## **Assignment -3**

## Python Programming

Assignment Date	1 October 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

## ▼ Exercises

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific methoddescribed if applicable.

```
** What is 7 to the power of 4?**
7**4
     2401
** Split this string:**
 s = "Hi there Sam!"
*into a list. *
                                         + Code
s = "Hi there dad!"
a=s.split()
print(a)
     ['Hi', 'there', 'dad!']
** Given the variables:**
 planet = "Earth"
 diameter = 12742
** Use .format() to print the following string: **
 The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.
a = "The diameter of {} is {} kilometers.".format("Earth",12742)
print(a)
```

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

```
** Given this nested list, use indexing to grab the word "hello" **
 lst = [1,2,[3,4],[5,[100,200,['hello']],23,11],1,7]
 lst [3][1][2][0]
       'hello'
  ** Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be annoying/tricky **
 d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello']}]}]}
 d['k1'][3]['tricky'][3]['target'][3]
       'hello'
  ** What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? **
 #list is mutable, whereas a tuple is immutable.
  ** Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form: **
   user@domain.com
  So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com
 def domainGet(email):
    return email.split('@')[-1]
 domainGet('user@domain.com')
       'domain.com'
  ** Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the input string. Don'tworry
  about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to the word dog, but do account for capitalization. **
 def fDog(s):
```

```
return 'dog' in s.lower().split()

fDog('My pet animal is dog')
```

True

\*\* Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignoreedge cases. \*\*

```
def cDog(s):
    c=0
    for word in s.lower().split():
        if word == 'dog':
            c+=1
    return c
```

```
cDog('I love dog , my pet animal is dog , my dog name is goldy')
3
```

## ▼ Problem

\*You are driving a little too fast, and a police oficer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, theresult is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases. \*

```
def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):
    if is_birthday:
        speeding = speed - 5
    else:
        speeding = speed

    if speeding > 80:
        return 'Big Ticket'
    elif speeding > 60:
        return 'Small Ticket'
    else:
        return 'No Ticket'
```

```
caught_speeding(81,False)
```

```
'Big Ticket'
caught_speeding(81,True)
```

'Small Ticket'

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees) and using a forloop retreive each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
l =[35000, 40000, 45000, 30000, 50000]
print("Employee salary")
for i in 1:
    print(i)
total=0
for i in 1:
    total+=i
print("Total salary expendiure")
print(total)
```

```
Employee salary
35000
40000
45000
30000
50000
Total salary expendiure
200000
```

Create two dictionaries in Python:

First one to contain fields as Empid, Empname, Basicpay

Second dictionary to contain fields as DeptName, DeptId.

Combine both dictionaries.

```
dict_1 ={'Empid':40,'Empname':'Syed','Basicpay':35000}
dict_2 ={'DeptName':'IT','Deptid':205}
dict_1.update(dict_2)
print(dict_1)
```

```
{'Empid': 40, 'Empname': 'Syed', 'Basicpay': 35000, 'DeptName': 'IT', 'Deptid': 205}
```