

ASSIGNMENT 2

ASSIGNMENT DATE	24 SEPTEMBER 2020
STUDENT NAME	SARANRAJ AK
STUDENT ROLL NUMBER	2019504580
MAXIMUM MARKS	2 MARKS

Data Visualization and Pre-processing

Perform Below Tasks to complete the assignment:- Tasks:-

1. Download the dataset
2. Load the dataset.
3. Perform Below Visualizations. • Univariate Analysis • Bi - Variate Analysis • Multi - Variate Analysis
4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.
5. Handle the Missing values.
6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers
7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.
8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.
9. Scale the independent variables
10. Split the data into training and testing

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [ ]: df = pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
```

```
In [ ]: df
```

Out[]:

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0
...
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64	0
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77	0
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58	1
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52	1
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78	0

10000 rows × 14 columns

3.Visualizations

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [ ]: import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [ ]: %matplotlib inline
```

i)Univariate Analysis

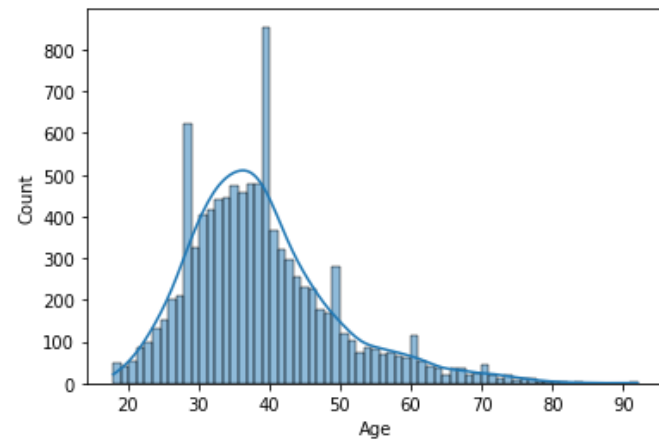
```
In [ ]: df[['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore', 'Geography', 'Age', 'Tenure']].describe()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure
count	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800
std	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174
min	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000
25%	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000
50%	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000
75%	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000
max	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000

```
In [ ]: sns.histplot(df.Age, kde=True)
```

```
Out[ ]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ffa2c5af410>
```

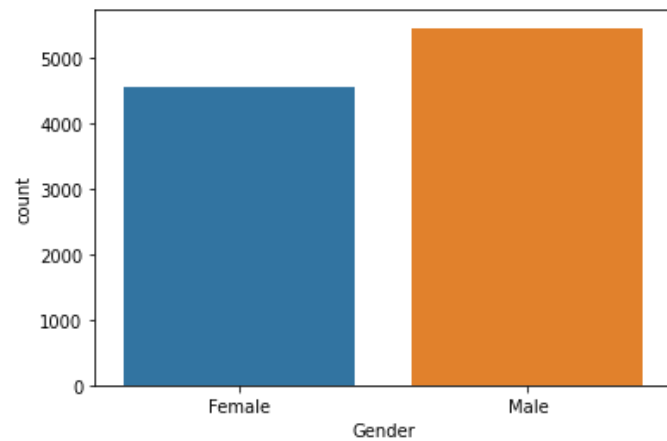


```
In [ ]: # plot count plot for the gender column
sns.countplot(df.Gender)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

```
Out[ ]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ffa2c06c650>
```



ii)Bivariate Analysis

```
In [ ]: df[['CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore', 'Geography', 'Gender', 'Age']].corr()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

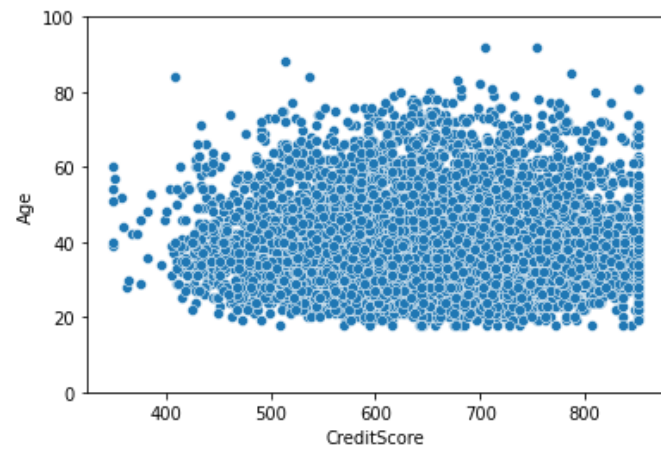
	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age
CustomerId	1.000000	0.005308	0.009497
CreditScore	0.005308	1.000000	-0.003965
Age	0.009497	-0.003965	1.000000

```
In [ ]: sns.scatterplot(df.CreditScore,df.Age)
plt.ylim(0,100)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

FutureWarning

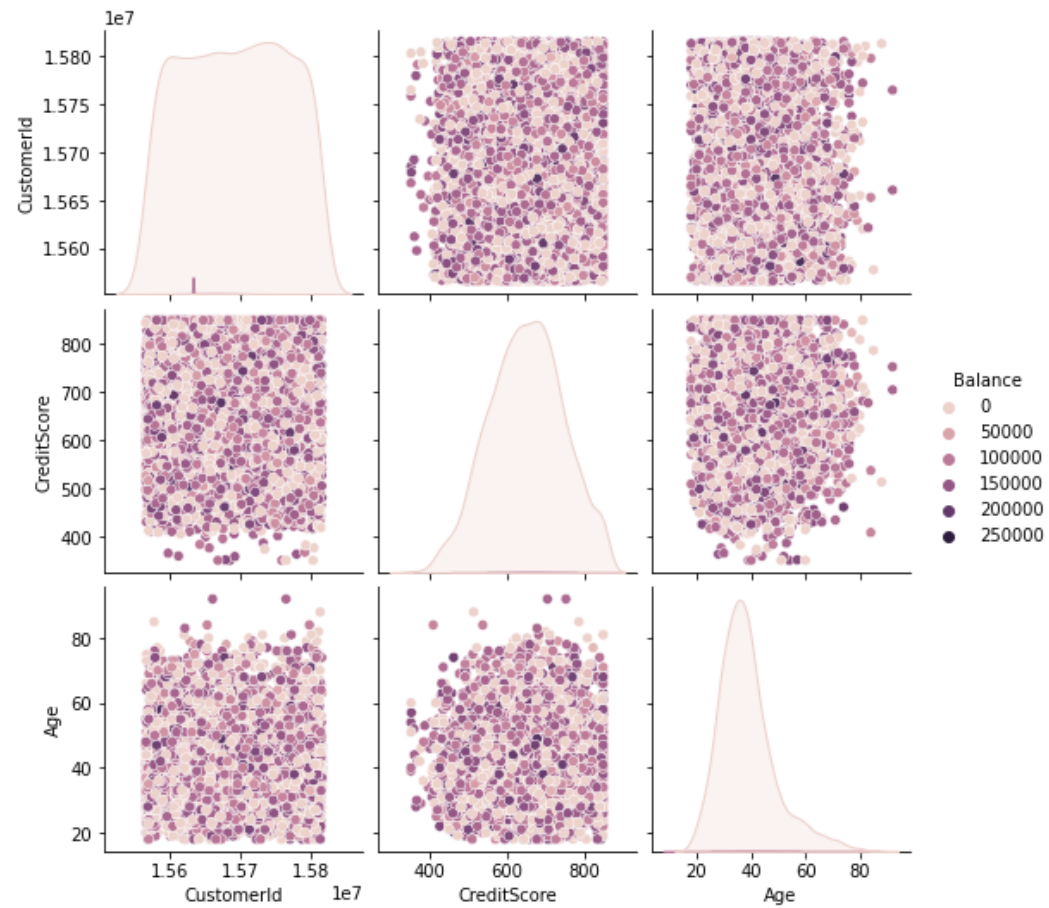
```
Out[ ]: (0.0, 100.0)
```



iii)Multivariate Analysis

```
In [ ]: sns.pairplot(data =df[['CustomerId','Geography','Gender','CreditScore','Age','Balance']],hue = 'Balance')
```

```
Out[ ]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7ffa2bbc9250>
```



4.Descriptive Statistics

```
In [ ]: #mode
df['Age'].mode()
```

```
Out[ ]: 0    37
dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: #calculation of the mean (for Age)
df["Age"].mean()
```

```
Out[ ]: 38.9218
```

```
In [ ]: #calculation of the mean and round the result(for Age)
round(df["Age"].mean(), 2)
```

Out[]: 38.92

```
In [ ]: #calculation of the median(for Age)  
df["Age"].median()
```

Out[]: 37.0

```
In [ ]: df.columns
```

```
Out[ ]: Index(['RowNumber', 'CustomerId', 'Surname', 'CreditScore', 'Geography',  
             'Gender', 'Age', 'Tenure', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'HasCrCard',  
             'IsActiveMember', 'EstimatedSalary', 'Exited'],  
            dtype='object')
```

```
In [ ]: df["NumOfProducts"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[ ]: 1    5084  
       2    4590  
       3     266  
       4      60  
       Name: NumOfProducts, dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: df.dtypes
```

```
Out[ ]: RowNumber      int64  
       CustomerId     int64  
       Surname        object  
       CreditScore     int64  
       Geography      object  
       Gender         object  
       Age            int64  
       Tenure         int64  
       Balance        float64  
       NumOfProducts  int64  
       HasCrCard      int64  
       IsActiveMember int64  
       EstimatedSalary float64  
       Exited         int64  
       dtype: object
```

```
In [ ]: df.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

```
In [ ]: df.describe()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

5.Handling Missing values

```
In [ ]: df.isna().any()
```



```
Out[ ]: RowNumber      False
        CustomerId     False
        Surname        False
        CreditScore     False
        Geography       False
        Gender          False
        Age             False
        Tenure          False
        Balance         False
        NumOfProducts   False
        HasCrCard       False
        IsActiveMember  False
        EstimatedSalary False
        Exited          False
        dtype: bool
```

```
In [ ]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[ ]: RowNumber      0
        CustomerId     0
        Surname        0
        CreditScore     0
        Geography       0
        Gender          0
        Age             0
        Tenure          0
        Balance         0
        NumOfProducts   0
        HasCrCard       0
        IsActiveMember  0
        EstimatedSalary 0
        Exited          0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [ ]: df.isnull()
```

Out[]:

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
...
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9998	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9999	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

10000 rows × 14 columns

In []:

```
df.notnull()
```

Out[]:

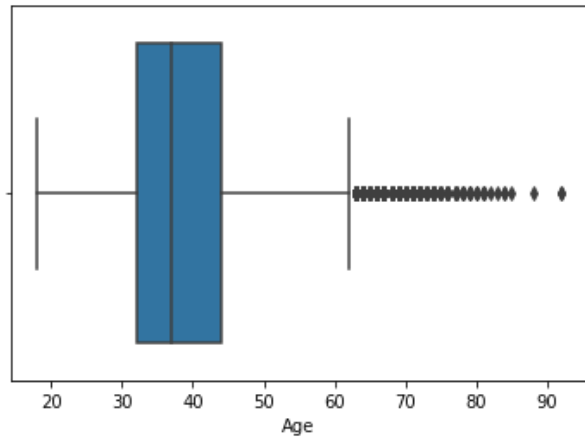
	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
1	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
2	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
3	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
4	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
...
9995	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9996	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9997	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9998	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9999	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True

10000 rows × 14 columns

6. Finding and replacing the outliers

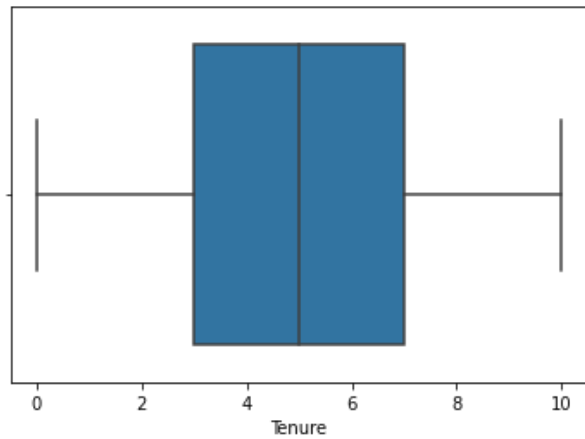
```
In [ ]: import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(x=df['Age'])
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fe6dd978fd0>



```
In [ ]: sns.boxplot(x=df['Tenure'])
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fe6d8dca710>



7. Check for categorical columns and perform encoding

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv", header=None)
```

```
In [ ]: cols = df.columns
num_cols = df._get_numeric_data().columns
```

```
In [ ]: num_cols
```

```
Out[ ]: Int64Index([], dtype='int64')
```

```
In [ ]: list(set(cols) - set(num_cols))
```

```
Out[ ]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13]
```

8.Split the data into dependent and independent variables

```
In [ ]: # x -Independent
# y -Dependent
x =df.drop('Exited',axis=1)
y=df['Exited']
```

```
In [ ]: x.head()
```

```
Out[ ]:
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10

```
In [ ]: y.head()
```

```
Out[ ]: 0    1
1    0
2    1
3    0
4    0
Name: Exited, dtype: int64
```

9.Scale the independent variables

```
In [ ]: from sklearn import linear_model
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scale = StandardScaler()
```

```
In [ ]: X = df[['Balance', 'Tenure']]

scaledX = scale.fit_transform(X)

print(scaledX)
```

```
[[-1.22584767 -1.04175968]
 [ 0.11735002 -1.38753759]
 [ 1.33305335  1.03290776]
 ...
 [-1.22584767  0.68712986]
 [-0.02260751 -0.69598177]
 [ 0.85996499 -0.35020386]]
```

10.Split the data into training and testing

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [ ]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
```

```
In [ ]: print('X Train shape:{},Y.Train SHape:{}'.format(x_train.shape,y_train.shape))
```

```
X Train shape:(8000, 13),Y.Train SHape:(8000,)
```

```
In [ ]: print('X Test Shape :{},Y Test SHape:{}'.format(x_test.shape,y_test.shape))
```

```
X Test Shape :(2000, 13),Y Test SHape:(2000,)
```