# SQL VIGNETTES

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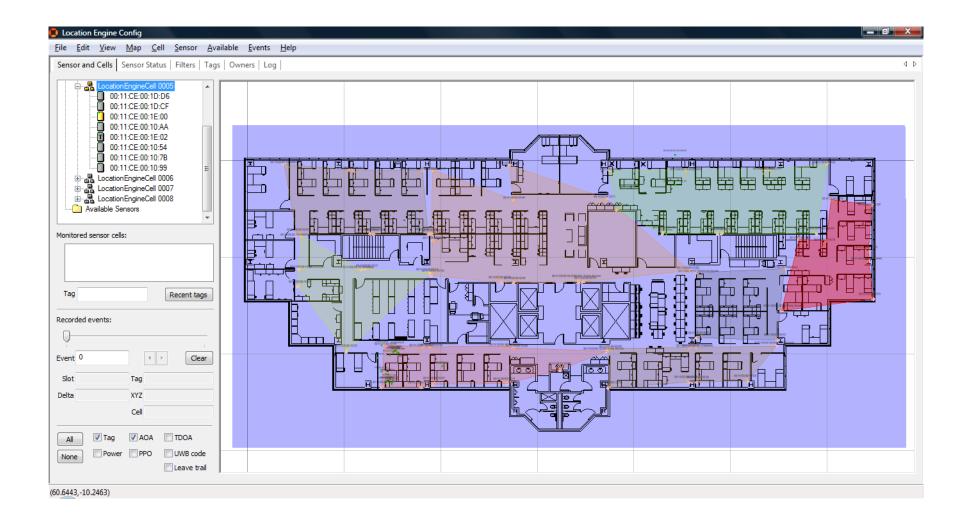
### LOCATION TRACKING

- Real-time data were collected using ultrawide-band (UWB) locationtracking technology
- Study conducted at BRX, subunit of large global manufacturing enterprise in the Midwest of the U.S.
- Over 35 million rows of data (location tracking points) for study period

• Kabo, F. W. (2016). "A Model of Potential Encounters in the Workplace: The Relationships of Homophily, Spatial Distance, Organizational Structure, and Perceived Networks."

Environment & Behavior.





tag	eventdatetime		x	у	Z
TID78082	9/16/2009	15:28:53	13.58	-21.02	1.27
TID78082	9/16/2009	15:28:53	13.58	-21.02	1.27
TID78082	9/16/2009	15:28:53	13.58	-21.02	1.27
TID78082	9/16/2009	15:28:53	13.58	-21.02	1.27
TID78082	9/16/2009	15:28:53	13.58	-21.02	1.27
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:53	19.36	-21.01	0.73
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:53	19.39	-21.08	0.78
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:54	19.41	-21.13	0.82
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:54	19.43	-21.22	0.86
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:54	19.43	-21.32	0.9
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:54	19.44	-21.4	0.94
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:55	19.44	-21.47	0.97
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:51	19.35	-20.89	0.67
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:51	19.36	-20.91	0.69
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:51	19.36	-20.93	0.69
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:51	19.35	-20.95	0.7
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:52	19.33	-20.95	0.69
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:55:52	19.33	-20.94	0.69
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:56:08	19.45	-21.64	1.12
TID78084	9/24/2009	14:56:08	19.45	-21.58	1.09

#### WHICH WAS THE BUSIEST DAY?

```
use Location Tracking;
go
select * from data formatted;
go
--35,027,838 rows
--get/construct parts of date from "datetime"
select datename(dy, eventdatetime) as day of year,
datename(month, eventdatetime) as month_of_event,
datename(day, eventdatetime) as day of event,
count(eventdatetime) as num events
from data formatted
group by datename(dy, eventdatetime), datename(month, eventdatetime),
datename(day, eventdatetime)
order by count(eventdatetime) desc; <-----
go
--71 rows
```

	day_of_year	month_of_event	day_of_event	num_events
	285	October	12	1,425,544
	274	October	1	1,212,382
	299	October	26	1,203,120
	278	October	5	1,200,886
	281	October	8	1,191,689
	271	September	28	1,190,308
	308	November	4	1,151,409
	279	October	6	1,130,660
	287	October	14	1,111,939
	306	November	2	1,090,669
	282	October	9	1,087,659
	280	October	7	1,082,942
	289	October	16	1,053,833
	286	October	13	1,047,012
	272	September	29	1,044,482
	307	November	3	1,041,883
	292	October	19	1,027,397
	303	October	30	1,013,813
	268	September	25	998,798
	313	November	9	984,123

### RULE-BREAKING & POSITIVE REWARDS

"Cartesian Products usually don't provide useful information and often result in mistakes that can hurt your database developer career. Learn to spot Cartesian Joins and banish them from your SELECT queries <u>forever</u>."

### BEHOLD...THE CROSS-JOIN

Cross-join is the combination of each row from the first table with each row from the second table...all possible combinations!!

Would you ever need to do this?

# DISTANCE FROM PERSON A TO PERSON B



An office layout that has been converted into a convex spatial network (dark interior areas are circulation or service spaces).

Location's x-axis

Unique _		position	/	Location's
-	SID	cx	CY	y-axis
space ID	1	613.1547	413.551	The state of the s
	2	929.4974	321.6746	position
	3	2057.336	472.7538	
	4	1959.742	474.1885	
	5	1862.356	473.5032	
	6	2056.697	340.9108	
	7	1959.21	341.0388	
	8	1862.01	340.6568	
	9	1487.656	482.2147	
	10	1031.356	484.4595	
	11	940.3399	476.7395	
	12	937.2448	399.1614	
	13	1761.064	649.6322	
	14	1847.033	658.3473	
	1 <i>5</i>	2300.016	676.8975	
	16	2202.929	677.1323	
	1 <i>7</i>	2298.736	769.4445	
	18	2201.979	769.4445	
	19	2105.701	769.4445	
	20	2008.001	769.4445	
	21	1910.543	769.4445	
	22	1813.805	769.4445	
	23	1716.172	769.4445	
	24	1618.524	735.4723	
	25	1651.926	653.4827	

### CREATE THE TABLE

```
use icos2017;
go
create table locations(
sid int not null,
cx float null,
cy float null
go
bulk insert locations
from 'H:\ICOS 2017\Locations 06072017.txt'
with (firstrow=2);
--50 rows
```

## COMBINATION SELF- & CROSS-JOIN

```
--Combination of self- & cross-joins
           --use aliases
           select * from locations a
           cross join locations b
----- where a.sid <> b.sid;
           go
           --2,450 rows
           select a.sid as from id, a.cx as from x, a.cy
           as from_y, b.sid as to_id, b.cx as to_x, b.cy
           as to y
----- into edgelist
           from locations a
           cross join locations b
           where a.sid <> b.sid;
           go
           --2,450 rows
```

### COMPUTE THE DISTANCE

```
alter table edgelist
add distance float;
go
update edgelist
set distance = sqrt((square(from_x-to_x) +
square(from_y-to_y)));
go
--2,450 rows
select from_id, to_id, distance
from edgelist
order by from_id, to_id;
go
--2,450 rows
```

# DONE!

from_id	to_id		distance
	1	2	329.41
	1	3	1445.39
	1	4	1347.95
	1	5	1250.64
	1	6	1445.37
	1	7	1348.01
	1	8	1250.98
	1	9	877.19
	1	10	424.17
	1	11	333.23
	1	12	324.41
	1	13	1171.93
	1	14	1257.93
	1	15	1707.29
	1	16	1611.48
	1	17	1722.74
	1	18	1628.20
	1	19	1534.39
	1	20	1439.53
	1	21	1345.32