## **Project Development-Delivery of Sprint-4**

Project Title	SmartFarmer – IoT Enabled Smart Farming
	Application
Team ID	PNT2022TMID26132
Date	17 November 2022

### **Python Code:**

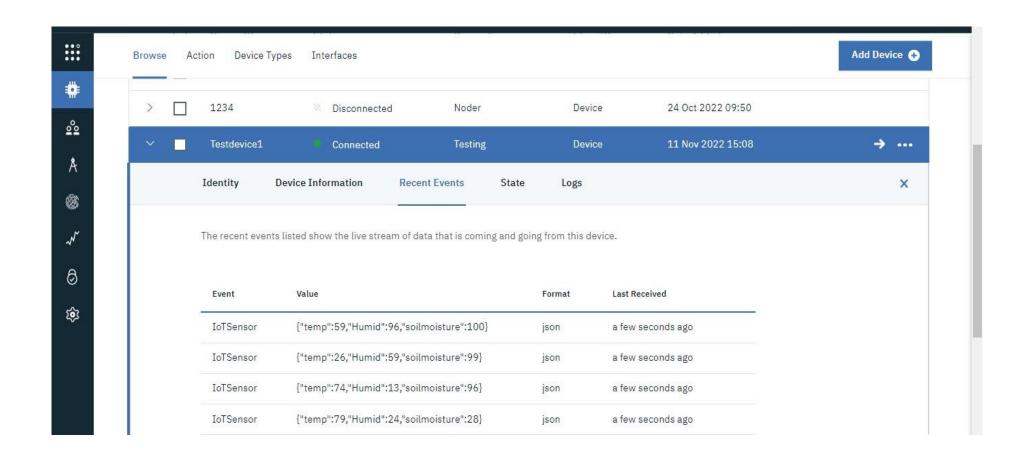
```
import time
import sys
importibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device
import random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "mipzq4" #replace the ORG ID
deviceType = "Testing"#replace the Device type
wi deviceId = "Testdevice1"#replace Device ID
authMethod = "token" authToken = "1234567890"
#Replace the authtoken
# Initialize GPIO
#Receives Command from Node-red
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print ("Command received: %s" %cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="motoron":
        print ("motor is on")
    elif status == "motoroff" :
   print ("motor is off")
    elif status == "motor30" :
        print ("motor is on for 30 minutes")
 try:
      deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-
token": authToken}
                       deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
```

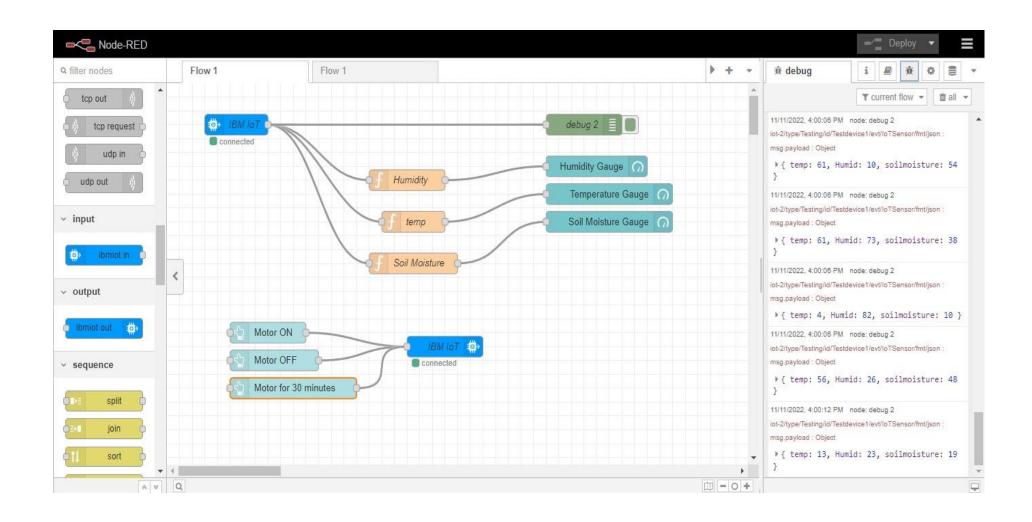
```
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
whileTrue:
        #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
        temp=random.randint(0,100)
        Humid=random.randint(0,100)
        soilmoisture=random.randint(0,100)
        data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'soilmoisture': soilmoisture}
        #print data
      def myOnPublishCallback():
            print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %%" % Humid, "soilmoisture = %s %%"
%soilmoisture, "to IBM Watson")
       success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0, on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
       if not success:
           print("Not connected to IoTF")
       time.sleep(5)
       deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
```

deviceCli.disconnect()

#### 훩 \*Python 3.7.0 Shell\*

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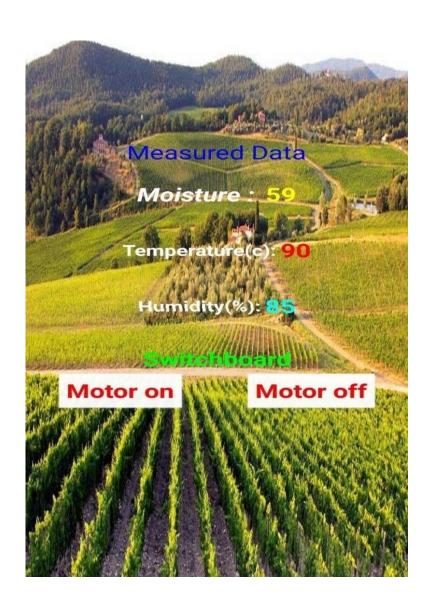




# $\equiv$ Testing Home Default ▲ Group 2 Soil Moisture Gauge MOTOR ON MOTOR OFF 58 MOTOR FOR 30 MINUTES Temperature Gauge 38 **Humidity Gauge**

```
Published Temperature = 25 C Humidity = 32 % soilmoisture = 86 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 27 C Humidity = 16 % soilmoisture = 26 % to IBM Watson
Command received: motoron
motor is on
Command received: motoron
motor is on
Published Temperature = 10 C Humidity = 69 % soilmoisture = 82 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 75 C Humidity = 37 % soilmoisture = 2 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 63 C Humidity = 59 % soilmoisture = 11 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 31 C Humidity = 20 % soilmoisture = 43 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 47 C Humidity = 38 % soilmoisture = 95 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 62 C Humidity = 5 % soilmoisture = 93 % to IBM Watson
Command received: motoroff
motor is off
Command received: motor30
motor is on for 30 minutes
Published Temperature = 19 C Humidity = 99 % soilmoisture = 96 % to IBM Watson
Published Temperature = 6 C Humidity = 56 % soilmoisture = 85 % to IBM Watson
```

## **Output:**



### Advantages & Disadvantages Advantages:

- Farms can be monitored and controlled remotely.
- Increase in convenience to farmers.
- · Less labor cost.
- Better standards of living.

### Disadvantages:

- Lack of internet/connectivity issues.
- Added cost of internet and internet gateway infrastructure.
- Farmers wanted to adapt the use of Mobile App.

#### Conclusion:

Thus the objective of the project to implement an IOT system in order to help farmers to control and monitor their farms has been implemented successfully.