ExSeisPIOL: Extreme-Scale Parallel I/O for Seismic Workflows













Parallel I/O Challenges for Seismic

- Mixture of I/O patterns. e.g
 - Consecutive access of traces
 - Non-monotonic access, non-contiguous, non-consecutive access
- MPI usage common in O&G codes: MPI and MPI-IO limits → ~2 GiB per call
- Collective I/O \rightarrow balancing of calls on each process.
 - \circ Mismatch \rightarrow deadlock

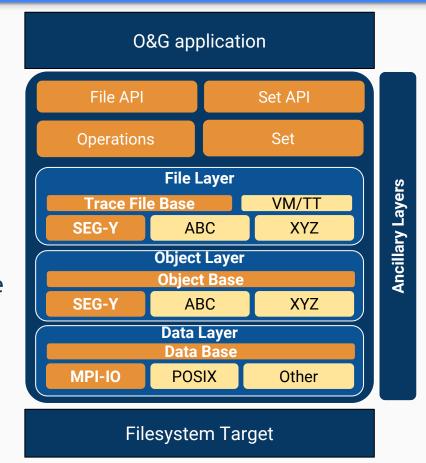
Parallel I/O Challenges for Seismic (contd)

- Conformance to the SEG-Y standard is variable.
- Trace data may be stored in obsolete IBM floating point format.
- Difficult to have all of readability, maintainability and scaling/performance of seismic processing codes without substantial effort!

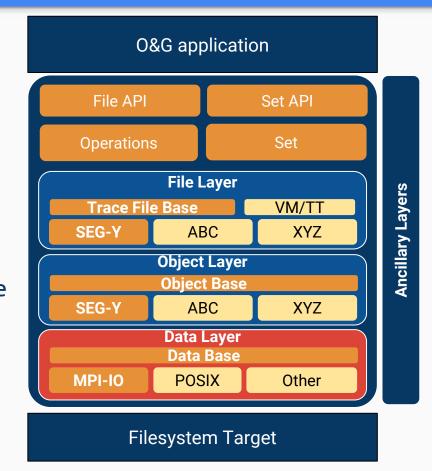
ExSeisPIOL

- Extreme-Scale Seismic Parallel I/O Library (ExSeisPIOL)
- Easy to use, geophysicist-friendly C++ and C APIs
- Scalable / Performance
- Reduces maintenance → Reduces codebase sizes substantially
- Extensive testing framework (unit, integration and system tests)

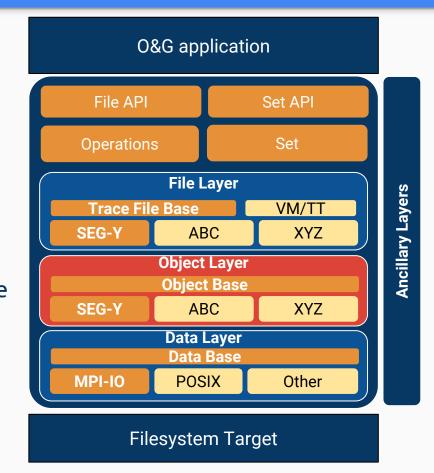
- Multi-Layer solution → separate file-format processing, layout and MPI-IO details.
- Two public APIs:
 - High-level set API: Implicit I/O
 - Low-level file API: Explicit I/O
- Computational geophysicists / software engineers writing seismic processing software on HPC clusters



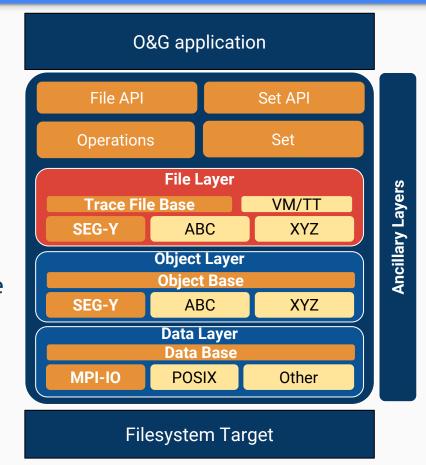
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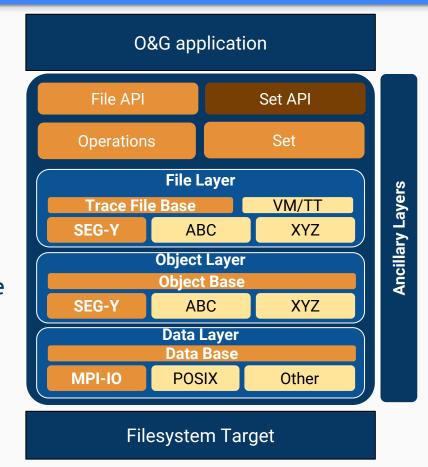
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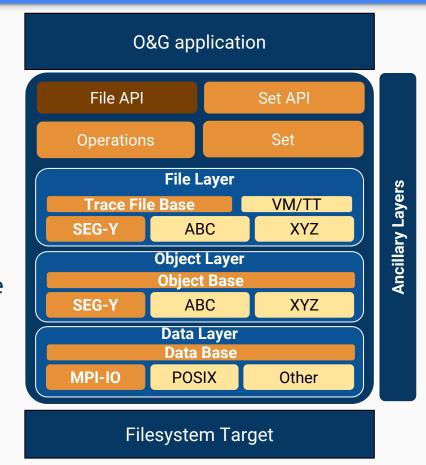
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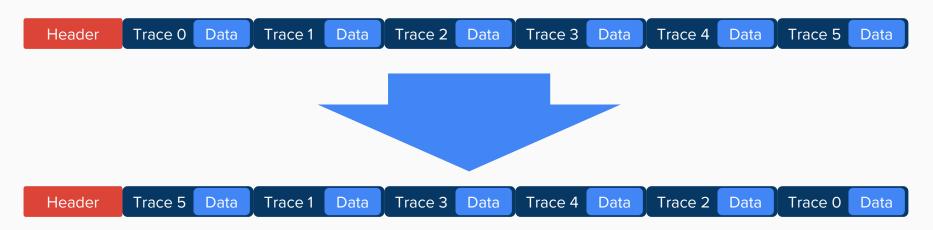


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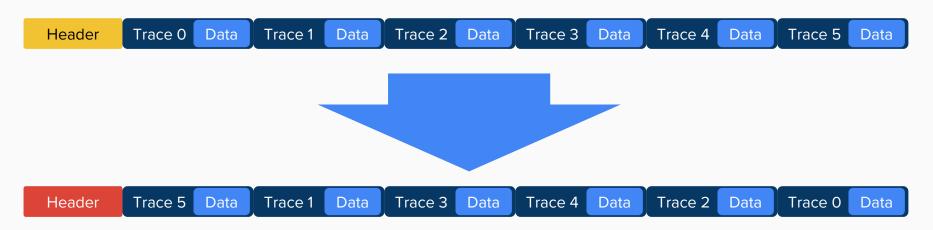
Sorting a SEGY File using Burst-Buffers

A segy file contains a header and a sequence of data which describes the trace coordinates etc and the trace data itself:



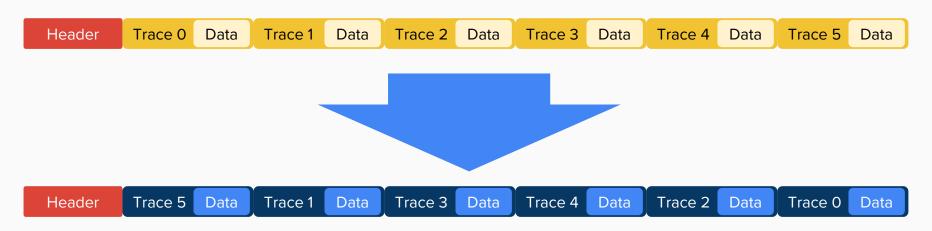
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Sorting a SEGY File using Burst-Buffers

A segy file contains a header and a sequence of data which describes the trace coordinates etc and the trace data itself:



```
#include "set.hh"
using namespace PIOL;
int main(void)
    ExSeis piol;
    Set set(piol, "input*.segy", "output");
    set.sort(SortType::OffLine);
    return 0;
```

```
#include "set.hh"
using namespace PIOL;
                                     Initialise MPI and any ancillary
int main(void)
                                     object used by the PIOL.
    ExSeis piol;
    Set set(piol, "input*.segy", "output");
    set.sort(SortType::OffLine);
    return 0;
```

```
#include "set.hh"
using namespace PIOL;
                              Create a set of traces from every file that matches the
int main(void)
                              "input*.segy" wildcard.
    ExSeis piol;
    Set set(piol, "input*.segy", "output");
    set.sort(SortType::OffLine);
    return 0;
```

```
#include "set.hh"
using namespace PIOL;
int main(void)
    ExSeis piol;
    Set set(piol, "input*.segy", "output");
    set.sort(SortType::OffLine);
    return 0:
                                              Sort the file into Offset, Inline,
                                              Crossline order. Only trace
                                              headers are read.
```

```
#include "set.hh"
using namespace PIOL;
int main(void)
    ExSeis piol;
    Set set(piol, "input*.segy", "output");
    set.sort(SortType::OffLine);
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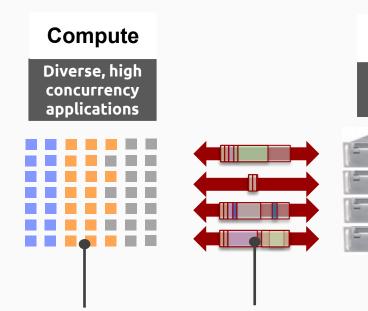
(implicit destructor): All substantial I/O for the sort is now performed to create the output file. Implicit MPI deinitialize.

DDN Storage IME: Burst-Buffer Technology

- ExSeisPIOL provides hardware specific optimisations
- INFINITE MEMORY ENGINE"

- So geophysicists don't have to!
- DDN IME is a next-generation tiered data-storage architecture
- High-throughput SSDs
- Smart IME Software:
 - Non-contiguous write performance ≈ contiguous write performance

Burst Buffer: I/O Workflow



Application issues IO IME client sends to IME client. fragments to IME servers





IME servers write buffers to NVM and manage internal metadata



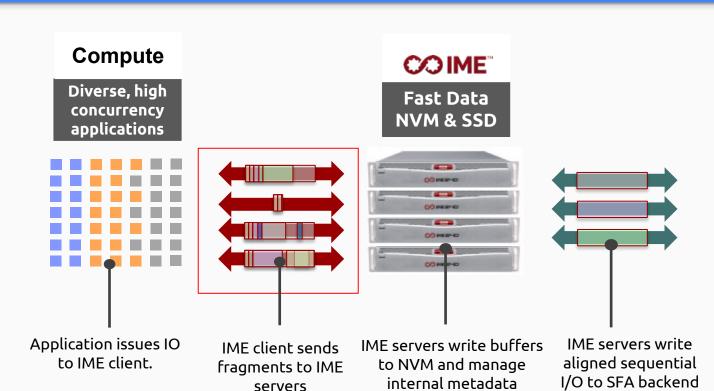
Persistent Data (Disk)



IME servers write Parallel File system aligned sequential operates at I/O to SFA backend maximum efficiency



Burst Buffer: I/O Workflow





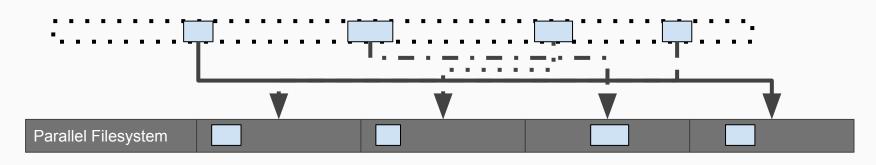
Persistent Data (Disk)



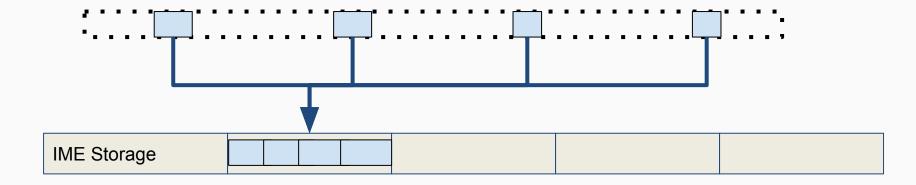
Parallel File system operates at maximum efficiency



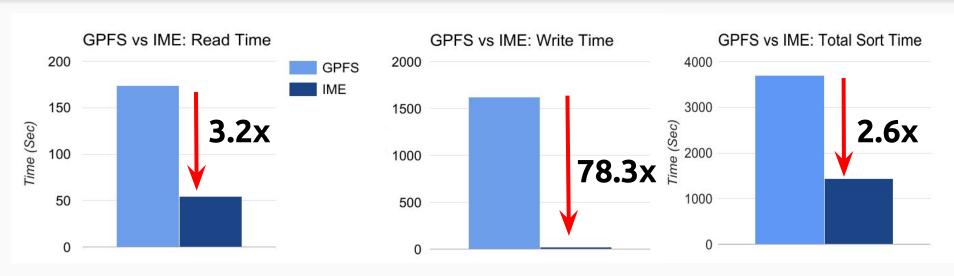
Treatment of I/O patterns, Parallel File-system vs Burst Buffer



IME: Contention free and less redundant reads



SEG-Y Sort Benchmarking - DDN Test Platform



- Comparing GPFS against an IME setup.
- Sort of a 400 GiB SEG-Y file (400 GiB read, 400 GiB write), 4 nodes.
- Total Time: 63% GPFS I/O, only 5% IME I/O for sort
- DDN IME is more than a SSD bank! **Software advantage** over GPFS

Conclusions

- Parallel I/O Library for seismology workflows
- SEG-Y compatible
- ExSeisPIOL can use DDN IME hardware for big speedups
- Easy to use API → increases productivity
- Production ready but development ongoing
- Open source → September 2017

Thanks for listening

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