Assignment Date	29.10.2022
Student Name	I.Shajahan
Student Roll Number	312319205145
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

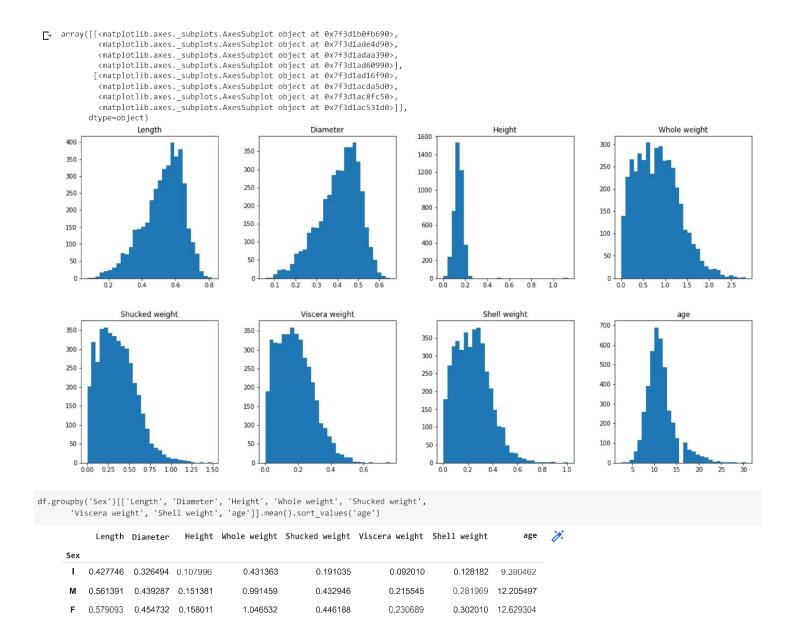
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/abalone.csv")
```

df['age'] = df['Rings']+1.5
df = df.drop('Rings', axis = 1)

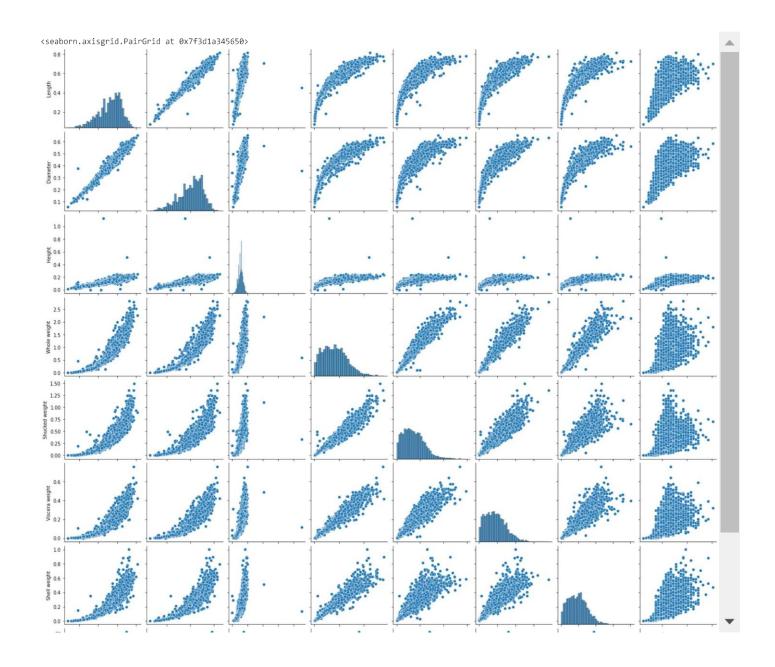
Univariate Analysis

df.hist(figsize=(20,10), grid=False, layout=(2, 4), bins = 30)



## Bivariate Analysis

numerical\_features = df.select\_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
sns.pairplot(df[numerical\_features])



## Descriptive statistics

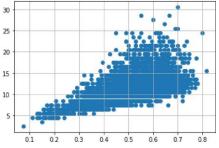
f.describe(
-------------

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age	1
count	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	
mean	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0.238831	11.433684	
std	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0.139203	3.224169	
min	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0.001500	2.500000	
25%	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0.130000	9.500000	
50%	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0.234000	10.500000	
75%	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0.329000	12.500000	
max	0.815000	0.650000	1.130000	2.825500	1.488000	0.760000	1.005000	30.500000	

Check for missing values

df.isnull().sum()

```
df = pd.get_dummies(df)
  dummy_data = df.copy()
  var = 'Viscera weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  # outliers removal
  \label{eq:df_def} $$ df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']> 0.5) \& (df['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True) $$
  df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']<0.5) & (df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
  var = 'Shell weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  #Outliers removal
  \label{eq:dfdf} $$ df.drop(df[(df['Shell weight']> 0.6) \& (df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace=True) $$
  \label{eq:df_df_df_df_df_df} $$ df.drop(df[(df['Shell weight']<0.8) & (df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True) $$
  var = 'Shucked weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  #Outlier removal
  df.drop(df[(df['Shucked weight']>= 1) & (df['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True)</pre>
  \label{lem:df_df_df_df_df_df_df} $$ df.drop(df[(df['Shucked weight']<1) & (df['age'] > 20)].index, inplace=True) $$
  var = 'Whole weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
  plt.grid(True)
  df.drop(df[(df['Whole weight'] >= 2.5) &
             (df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
  df.drop(df[(df['Whole weight']<2.5) & (
  df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
var = 'Diameter'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter'] <0.1) &</pre>
          (df['age'] < 5)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter']<0.6) & (</pre>
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter']>=0.6) & (
df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
var = 'Height'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Height'] > 0.4) &
          (df['age'] < 15)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Height']<0.4) & (
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
var = 'Length'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Length'] < 0.1) &
          (df['age'] < 5)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Length']<0.8) & (
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
df.drop(df[(df['Length']>=0.8) & (
df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
```



### Categorical columns

```
numerical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
categorical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.object]).columns
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.py:2: DeprecationWarning: `np.object` is a deprecated alias for the builtin `object`. To siler Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: <a href="https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations">https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations</a>

```
\blacktriangleleft
```

```
numerical_features
```

### categorical\_features

Index(['Sex'], dtype='object')

### ENCODING

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
print(df.Sex.value\_counts())

M 1525 I 1341 F 1301

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

# x=df.iloc[:,:5]

Х

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050
4172	F	0.565	0.450	0.165	0.8870
4173	М	0.590	0.440	0.135	0.9660
4174	М	0.600	0.475	0.205	1.1760
4175	F	0.625	0.485	0.150	1.0945
4176	М	0.710	0.555	0.195	1.9485

4167 rows × 5 columns

y=df.iloc[:,5:]

	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age	1.
0	0.2245	0.1010	0.1500	16.5	
1	0.0995	0.0485	0.0700	8.5	
2	0.2565	0.1415	0.2100	10.5	
3	0.2155	0.1140	0.1550	11.5	
4	0.0895	0.0395	0.0550	8.5	
4172	0.3700	0.2390	0.2490	12.5	
4173	0.4390	0.2145	0.2605	11.5	
4174	0.5255	0.2875	0.3080	10.5	
4175	0.5310	0.2610	0.2960	11.5	
4176	0.9455	0.3765	0.4950	13.5	

4167 rows × 4 columns

### Train, Test, Split

 $\label{local_selection} from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split $$x\_train,x\_test,y\_train,y\_test=train\_test\_split(x,y,test\_size=0.2)$$ 

### Model Building

from sklearn.linear\_model import LinearRegression
mlr=LinearRegression()
mlr.fit(x\_train,y\_train)

## Train and Test model

### x\_test[0:5]

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight
661	1	0.535	0.450	0.170	0.781
370	F	0.650	0.545	0.165	1.566
2272	М	0.635	0.510	0.210	1.598
1003	М	0.595	0.455	0.150	1.044
1145	М	0.580	0.455	0.195	1.859

## y\_test[0:5]

	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age	1
661	0.3055	0.1555	0.295	12.5	
370	0.6645	0.3455	0.415	17.5	
2272	0.6535	0.2835	0.580	16.5	
1003	0.5180	0.2205	0.270	10.5	
1145	0.9450	0.4260	0.441	10.5	

## Feature Scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler ss=StandardScaler() 
x\_train=ss.fit\_transform(x\_train) 
mlrpred=mlr.predict(x\_test[0:9]) 
mlrpred

### Performance measure

from sklearn.metrics import r2\_score
r2\_score(mlr.predict(x\_test),y\_test)

0.5597133867640833