Assignment Date	29.10.2022
Student Name	G.Sarveshwarran
Student Roll Number	312319205142
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

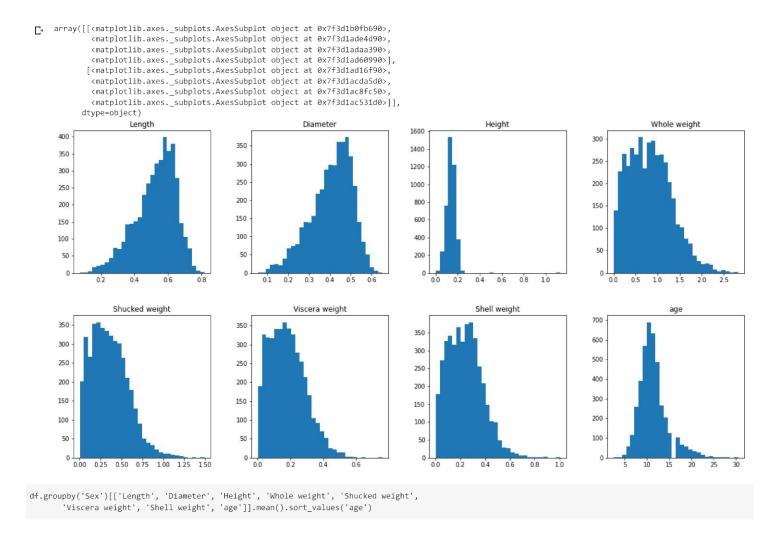
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

df=pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/abalone.csv")

df['age'] = df['Rings']+1.5
df = df.drop('Rings', axis = 1)

Univariate Analysis

df.hist(figsize=(20,10), grid=False, layout=(2, 4), bins = 30)



Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age	7
I	0.427746	0.326494	0.107996	0.431363	0.191035	0.092010	0.128182	9.390462	
м	0.561391	0.439287	0.151381	0.991459	0.432946	0.215545	0.281969	12.205497	

0.446188

0.230689

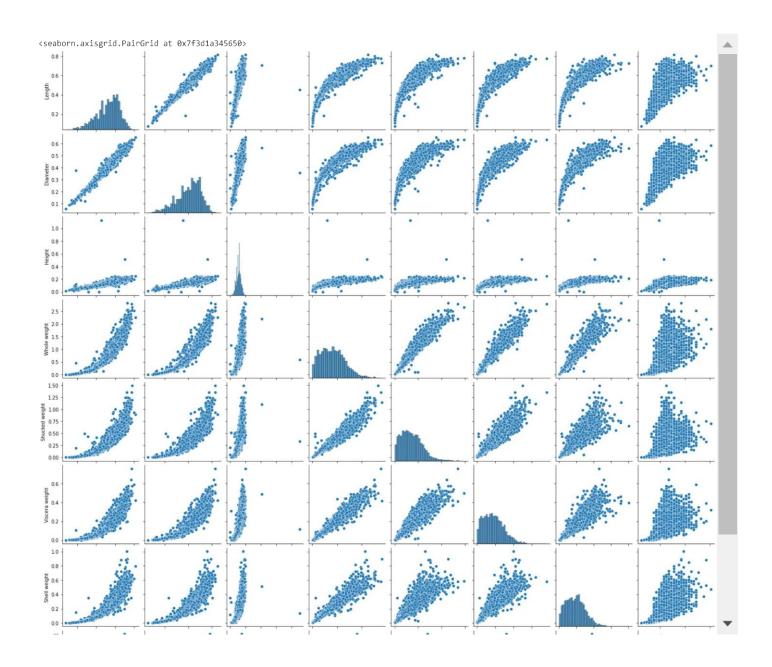
0.302010 12.629304

1.046532

Bivariate Analysis

numerical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
sns.pairplot(df[numerical_features])

F 0.579093 0.454732 0.158011



Descriptive statistics

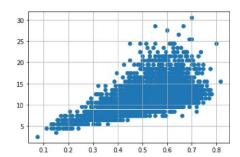
df.describe()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weigh	t age	7.
count	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	
mean	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0.238831	11.433684	
std	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0.139203	3.224169	
min	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0.001500	2.500000	
25%	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0.130000	9.500000	
50%	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0.234000	10.500000	
75%	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0.329000	12.500000	
max	0.815000	0.650000	1.130000	2.825500	1.488000	0.760000	1.005000	30.500000	

Check for missing values

df.isnull().sum()

```
df = pd.get\_dummies(df)
  dummy_data = df.copy()
  var = 'Viscera weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  # outliers removal
  \label{eq:dfdf} $$ df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']> 0.5) \& (df['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True) $$
  df.drop(df[(df['Viscera weight']<0.5) & (df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
  var = 'Shell weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  #Outliers removal
  df.drop(df[(df['Shell weight']> 0.6) & (df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace=True)</pre>
  df.drop(df[(df['Shell weight']<0.8) & (df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
  var = 'Shucked weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'],)
  plt.grid(True)
  #Outlier removal
  df.drop(df[(df['Shucked weight']>= 1) & (df['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True)</pre>
  df.drop(df[(df['Shucked weight']<1) & (df['age'] > 20)].index, inplace=True)
  var = 'Whole weight'
  plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
  plt.grid(True)
  (df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
  df.drop(df[(df['Whole weight']<2.5) & (</pre>
  df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
var = 'Diameter'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter'] <0.1) &</pre>
          (df['age'] < 5)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter']<0.6) & (</pre>
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
df.drop(df[(df['Diameter']>=0.6) & (
df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
var = 'Height'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Height'] > 0.4) &
         (df['age'] < 15)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Height']<0.4) & (
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
var = 'Length'
plt.scatter(x = df[var], y = df['age'])
plt.grid(True)
df.drop(df[(df['Length'] <0.1) &
         (df['age'] < 5)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
df.drop(df[(df['Length']<0.8) & (
df['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
df.drop(df[(df['Length']>=0.8) & (
df['age'] < 25)].index, inplace = True)</pre>
```



Categorical columns

```
numerical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
categorical_features = df.select_dtypes(include = [np.object]).columns
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: DeprecationWarning: `np.object` is a deprecated alias for the builtin `object`. To siler Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations



```
•
```

```
numerical_features
```

categorical_features

```
Index(['Sex'], dtype='object')
```

ENCODING

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
print(df.Sex.value_counts())

```
M 1525
I 1341
F 1301
Name: Sex, dtype: int64
```

x=df.iloc[:,:5]
x

0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770
3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050
4172	F	0.565	0.450	0.165	0.8870
4173	М	0.590	0.440	0.135	0.9660
4174	М	0.600	0.475	0.205	1.1760
4175	F	0.625	0.485	0.150	1.0945
4176	М	0.710	0.555	0.195	1.9485

Sex Length Diameter Height Whole weight 🥕

```
y=df.iloc[:,5:]
```

4167 rows × 5 columns

	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age
0	0.2245	0.1010	0.1500	16.5
1	0.0995	0.0485	0.0700	8.5
2	0.2565	0.1415	0.2100	10.5
3	0.2155	0.1140	0.1550	11.5
4	0.0895	0.0395	0.0550	8.5
4172	0.3700	0.2390	0.2490	12.5
4173	0.4390	0.2145	0.2605	11.5
4174	0.5255	0.2875	0.3080	10.5
4175	0.5310	0.2610	0.2960	11.5
4176	0.9455	0.3765	0.4950	13.5

1

4167 rows × 4 columns

Train, Test, Split

 $\label{local_selection} from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split \\ x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2) \\$

Model Building

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
mlr=LinearRegression()
mlr.fit(x_train,y_train)

Train and Test model

x_test[0:5]

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	7
661	1	0.535	0.450	0.170	0.781	
370	F	0.650	V4∙9 4 €ra	we1g∳t	1.566	
2272	М	0.635	0.510	0.210	1.598	
1003	М	0.595	0.455	0.150	1.044	
1145	М	0.580	0.455	0.195	1.859	

y_test[0:5]

	Shucked weight		Shell weight		
661	0.3055	0.1555	0.295	12.5	
370	0.6645	0.3455	0.415	17.5	
2272	0.6535	0.2835	0.580	16.5	
1003	0.5180	0.2205	0.270	10.5	
1145	0.9450	0.4260	0.441	10.5	

Feature Scaling

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
ss=StandardScaler()
x_train=ss.fit_transform(x_train)
mlrpred=mlr.predict(x_test[0:9])
mlrpred

Performance measure

from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
r2_score(mlr.predict(x_test),y_test)

0.5597133867640833