



### PRÁCTICA 2.3

Definimos la expresión general de función de pérdida (loss function)

$$(y, \hat{y}) \propto (y - Xw)^T (y - Xw)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ahora se expande} \Rightarrow (y^T - (Xw)^T)(y - Xw) &= \\ &= (y^T - X^T w^T)(y - Xw) = \\ &= y^T y - X^T w^T y - y^T Xw + X^T w^T Xw \end{aligned}$$

Se deriva respecto a  $w$  y se iguala a 0

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial (y^T y)}{\partial w} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial (-X^T w^T y)}{\partial w} &= -(y^T X)^T = X^T (y^T)^T = X^T y \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial A x}{\partial x} = A^T \\ (A^T)^T = A \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\partial (-y^T X w)}{\partial w} &= -X^T y \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial x^T A}{\partial x} = A \end{array} \right) \\ \frac{\partial (X^T w^T X w)}{\partial w} &= X^T X w + (X^T X)^T w = X^T X w + X^T X w \quad \left( \frac{\partial x^T A x}{\partial x} = A x + A^T x \right) \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{\partial L(y, \hat{y})}{\partial w} = 2X^T y - 2X^T X w = 2X^T w - 2X^T y$$

$$\text{Se despeja la } w: 2X^T w - 2X^T y = 0 \Rightarrow 2X^T w = 2X^T y \Rightarrow w = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

↑  
fórmula utilizada en el código.