

Project Development Phase Sprint3-Test Cases

Date	12 Nov 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID01606
Project Name	Virtual Eye - Life Guard for Swimming Pools To Detect Active Drowning
Maximum Marks	4Marks

Init.py

```
from .object_detection import detect_common_objects
```

Object_detect.py

```
#import necessary packages
import cv2 import os import
numpy as np
from .utils import download_file

initialize = True net =
None
dest_dir = os.path.expanduser('~') + os.path.sep + '.cvlib' + os.path.sep +
'object_detection' + os.path.sep + 'yolo' + os.path.sep + 'yolov3' classes =
None
#colors are BGR instead of RGB in python COLORS =
[0,0,255], [255,0,0]
def populate_class_labels():

    #we are using a pre existent classifier which is more reliable and more
    efficient than one
    #we could make using only a laptop
    #The classifier should be downloaded automatically when you run this script
    class_file_name = 'yolov3_classes.txt'
    class_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + class_file_name
    url =
'https://github.com/Nico31415/DrowningDetector/raw/master/yolov3.txt'
    if not os.path.exists(class_file_abs_path):
        download_file(url=url, file_name=class_file_name, dest_dir=dest_dir)
    f = open(class_file_abs_path, 'r')
    classes = [line.strip() for line in f.readlines()]

    return classes
```



```

def
get_output_layers(net):

    #the number of output layers in a neural network is the number of possible
    #things the network can detect, such as a person, a dog, a tie, a phone...
    layer_names = net.getLayerNames()

    output_layers = [layer_names[i[0] - 1] for i in
net.getUnconnectedOutLayers()]

    return output_layers
def draw_bbox(img, bbox, labels, confidence, Drowning,
write_conf=False):
    global
COLORS      global
classes
    if classes is
None:
        classes = populate_class_labels()
        for i, label in
enumerate(labels):

            #if the person is drowning, the box will be drawn red instead of blue
if label == 'person' and Drowning:
                color = COLORS[0]
label = 'DROWNING'         else:
                color = COLORS[1]

            if
write_conf:
                label += ' ' + str(format(confidence[i] * 100, '.2f')) + '%'

        #you only need to points (the opposite corners) to draw a rectangle.
These points
        #are stored in the variable bbox
        cv2.rectangle(img, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]), (bbox[i][2],bbox[i][3]),
color, 2)
        cv2.putText(img, label, (bbox[i][0],bbox[i][1]-
10), cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, color, 2)

    return img
def detect_common_objects(image, confidence=0.5,
nms_thresh=0.3):

    Height, Width = image.shape[:2]
scale = 0.00392
    global
classes      global
dest_dir

    #all the weights and the neural network algorithm are already
preconfigured

```



```

#as we are using YOLO

#this part of the script just downloads the YOLO files
config_file_name = 'yolov3.cfg'
config_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + config_file_name

weights_file_name = 'yolov3.weights'
weights_file_abs_path = dest_dir + os.path.sep + weights_file_name

url = 'https://github.com/Nico31415/Drowning-
Detector/raw/master/yolov3.cfg'
if not
os.path.exists(config_file_abs_path):
    download_file(url=url, file_name=config_file_name, dest_dir=dest_dir)

url = 'https://pjreddie.com/media/files/yolov3.weights'
if not
os.path.exists(weights_file_abs_path):
    download_file(url=url, file_name=weights_file_name,
dest_dir=dest_dir)

global initialize
global net
if
initialize:
    classes = populate_class_labels()
    net = cv2.dnn.readNet(weights_file_abs_path, config_file_abs_path)
initialize = False

blob = cv2.dnn.blobFromImage(image, scale, (416,416), (0,0,0), True,
crop=False)

net.setInput(blob)

outs = net.forward(get_output_layers(net))
class_ids = []
confidences = []
boxes = []
for out in outs:
for detection in out:
    scores = detection[5:]
class_id = np.argmax(scores)
max_conf = scores[class_id]
if max_conf > confidence:
    center_x = int(detection[0] * Width)
center_y = int(detection[1] * Height)
w = int(detection[2] * Width)
h =
int(detection[3] * Height)
x =
center_x - w / 2
y = center_y - h /
2
class_ids.append(class_id)

```

```
confidences.append(float(max_conf))  
boxes.append([x, y, w, h])
```



```
indices = cv2.dnn.NMSBoxes(boxes, confidences, confidence, nms_thresh)

bbox = []
label = []
conf = []

for i in indices:
    i = i[0]
    box = boxes[i]
    x = box[0]
    y = box[1]
    w = box[2]
    h = box[3]
    bbox.append([round(x), round(y), round(x+w), round(y+h)])
    label.append(str(classes[class_ids[i]]))
    conf.append(confidences[i])

return bbox, label, conf
```


Utils.py

```
import requests import
progressbar as pb
import os
def download_file(url, file_name,
dest_dir):
    if not
os.path.exists(dest_dir):
        os.makedirs(dest_dir)

    full_path_to_file = dest_dir + os.path.sep + file_name
    if os.path.exists(dest_dir + os.path.sep + file_name):
        return full_path_to_file

    print("Downloading " + file_name + " from " + url)

try:
    r = requests.get(url, allow_redirects=True, stream=True)
except:
    print("Could not establish connection. Download failed")
return None

    file_size = int(r.headers['Content-Length'])
chunk_size = 1024
numBars = round(file_size / chunk_size)

    bar = pb.ProgressBar(maxval=numBars).start()
    if r.status_code !=
requests.codes.ok:
        print("Error occurred while downloading file")
return None

    count = 0
    with
open(full_path_to_file, 'wb') as file:
        for chunk in r.iter_content(chunk_size=chunk_size):
            file.write(chunk)
bar.update(count)
count +=1

    return full_path_to_file
```

App.py:

```
import time
import cv2
import numpy as np
from cloudant.client import Cloudant
from flask import Flask, request, render_template, redirect, url_for
from playsound import playsound

import cvlib as cv
from cvlib.object_detection import draw_bbox

# Loading the model

# Authenticate using an IAM API key
client = Cloudant.iam('5a1ffd26-d995-410e-af77-546fb6498fd8-
bluemix','5rUgrIfVeYtIyTqJ0hAvTOvIYvJDNiKlr-sDUHQRClnN', connect=True)

# Create a database using an initialized client
my_database =
client.create_database('my_database')
app=Flask(__name__)

#default home page or route
@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render_template('index.html')

@app.route('/index.html')
def home():
    return render_template("index.html")

#registration page
@app.route('/register') def
register():
    return render_template('register.html')
```

```

@app.route('/afterreg', methods=['POST'])
def afterreg():
    x = [x for x in
request.form.values()]      print(x)
data = {
    '_id': x[1], # Setting _id is optional
    'name': x[0],
    'psw':x[2]
    }
    print(data)

    query = {'_id': {'$eq': data['_id']}}

    docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
print(docs)

    print(len(docs.all()))

if(len(docs.all())==0):
    url = my_database.create_document(data)
    #response = requests.get(url)
    return render_template('register.html',
pred="Registration Successful, please login using your details")
else:
    return render_template('register.html', pred="You are already a
member, please login using your details")

#login page
@app.route('/login')
def login():
    return render_template('login.html')

@app.route('/afterlogin',methods=['POST'])
def afterlogin():
    user = request.form['_id']
passw = request.form['psw']
print(user,passw)

    query = {'_id': {'$eq': user}}

    docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
print(docs)

    print(len(docs.all()))

```

```
if(len(docs.all())==0):
    return render_template('login.html', pred="The username is not
found.")
    else:
        if (user==docs[0][0]['_id'] and
passwd==docs[0][0]['psw']):
            return redirect(url_for('prediction'))
```



```
else:  
    print('Invalid User')
```



```

@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    return render_template('logout.html')

@app.route('/prediction')
def prediction():
    return render_template('prediction.html')

@app.route('/result', methods=["GET", "POST"])
def res():
    webcam = cv2.VideoCapture('drowning.mp4')
    if not
webcam.isOpened():
    print("Could not open webcam")
exit()

    t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970
    #variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been standing
still for
    centre0 = np.zeros(2)
isDrowning = False

    #this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person doesn't
move,
    #or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they are drowning
    #loop through frames
while webcam.isOpened():
    # read frame from webcam
status, frame = webcam.read()
    if not
status:
        print("Could not read frame")
exit()

    # apply object detection
    bbox, label, conf = cv.detect_common_objects(frame)
#simplifying for only 1 person

    #s = (len(bbox), 2)
if (len(bbox)>0):
bbox0 = bbox[0]
    #centre = np.zeros(s)
centre = [0,0]
    #for i in range(0, len(bbox)):
        #centre[i]
=[ (bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2, (bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2 ]

        centre = [ (bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2, (bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2 ]

```

```
#make vertical and horizontal movement variables
```

```
hmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])  
vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])
```





#there is still need to tweek the threshold



```

        #this threshold is for checking how much the centre has moved

        x=time.time()
        threshold = 10
    if(hmov>threshold or vmov>threshold):
        print(x-t0, 's')
    t0 = time.time()
    isDrowning = False

    else:
        print(x-t0, 's')
    if((time.time() - t0) > 10):
        isDrowning = True

        #print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label , 'confidence: '
    conf[0], 'centre: ', centre)
        #print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
        print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:', centre0)
    print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)

    centre0 = centre
    # draw bounding box over detected objects

    out = draw_bbox(frame, bbox, label, conf,isDrowning)

    #print('Seconds since last epoch: ', time.time()-t0)
    # display output
    cv2.imshow("Real-time object detection",
    out)
    if(isDrowning == True):
    playsound('alarm.mp3')
    webcam.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
        return render_template('prediction.html',prediction="Emergency
!!! The Person is drowning")
        #return render_template('base.html')

    # press "Q" to stop
    if
    cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
        break

    # release resources
    webcam.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
    #return render_template('prediction.html',)

    """ Running our application """

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)

```

Detect.py:

```
import cvlib as cv
from cvlib.object_detection import
draw_bbox import cv2 import time import
numpy as np
from playsound import playsound
#for PiCamera
#from picamera Import PiCamera
#camera = PiCamera
#camera.start_preview()
# open webcam
webcam = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
    if not
webcam.isOpened():
    print("Could not open webcam")
exit()

t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970

#variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been standing
still for
centre0 =
np.zeros(2)
isDrowning = False
#this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person doesn't
move, #or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they are drowning
#loop through frames
while webcam.isOpened():

    # read frame from webcam
    status, frame = webcam.read()
    if not
status:
        print("Could not read frame")
exit()

    # apply object detection
    bbox, label, conf = cv.detect_common_objects(frame)
#simplifying for only 1 person

    #s = (len(bbox), 2)

if(len(bbox)>0):
    bbox0 = bbox[0]
    #centre = np.zeros(s)
centre = [0,0]
```




```

        #for i in range(0, len(bbox)):
            #centre[i]
        =[ (bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2, (bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2 ]

        centre =[ (bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2, (bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2 ]
        #make vertical and horizontal movement
variables      hmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])
vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])

        #there is still need to tweek the threshold
        #this threshold is for checking how much the centre has moved

        x=time.time()
        threshold = 10
    if(hmov>threshold or vmov>threshold):
        print(x-t0, 's')
    t0 = time.time()
    isDrowning = False

else:
        print(x-t0, 's')
    if((time.time() - t0) > 10):
        isDrowning = True

        #print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label , 'confidence: '
conf[0], 'centre: ', centre)
        #print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
        print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:', centre0)
    print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)

        centre0 = centre
        # draw bounding box over detected objects
        out = draw_bbox(frame, bbox, label,
conf,isDrowning)

        #print('Seconds since last epoch: ', time.time()-t0)
        # display output
        cv2.imshow("Real-time object detection", out)
    if(isDrowning == True):
        playsound('alarm.mp3')

        # press "Q" to stop        if
cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
        break

# release resources
webcam.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```



