West-Life
Structures for Life

Virtualized Web Portals in EGI Federated Cloud

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Why to virtualize web portals

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Available sofware solutions

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Typical portal architecture

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Deployment bottom-up

Deployment top-down

Tutorial overview

- Understand the homework
  - obtain X.509 certificate and register it with VO
  - setup client environment – software, CA certificates, VO servers, . . . (docker container)
  - check that occi works (interact with FedCloud site)
  - do the magic deployment out of blackbox
  - **let's understand it**
- Deploy web application
  - start with non-claudified (but cleaned up) application code
  - **extend Tosca description**
  - **provide specific configuration scripts**

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Tutorial overview

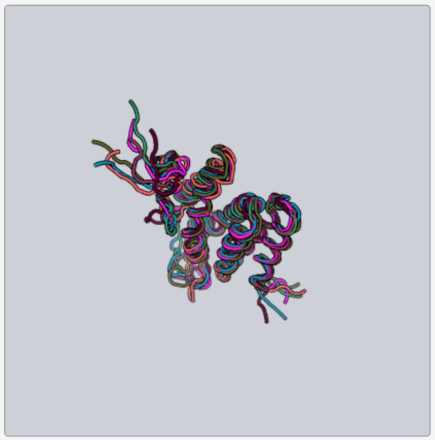
- Add worker node
  - start with working web front end
  - pick another example – Torque server + worker node
  - **merge two Tosca specifications**
  - **configure multi-node interaction**
- Real-world user authentication
  - start with working application with fake user
  - **set up service provider and connect with IdP proxy**

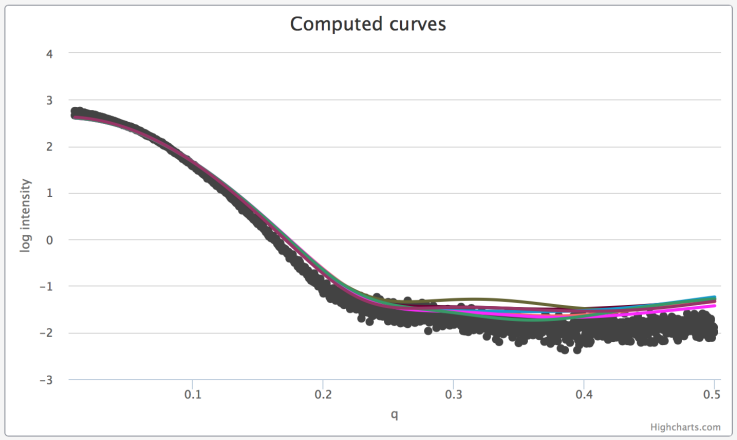
The application – SAXS ensemble fit

c	c1	c2	chi	w1	w2	w3	w4	w5	w6	w7	w8	w9	w10	w11	w12	w13	w14	w15	w16	w17	w18	w19	w20
5.47e-	1.022	-1.98	1.047	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.006	0.308	0.293	0.0	0.0	0.394	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.021	1.505	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.098	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.301	0.134	0.0	0.0	0.467	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.023	0.65	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.004	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.118	0.214	0.281	0.0	0.0	0.383	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.021	2.135	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.108	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.012	0.286	0.123	0.0	0.0	0.472	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.023	3.072	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.023	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.052	0.254	0.298	0.0	0.0	0.373	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.021	0.685	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.106	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.032	0.281	0.107	0.0	0.0	0.474	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.023	-1.98	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.116	0.213	0.237	0.0	0.0	0.428	0.0	0.0	0.002	0.0	0.0
5.88e-	1.021	-1.803	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.122	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.302	0.09	0.0	0.0	0.486	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.2606	1.023	0.336	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.145	0.203	0.248	0.0	0.0	0.403	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.19e-06	1.021	-0.665	1.048	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.144	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.299	0.064	0.0	0.0	0.489	0.0	0.0	0.004	0.0	0.0

Home

Date: 16/11/2016
Name: cid nov 16
Algorithm: random_walk
q_max value: 0.5
Calculation steps: 500
Steps between synchronization: 100
Alpha: 0.01
Beta: 0.005
Gamma: 500
Input data: models saxs.dat





Progress:
Weight: -
Sum Of Weights: -
Select: All None Highest weight
Sort by weight: Ascending Descending Default

Model 1	0.000	Model 2	0.000	Model 3	0.000
Model 4	0.000	Model 5	0.000	Model 6	0.000
Model 7	0.000	Model 8	0.000	Model 9	0.000
Model 10	0.006	Model 11	0.308	Model 12	0.293
Model 13	0.000	Model 14	0.000	Model 15	0.394
Model 16	0.000	Model 17	0.000	Model 18	0.000
Model 19	0.000	Model 20	0.000		

Bricks to be used

- Apache server
  - single node deployment
  - set up a VM using bare OS image (CentOS 7) using OCCI
  - use Puppet to configure Apache web server with "Hello, world!" CGI script
  - we will use it "as is", not touching internals (deployment scripts, Puppet recipes, . . .)
- Torque server + worker node
  - two node deployment
  - standalone, independent on the Apache one
  - complex Puppet configuration again

Don't panic!

- It is rather complex work, we know
- Many things can go wrong
- We will do the work step by step
- Use local git commits to preserve work
- Emergency checkpoints
  - working implementations of the major steps
  - you can pick them if you get really lost

Understand the homework

- In your Docker container (`radimpesa/mustweek2017`)
  - do a fresh clone of `git@github.com:ICS-MU/westlife-mustweek2017.git`
  - look into `apache/` folder
- M4 preprocessing to distinguish local vs. CFM deployment
  - ignore today, just don't edit the generated `.yaml` files
- browse the `.yaml` files and ask about their meaning
  - blueprint and inputs in the main
  - `types/` folder
- briefly look into the deployment script
  - `scripts/puppet/runner.sh`
  - prepares and invokes Puppet
  - this is the real stuff, no need to understand details now

Understand the homework

- Initialize Cloudify:
  `# source $HOME/cfy/bin/activate`
- Put something unique into:
  `resources/puppet/site/helloworld/files/index.py`
- Deploy:
  `# make clean && make cfy-deploy`
  - check the result, see:
    `# cfy local outputs`
  - ssh to the deployed node:
    `# ssh -i resources/ssh/id_rsa cfy@`*`the_endpoint_IP`*
  - point you web browser to:
    `http://`*`the_endpoint_IP`*`/cgi-bin/index.py`
- Cleanup:
  `# make cfy-undeploy`

Deploy web application

- To speed up, start with the `apache/` example
  - copy `Makefile`, blueprint and inputs, `types/`, and `{scripts,resources}/puppet`
- add "software" node to the blueprint
  - contained in `apacheNode` (see `relationships` section)
  - started after `apache` node (`depens_on` relationship)
  - use fabric plugin to start scripts
- Installation, configuration, and start scripts
  - "poor-man" quick solution (professional would use puppet . . .)
  - put them to `scripts/saxs-portal/`
  - runs unpriviledged – use `sudo`
  - adapt (and break up) simple installation script **TODO**and tarballs from `saxs/`
  - use `ctx` "shell API" to suck in cloudify resources (tarballs etc.)

Add worker node

- Pick the other example in `torque/`
  - appropriate pieces of blueprint and inputs
  - puppet resources (`manifests/` and `site/*`) – just copy, no need to touch them
  - merge into results of previous step
- Deploy application sofware to the worker node
  - get inspiration from the web application deployment
- Ensure SSH keys are installed to copy files between head and worker nodes
  - **TODO**
- Enable job management (`/usr/local/saxs/saxsd.sh`)
- **It should work end-to-end now**
  - test with sample data from `saxs/`