The Use of Drug Testing in a Problem Solving Court

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Overview

- Provide overview of Best Practices for Drug Testing in a Problem-Solving Court
- ► Apply research findings to program procedures

Drug Testing Best Practices

- Frequent- at least 2 x weekly
- Random Testing
- Duration of Testing
- Breadth of testing
- Witnessed Collection
- Valid Specimens
- Accurate and Reliable Testing Procedures
- Rapid Results
- Participant Contract

Why do we do drug tests?

- ▶ What do drug tests tell us?
 - ► Reveal un-reported use
 - Confirm reported use, verify substances
 - ▶ Did the client actually use what they thought they used?
 - ▶ Confirm abstinence

How to use the results

- ▶ Talk to the clients about the results.
 - ► Encourage honesty
- Assist treatment, potentially increase treatment
- Praise negative results

Drug testing requirements for participants

- ▶ 60% of those surveyed reported probationers must take time off work to test
- ▶ 50% of those surveyed reported probationers report having trouble getting time off
- What are the testing hours? Does it suit those you serve?

Who conducts the test

- ▶ Trained in collections
 - ▶ Tampering
 - Distracting
 - ► Chain of Custody
- Probation staff time
- ▶ Potential to outsource

Conclusions

- Drug testing provides additional monitoring capabilities
- Results should be used to assist in guiding treatment
- Test results are not the only indicator for success
- Results should be used to support the client in recovery

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