Assignment -3

Python Programming

Assignment Date	19 September 2022
Student Name	Pradeepa J
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Question-1:

Download the dataset: Dataset

Solution:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1xkynpL15pt6KT3YSlDimu4A5iRU9qYck/view

Question-2:

Image Augmentation.

```
Solution:
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive/')
data_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset/flowers/'
batch_size = 32
target_size = (64, 64)
Drive already mounted at /content/drive/; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/drive/", force_remount=True).
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,
                                 zoom range=0.2.
                                 width_shift_range=0.1,
height_shift_range=0.1,
                                 horizontal_flip=True,
validation_split=0.2)
test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1. / 255, validation_split=0.2)
Found 3457 images belonging to 5 classes.
Found 860 images belonging to 5 classes.
```

Question-3:

Create Model

Solution:

```
model = Sequential()
```

Question-4:

Add Layers (Convolution, MaxPooling, Flatten, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)

Solution:

```
model.add(Convolution2D(32, (3, 3), input_shape=(64, 64, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))

model.add(Convolution2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))

model.add(Convolution2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)))

model.add(Flatten())

model.add(Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(units=5, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(units=5, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 62, 62, 32)	896	
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 31, 31, 32)	0	
servad 1 (Convan)	(Ness 20 20 32)	9248	
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 29, 29, 32)	9240	
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0	
2D)			
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	18496	
max pooling2d 2 (MaxPooling	(None. 6. 6. 64)	0	
2D)	(, -, -, -,	_	
25)			
51-++ (51-++)	(None 2304)	0	
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 2304)	О	
	4		
dense (Dense)	(None, 64)	147520	
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 5)	325	

Total params: 176,485 Trainable params: 176,485 Non-trainable params: 0

Question-5:

Compile The Model

Solution:

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Question-6:

Fit The Model

Solution:

```
model.fit(X_train, steps_per_epoch=100, epochs=15)
Epoch 1/15
Epoch 2/15
Epoch 3/15
Epoch 4/15
100/100 [============= ] - 26s 257ms/step - loss: 0.9996 - accuracy: 0.5989
Epoch 5/15
Epoch 6/15
100/100 [============== ] - 26s 255ms/step - loss: 0.9086 - accuracy: 0.6485
Epoch 7/15
100/100 [============= ] - 26s 255ms/step - loss: 0.8738 - accuracy: 0.6570
Epoch 8/15
Epoch 9/15
Epoch 10/15
     100/100 [=====
Epoch 11/15
Epoch 12/15
100/100 [===
    ========================= ] - 25s 254ms/step - loss: 0.7526 - accuracy: 0.7043
Epoch 13/15
Epoch 14/15
Epoch 15/15
```

Question-7:

Save The Model

Solution:

```
model.save("model.h5")
```

Question-8:

Test The Model

Solution:

```
def predict():
    img = image.load_img("/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset/flowers/rose/1775233884_12ff5a124f.jpg", target_size=target_size)
    x = image.img_to_array(img)
    x = tf.expand_dims(x,0)

labels = ['daisy', 'dandelion', 'rose', 'sunflower', 'tulip']

pred = model.predict(x)
    prediction = labels[np.argmax(pred[0])]

print(f'The given image is a {prediction}')
    plt.imshow(plt.imread("/content/drive/MyDrive/dataset/flowers/rose/1775233884_12ff5a124f.jpg"))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```