AN01571

How To Use RisingHF's LoRaWAN Modem

V0.5

Document information

Info	Content	
Keywords	LoRaWAN, IoT, Point to Point, Custom, full-duplex RHF76-52AM, RHF76-52AN, RHF3M076	
Abstract	This document shows customer how to use LoRaWAN Modem	

Content

Content	2
Preface	
Requirements	
Quick Start	
3.1 ABP mode	2
3.2 OTAA mode	4
3.3 Application with Custom data rate	5
3.4 Application with Full-duplex gateway	6
3.5 Downlink	7
3.6 Point to Point communication with LoRa	7
3.7 Others important commands	8
3.7.1 Select CLASS of LoRaWAN	8
3.7.2 Set to SLEEP mode	9
3.7.3 Get Help from Modem	9
3.7.4 Set to factory default configuration	. 10
3.7.5 Firmware upgrade	. 10
Povicion	11

1 Preface

This document shows user how to make quick test with LoRaWAN modem, include how to configure the modem, detailed explanation of key parameters, how to add node to server, how to add device to server etc.

2 Requirements

There are 3 kinds of LoRaWAN modem in RisingHF's product family now, which all are based on the RisingHF's **RHF76-052** module and supports the same AT commands set.

RHF76-052AM — UART AT command, UART bootloader
 RHF76-052AN — UART AT command, USB CDC bootloader
 RHF3M076 — USB CDC AT command, USB CDC bootloader.

Compare to RHF76-052AM/RHF76-052AN module, RHF3M076 is full function plug&play device, with which use could make quick test and analysis for any LoRaWAN network.

In addition to the modem, a Host PC or MCU is needed to send the AT command to control the modem.

Consider to firmware upgrade, user will need an extra open source tool ExtraPutty. Refer to RisingHF's Doc *UM01518* to know the details

UART configuration: "9600, 8, n 1" (8 bits data, no parity, 1 stop bit)

3 Quick Start

Thanks to the high performance in both LoRaWAN network and Point to Point application, RisingHF's LoRa modem is very suitable for long range long battery life application. Customer could use it to join a existed LoRaWAN network with ABP or OTAA mode, or just use it to achieve point to point application.

- 1) To participate in a LoRaWAN network, each end-device has to be personalized and activated. Activation of an end-device can be achieved in two ways, either via **Over-The-Air Activation** (OTAA) when an end-device is deployed or reset, or via **Activation By Personalization** (ABP) in which the two steps of end-device personalization and activation are done as one step.
- 2) To achieve Point to Point application, the device should be configured to TEST mode first by AT command. You can use two modems to communicate with each other, or you could use RisingHF's modem to communicate with others LoRa device.

Refer the table below about relationship of key, ID, EUI and mode:

Mode	ID/EUI	Key	
ABP	DevAddr	NwkSKey, AppSKey	
OTAA	AppEUI, DevEUI	AppKey	
Table 0.4 ADD and OTAA and LID/FILI//			

Table 3-1 ABP and OTAA mode ID/EUI/Key

3.1 ABP mode

With ABP mode, the NwkSKey and AppSKey are needed to be known in advance. Please check these two keys with the server.

Please follow up the command list below when power up the device in the first time:

AT+RESET //AT command to modem from HOST// //Reset the modem when power up// +RESET: OK

LoRaWAN AT Modem

+VER: 1.9.1 // Message return back to HOST follow AT command //

AT //Sent command "AT" to double check the interface between HOST and SLAVE//

+AT: OK

AT+ID //Check ID of the device//

+ID: DevAddr, 01:72:f4:d2

+ID: DevEui, 47:36:54:9f:00:2e:00:55

+ID: AppEui, 52:69:73:69:6e:67:48:46

AT+ID=DevAddr,"01 02 03 04" //Set the new DevAddr//

+ID: DevAddr, 01:02:03:04

AT+DR=EU868 //Configure to LoRaWAN EU band, there are EU868, US915 and custom data rate scheme//

+DR: EU868

AT+CH=0,868.1,DR0,DR5 //Set Channel 0 to 868.1MHz, date rate from DR0 to DR5//

+CH: 0,868100000,DR0:DR5

AT+CH=1,868.3,DR0,DR5 //Set Channel 1 to 868.3MHz, date rate from DR0 to DR5//

+CH: 0,868300000,DR0:DR5

... //16 channels could be configured totally, from 0 to 15, please check the maximum channels the gateway can support//

AT+RXWIN2=869.525,DR3//Set the parameters of RXWIN2. Please check the RXWIN2 with server, wrong RXWIN2 will cause downlink lost//

// You can also use SF and Bandwidth to configure RXWIN2. For example, AT+RXWIN2=434.9,SF9.250 //

+RXWIN2: 869525000,DR3

AT+DR=DR0 //Set the default date rate of the device//

+DR: DR0

AT+POWER=14 //Set default output power to 14dBm⁽¹⁾//

+POWER: 14

AT+ADR=ON //Set ADR ON, you could also set to OFF//

+ADR: ON

AT+KEY=NwkSKey,"2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C" //Use the NwkSKey used in your network instead//

+KEY: NWKSKEY 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C

AT+KEY=AppSKey,"2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C" //Use the AppSKey used in your network instead//

+KEY: APPSKEY 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C

AT+CLASS=A //set to Class A mode//

+CLASS: A

AT+CMSGHEX="00 ff 22 33 5f 88 01 98 ad ac 46 12 be 43 54 43 35 45 33 45 44 35 33 54 5 43" //Now you can send message to Gateway. 4 kinds of command could be used to transmit: AT+MSG, AT+CMSG, AT+MSGHEX, AT+CMSGHEX//

+CMSGHEX: Start LoRaWAN transaction

+CMSGHEX: TX "00 FF 22 33 5F 88 01 98 AD AC 46 12 BE 43 54 43 35 45 33 45 44 35 33 54 05 43"

+CMSGHEX: Wait ACK +CMSGHEX: ACK Received

+CMSGHEX: PORT: 12; RX: "11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 00"

+CMSGHEX: RXWIN1, RSSI -82, SNR 10.25

+CMSGHEX: Done

Note:

(1) For RisingHF's modem with prat number RHF76-052AM, RHF76-052AN and RHF3M076, the output power is 20dBm max @434MHz/470MHz, 14dBm max @868MHz/915MHz. If you have different requirements, please contact support @RisingHF.com

3.2 OTAA mode

With OTAA mode, AppKey and AppEui are needed. You should check the AppKey and AppEui with the server first.

Please follow up the step below when power up the device in the first time:

AT+RESET //AT command to modem from HOST// //Reset the modem when power up//

+RESET: OK

LoRaWAN AT Modem

+VER: 1.9.1 // Message return back to HOST follow AT command //

AT //Sent command "AT" to double check the interface between HOST and SLAVE//

+AT: OK

AT+ID //Check ID of the device//

+ID: DevAddr, 01:72:f4:d2

+ID: DevEui, 47:36:54:9f:00:2e:00:55

+ID: AppEui, 52:69:73:69:6e:67:48:46

AT+ID=DevEui,"47 36 54 9f 00 2e 00 55" //Set the new DevEui//

+ID: DevEui, 47:36:54:9f:00:2e:00:55

AT+ID=AppEui,"52 69 73 69 6e 67 48 46" //Set the new AppEui//

+ID: AppEui, 52:69:73:69:6e:67:48:46

AT+DR=EU868 //Configure to LoRaWAN EU band, there are EU868, US915 and custom data rate scheme//

+DR: EU868

AT+CH=0,868.1,DR0,DR5 //Set Channel 0 to 868.1MHz, date rate from DR0 to DR5//

+CH: 0,868100000,DR0:DR5

AT+CH=1,868.3,DR0,DR5 //Set Channel 1 to 868.3MHz, date rate from DR0 to DR5//

+CH: 0,868300000,DR0:DR5

....//16 channels could be configured totally, from 0 to 15, please check the maximum channels the gateway can support//

AT+RXWIN2=869.525,DR3//Set the parameters of RXWIN2. Please check the RXWIN2 with server, wrong RXWIN2 will cause downlink lost//

// You can also use SF and Bandwidth to configure RXWIN2. For example, AT+RXWIN2=434.9,SF9,250 //

+RXWIN2: 869525000,DR3

AT+DR=DR0 //Set the default date rate of the device//

+DR: DR0

AT+POWER=14 //Set default output power to 14dBm//

+POWER: 14

AT+ADR=ON //Set ADR ON, you could also set to OFF//

+ADR: ON

AT+KEY=AppKey,"2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C" //Use the AppKey used in your network

+KEY: APPKEY 2B 7E 15 16 28 AE D2 A6 AB F7 15 88 09 CF 4F 3C

AT+CLASS=A //set to Class A mode//

+CLASS: A

AT+Join //Join command//

+JOIN: Starting

+JOIN: NORMAL, count 1, 0s, 0s

+JOIN: Network joined

+JOIN: NetID 000024 DevAddr 48:00:00:01

+JOIN: Done

AT+CMSGHEX="00 ff 22 33 5f 88 01 98 ad ac 46 12 be 43 54 43 35 45 33 45 44 35 33 54 5 43" //Now you can send message to Gateway. 4 kinds of command could be used to transmit: AT+MSG, AT+CMSG, AT+MSGHEX.

AT+CMSGHEX//

+CMSGHEX: Start LoRaWAN transaction

+CMSGHEX: TX "00 FF 22 33 5F 88 01 98 AD AC 46 12 BE 43 54 43 35 45 33 45 44 35 33 54 05 43"

+CMSGHEX: Wait ACK +CMSGHEX: ACK Received

+CMSGHEX: PORT: 12; RX: "11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 00"

+CMSGHEX: RXWIN1, RSSI -82, SNR 10.25

+CMSGHEX: Done

3.3 Application with Custom data rate

Except that EU868 and US915 data rate scheme, RisingHF modem also support custom data rate scheme. This need customer know deeply in LoRa and LoRaWAN before define a custom data rate scheme.

For example,

AT+DR=custom

+DR: CUSTOM

AT+DR=Scheme

+DR: CUSTOM

+DR: CUSTOM DR0 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR1 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR2 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR3 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR4 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR5 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR6 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR7 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR8 RFU +DR: CUSTOM DR9 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR10 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR11 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR12 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR13 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR14 RFU

+DR: CUSTOM DR15 RFU

AT+DR=Custom, DR0, SF10, 125

+DR: CUSTOM DR0 SF10 BW125K

AT+DR=Custom, DR1, SF9, 125

+DR: CUSTOM DR1 SF9 BW125K

AT+DR=Custom, DR2, SF8, 125

+DR: CUSTOM DR2 SF8 BW125K

AT+DR=Custom, DR3, SF7, 125

+DR: CUSTOM DR3 SF7 BW125K

AT+DR=Custom, DR4, SF7, 500

+DR: CUSTOM DR4 SF7 BW500K

//Here we define DR0 to DR4 totally 5 kinds of data rate different from LoRaWAN definition. Note that both GW and Node should follow this rule when in custom data rate definition//

AT+DR=Scheme //Check the data rate scheme again//

+DR: CUSTOM

+DR: CUSTOM DR0 SF10 BW125K +DR: CUSTOM DR1 SF9 BW125K

+DR: CUSTOM DR2 SF8 BW125K

```
+DR: CUSTOM DR3 SF7 BW125K
+DR: CUSTOM DR4 SF7 BW500K
+DR: CUSTOM DR5 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR6 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR7 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR8 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR9 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR10 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR11 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR12 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR13 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR14 RFU
+DR: CUSTOM DR15 RFU
```

3.4 Application with Full-duplex gateway

A gateway support full-duplex, which means that there is a frequency shift for downlink and uplink of gateway. With AT+RXWIN1 and AT+RXWIN2 command, RisingHF modem could achieve this easily to support full-duplex gateway. In default, the frequency shift in RXWIN1 is off, that the downlink use the same frequency as the uplink in RXWIN1. If you want to shift a frequency offset, then use "AT+RXWIN1=ON" to set to ON.

For example, uplink use 8 channels: 471.5MHz, 471.7MHz, 471.9MHz, 472.1MHz, 472.3MHz, 472.5MHz, 472.7MHz and 472.9MHz; downlink use another 8 channels with a fixed shift frequency, 10MHz for example, i.e. 481.5MHz, 481.7MHz, 481.9MHz, 482.1MHz, 482.3MHz, 482.5MHz, 482.7MHz and 482.9MHz. You can configure the modem like below:

```
AT+CH=0,471.5,DR0,DR5 //Set the uplink channel and data rate//
+CH: 0,471500000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=1,471.7,DR0,DR5
+CH: 1,471700000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=2,471.9,DR0,DR5
+CH: 2,471900000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=3,472.1,DR0,DR5
+CH: 3,472100000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=4,472.3,DR0,DR5
+CH: 4,472300000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=5,472.5,DR0,DR5
+CH: 5,472500000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=6,472.7,DR0,DR5
+CH: 6,472700000,DR0:DR5
AT+CH=7,472.9,DR0,DR5
+CH: 7,472900000,DR0:DR5
```

```
AT+RXWIN1=ON //Enable the RXWIN1 configuration command//
```

+RXWIN1: ON

AT+RXWIN1=0,481.5 //set downlink frequency channel in RXWIN1 to achieve full-duplex of the gateway//

+RXWIN1 0,481500000 AT+RXWIN1=1,481.7

+RXWIN1 1,481700000

AT+RXWIN1=2,481.9

+RXWIN1 2,481900000

```
AT+RXWIN1=3,482.1

+RXWIN1 3,482100000

AT+RXWIN1=4,482.3

+RXWIN1 4,482300000

AT+RXWIN1=5,482.5

+RXWIN1 5,482500000

AT+RXWIN1=6,482.7

+RXWIN1 6,482700000

AT+RXWIN1=7,482.9

+RXWIN1 7,482900000
```

//Now the modem could support the full-duplex gateway with the RXWIN1 with shift frequency channel//

3.5 Downlink

LoRaWAN modem is bidirectional device, so downlink could be received if server transmits. In LoRaWAN Class A mode, two receive windows will be opened to receive downlink from server, however LoRaWAN Class C device could receive downlink from server at almost any time. Following example shows how modem reports received downlink message.

```
Example: (CMSG)

+CMSG: Start LoRaWAN transaction
+CMSG: TX "RisingHF"
+CMSG: Wait ACK
+CMSG: ACK Received
+CMSG: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
+CMSG: RXWIN2, RSSI -88, SNR 13.5
+CMSG: Done

Example: (Class C)
+CMSG: ACK Received
+CMSG: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
+CMSG: RXWIN2, RSSI -88, SNR 13.5
```

Class C downlink will use last message command (MSG/CMSG/MSGHEX/CMSGHEX) as its prompt symbol. Could be any of below cases.

```
+MSG: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
+CMSG: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
+MSGHEX: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
+CMSGHEX: PORT: 5; RX: "14 54 54"
```

3.6 Point to Point communication with LoRa

RisingHF's modem not only supports the LoRaWAN stack, but also could be as normal LoRa transceiver controlled via AT command.

a) As Transmitter

AT+RESET //AT command to modem from HOST// //Reset the modem when power up// +RESET: OK

LoRaWAN AT Modem

+VER: 1.9.1 // Message return back to HOST follow AT command //

AT //Send command "AT" to double check the interface between HOST and SLAVE//

+AT: OK

AT+Mode=Test//Set to test mode first//

+MODE: TEST

AT+TEST=RFCFG,472.3,8,250,8,8,20 //Configure the modem,like Freq, SF, BW, Preamble length, TX output power//

+TEST=RFCFG,472.3,8,250,8,8,20

AT+TEST=TXLRPKT⁽²⁾,"00 00 01 00 00 AF 80 07 02 00 00 39"//You could now transmit packet now//

+TEST: TXLRPKT "00 00 01 00 00 AF 80 07 02 00 00 39 "

+TEST: TX DONE

Note:

(2) There are two kinds of commands for packet transmit: AT+TEST=TXLRPKT used to transmit packets in HEX format; AT+TEST=TXLRSTR used to transmit packets in string.

b) As Receiver

AT+RESET //AT command to modem from HOST// //Reset the modem when power up//

+RESET: OK

LoRaWAN AT Modem

+VER: 1.9.1 // Message return back to HOST follow AT command //

AT //Send command "AT" to double check the interface between HOST and SLAVE//

+AT: OK

AT+Mode=Test//Set to test mode first//

+MODE: TEST

AT+TEST=RFCFG,472.3,8,250,8,8,20⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ //Configure the modem,like Freq, SF, BW, Preamble length//

+TEST=RFCFG,472.3,8,250,8,8,20

AT+TEST=RXLRPKT //Set to LoRa Rx continues mode//

+TEST: RXLRPKT

+TEST: LEN:12, RSSI:-101, SNR:6

+TEST: RX "00 00 01 00 00 AF 80 07 02 00 00 39" //Return the message in HEX if receive a packet//

Note:

(3) Preamble length of RX should be equal to or bigger than TX

(4) When SF11 and SF12, the low data optimization would be ON for both TX and RX; others would be OFF.

3.7 Others important commands

3.7.1 Select CLASS of LoRaWAN

AT+CLASS=A // Enable Class A mode, this is the default configuration when power on in the first

time

+CLASS: A

AT+CLASS=C // Enable Class C mode//

+CLASS: C

Note: After Class C mode is enabled, at least one message needs to be transmitted to make LoRaWAN stack open extra RX window (RXWIN2)!!!

3.7.2 Set to SLEEP mode

AT+LOWPOWER //Set to Sleep mode//

+LOWPOWER: SLEEP

AT //Wake up when in Sleep mode//⁽⁵⁾

+LOWPOWER: WAKEUP

Note:

(5) Any AT command could wake up the device. So when you want to operate the device, use "AT' command as the first one to wake up. Then followed with the real operation command.

3.7.3 Get Help from Modem

a) Get Help in normal mode (ABP or OTAA mode)

AT+HELP //Get Help list//

+HELP: OK

AT -- AT Ping

HELP -- Print command list

FDEFAULT -- Factory data reset

RESET -- Software reset

DFU -- Bootloader mode

LOWPOWER -- Enter sleep mode

VER -- Version

MSG -- Unconfirmed

MSGHEX -- Unconfirmed (HEX)

CMSG -- Confirmed

CMSGHEX -- Confirmed (HEX)

CH -- Set channel

ADR -- ADR ON/OFF

DR -- Set datarate

REPT -- MSG/MSGHEX repetition

POWER -- TX power

RXWIN1 -- RX window1

RXWIN2 -- RX window2

PORT -- TX port

MODE -- LWABP/LWOTAA/TEST

ID -- DevAddr/DevEui/AppEui

KEY -- NWKSKEY/APPSKEY/APPKEY

CLASS -- Class(A/B/C)

JOIN -- OTAA Join request

TEST -- Test commands

UART -- **UART** configure

DELAY -- RX window delay

b) Get help in Test mode

AT+MODE=TEST //Set to TEST mode first//

+MODE: TEST

+TEST: HELP STOP -- AT+TEST=STOP

```
STOP -- AT+TEST=STOP

HELP -- AT+TSET=HELP

TXCW -- AT+TEST=TXCW

TXCLORA -- AT+TEST=TXCLORA

RFCFG -- AT+TEST=RFCFG,[F],[SF],[BW],[TXPR],[RXPR],[POW]

RXLRPKT -- AT+TEST=RXLRPKT

TXLRPKT -- AT+TEST=TXLRPKT,"HEX"

TXLRSTR -- AT+TEST=TXLRSTR,"TEXT"

RSSI -- AT+TEST=RSSI,F,[CNT]
```

3.7.4 Set to factory default configuration

AT+TEST=HELP //Get HELP list in TEST mode//

AT+FDefault=RisingHF //Reset LoRaWAN AT modem to factory default configuration.// +FDEFAULT: OK

Note: This command would reset all the configurations to factory default, like frequency channel, data rate, output power and so on.

LWDL -- AT+TEST=LWDL, TYPE, DevAddr, "HEX", [FCNT], [FPORT], [FCTRL]

3.7.5 Firmware upgrade

RisingHF's modem use a tool called ExtraPuTTY to upgrade the firmware ,with the baud rate 115200bps. There are two ways to access into firmware upgrade mode.

1st, Hardware trigger way

Keep "LOW" for pin14 of RHF76-052 module (GPIO_PA15) when power on the device. The two LEDs (connected to pin16 GPIO_PB4 and pin21 GPIO_PB5 of the module) would blink means boot loader is ready to upgrade FW.

2nd, Software trigger way

AT+DFU=on //Set to DFU mode//

The two LEDs (connected to pin16 GPIO_PB4 and **pin21** GPIO_PB5 of the module) would blink means boot loader is ready to upgrade FW.

Revision

V0.5 2015-12-03

- + Sync to firmware v1.9.2.
- + Add custom data rate scheme part
- + Add full-duplex application part

V0.4 2015-09-12

+ fix typo.

V0.3 2015-09-12

+ Downlink, fix typo.

V0.2 2015-09-11

+ Update ABP, OTAA and Point to point mode

V0.1 2015-06-07

+ Initial

Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with RisingHF products. RisingHF reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All RisingHF products are sold pursuant to RisingHF's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the RisingHF products and services described herein, and RisingHF assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the RisingHF products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by RisingHF for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN RISINGHF'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE RisingHF DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIEDWARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF RISINGHF PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIEDWARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWSOF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

RISINGHF PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED OR AUTHORIZED FOR USE IN: (A) SAFETY CRITICAL APPLICATIONS SUCH AS LIFE SUPPORTING, ACTIVE IMPLANTED DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITH PRODUCT FUNCTIONAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS; (B) AERONAUTIC APPLICATIONS; (C) AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS OR ENVIRONMENTS, AND/OR (D) AEROSPACE APPLICATIONS OR ENVIRONMENTS. WHERE RISINGHF PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED FOR SUCH USE, THE PURCHASER SHALL USE PRODUCTS AT PURCHASER'S SOLE RISK, EVEN IF RISINGHF HAS BEEN INFORMED IN WRITING OF SUCH USAGE, UNLESS A PRODUCT IS EXPRESSLY DESIGNATED BY RISINGHF AS BEING INTENDED FOR "AUTOMOTIVE, AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY OR MEDICAL" INDUSTRY DOMAINS ACCORDING TO RISINGHF PRODUCT DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS. PRODUCTS FORMALLY ESCC, QML OR JAN QUALIFIED ARE DEEMED SUITABLE FOR USE IN AEROSPACE BY THE CORRESPONDING GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY.

Resale of RisingHF products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by RisingHF for the RisingHF product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of RisingHF.

RisingHF and the RisingHF logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of RisingHF in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The RisingHF logo is a registered trademark of RisingHF. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2015 RISINGHF - All rights reserved

http://www.risinghf.com support@risinghf.com