

PROFESSIONAL READINESS FOR INNOVATION, EMPLOYABILITY AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

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ENGINEERING AND
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**ESTIMATE THE CROP YIELD USING DATA
ANALYTICS**
(DOMAIN: DATA ANALYTICS)

PROJECT REPORT

November 2022

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1. INTRODUCTION

Predicting crop yields is one of the most difficult problems in agriculture. It is crucial to decision-making at the international, regional, and local levels. Agricultural, soil, climatic, environmental, and other characteristics are used to predict crop yield.

Agriculture fulfils a fundamental need, which makes it crucial for human survival. It is a well-known fact that in India, agriculture employs the bulk of the population (about 55%). There are obstacles to expanding crop production in India because of weather changes. The way modern farms and agricultural enterprises operate differs greatly from how they did a few decades ago, largely due to technological developments in the form of sensors, machinery, devices, and information technology.

1.1. PROJECT OVERVIEW

It has become a challenging task to achieve desired targets in Agriculture based crop yield. Various factors are to be considered which have direct impact on the production, productivity of the crops. Crop yield prediction is one of the important factors in agriculture practices. Farmers need information regarding crop yield before sowing seeds in their fields to achieve enhanced crop yield.

The use of technology in agriculture has increased in recent years and data analytics is one such trend that has penetrated into the agriculture field. To reach desired crop yield goals has become a difficult undertaking in agriculture.

Numerous elements that directly affect the yield and productivity of the crops must be taken into account. One of the crucial aspects of agricultural techniques is the forecast of crop

production. Before planting seeds in their fields, farmers require knowledge about crop yield in order to increase agricultural output. In recent years, the use of technology in agriculture has increased, and one such development is the use of data analytics.

Thus, a project that would suit the needs of a farmer and at least help them over a borderline to understand and predict or estimate the crop yield was the main aim and was brought to life.

1.2. PURPOSE

Estimation of Crop yield has become the need of the hour and one easy tool/method that can be used is Data Analytics. The term "data analytics" describes the methods used to analyse data in order to increase productivity and financial gain. In order to examine different behavioural patterns, data is extracted from a variety of sources, cleaned up, and classified. The methods and resources employed change depending on the group or person.

The purpose behind this project is to understand the variation in crop yield due to various parameters that can be natural or non-natural.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1. EXISTING PROBLEM

With the changing of climate, agriculture faces increasing problems with extreme weather events leading to considerable yield losses of crops. Most often, crop plants are sensitive to stresses since they were mostly selected for high yield, and not for stress tolerance. The four most important factors that influence crop

yield are soil fertility, availability of water, climate, and diseases or pests.

With such varying parameters, to understand or estimate the patterns with no technological involvements is very difficult. Thus, a solution that is technological and cater to the alterations and provide the predicted solution in a form that can be easily understood by end customers is essential.

2.2. REFERENCES

- i. How data analytics is transforming agriculture - ScienceDirect - <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bushor.2017.09.011>
- ii. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/329467349_Agriculture_Data_Analytics_in_Crop_Yield_Estimation_A_Critical_Review
- iii. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/359131334_Data_analytics_platforms_for_agricultural_systems_A_systematic_literature_review
- iv. N. Chergui, M. -T. Kechadi and M. McDonnell, "The Impact of Data Analytics in Digital Agriculture: A Review," 2020 International Multi-Conference on: "Organization of Knowledge and Advanced Technologies" (OCTA), 2020, pp. 1-13, doi: 10.1109/OCTA49274.2020.9151851.
- v. D. Elavarasan and P. M. D. Vincent, "Crop Yield Prediction Using Deep Reinforcement Learning Model for Sustainable Agrarian

Applications," in IEEE Access, vol. 8, pp. 86886-86901, 2020, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2020.2992480.

2.3. PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

The following instances define the problem of notice. Ram is a farmer who needs a way to understand and predict climatic conditions because he can decide on the safety measures to be followed with regards to the field setup.

Raj is a farmer who needs a way to decide what to grow and when to grow because he is uncertain of his environmental conditions.

Ranil is a grocer and crop distributor who needs to know the overall crop yield turnover because he has to understand his monetary turnover for the year.

Thus, a solution that can cater to all the needs put forth is being formulated.

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

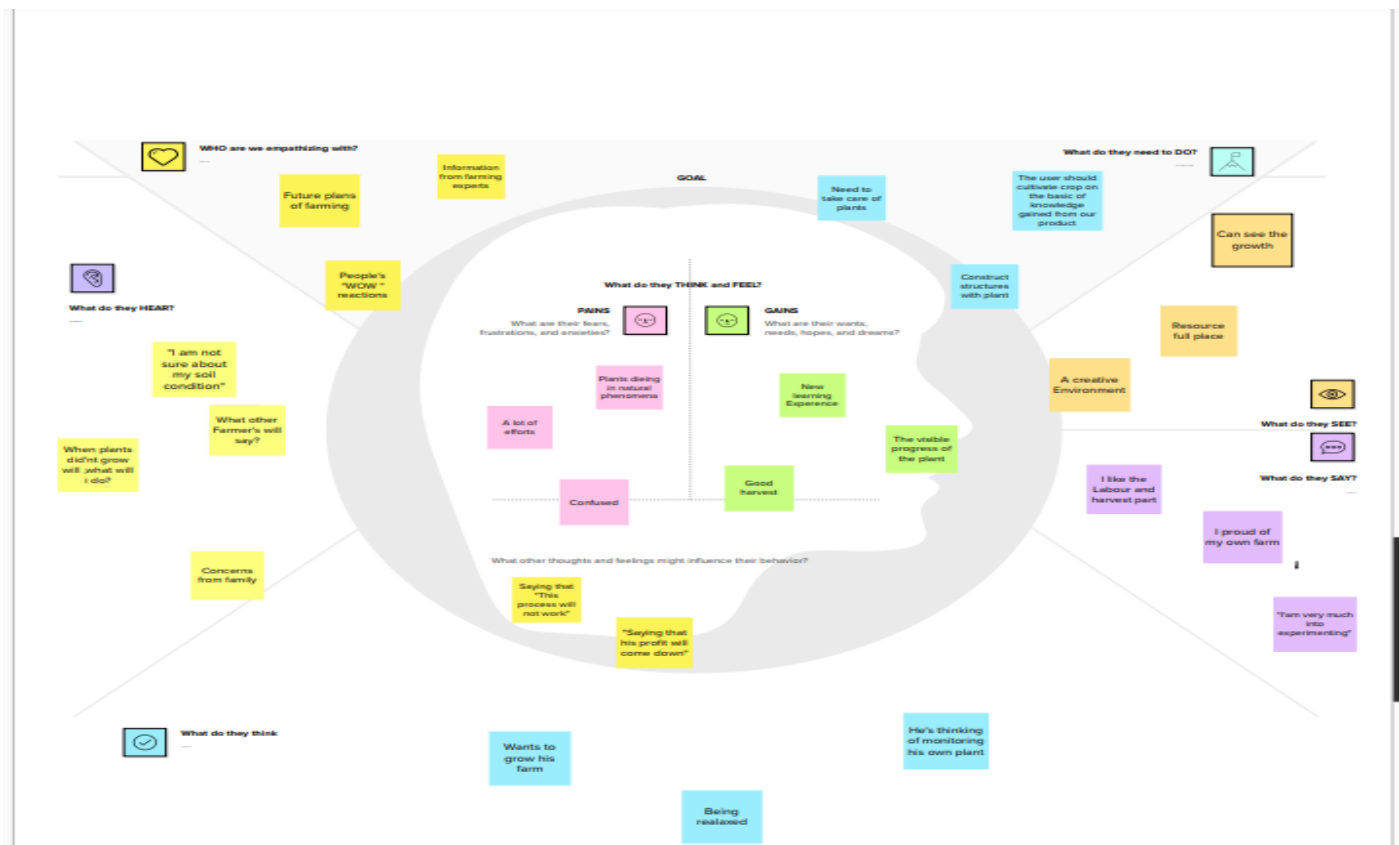
3.1. EMPATHY MAP CANVAS

A team of four members sat together to discuss on and empathize about the problem that people have been facing with regards to understanding and predicting the yield of crops.

As a part of what the customers or target audience felt, a conclusion was made such that they were concerned about elements like finances, monetary support, heavy unexpected losses, proper yield of crop and certain other unpredictable factors.

Under the concepts of what they see and on the basis of environment, friends and what the market offers, digital solutions for ever changing natural setup with the difficulty of moving from traditional to modern farming was sought.

The specifics of pain and gain along with speculations of the influence of affluent land buyers, self-doubt and fright added with this comes the fear to quit agriculture under the section of what they hear.



3.2. IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING

Ideation and the process of brainstorming was done by initially tracing the problem and defining it. This was followed by pushing in individual ideas about the problem and then grouping it in together under common grounds and making a graph out of the priority provided.

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

PROBLEM

A farmer should predict climatic conditions, decide what to grow & when to grow, should know the overall crop yield turnover

BRAINSTORMING:

Person 1

predicting weather	correct amount of water	knowing soil nature
knowledge of plant diseases	Planting the plants in correct distance	Notifying harvesting time
Maintaining and monitoring the plants	Methods followed for crop production	Using quality seeds

Person 2

Natural fertilizer	Soil Testing	Organic pesticides
Field Protection	Planting the plants in correct distance	Monitoring the crop Growth
Check the quality of seeds	Check the growth daily	Predict the weather

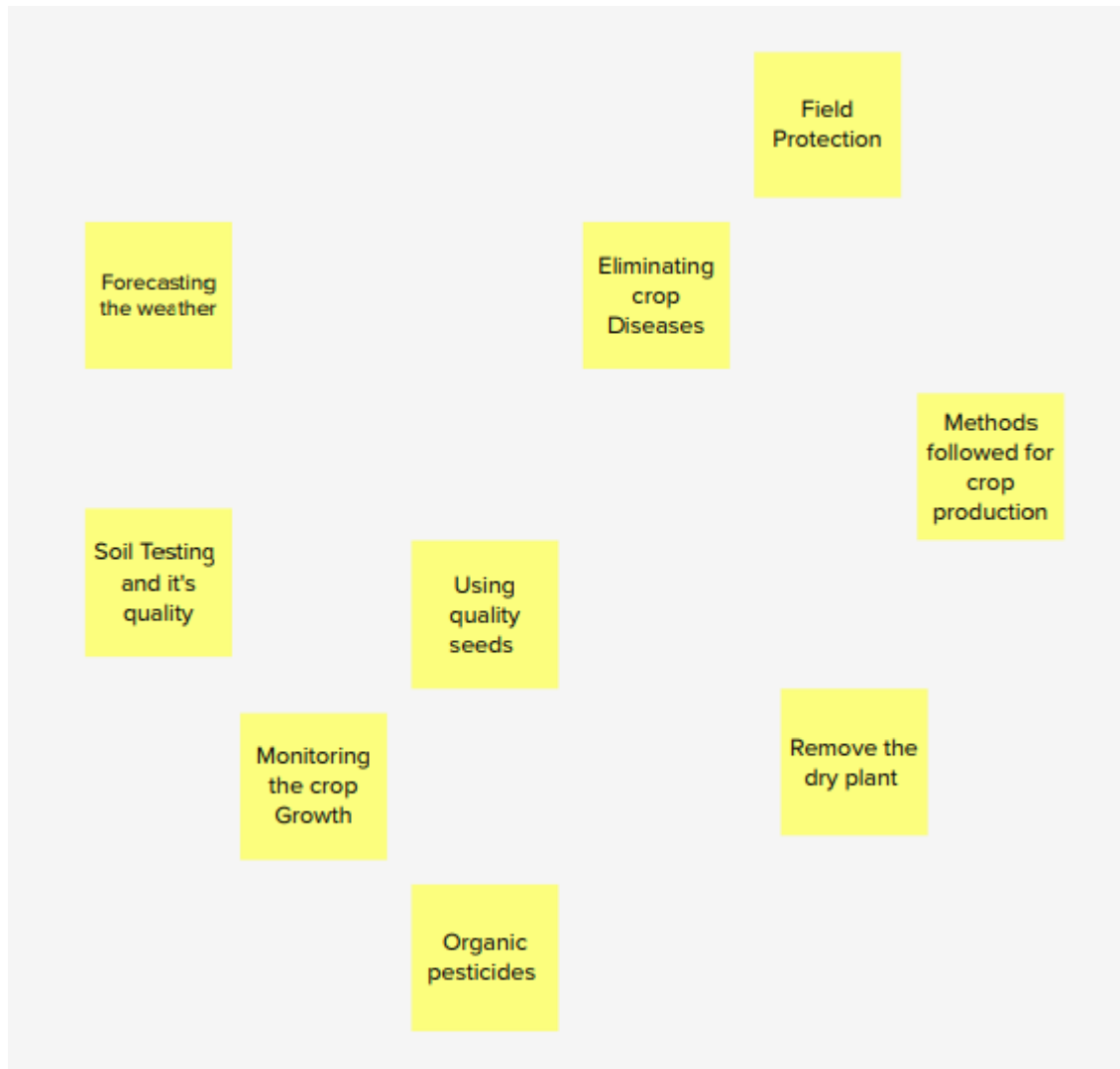
Person 3

Weed And Pest	Water	Healthy seed
Check the growth daily	Natural pesticides	Organic pesticides
Regular Scouting	Monitoring proper Irrigation	Remove the dry plant

Person 4

Eliminating crop Diseases	Sholud not have loss in process	fertilizer application
Soil Testing & Its Quality	Forecasting Crop Yield	increased soil tillage
Less invesmnet and more profit	Forecasting the weather	improved farming

GROUPING:



PRIORITIZATION:



3.3. PROPOSED SOLUTION

A farmer should predict climatic conditions, decide what to grow & when to grow, should know the overall crop yield turnover and must be able to be sure of the crop yield inspite of the environmental and other parameters. Analysis of important visualization using the previous years' data, creating a dashboard and by going the datasets to obtain most of the insights of Crop production in India is chosen and proposed as the solution.

A one-stop solution for understanding and to get an insight about the previous years' data related to the harvest and cultivation. There is no other setup that's required to be installed as an adage;

Availability to all the farmers who need help and as this is a simple approach, understanding issues will not arise. A profit can be made by promoting the solution as an easily available mobile application for anyone to access and benefit out of it. Venture joints with government can be made to pull out monetary benefits. There is no issue with regards to storage of datasets and collection of data. Hence, the solution can be easily scaled to handle data needs, traffic and increased number of users.

3.4. PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

There were multiple segments considered under the Problem Solution Fit and is illustrated below.

Define CS, fit into CC	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS Farmers are the customer who wants to yield a crop in field.	6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS C Less knowledge and development towards the current environmental changes and technologies, they follow ancient methods, which is also worthy but, the climatic changes and new kind pesticides.	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Traditional ways of prediction. Precision farming. 	Explore AS, differentiate
Focus on J&P, fit into BE, understand RC	2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Help them understand the usage of prediction and software application for good results in agriculture. Data report should be created to reduce the loss of the crop and earn more profit in agriculture fields. 	9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Various disease on the plants can lead to reducing the quality of the crops productivity. The insects on the plants can spread the disease. 	7. BEHAVIOUR BE <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Try to get help from agricultural experts. Try to take up non-natural means of cultivation for quicker harvest. 	Focus on J&P, fit into BE, understand RC

Identify strong TR & EM	3. TRIGGERS TR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seeing their crops are being infected by disease and facing huge loss in quality. 	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The solution for the problem, creating data report using past datasets. Creating IBM Cognos dashboard could make them better understand easily. 	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR CH <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trying to use pesticides and fertilizers that increase gain but cause harm. Irrigation channel changes. 	Identify strong TR & EM
	4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Before : Most of the famers in India have Stress, Loosing Self Confidence. After : Gain of Self Confidence. 			

4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1. FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Signup	Registration through Gmail Registration through IBM
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Data Collection	
FR-4	Data Processing	Data cleaning, removal of noise and obsolete data
FR-5	Visualization Tool	Graphical visualization choices

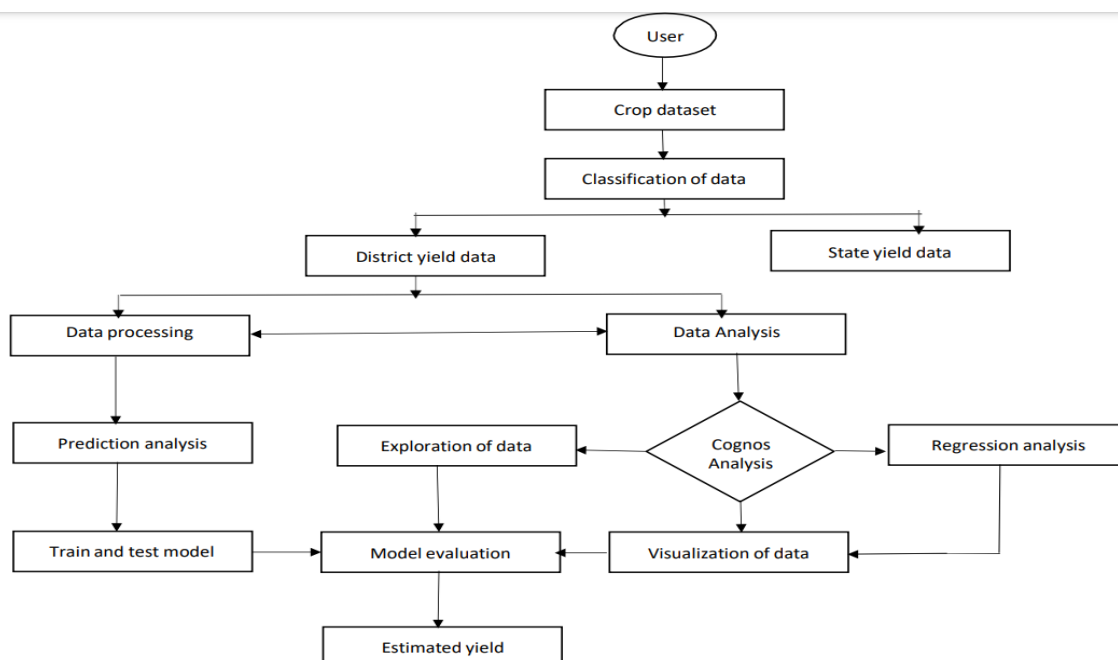
4.2. NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

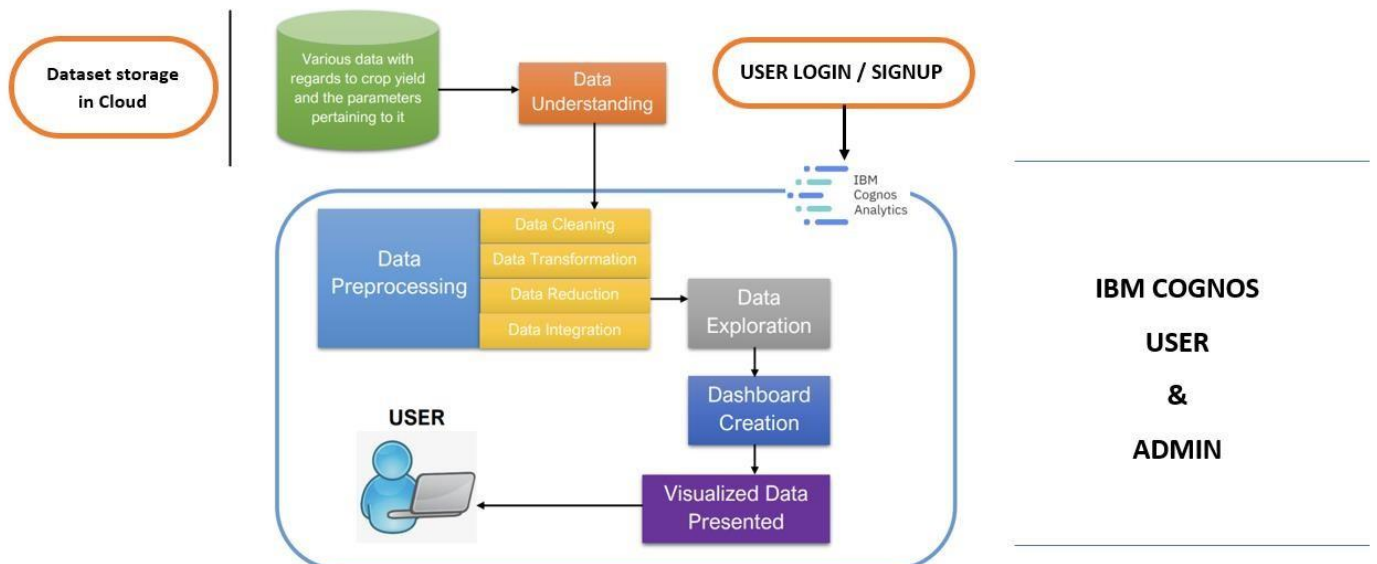
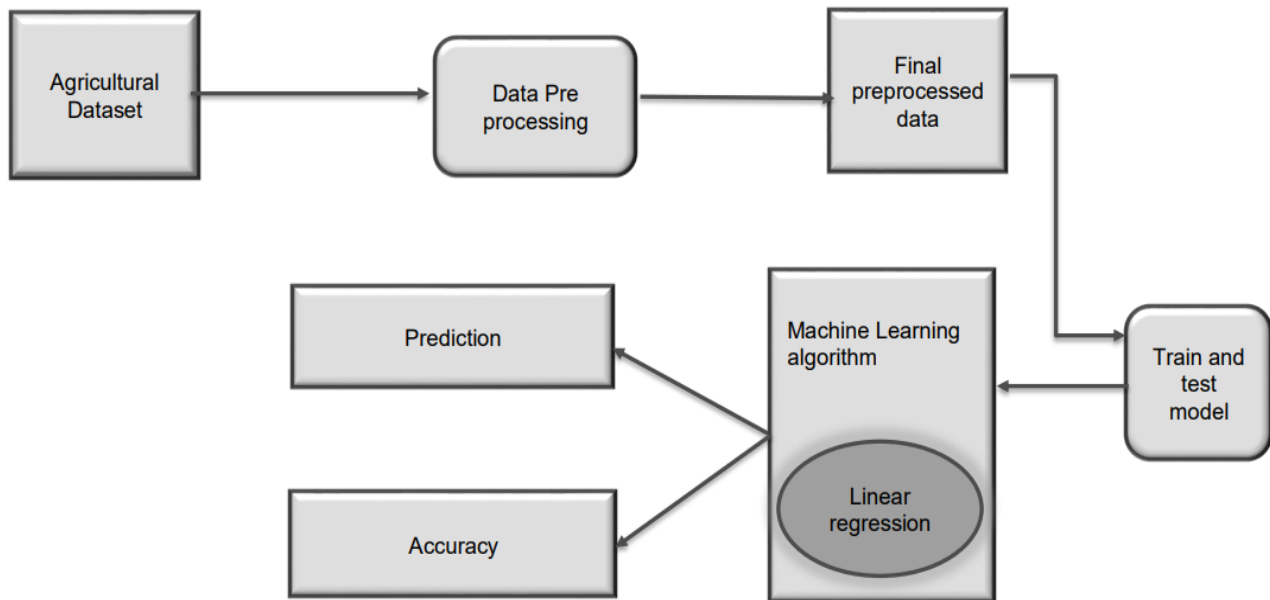
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Ease of usage along with ease in-access of tools and features
NFR-2	Security	Access to resources through two factor authentication and credentials
NFR-3	Reliability	There should be no crashes or loss of data or processes
NFR-4	Performance	High speed rendering of visualization and other readily available features
NFR-5	Availability	Should be available on demand
NFR-6	Scalability	Should be able to incorporate as many visualizations and datasets as possible

5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1. DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS



5.2. SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE



5.3. USER STORIES

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password. As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I can register for the application through Google	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register	I can register & access the dashboard with Google Login	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4			Medium	Sprint-1

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
			for the application through Gmail			
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password		High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user, I can freely use my dashboard and explore the features		High	Sprint-1
	Access of Resources	USN-7	As a user, I can use the credentials to access the resources of my application	I can securely access my resources	High	Sprint-2
Administrator	Control over the application	USN-8	I can control the users of the application		High	Sprint-2

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer	Tools	USN-9	I can perform the required tasks on the application		High	Sprint-1

6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

6.1. SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	Jebarson Guru
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	Dhanushkodi Ananthanivethan
Sprint-2		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Google	2	Low	Jebarson Dhanush

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	2	Low	Dhanush Guru
Sprint-1	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	1	High	jebardon Anantha
Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	As a user, I can freely use my dashboard and explore the features	2	High	Anand Guru
Sprint-2		USN-7	As a user, I can use the credentials to access the resources of my application	2	High	Dhanush Ananthanivethan
Sprint-3		USN-8	Performance of Data manipulations on the application	1	High	jebardon Guru
Sprint-3	Visualizations	USN-9	I can create dashboards with particular datasets	2	High	Guru Ananthanivethan
Sprint-4		USN-10	Predictive analysis can be done	1	High	Guru Anand
Sprint-3		USN-11	I can create stories with particular datasets	2	High	Jebardon Dhanushkodi

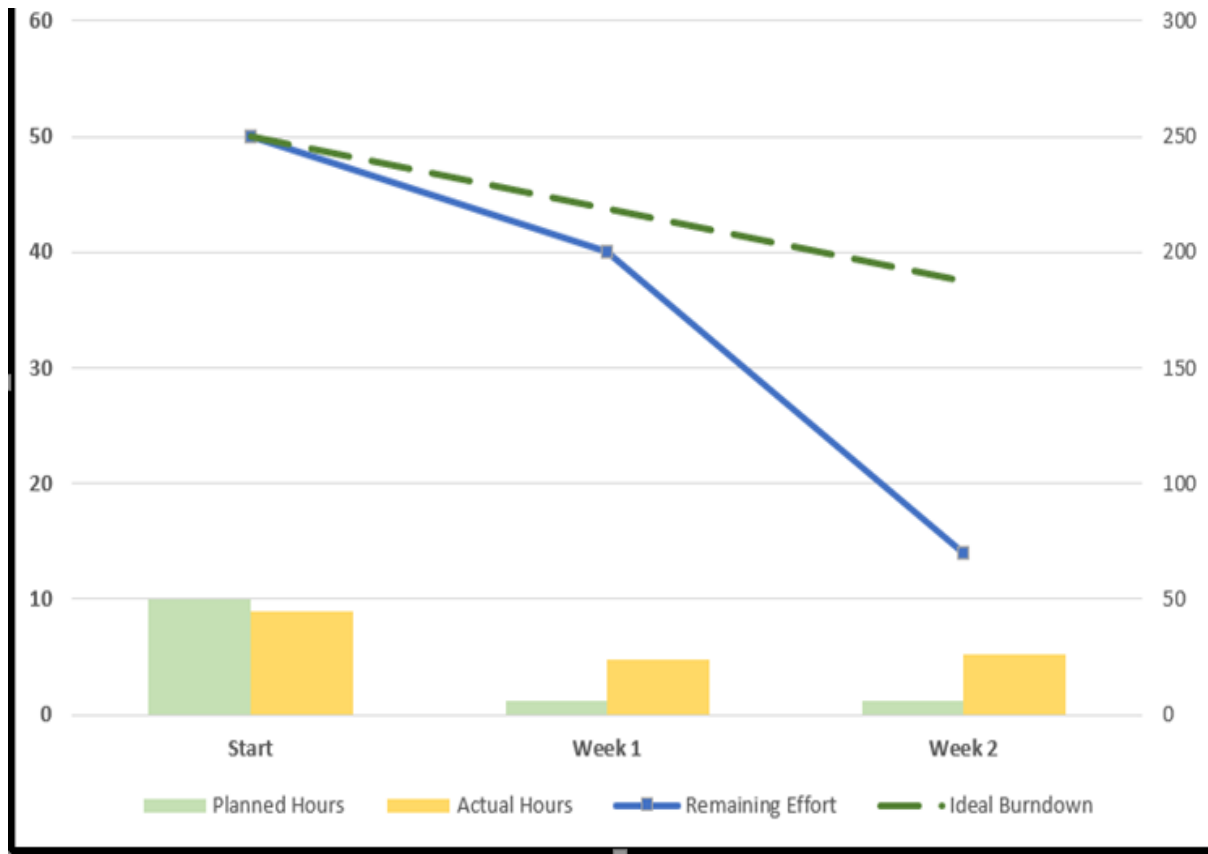
Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-4		USN-12	I can deliver and export reports according to the dashboards and stories created	2	High	Jebarson Anantha Nivethan

6.2. SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

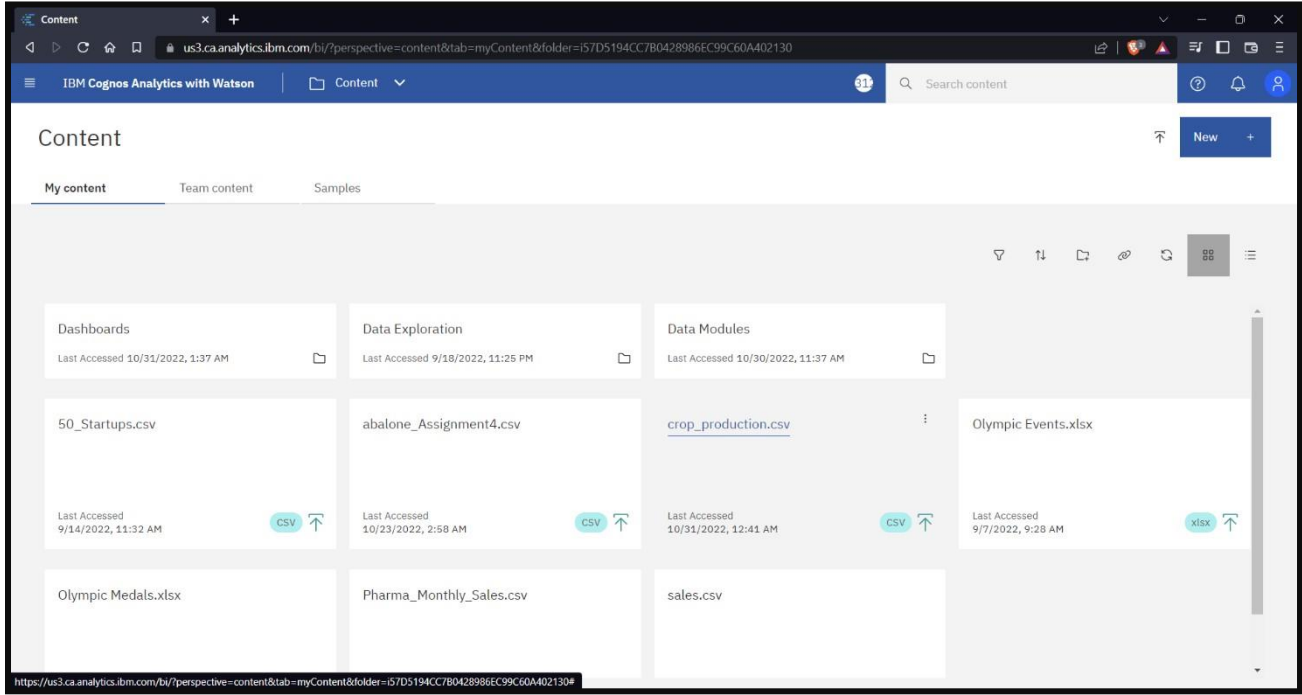
6.3. BURNDOWN CHART

A burn down chart is a graphical representation of work left to do versus time. It is often used in agile software development methodologies such as Scrum. However, burn down charts can be applied to any project containing measurable progress over time.



7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1. DATA COLLECTION AND PREPARATION



Project Data Module

us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=ca-modeller&id=i2A3319100A6A47458BACA4F9FACEA56D8&objRef=i2A3319100A6A47458BACA4F9FACEA56D8&tid=2818311301...

IBM Cognos Analytics with Watson

Project Data Module

Search content

Properties

Data module

Search

Project Data Module

Navigation paths

crop_production.csv

Row Id

State_Name

District_Name

Crop_Year

Season

Crop

Area

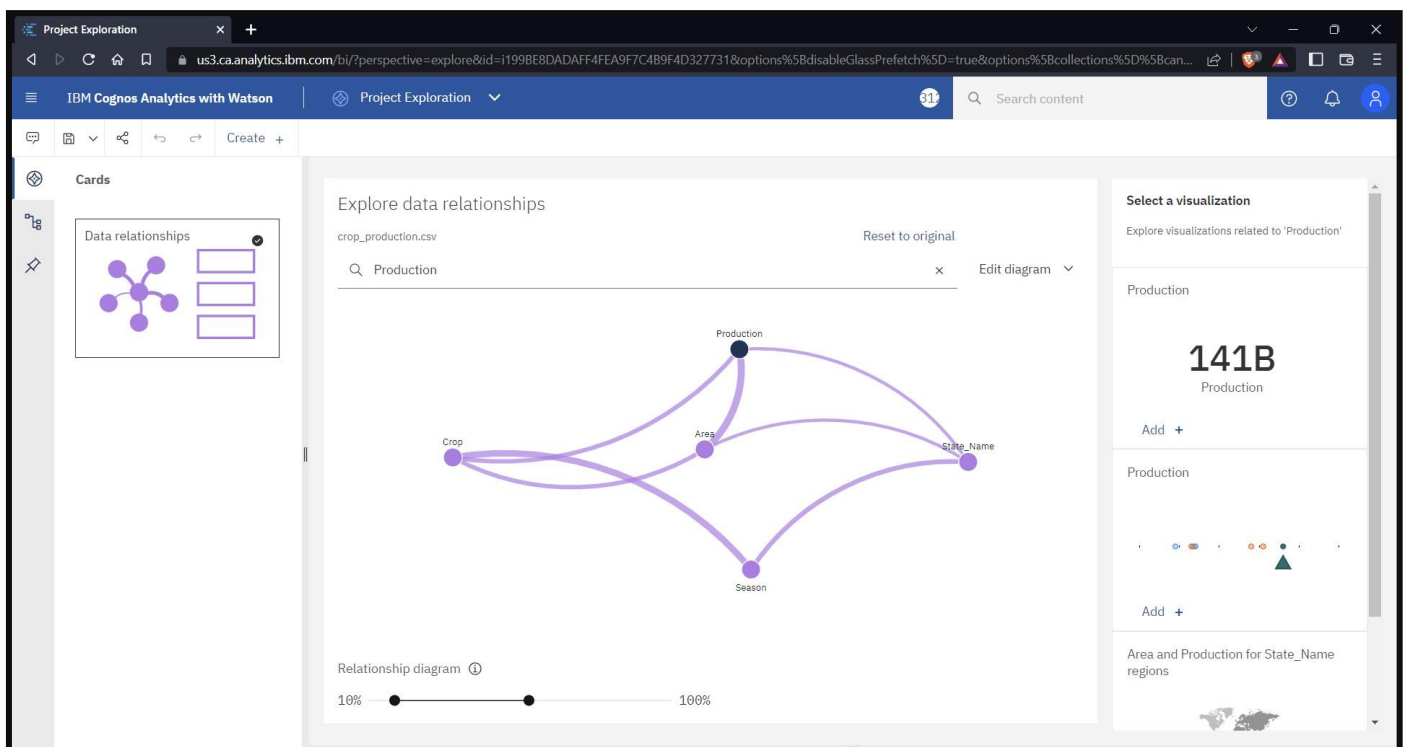
Production

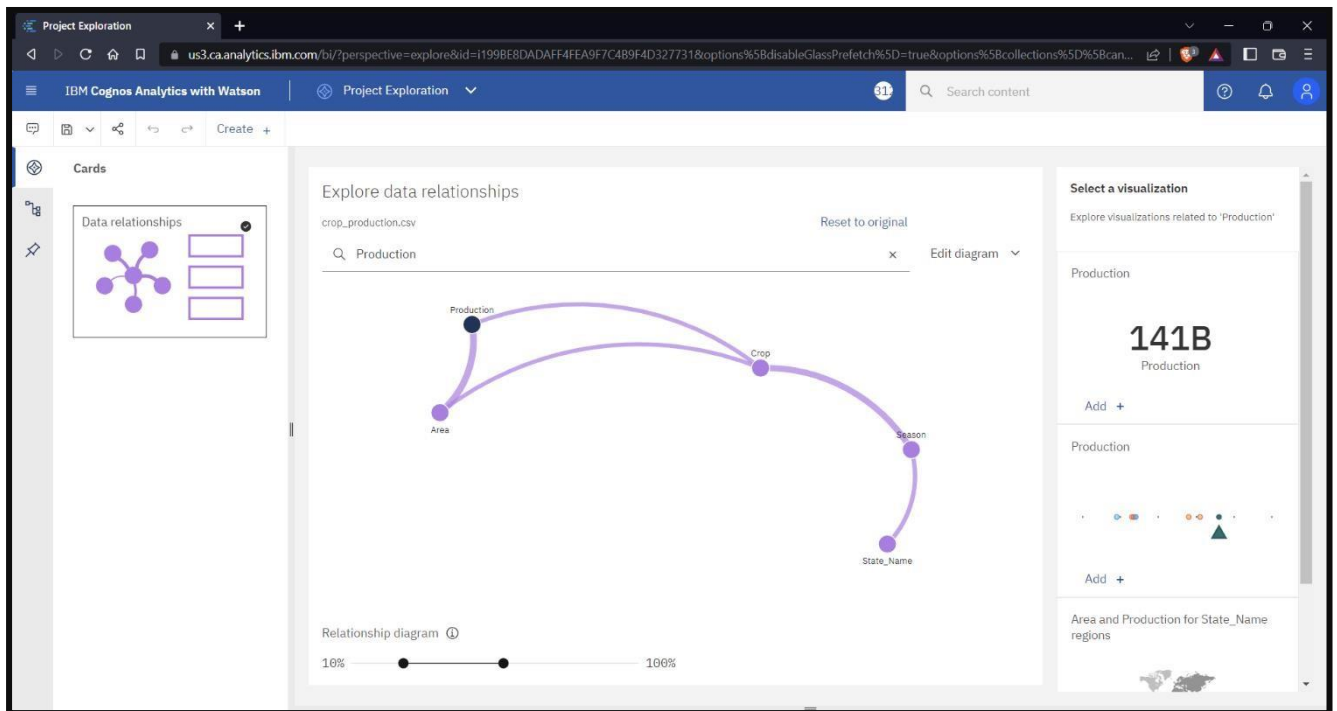
Grid

Relationships

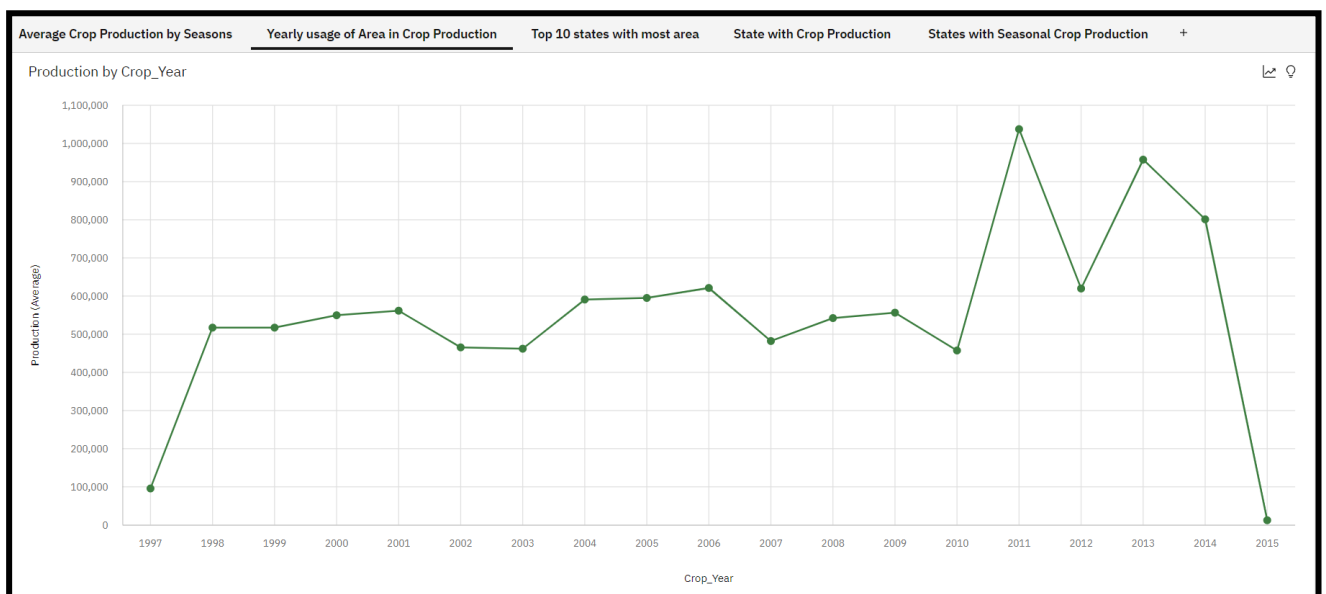
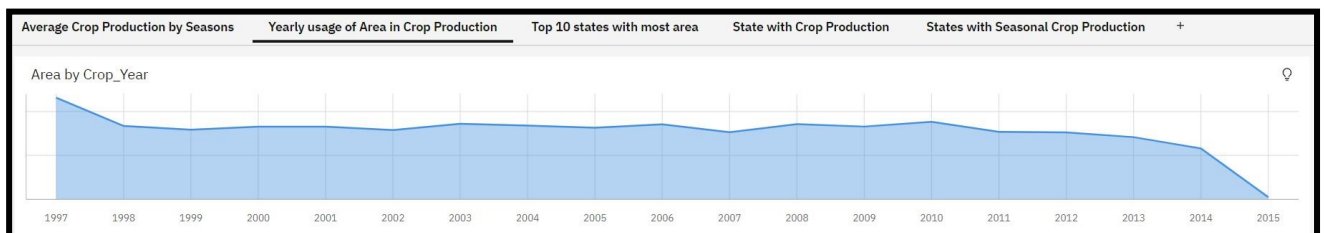
Custom tables

Row Id	State_Name	District_Name	Crop_Year	Season	Crop	Area
198	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Rabi	Sweet potato	32
199	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Rabi	Turmeric	10
200	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Rabi	Urad	34
201	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Whole Year	Banana	360
202	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Whole Year	Coconut	3540
203	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	SOUTH ANDAMANS	2010	Whole Year	Tapioca	22.5
204	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Arhar/Tur	21400
205	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Bajra	1400
206	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Castor seed	1000
207	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Cotton(lint)	7300
208	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Dry chillies	3700
209	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Groundnut	650800
210	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Horse-gram	3300
211	Andhra Pradesh	ANANTAPUR	1997	Kharif	Jowar	10100





7.2. DASHBOARD CREATION



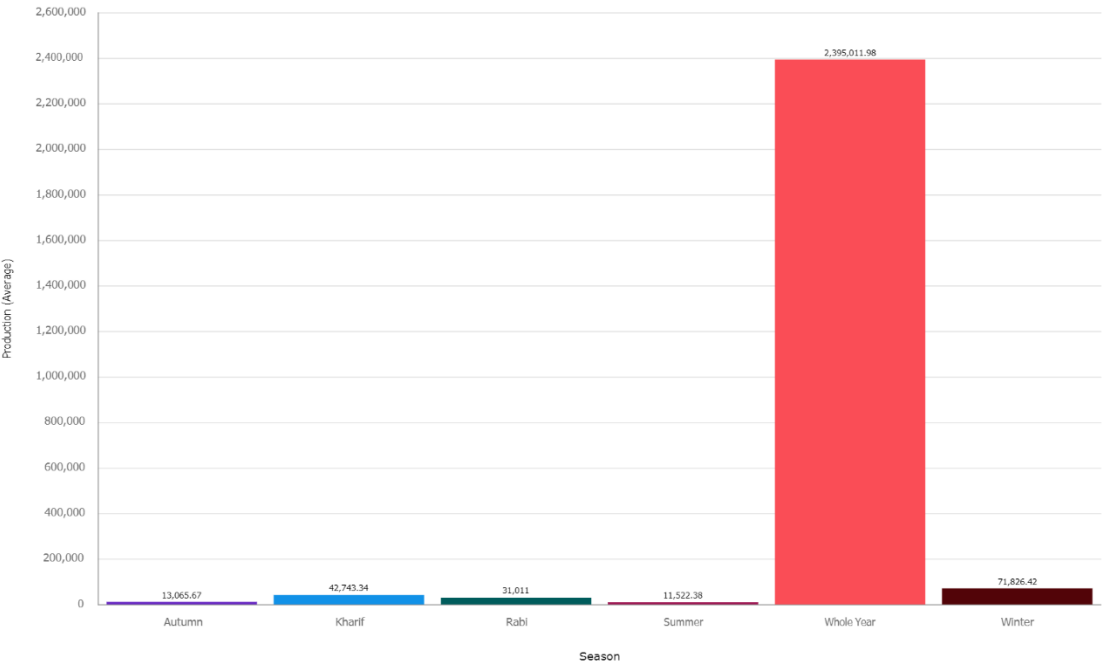
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Different Season With Average Production

Different Season with Average Production

Production by Season colored by Season

Season
Autumn Kharif Rabi Summer Whole Year Winter



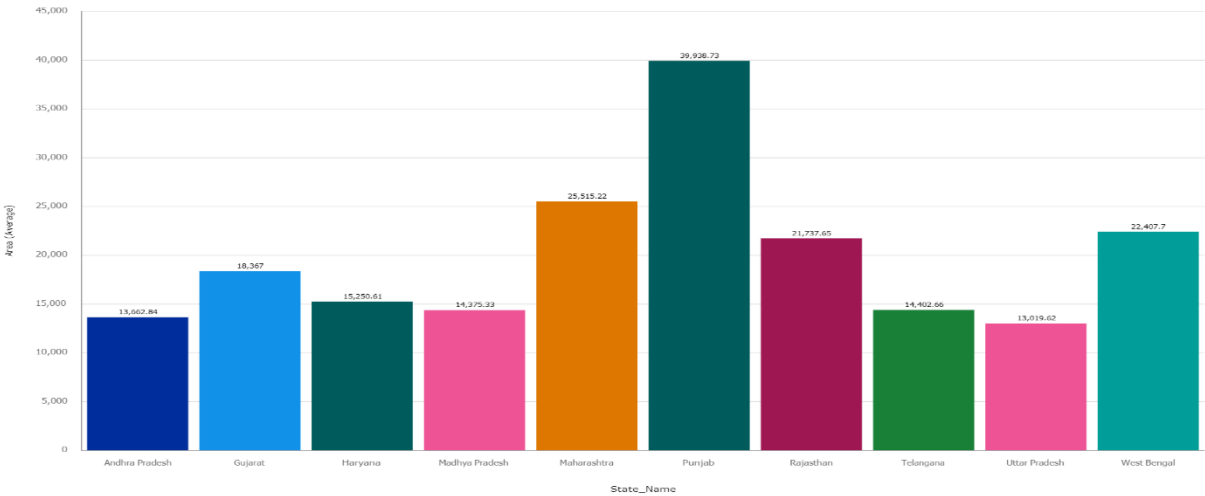
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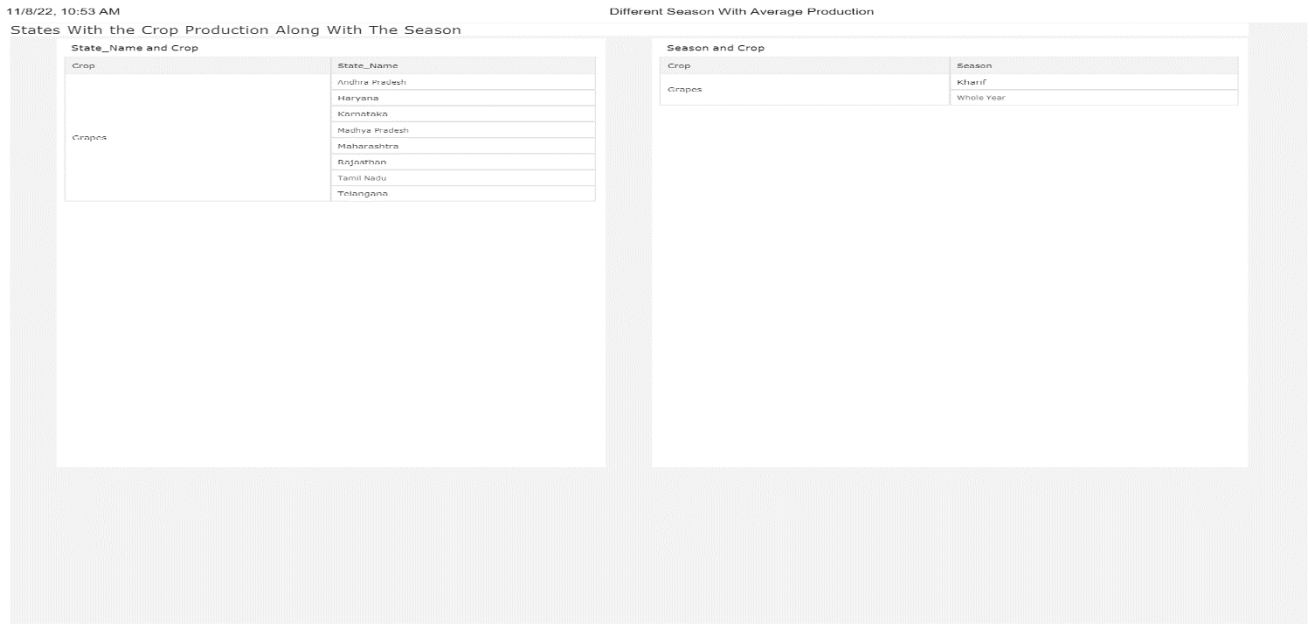
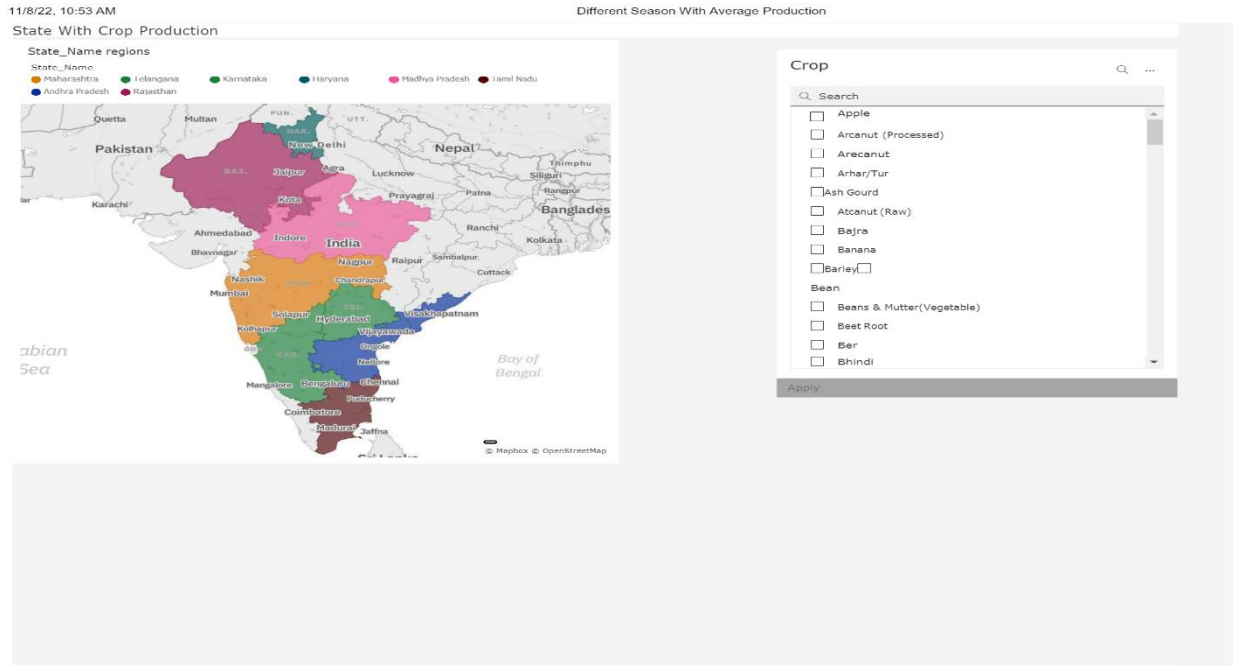
Different Season With Average Production

Top 10 States With Most Area

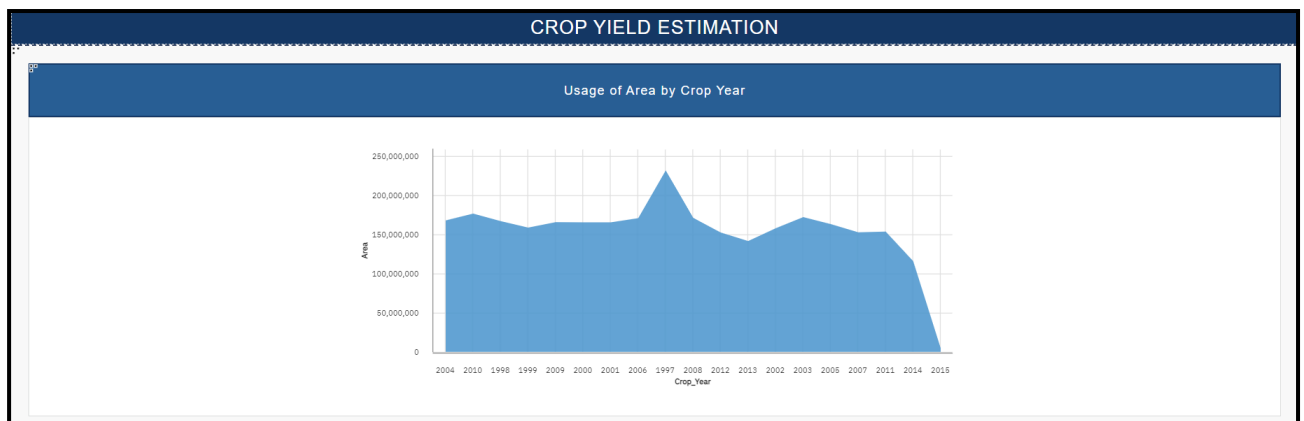
Area by State_Name colored by State_Name

State_Name
Andhra Pradesh Gujarat Haryana Madhya Pradesh Maharashtra Punjab Rajasthan Telangana Uttar Pradesh West Bengal

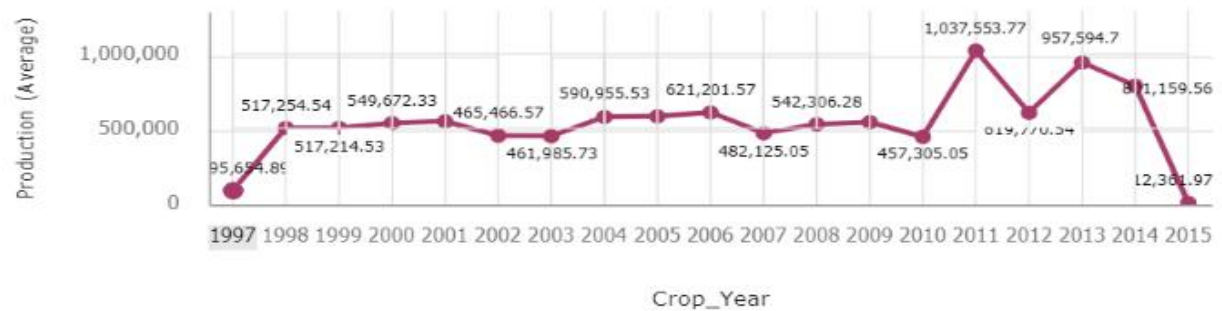




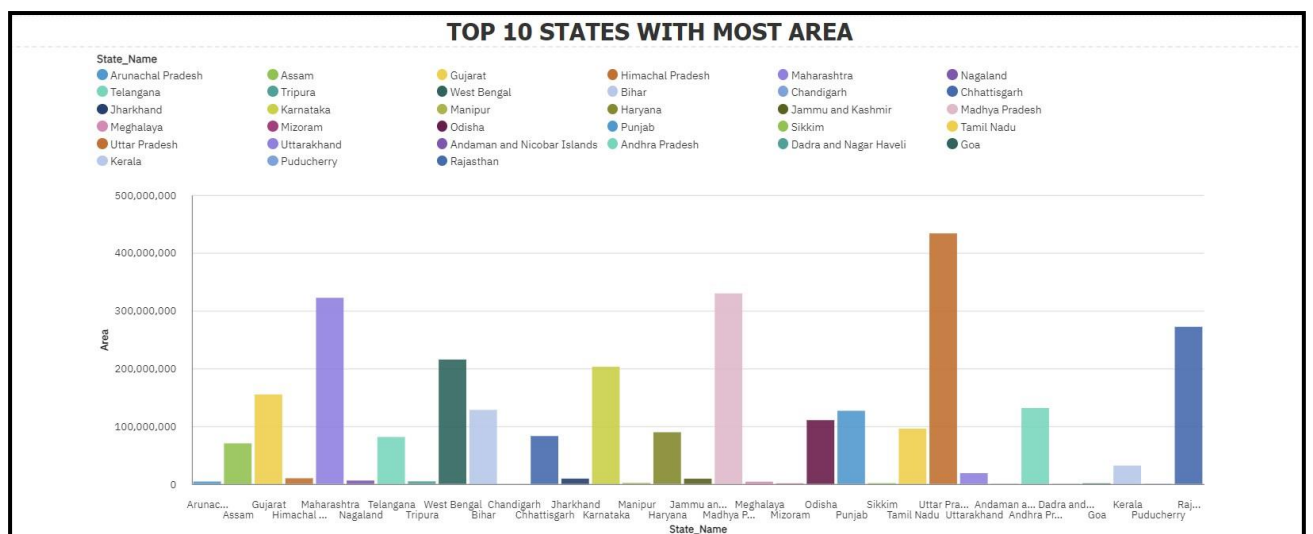
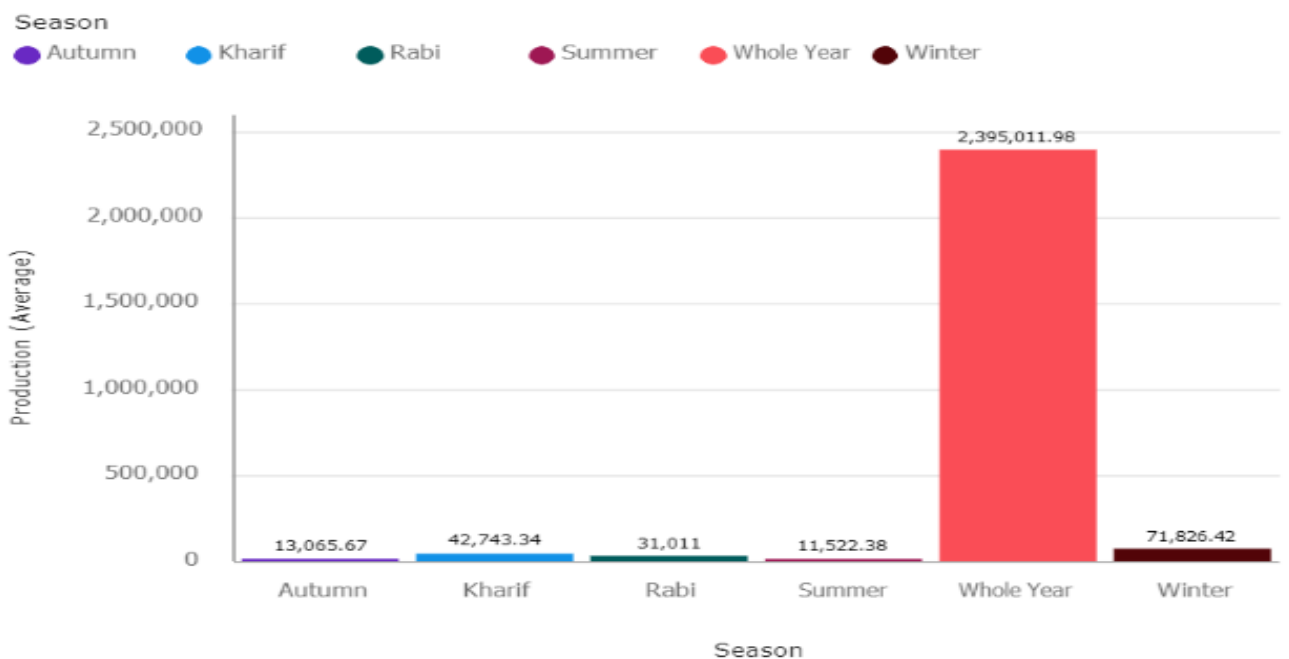
7.3. REPORT CREATION



Production by Crop_Year



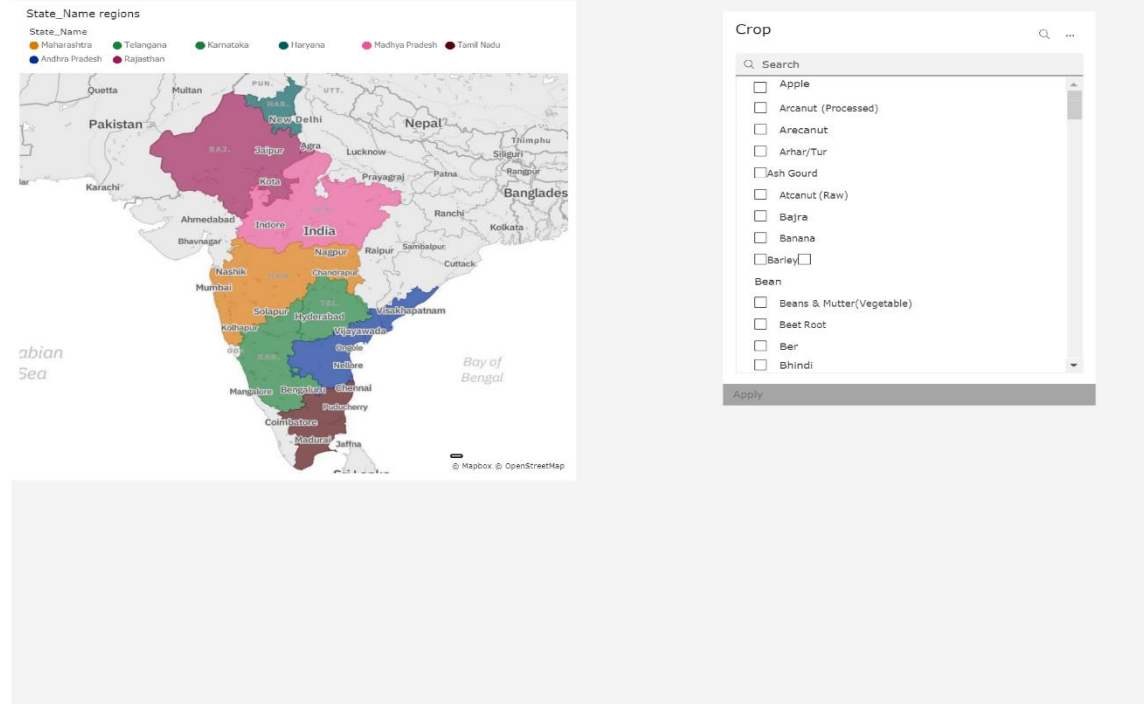
Production by Season colored by Season



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Different Season With Average Production

State With Crop Production



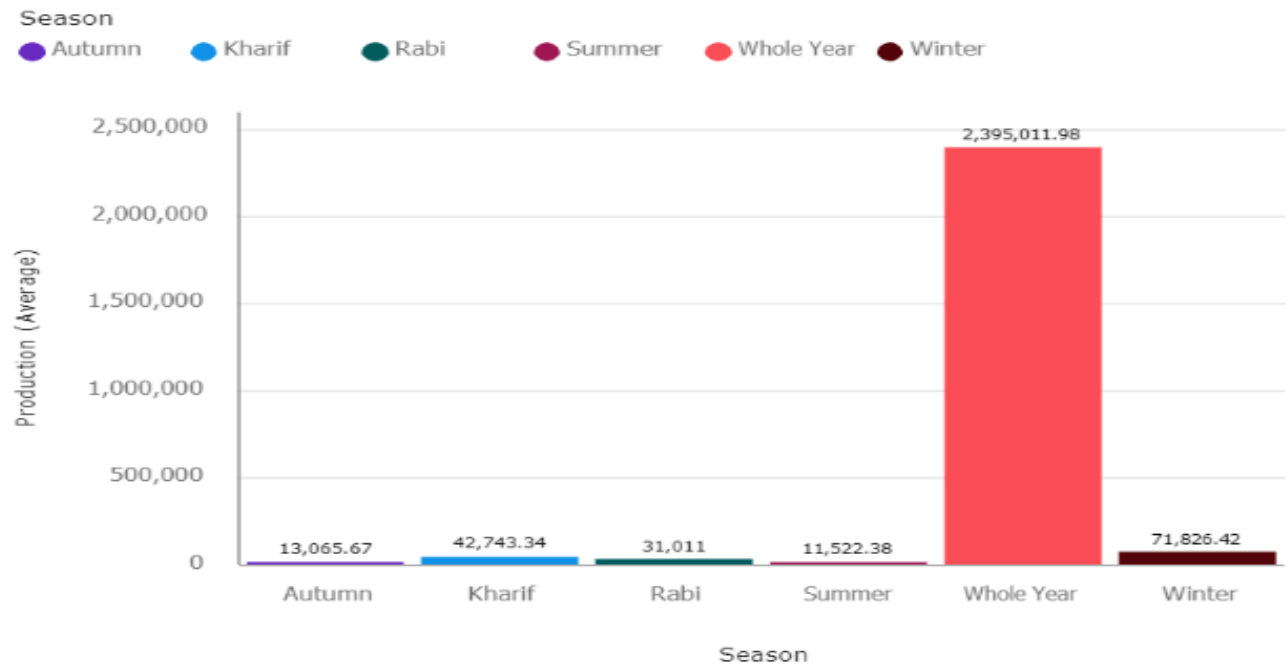
STATES WITH SEASONAL CROP PRODUCTION

Crop	State_Name	Season
Other Kharif pulses	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Kharif
Rice	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Kharif
Cashewnut	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	Whole Year
Horse-gram	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Tobacco	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Ragi	Andhra Pradesh	Rabi
Onion	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
other misc. pulses	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Sweet potato	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
Turmeric	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
Soyabean	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Beans & Mutter(Vegetable)	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
Bhindi	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
Grapes	Andhra Pradesh	Whole Year
Cowpea(Lobia)	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Arecanut	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Coriander	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Linseed	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Sapota	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif
Tomato	Andhra Pradesh	Kharif

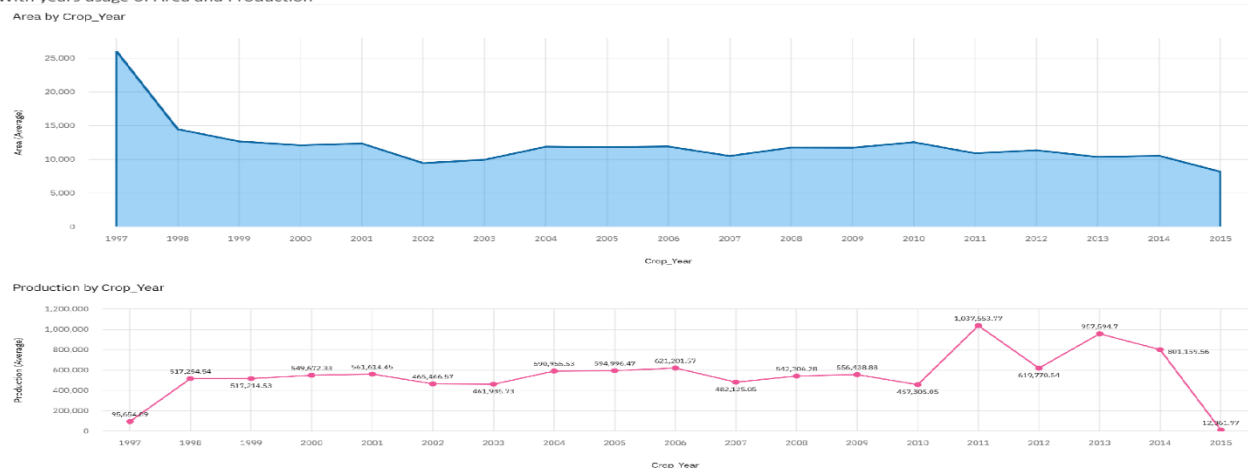
7.4. STORY CREATION

Estimate the crop yield using data analytics

Production by Season colored by Season



With years usage of Area and Production



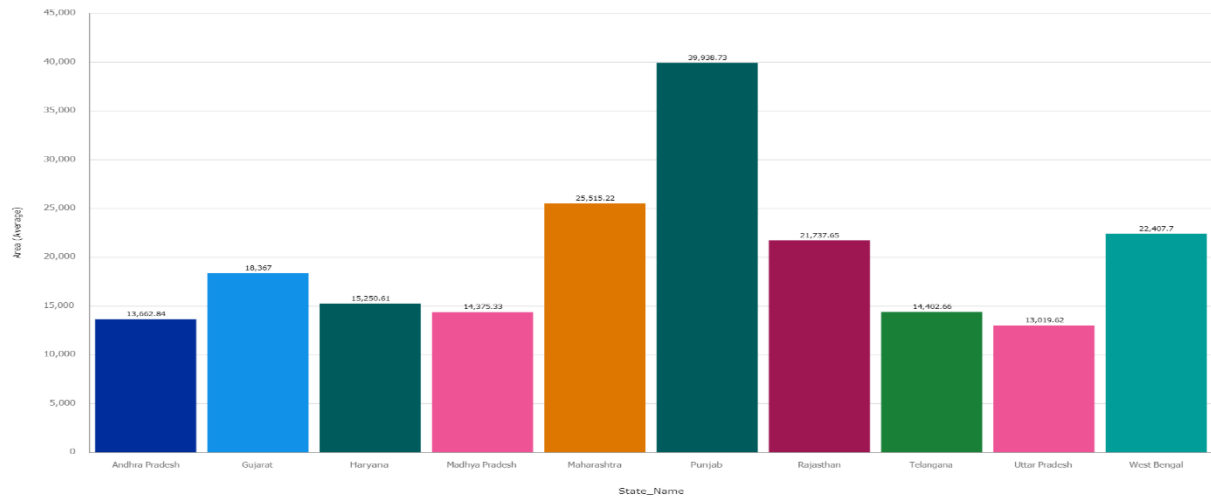
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Different Season With Average Production

Top 10 States With Most Area

Area by State_Name colored by State_Name

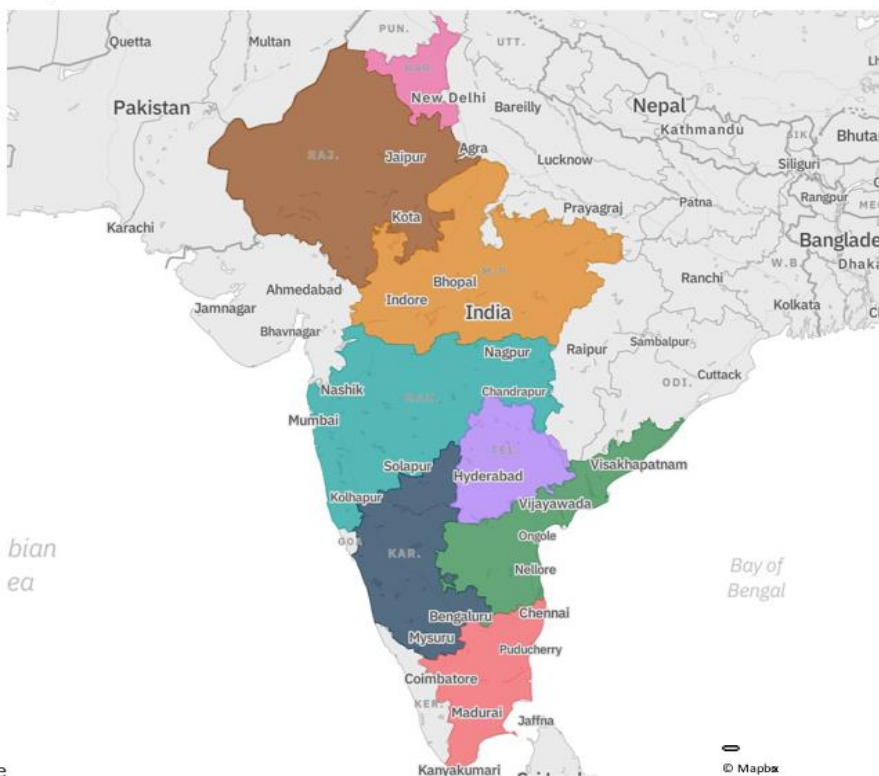
State_Name
● Andhra Pradesh ● Gujarat ● Haryana ● Madhya Pradesh ● Maharashtra ● Punjab ● Rajasthan ● Telangana ● Uttar Pradesh ● West Bengal



10/22/22, 12:16 PM

* Data Visualization Charts

State_Name
● Maharashtra ● Telangana ● Karnataka ● Haryana ● Madhya Pradesh ● Tamil Nadu ● Andhra Pradesh ● Rajasthan



Crop

Search

- ☐ Apple
- ☐ Arcanut (Processed)
- ☐ Arecanut
- ☐ Arhar/Tur
- ☐ Ash Gourd
- ☐ Atcanut (Raw)
- ☐ Bajra
- ☐ Banana
- ☐ Barley
- ☐ Bean
- ☐ Beans & Mutter(Vegetable)
- ☐ Beet Root
- ☐ Ber
- ☐ Bhindi
- ☐ Bitter Gourd
- ☐ Black pepper
- ☐ Blackgram
- ☐ Bottle Gourd
- ☐ Brinjal
- ☐ Cabbage
- ☐ Cardamom

States With the Crop Production Along With The Season

State_Name and Crop		Season and Crop	
Crop	State_Name	Crop	Season
	Andhra Pradesh		Kharif
	Haryana		Whole Year
	Karnataka		
	Madhya Pradesh		
	Maharashtra		
	Odisha		
	Tamil Nadu		
	Telangana		
Crops			

8. ADVANTAGES

Productivity is boosted by technology. Agriculture has seen a significant boost in productivity as a result of technology; farmers can now do more work with less effort and in less time.

Technology saves money. Using current agricultural technology can help farmers save money. With the help of modern technologies, farmers may work more efficiently, with less effort, and in less time.

With modern technology, work that formerly required a big number of people and a lengthy period of time may now be accomplished swiftly

and cheaply. Farmers are not compelled to pay a separate price for their services.

9. DISADVANTAGES

High costs of maintenance. One of the downsides of agriculture technology is its high maintenance costs. The hefty maintenance costs of the technology make it tough for small enterprises and farmers to handle.

Farmers find it difficult to keep up with technology since they cannot afford the high maintenance costs of contemporary technical gadgets and machines. Farmers Who Are Undereducated are illiterate, and understanding how to use current technologies in farming is challenging.

10. CONCLUSION

Agriculture yield data is used to analyse and improve the crop yield and represent in the form of a Graphs through data visualization technique.

The visualization methods presented include interactive charts to enable our data users to drill down and focus on more detailed views of these data displays.

11. FUTURE SCOPE

In the future, we expect to extend the same as an even more easily accessible mobile application and further enhancements on the user experience is aimed to be implemented.

12. APPENDIX

Link to the GitHub Repository:

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-29026-1660120250>

Project Demo Video Link:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/19ovHnY7Mzbli1AvswtFcupITbv4ntCSF/view?usp=sharing>