



AROR UNIVERSITY OF ART, ARCHITECTURE, DESIGN & HERITAGE SUKKUR

**COURSE: Data Structure
BS-Artificial Intelligence (Section B)
LAB # 10**

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TASK 01: Symmetric Tree


Coding:

 Code

Java   Auto

```
1  class Solution {
2      public boolean isSymmetric(TreeNode root) {
3          if(root == null){
4              return true;
5          }
6          return isMirror(root.left, root.right);
7      }
8
9      private boolean isMirror(TreeNode t1, TreeNode t2){
10         if(t1 == null && t2 == null){
11             return true;
12         }
13         if(t1 == null || t2 == null){
14             return false;
15         }
16         return (t1.val == t2.val)
17             && isMirror(t1.left, t2.right)
18             && isMirror(t1.right, t2.left);
19     }
20 }
21
```

OUTPUT:

☒ Testcase |  Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

- Case 1
- Case 2

Input

root =
[1,2,2,3,4,4,3]

Output

true

Expected

true

TASK 02: Maximum Depth of Binary Tree

Coding:

 Code

Java   Auto

```
1  class Solution {
2      public int maxDepth(TreeNode root) {
3          if(root == null){
4              return 0;
5          }
6          int left = maxDepth(root.left);
7          int right = maxDepth(root.right);
8
9          if(left > right){
10             return left + 1;
11         }
12         else{
13             return right + 1;
14         }
15     }
16 }
```

OUTPUT:

☒ Testcase | [Test Result](#)

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

- Case 1
- Case 2

Input

root =
[3,9,20,null,null,15,7]

Output

3

Expected

3

TASK 03: Path Sum

Coding:

```
</> Code
Java ▾ 🔒 Auto

1  class Solution {
2      public boolean hasPathSum(TreeNode root, int targetSum) {
3          if(root == null){
4              return false;
5          }
6          if(root.left == null && root.right == null && root.val == targetSum){
7              return true;
8          }
9          if(hasPathSum(root.left, targetSum - root.val) || hasPathSum(root.right, targetSum - root.val)){
10             return true;
11         }
12         else return false;
13     }
14 }
15 }
```

OUTPUT:

☒ Testcase | [> Test Result](#)

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1

• Case 2

• Case 3

Input

root =
[5,4,8,11,null,13,4,7,2,null,null,null,1]

targetSum =
22

Output

true

Expected

true

TASK 04: Invert Binary Tree

Coding:

</> Code

Java ▾ 🔒 Auto

```
1  class Solution {  
2      public TreeNode invertTree(TreeNode root){  
3          if(root == null){  
4              return null;  
5          }  
6  
7          TreeNode temp = root.left;  
8          root.left = root.right;  
9          root.right = temp;  
10         invertTree(root.left);  
11         invertTree(root.right);  
12         return root;  
13     }  
14 }  
15
```

OUTPUT:

☒ Testcase | **>_ Test Result**

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

- Case 1
- Case 2
- Case 3

Input

root =
[4,2,7,1,3,6,9]

Output

[4,7,2,9,6,3,1]

Expected

[4,7,2,9,6,3,1]

TASK 05: Path Sum II

Coding:

```
</> Code
Java ▾ 🔒 Auto

1 class Solution {
2     public List<List<Integer>> pathSum(TreeNode root, int targetSum) {
3         List<List<Integer>> result = new ArrayList<>();
4         List<Integer> currentPath = new ArrayList<>();
5         dfs(root, targetSum, currentPath, result);
6         return result;
7     }
8
9     private void dfs(TreeNode node, int targetSum, List<Integer> currentPath, List<List<Integer>> result) {
10         if (node == null) return;
11
12         currentPath.add(node.val);
13
14         if (node.left == null && node.right == null && node.val == targetSum) {
15             result.add(new ArrayList<>(currentPath));
16         } else {
17             dfs(node.left, targetSum - node.val, currentPath, result);
18             dfs(node.right, targetSum - node.val, currentPath, result);
19         }
20
21         currentPath.remove(currentPath.size() - 1);
22     }
23 }
24
```

Saved

OUTPUT:

☒ Testcase | [> Test Result](#)

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

- Case 1
- Case 2
- Case 3

Input

root =
[5,4,8,11,null,13,4,7,2,null,null,5,1]

targetSum =
22

Output

[[5,4,11,2],[5,8,4,5]]

Expected

[[5,4,11,2],[5,8,4,5]]

THE END