White Paper.

TEIO is a mix between two words: Teo and Tio, Teo has a Greek root in $\theta \epsilon o \zeta$ [theos], God, while Tio, is the deity of the Bolivian mines personified as the devil who can both bestow fortune and misfortune upon the miner depending on the offerings made to him.

Each TEIO mined in the Mill of Blood has been designed with several properties besides being able to be used as value reserve.

The use and ownership of TEIO will be determined by a council that will be organized by the author of the Mill of Blood project during the 100 days of dOCUMENTA 14. This council will consist of nine members whose names will be released before the end of the ICO. The members are involved in both the creation of the mill and the currency TEIO.

A multiaddress will be generated and the corresponding keys will be distributed among the nine members of the council.

The Creativechain (https://creativechain.org/) team has designed for TEIO coin a mechanism that distributes the power of identification of a person between different third parties, so that a riddle can be generated that can only be solved by the owner of the account, and generate new keys for the following Identifications. This way, if someone could access those keys, he could not use them after having been modified after their last use.

For this reason, TEIO offers a real solution before the new regulations, like the European psd2 and the Mexican fintech, end with people's privacy giving a bad use to blockchain technology, tracing and identifying users addresses.

TEIO is put at the disposal of everyone so that its use implies normative self-fulfillment allowing entrepreneurs and users to empower themselves against the new banking laws that completely end with people's privacy.

TEIO is a fork of Creativechain (https://creativechain.org/) that takes advantage of its modifications to store and index information in the blockchain. Thanks to this, TEIO system allows to register the necessary information to be able to carry out the pertinent verifications that an identity has been verified, by whom it has been verified and when. However, the identity of its author it is unknown, favoring his privacy.

This way, it is possible to obtain data about the behavior of individuals without needing to know who they are. At the same time, the data of the administrations and private organisms, are registered publicly, so that everybody can see the information and verify that it has not been manipulated.

It is impossible to guarantee the safety of the information that big companies and administrations have, as well as the future use that can be given to all these data.

Problems of personal identification:

- Some people have access to the personal data of third parties. These people can share this data without being punished by any legislation.
- Some companies have personal information of its users as their financial situation, sexual condition etc, that can be inadequate, irrelevant or excessive.
- Data about people are analyzed and sold to the highest bidder in advertising platforms such as Google or Facebook.
- The strategic publication of content according to the tastes of users and the corporate interests modify the natural behavior of people, pushing them to consume nonexistent necessities.

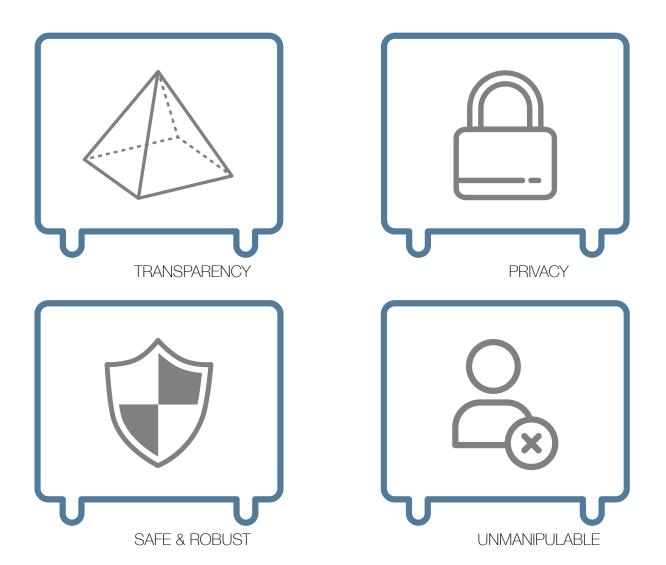
Problems of the identification of clients according to the type of information.

- Falsification of credentials.
- Identity theft
- Expensive certifications and normative procedures.

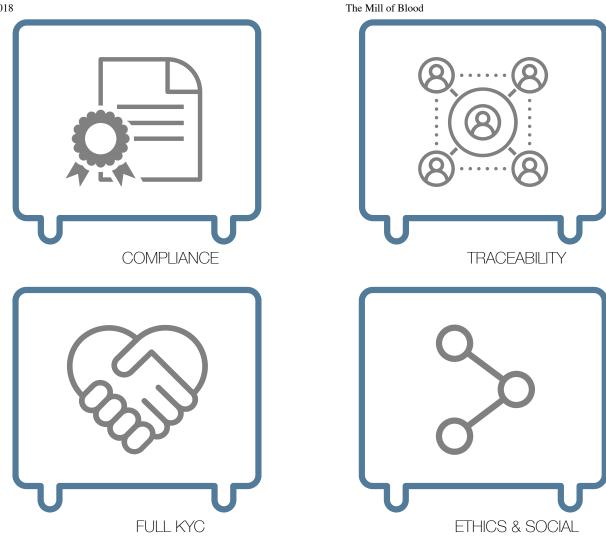
Document forgery

Why

Blockchain technology speeds up transactions Between certified companies and validity not all actions.



3/25/2018



REPORT FINGERPRINT

Every time a payment is made, the system generates a new payment fingerprint using a third party to ensure that if someone steals the credentials he could never use them.

sign(public key,fingerprint hash)



CHECK FINGERPRINT

In order to validate any payment, users need to provide their public keys as well as their last used fingerprint and, once the payment is validated, new identification data will be generated for next transactions. This prevents anyone from being able to use your identity or using your credentials



Gen new keypair & save keypair + last

OK

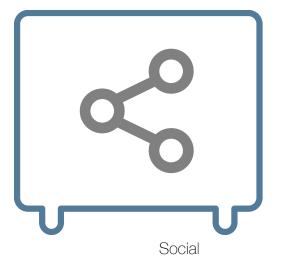
KYC RIDDLE

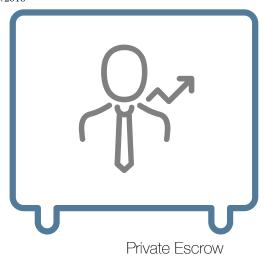
The riddles with third party data used by the system generate a fingerprint that changes in each payment and validate more reliably the identify of any person.





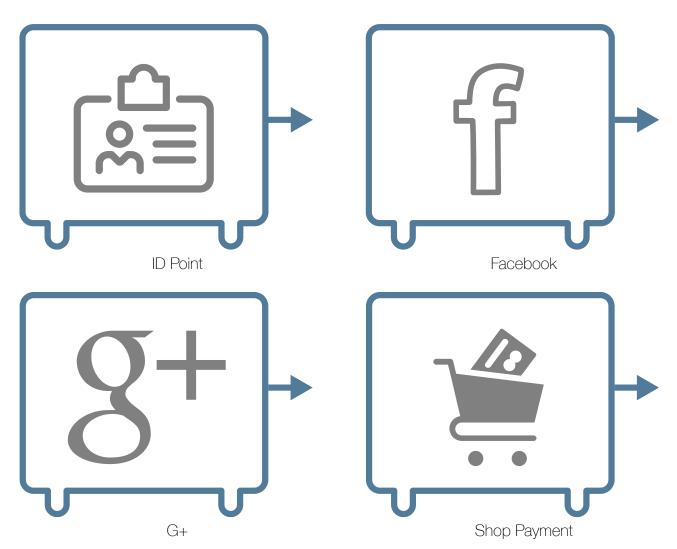


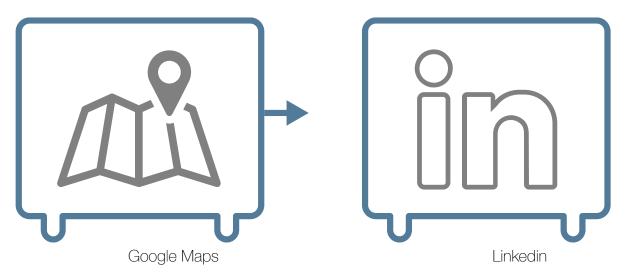






AUTHENTICATION FLOW







Download TEIOS wallet

Save your TEIOS coins in your favorite plattform, MAC, Android, Windows, Linux.



Android

DOWNLOAD (HTTPS://BINARIES.MILLOFBLOOD.COM/)



los

DOWNLOAD (HTTPS://BINARIES.MILLOFBLOOD.COM/)



Linux

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Tools

Search in all our blockchain blocks, transactions and addresses. Join to TEIOS mining plattform and contribute to the network development



Explorer

COOMING SOON



Pool

COOMING SOON

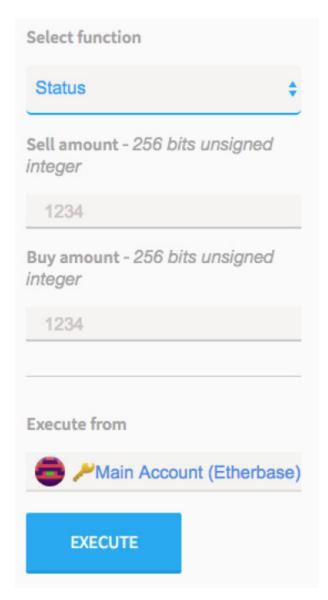
App.

TEIO app allows people pseudo-anonymous identification, to know their reputation respecting the privacy of their identity.

In addition users can know the reputation of his seller to decide whether or not to trust him.

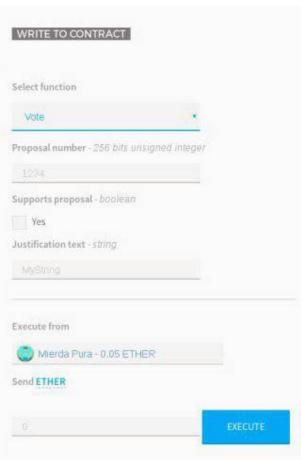
It adds secret IDs associated with your social networks accounts or third parties to provide credibility to your identification and security in your transactions.





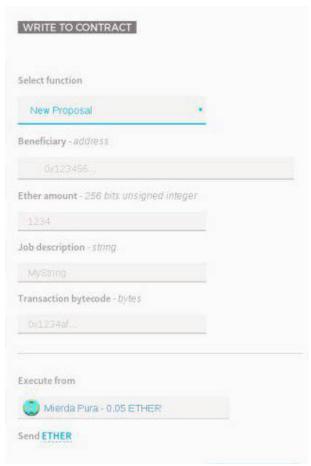
Status.

```
function status(uint256 sellAmount, uint256 buyAmount) private {
  //stablish the buy price & sell price with the spread configured in the contract
  buyPrice=(this.balance/totalSupply);
  sellPrice=buyPrice-(buyPrice*spread)/100;
  //add to the panic counter the amount of sell or buy
  panicBuyCounter=panicBuyCounter+buyAmount;
  panicSellCounter=panicSellCounter+sellAmount;
  //get the block numer to compare with the last block
  uint reset=block.number;
  //compare if happends enough time between the last and the current block with the co
ntract configuration
  if((reset-lastBlock)>=(panicTime/15)){
     //if the time is more than the panic time we reset the counter for the next checks
     panicBuyCounter=0+buyAmount;
     panicSellCounter=0+sellAmount;
    //aisgn the new last block
    lastBlock=block.number;
  }
  //activate or desactivate panic mode
  panic(0);
}
```



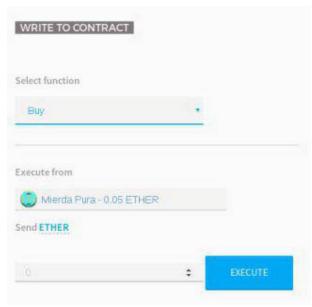
Vote.

```
function vote(
  uint proposalNumber,
  bool supportsProposal,
  string justificationText
)
  onlyMembers
  returns (uint voteID)
{
  Proposal p = proposals[proposalNumber];
                                                 // Get the proposal
  if (p.voted[msg.sender] == true) throw;
                                              // If has already voted, cancel
  p.voted[msg.sender] = true;
                                          // Set this voter as having voted
                                         // Increase the number of votes
  p.numberOfVotes++;
  if (supportsProposal) {
                                        // If they support the proposal
     p.currentResult++;
                                       // Increase score
       } else {
                                       // If they don't
                                        // Decrease the score
       p.currentResult--;
  }
  // Create a log of this event
  Voted(proposalNumber, supportsProposal, msg.sender, justificationText);
  return p.numberOfVotes;
}
```



New proposal.

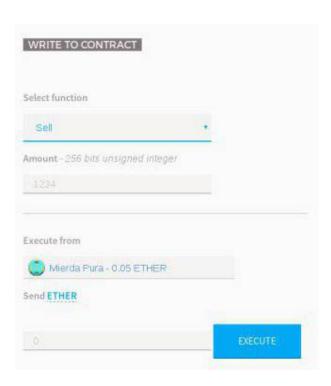
```
function newProposal(
  address beneficiary,
  uint etherAmount,
  string JobDescription,
  bytes transactionBytecode
  onlyMembers
  returns (uint proposalID)
{
  proposalID = proposals.length++;
  Proposal p = proposals[proposalID];
  p.recipient = beneficiary;
  p.amount = etherAmount;
  p.description = JobDescription;
  p.proposalHash = sha3(beneficiary, etherAmount, transactionBytecode);
  p.votingDeadline = now + debatingPeriodInMinutes * 1 minutes;
  p.executed = false;
  p.proposalPassed = false;
  p.numberOfVotes = 0;
  ProposalAdded(proposalID, beneficiary, etherAmount, JobDescription);
  numProposals = proposalID+1;
  return proposalID;
}
```



Buy.

```
//set min token price
function setMinPrice(uint256 minprice) onlyOwner {
  minPrice=minprice;
}
function buy() payable {
  //exetute if is allowed by the contract rules
  if(keccak256(buyLock)!=keccak256("close")){
     if (frozenAccount[msg.sender]) throw; // Check if frozen
     if(buyPrice < minPrice) {</pre>
     buyPrice=minPrice;
  }
  if (msg.sender.balance < msg.value) throw; // Check if the sender has enought eth to b
uy
  if (msg.sender.balance + msg.value < msg.sender.balance) throw; //check for overflows
  uint dec=decimals;
  uint amount = (msg.value / buyPrice)*(10**dec); // calculates the amount
  if (amount <= 0) throw; //check amount overflow
  if (balanceOf[msq.sender] + amount < balanceOf[msq.sender]) throw; // Check for over
flows
  if (balanceOf[this] < amount) throw; // checks if it has enough to sell
  balanceOf[this] -= amount; // subtracts amount from seller's balance
  balanceOf[msg.sender] += amount; // adds the amount to buyer's balance
  Transfer(this, msg.sender, amount); //send the tokens to the sendedr
  //update status variables of the contract
  status(0,msg.value);
  }else{
     throw;
  }
```

}



Sell.

```
function sell(uint256 amount) {
  //exetute if is allowed by the contract rules
  if(keccak256(sellLock)!=keccak256("close")){
  if (frozenAccount[msg.sender]) throw; // Check if frozen
  uint dec=decimals;
  if (balanceOf[this] + amount < balanceOf[this]) throw; // Check for overflows
  if (balanceOf[msg.sender] < amount ) throw; // checks if the sender has enough to sell
  if(sellPrice < minPrice) {</pre>
  sellPrice=minPrice-(minPrice*spread)/100;
}
  balanceOf[msg.sender] -= amount*(10**dec); // subtracts the amount from seller's bala
nce
  balanceOf[this] += amount*(10**dec); // adds the amount to owner's balance
// Sends ether to the seller. It's important
  if (!msg.sender.send(amount*sellPrice)) {
     throw; // to do this last to avoid recursion attacks
  } else {
     // executes an event reflecting on the change
     Transfer(msg.sender, this, amount*(10**dec));
     //update contract status
     status(amount*sellPrice,0);
  }else{throw;}
}
```

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