SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON CODE

| TEAM ID | PNT2022TMID43147 |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| PROJECT NAME | NUTRITION ASSISTANT APPLICATION |

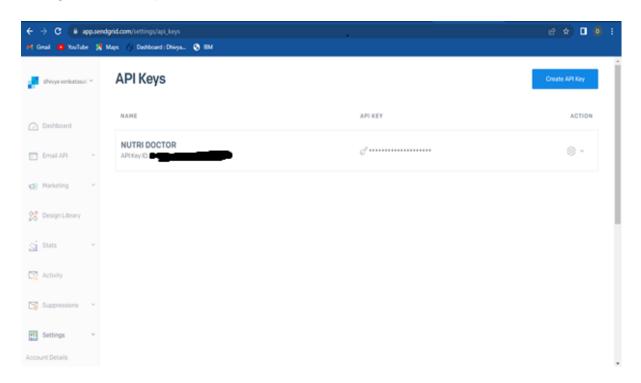
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

PYTHON 2.6,2.7,3.4 OR 3.5

STEP 2:

CREATE AN API KEY



STEP 3:

INSTALL PACKAGE: > pipinstallsendgrid

STEP 4:

SEND EMAIL

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
import os
  from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
   from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
4
5
  message = Mail (
6
       from email='from email@example.com',
7
       to emails='to@example.com',
8
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
12
       response = sg.send(message)
13
      print (response.status_code)
14
       print (response.body)
      print(response.headers)
15
16 except Exception as e:
17
      print (e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
import urllib2 as urllib
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def__init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build_opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self._status_code = response.getcode()
          self. body = response.read()
          self._headers = response.info()
      def status_code(self):
          return self._status_code
      def body(self):
          :return: response from the API
```

```
def headers (self):
        :return: dict of response headers
       return self. headers
       :return: dict of response from the API
       if self.body:
            return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
                 host,
                 request headers=None,
                 url path=None,
                 append slash=False,
        :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
https://api.sendgrid.com)
        :type host: string
        :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
          self.host = host
          self.request headers = request headers or ()
          self. version = version
          self. url path = url path or []
          self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
        def build versioned url(self, url):
103
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
106
            :type url: string
107
  url)
110
        def _build_url(self, query params):
111
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
            :type query params: dictionary
116
117
            url = ""
118
            while count < len(self. url path):
121
                url += '/()'.format(self. url path[count])
122
123
124
125
            if self.append slash:
                url += 1/1
126
127
            if query params:
129
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
                url = '{}?()'.format(url, url values)
131
132
                url = self. build versioned url(url)
133
134
135
                url = '()()'.format(self.host, url)
136
137
        def update headers (self, request headers):
138
139
140
141
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
142
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
        def build client(self, name=None):
```

```
149
            :param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
            url_path = self._url_path + [name] if name else
154
  self. url path
           return Client (host=self.host,
                           request headers=self.request headers,
                          url path=url path,
                          append slash=self.append slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :type request: urllib.Request object
170
            :param timeout: timeout value or None
            :type timeout: float
            :return: urllib response
174
175
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
                exc = handle error(err)
                 _logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                    status=exc.status code,
                    body=exc.body))
184
               (e.g. /your/api/{variable value}/call)
               Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
190
               in your url, you must use this method.
            :param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
194
195
196
            return self. build client (name)
        def__getattr__(self, name):
198
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
               You can also add a version number by using
   .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
204
            if name == 'version':
                def get version(*args, **kwargs):
209
                    :param args: dict of settings
211
                    :param kwargs: unused
```

```
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
216
217
219
            if name in self.methods:
220
                method = name.upper()
221
                def http request (
223
                         request body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
227
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
  propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
                     :type timeout: float
232
                     :param request_headers: HTTP headers. Will be
  merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                     :type request headers: dict
235
                     :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
                    :param request_body: HTTP request body
237
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                     :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    1 request headers:
```

```
243
                         self. update headers (request headers)
244
245
                    if request body is None:
                        data = None
246
247
248
249
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                            data = request body.encode('utf-8')
254
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                            data =
   json.dumps(request_body).encode('utf-8')
258
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                         self. build url (query params),
262
                         headers=self.request headers,
263
                         data=data,
264
265
                    request.get method = lambda: method
                    logger.debug('[method] Request: (url)'.format(
268
                         method=method,
269
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                         logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                            data=request.data))
                     logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
273
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```