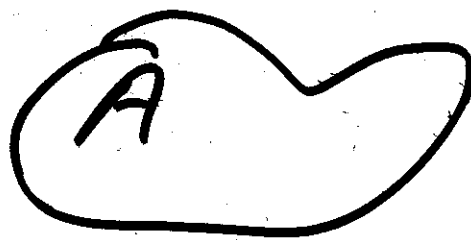


(11)

How can we
construct "new"
sets from "old" sets?

\mathcal{U}



Clearly, A defines another
set $A^c \equiv \{x \in \mathcal{U} : x \notin A\}$