

Project Phase 2: OO Analysis and Design

ITCS431 Software Design and Development

Present to

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Use Case Description

Use Case Name: Create a Science Plan	I D: U001	Importance Level: High
Primary Actor: Astronomer	Use Case Type: Essential	

Stakeholders and Interests: Astronomers-interested

Brief Description: This use case details the process by which an astronomer creates a plan for scientific observation.

Trigger: The astronomer decides to commence a new observation project.

Type: Functional

Relationships:

Association: Astronomer, Observatory Scheduler

- UserInclude: Access Telescope Schedule, Access Star Catalogues

Extend: -

- Generalization: Submit a Science Plan

Normal Flow of Events:

- 1. The astronomer selects the "Create Science Plan" option in the GTCS interface.
- 2. The astronomer inputs the science plan details, including the plan ID, objectives, target celestial objects, and necessary instruments into the form presented by the GTCS.
- 3. The astronomer chooses the targets and instruments from the available list within the GTCS.
- 4. The astronomer reviews all the details of the science plan for accuracy.

Subflows:

Invalid Input

- S-1 The system validates inputs and flags any errors or conflicts.
- S-2 Astronomer corrects the details and resubmits the plan.

Alternate/Exceptional Flow: -

Use Case Name: Validate an	ID: U002	Importance Level: High
Observing Program		
Primary Actor: Science Observer		Use Case Type: Detail, Essential

Stakeholders and Interests: Science Observer-wants

Brief Description: This use case details the process by which a Science Observer validates the observing program prepared by an Astronomer to ensure it is correctly set up and can be executed by the telescope system.

Trigger: This use case is the completion of an observing program by an Astronomer, which then needs validation.

Type: External

Relationships:

- Association: Science Observer is associated with the system
- **UserInclude:** Creating and submitting an observing program.
- Extend: -
- Generalization: -

Normal Flow of Events:

- 1. The Science Observer conducts initial checks for completeness and adherence to submission guidelines.
- 2. The Science Observer uses simulation tools to validate the observed program's expected outcomes.
- 3. The Science Observer marks and approves the program for execution or returns it to the astronomer with feedback for refinement.

Subflows:

In case of any discrepancies or issues, the Science Observer may:

- S-1: Request modifications to the observing program.
- S-2: Provide feedback to the Astronomer.

Alternate/Exceptional Flow:

- 1. The observing program does not meet the validation criteria.
- 2. The necessary data for validation is incomplete or unavailable.
- 3. System errors prevent the validation from completing.

Use Case Name: Manage Astronomical Data	ID : U003	Importance Level: High
Primary Actor: Science Observer	Use Case Type: Detail, Essential	

Stakeholders and Interests: Science Observer-Require, Astronomer-Need

Brief Description: This use case details the process of managing astronomical data collected through observations made by the GTCS. It encompasses the storage, organization, retrieval, and maintenance of data integrity.

Trigger: The need to store new observational data, update existing data, or retrieve data for analysis.

Type: External

Relationships:

- Association: Science Observer who performs the data management.
- UserInclude: Validate Collected Astronomical Data Integrity
- Extend: -
- Generalization: -

Normal Flow of Events:

- 1. The science observer performs a preliminary check to ensure data quality.
- 2. The science observer manages permissions for data access.
- 3. The science observer collects the data from the observation system.
- 4. The science observer reviews the data storage for accuracy and security.
- 5. The science observer ensures that the data is accessible for authorized personnel.

Subflows:

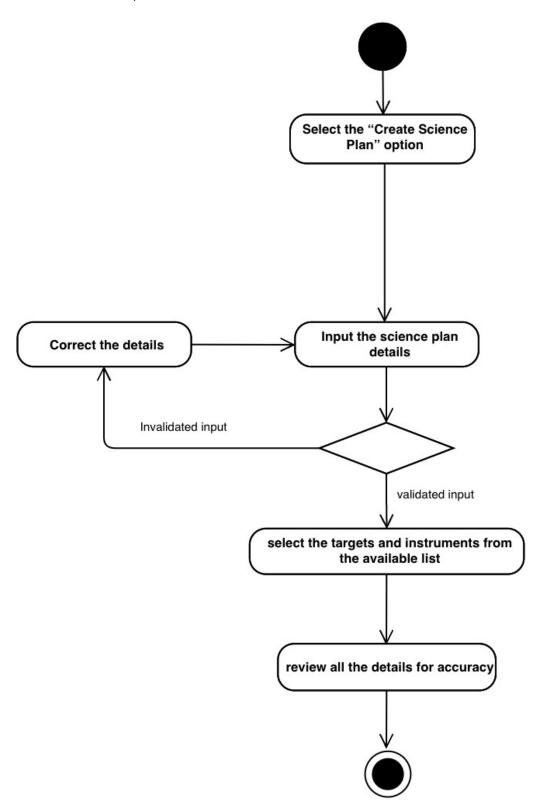
If there is a need to update existing data, the system provides an editing interface to modify the selected datasets.

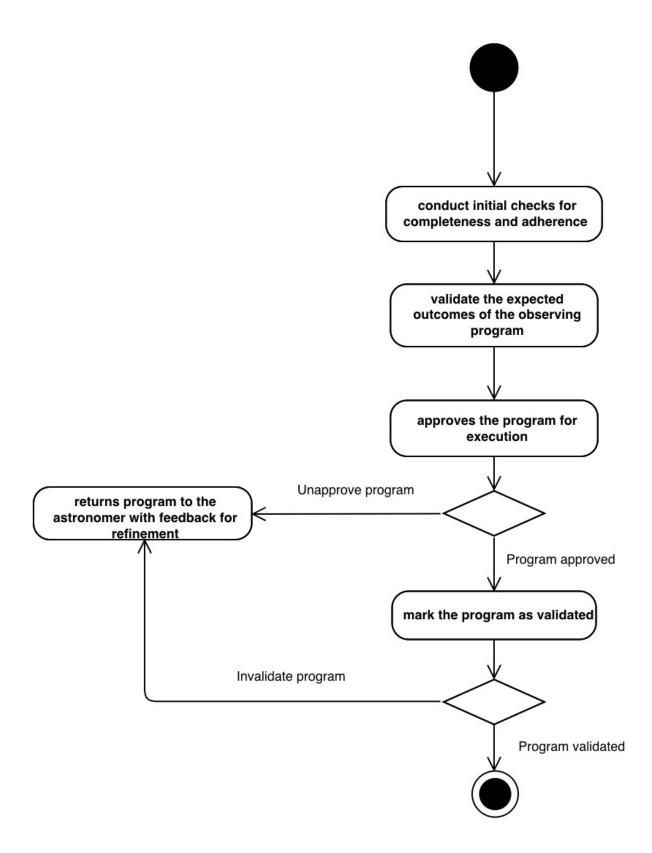
Alternate/Exceptional Flow:

If the system detects inconsistencies or errors during data processing, it alerts the Science Observer, who must then resolve the issues or escalate them as needed.

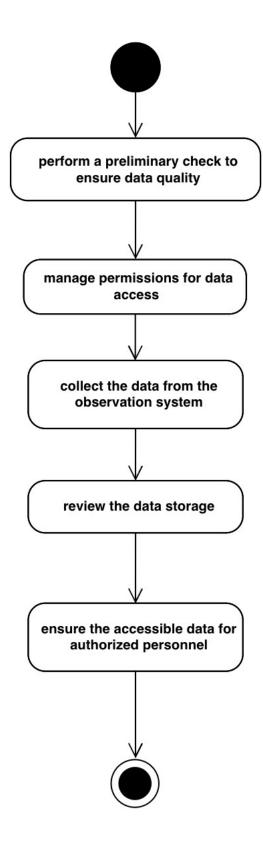
Activity Diagram

U001: Create a science plan

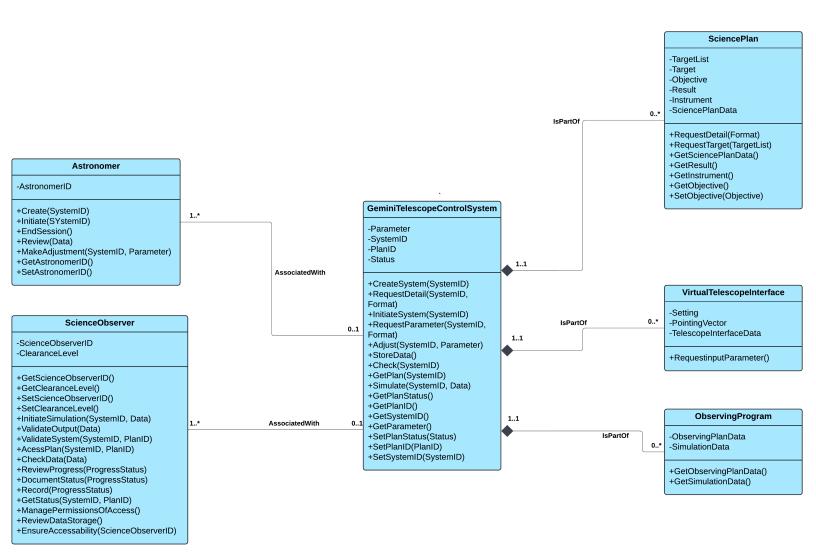




U003: Manage Astronomical Data

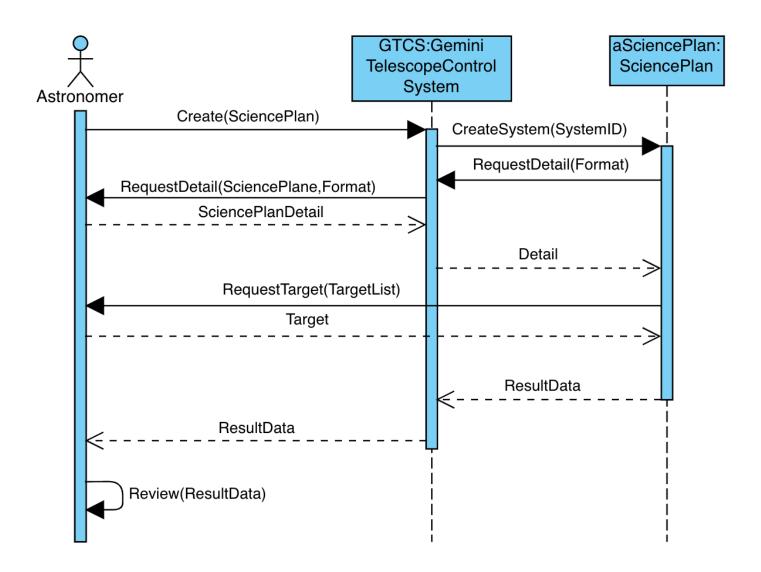


Class Diagram

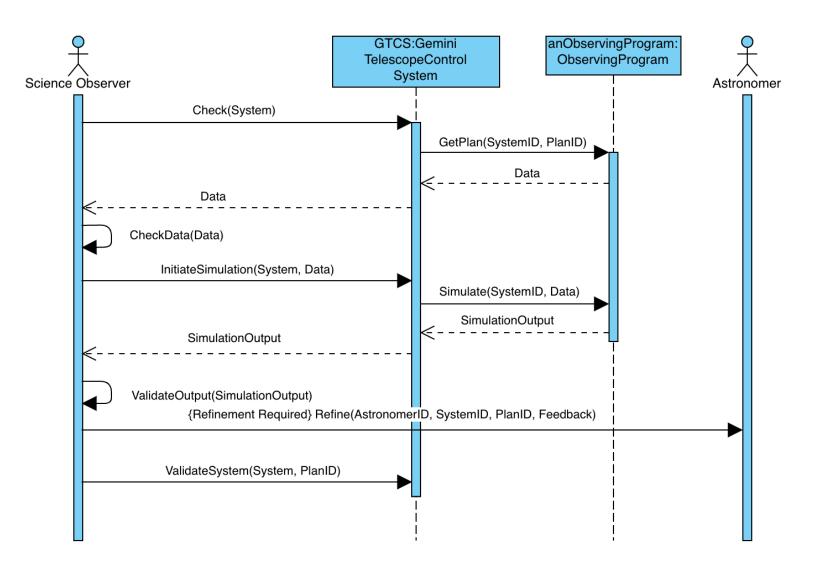


Sequence Diagram

U001: Create a science plan



U002: Validate an Observing Program



U003: Manage Astronomical Data

