 text-align: right;
```

```
.performance-facts table .blank-cell, .performance-facts table--small .blank-cell,
 .performance-facts table--grid .blank-cell {
  width: 1rem;
  border-top:
  0;
}
.performance-facts_table .thick-row th, .performance-facts_table--small .thick-row th,
.performance-facts table--grid .thick-row th,
.performance-facts table .thick-row td,
.performance-facts table--small .thick-row td,
 .performance-facts table--grid .thick-row
 td {border-top-width: 5px;
}
.small-info {
  font-size: 0.7rem;
 .performance-facts
                         table--
  small { border-bottom: 1px
  solid #999; margin: 0 0
  0.5rem 0;
 .performance-facts table--small thead
  tr {border-bottom: 1px solid black;
 .performance-facts table--small td:last-
  child {text-align: left;
.performance-facts table--small th,
 .performance-facts table--small
  td {border: 0;
  padding: 0;
 .performance-facts table--
  grid { margin: 0 0 0.5rem 0;
 .performance-facts table--grid td:last-
  child {text-align: left;
```

```
.performance-facts table--grid td:last-
 child::before { content: "•";
 font-weight: bold;
 margin: 0 0.25rem 0
 0;
}
.text-center {
 text-align: center;
.thick-end {
 border-bottom: 10px solid black;
}
.thin-end {
 border-bottom: 1px solid black;
}
</style>
<section class="performance-facts">
  <img src="/uploads/{{fname}}" alt={{fname}} class="performance-facts"</pre>
table"> <headerclass="performance-facts header">
  <h1 class="performance-facts title">{{data["foodName"].title()}}</h1>
   Portion Size: {{data["serving_size"]}}
 </header>
 <thead>
   <th colspan="3" class="small-
     info">Nutrition Information
    </thead>
  <b>Calories</b>
     {{data["nutritional_info"]["calories"]}}
```

```
<b>% Daily Value*</b>
  {% for i in data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"] %}
  <b>{{data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["label"]}}</b>
   ({{data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["level"]}})
<b>{{(data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["percent"])|round}}%</b>
{% endfor %}
 * Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily
values may behigher or lower depending on your calorie needs:
<thead>
  Calories:
  {{data["nutritional_info"]["calories"]}}
  </thead>
 {% for i in data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] %}
  {{data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"][i]["label"]}}
Less than
{ data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"][i]["quantity"]}}{{ data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"][i]["quantity"]}}
lNutrient s"][i]["unit"]}}
                         {% endfor %}
```

```
info">Calories per
  gram:
 Fat 9
  &bul
  1:
  Carbohydrate
  4•
  Protein 4
 </section>
</section>
<script
                   src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.2.1.slim.min.js"
integrity="sha384-
KJ3o2DKtlkvYIK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF
93hXpG5KkN" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"
integrity="sha384-
ApNbgh9B+Y1QKtv3Rn7W3mgPxhU9K/ScQsAP7hUibX39j7fakFPskvXusvfa0
b4Q" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"</pre>
integrity="sha384-
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQxSfFWpi1MquVdAyjUar5+76PVCmYl"\\
crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</body>
</html>
index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<!-- Required meta tags -->
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
```

```
<!-- Bootstrap CSS --> <link rel="stylesheet"
 href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.cs"
 s" integrity="sha384-
 Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPg6fy4IWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGgFAW/dAiS6JXm" \\
 crossorigin="anonymous">
<title>Food Calorie Estimation</title>
<style>
   body {
  background-color: #f2f7fb
}
.mt-100 {
   margin-top: 10px
}
.card {
   border-radius: 5px;
   -webkit-box-shadow: 0 0 5px 0 rgba(43, 43, 43, .1), 0 11px 6px -7px rgba(43, 43, 43, .1);
                                                                                     box-
 shadow: 0 0 5px 0 rgba(43, 43, 43, .1), 0 11px 6px -7px rgba(43, 43, 43,
   .1);border: none;
   margin-bottom: 30px;
   -webkit-transition: all .3s ease-in-
   out; transition: all .3s ease-in-out
}
.card .card-header {
   background-color:
   transparent; border-bottom:
   none; padding: 20px;
   position: relative
}
 .card .card-header h5:after
   {content: "";
   background-color:
   #d2d2d2; width: 101px;
  height: 1px;
  position:
   absolute; bottom:
   брх;
   left: 20px
}
```

```
.card .card-block {
   padding: 1.25rem
}
 .dropzone.dz-
   clickable { cursor:
   pointer
}
.dropzone {
   min-height: 150px;
   border: 1px solid rgba(42, 42, 42, 0.05);
   background: rgba(204, 204, 204,
   0.15); padding: 20px;
   border-radius: 5px;
   -webkit-box-shadow: inset 0 0 5px 0 rgba(43, 43, 43, 0.1);
  box-shadow: inset 0 0 5px 0 rgba(43, 43, 43, 0.1)
}
.m-t-20 {
   margin-top: 20px
.btn-primary,
.sweet-alert button.confirm,
 .wizard>.actions a {
   background-color:
   #4099ff;border-color:
   #4099ff; color: #fff;
   cursor: pointer;
   -webkit-transition: all ease-in
   .3s; transition: all ease-in .3s
}
.btn {
   border-radius: 2px;
   text-transform:
   capitalize; font-size:
   15px;
   padding: 10px 19px;
   cursor: pointer
```

```
</style>
</head>
<body>
<div class="row d-flex justify-content-center mt-100">
   <div class="col-md-
           8">
    <div class="card">
      <div class="card-header">
         <h3>Food Calorie Estimation</h4>
         <h6>Estimate live food calories & nutrition information from a single food image</h6>
 <a href="https://cal.virajman3.repl.co/demo/2">Example Click Here</a>
      </div>
       <div class="card-block">
         <form action="/result" method = "POST" class="dropzone dz-clickable"</pre>
 enctype = "multipart/form-data">
             <input type = "file" name = "file" />
         <div class="text-center m-t-20">
           <input class="btn btn-primary" type = "submit"/>
         </div>
         </form>
<br>
<h4>Instructions:</h4>
<lb>
 <dt>Limitations</dt>
  <dd>- The image size must be under 1024KB.</dd>
 <dd>- The image format must be in JPEG, JPG or PNG.</dd>
  < dt > Do's < / dt >
 <dd>- Take pictures from an eye-level perspective.</dd>
 <dd>- Take a picture for each food item separately.</dd>
  <dd>- Center the food on the picture.</dd>
 <dd>- Upload squared images, meaning that height and width are the same.</dd>
  <dt>Dont's</dt>
  <dd>- Occlusions of other items.</dd>
  <dd>- Top or side view images.</dd>
 <dd>- Include only a part of the food.</dd>
 <dd>- Blurry images.</dd>
 <dd>- Images taken on screens or display monitors.</dd>
 <dd>- Images that include multiple food items.</dd>
</dl>
<br>
<h4>Example:</h4>
```

```
<div class="card-deck">
 <div class="card">
<embed type="text/html" src="https://cal.virajman3.repl.co/demo/2" height="1300"> </div>
  <div class="card">
<embed type="text/html" src="https://cal.virajman3.repl.co/demo/1" height="1300"> </div>
</div>
      </div>
    </div>
   </div>
</div>
<script
                    src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.2.1.slim.min.js"
integrity="sha384-
KJ3o2DKtlkvYIK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF
93hXpG5KkN" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script
src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"
integrity="sha384-
ApNbgh9B+Y1QKtv3Rn7W3mgPxhU9K/ScQsAP7hUibX39j7fakFPskvXusvfa0b
4Q" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"</pre>
integrity="sha384-
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQxSfFWpi1MquVdAyjUar5+76PVCmYl"
crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</body>
</html>
indexold.html
     <form class="file-upload-wrapper" action = "/result" method =
     "POST"enctype = "multipart/form-data">
     <input type = "file" name = "file" />
     <input type = "submit"/>
   </form>
            Result.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<!-- Required meta tags -->
```

```
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1, shrink-to-fit=no">
<!-- Bootstrap CSS --> <link rel="stylesheet"
href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.css"
" integrity="sha384-
Gn5384xqQ1aoWXA+058RXPxPg6fy4IWvTNh0E263XmFcJlSAwiGgFA
W/dAiS6JXm" crossorigin="anonymous">
<title>Result</title>
</head>
<body>
<style>
@charset "UTF-8";
 .image {
  width:
 250px;float:
 left; margin:
  20px;
}
body {
  font-size:
  small; line-
  height: 1.4
 solid #999; margin: 0 0
  0.5rem 0;
```

```
}
p { margin:
 0;
 .performance-facts {
  border: 1px solid
  black; margin: 20px;
  float: left;
  width:
  320px;
  padding: 0.5rem;
 .performance-facts table
  { border-collapse:
  collapse;
}
 .performance-facts title
  {font-weight: bold;
  font-size: 2rem;
  margin: 0 0 0.25rem
  0;
 .performance-facts header {
  border-bottom: 10px solid
  black; padding: 0 0 0.25rem 0;
  margin: 0 0 0.5rem 0;
 .performance-facts header p
  { margin: 0;
}
 .performance-facts table, .performance-facts table--small, .performance-facts table--grid
  { width: 100%;
.performance-facts_table thead tr th, .performance-facts_table--small thead tr th,
.performance-facts_table--grid thead tr th,
.performance-facts_table thead tr td,
```

```
.performance-facts table--small thead tr td,
 .performance-facts table--grid thead tr
  td {border: 0:
.performance-facts_table th, .performance-facts_table--small th, .performance-facts_table-grid
.performance-facts table td,
.performance-facts table--small td,
 .performance-facts table--grid
  td {font-weight: normal;
  text-align: left;
  padding: 0.25rem
  0;
  border-top: 1px solid
  black; white-space:
  nowrap;
 .performance-facts table td:last-child, .performance-facts table--small td:last-child,
 .performance-facts table--grid td:last-child {
  text-align: right;
.performance-facts_table .blank-cell, .performance-facts_table--small .blank-cell,
 .performance-facts table--grid .blank-cell { width:
  1rem; border-top: 0;
}
.performance-facts_table .thick-row th, .performance-facts_table--small .thick-row th,
.performance-facts table--grid .thick-row th,
.performance-facts_table .thick-row td,
.performance-facts table--small .thick-row td,
 .performance-facts table--grid .thick-row
  td {border-top-width: 5px;
}
.small-info {
  font-size: 0.7rem;
 .performance-facts
                         table--
  small {border-bottom: 1px
```

```
.performance-facts table--small thead
 tr {border-bottom: 1px solid black;
 .performance-facts table--small td:last-
  child {text-align: left;
.performance-facts_table--small th,
 .performance-facts table--small
  td {border: 0;
 padding: 0;
 .performance-facts table--
  grid { margin: 0 0 0.5rem 0;
 .performance-facts table--grid td:last-
 child {text-align: left;
 .performance-facts table--grid td:last-
 child::before { content: "•";
 font-weight: bold;
  margin: 0 0.25rem 0
  0;
}
.text-center {
  text-align: center;
.thick-end {
  border-bottom: 10px solid black;
.thin-end {
  border-bottom: 1px solid black;
}
```

```
</style>
<section class="performance-facts">
  <img src="/uploads/{{fname}}" alt={{fname}} class="performance-facts table">
 <header class="performance-facts" header">
  <h1 class="performance-facts title">{{data["foodName"].title()}}</h1>
   Portion Size: {{data["serving_size"]}}
 </header>
 <thead>
   <th colspan="3" class="small-
    info">Nutrition Information
   </thead>
  <b>Calories</b>
    {{data["nutritional_info"]["calories"]}}
   <b>% Daily Value*</b>
   {% for i in data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"] %}
   <b>{{data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["label"]}}</b>
    ({{data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["level"]}})
<b>{{(data["nutritional_info"]["dailyIntakeReference"][i]["percent"])|round}}%</b>
```

```
{% endfor %}
      * Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily
values may behigher or lower depending on your calorie needs:
  <thead>
         Calories:
           {{data["nutritional_info"]["calories"]}}
        </thead>
      {% for i in data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] %}
        {{data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"][i]["label"]}}
Less than
{ data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"][i]["quantity"]}}{ { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] } } } } } } }  { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] } } } }  { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] } } } }  { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] } } }  { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] } } }  { data["nutritional_info"]["totalNutrients"] }  { data["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional["nutritional[
lNutrient s"][i]["unit"]}}
                                                                                                            {% endfor %}
      info">Calories per
     gram:
  Fat 9
      &bull
     Carbohydrate
     4•
```

```
Protein 4
  </section>
<script
          src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.2.1.slim.min.js"
                                                                 integrity="sha384-
KJ3o2DKtlkvYIK3UENzmM7KCkRr/rE9/Qpg6aAZGJwFDMVNA/GpGFF93hXpG5K
kN" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"</pre>
integrity="sha384-
ApNbgh9B+Y1QKtv3Rn7W3mgPxhU9K/ScQsAP7hUibX39j7fakFPskvXusvfa0b4Q"
crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
<script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js" integrity="sha384-</pre>
JZR6Spejh4U02d8jOt6vLEHfe/JQGiRRSQQxSfFWpi1MquVdAyjUar5+76PVCmYl"
crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</body>
</html>
home.html
       @app. route( '/' )# route to display the home page
def home ():
       return render_template( 'home. html ')#rendering the home page
@app. route( '/image1', methods=[ 'GET', 'POST'])# routes to the index html
def image1():
      return render_template("image. html")
@app. route('/predict', methods=[ 'GET', 'POST'])# route to show the predictions in a web UI
def launch():
       if request. Method == "POST":
       f=request. files['file'] #requesting the file
       basepath=os. path. dirname( 'file_')#storing the file directory
       pathos. path. join(basepath, "uploads", f. filename)#storing the file in uploads folder
       f. save(filepath)#saving the file
       img=image . load_ing(filepath, target_size=(64, 64)) #load and reshaping the image
```

```
x-image. ing_to_array(ing)#convert converting image to an array
x=np. expand_dims (x, axis=0)#changing the dimensions of the image
result=str(index[pred[0]])
x=result
print(x)
result-nutrition(result)
print(result)
render_template( "0. html", showcase=(result), showcase1=(x))
pred=np. argmax(model. predict(x), axis=1)
print ("prediction", pred)#printing the prediction
index=[ 'APPLES', 'BANANA', "ORANGE', 'PINEAPPLE', 'WATERMELON']
def nutrition (index):
       url = "https://calorieninjas. p. rapidapi.com/v1/nutrition"
       querystring = { "query": index }
       headers = {
              'x-rapidapi-key': "5d797ab107mshe668f26bd044e64piffd34jsnf47bfa9aBee4",
              'x-rapidapi-host': "calorieninjas.p. rapidapi.com"
              }
       response = requests . request("GET", url, headers=headers, params=querystring)
       print (response . text)
       return response . json ( ) [ 'items']
if __name__ == "__main__":
       #running the app
       app.run(debug==False
```

GitHub: -https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-7730-16588967941658896794

<u>Demo link:</u> <a href="https://drive.google.com/file/d/1tFfF22">https://drive.google.com/file/d/1tFfF22</a> nyf1vG29PXij-PGfTviBvC6R0/view?usp=share\_link

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- 2. Neutrino- Artificial Intelligence Nutrition App : <a href="https://www.nutrinohealth.com/">https://www.nutrinohealth.com/</a>