



## ID529 Data Management and Analytic Workflows in R Winter Session 2026

Course Listing: ID529

Course Hours: 1:30 - 5:30 PM

Course Dates:

Monday January 12th - Friday January 16th,

Tuesday January 20th - Friday January 23rd, 2026

Classroom: Our classroom will be Kresge 502.

Office Hours:

12:00 PM – 1:00 PM on Wednesday January 14<sup>th</sup>

11:00 AM – 12:00 PM on Thursday January 15<sup>th</sup>, Wednesday January 21<sup>st</sup>, Thursday January 22<sup>nd</sup>

Limit 40 students, priority for Population Health Science (PHS) students

### Instructional Team:

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### Credits

2.5 Credits

### Course Description

*Data Management and Analytic Workflows in R* will introduce students to R programming and modern data management and analysis workflows applied to examples from population health science. Throughout, we will emphasize reproducibility, open science, data visualization, and dynamic document generation. Specific skills learned will include the use of the RStudio integrated development environment, tidy data management practices/workflows, how to get help in programming, and how to use GitHub to track changes in code, disseminate professional work, and integrate feedback. Coursework will consist of lectures, in-class group work, homework, peer assessment, and time for discussion. This course complements graduate-level courses in statistics and quantitative research methods by helping students develop practical skills for conducting independent research incorporating modern data science principles. Students completing this course will have a solid foundation enabling them to handle complex data management tasks and data communication skills for research and professional work.

### Prerequisites

Prerequisites include an interest in learning R programming and an interest in population health science. Suggested prior coursework includes at least one of PHS2000A, BST201 or 210, ID201 or ID207.

### Key Learning Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- Articulate and use best practices for data cleaning, management, and project organization in the context of R programming-based analyses focused on population health science using example datasets from sources commonly used in the public health field such as the CDC National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), CDC WONDER (Wide-ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research), and US Census American Community Survey (ACS).
- Build and implement reproducible workflows and describe the merits of reproducibility in data analysis and scientific software.
- Use R Markdown to create dynamic reports for their findings.
- Use Git and GitHub version control software to disseminate code and engage in collaborative work and peer review which enables students to showcase their work to public audiences.
- Perform exploratory data analyses (e.g., data visualization, working with regression models to present output in professional quality tables, etc.).
- Leverage online resources to learn more and get help with any R programming challenges.

- Paint a better picture of the variety of spectacular kinds of data analysis they could go on to do!

### Suggested References

- *R for Data Science* by Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund, available here: <https://r4ds.had.co.nz/>
- *What They Forgot to Teach You About R* by Jenny Bryan and Jim Hester, available here: <https://rstats.wtf>
- *ggplot2 Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis* by Hadley Wickham, Danielle Navarro, and Thomas Lin Pedersen, available here: <https://ggplot2-book.org/>
- *Happy Git and GitHub for the 2ser* by Jenny Bryan, available here: <https://happygitwithr.com/>
- *The tidyverse Style Guide*, available here: <https://style.tidyverse.org/>
- *R Markdown Cookbook* by Yihui Xie, Chirstophe Dervieux, Emily Riederer, available here: <https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/>
- *R Packages* by Hadley Wickham and Jenny Bryan, available here: <https://r-pkgs.org/>
- *Fundamentals of Data Visualization* by Claus O. Wilke, available here: <https://clauswilke.com/dataviz/>
- *The Epidemiologist R Handbook*, available here: <https://epirhandbook.com>
- *Regression and Other Stories* by Andrew Gelman, Jennifer Hill, and Aki Vehtari, pdf download available here: <https://avehtari.github.io/ROS-Examples/index.html>
- *Introduction to Data Science: Data Analysis and Prediction Algorithms with R* by Rafael Irizarry, available here: <https://rafalab.github.io/dsbook/>
- *Public Health Disparities Geocoding Project 2.0 Training Manual*, available here: <https://phdgp.github.io/PHDGP2.0/>

### Course Structure

This is a two-week winter session course. It will be composed of daily lectures, in-class activities including discussions and Q&A, individual homework assignments, peer-review, and a final project. Each class session will consist of approximately three hours of lecture-time broken up by discussion, programming and group activities, and Q&A (totaling four hours per session).

The final grade for this course will be based on:

- Attendance (10%)
- Homework (35%)
- Peer Review (25%)
- Final Project (30%)

### Homework

There will be two individual homework assignments. Assignments will be brief and are intended to help students gain hands-on experience implementing the data management concepts covered during class sessions.

You are encouraged to collaborate on homework assignments with your peers; however, you must submit your own work.

Homework will be graded according to the following rubric:

Objective/Principle	Percent of Grade
Does it accomplish the stated goal? Is it complete?	25%
Is it well documented and commented?	25%
Is it transparent and clearly motivated? Is it elegant (i.e., not kludgy)?	25%
Does it incorporate what's been taught? Does it reflect growth?	25%

Each of these items will be scored on a 1–5-point scale.


***Participation and Peer Review***

Students are encouraged to participate in class discussion and must participate in peer review. Peer review will be graded according to the following rubric:

Objective/Principle	Percent of Grade
Does it include constructive criticism?	50%
Does it include positive feedback (i.e., things you liked about their approach)?	50%

Constructive (excellent) feedback examples should: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Relate criticisms and feedback to the objectives of the assignment</li> <li>- Point out specific aspects of the code that can be improved upon</li> <li>- Connects the feedback to principles of why the code falls short or is high quality</li> </ul>	Fair (mediocre) feedback examples of peer review are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Less detailed than constructive</li> <li>- Less explicit in its connection to good coding principles and practices</li> </ul>	Not-helpful (bad) feedback examples of peer review are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Overly terse</li> <li>- Not specific</li> <li>- Harsh, overly critical, or not in the spirit of constructive collaboration</li> </ul>
<b>Example:</b> I liked how your code comments went into the details of how you came up with your approach and referenced some of the sources you learned from. It was interesting to see that you were using base R methods to create your figure — though I wonder if that means you missed out on some of the data visualization features that are automatically included when using ggplot2.  If I had one aspect I'd most like to see you improve on, it would be to use more informative variable names, like instead of just "x" or "var" you could have used "df" to indicate that the data is a data-frame and "facet_var" to indicate that the variable will be used for faceting.	<b>Example:</b> I thought your comments were good. I think you should use ggplot2 next time though. Your variable names could be improved.	<b>Example:</b> Your comments were verbose. Your figure doesn't look very good though. Your code was hard to read.

***Final Project***

Students will work together in groups to submit a GitHub repository that contains a reproducible document created in R Markdown or Quarto including its code. Both the R Markdown / Quarto document and the GitHub repository itself should be well organized and documented. Final projects should include an introduction to the topic and motivation, text describing the analysis/programming and conclusions alongside at least one (nice) table and either one very nice, polished infographic style figure, or a few informative, well-labeled and interesting figures about what you found in investigating the data.

The projects will be assessed according to the following objectives/principles:

Objective/Principle	Percent of Grade
Does the project demonstrate the reproducible workflow principles taught in the class? This includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Clearly commented code</li> <li>- A well-organized GitHub repository</li> <li>- The creation of informative, well-labeled visualizations and at least one table</li> </ul>	75%
The repository should include reflections about what students learned in the process of completing the final project. These reflections should note 1) what students figured out how to do along-the-way, 2) what they struggled with, 3) what they wouldn't have been able to do before taking this class, and 4) what principles they found useful in decision-making during the project.	25%



Group members may take the lead on certain parts of the project, but all group members should review the entirety of the project. Please include an author contribution statement at the end.

**Attendance**

Because this course is so short (as it is a winter session course), attendance is mandatory. We will provide accommodations on a case-by-case basis for students with health (including mental health) emergencies. Students requesting accommodations should also contact the appropriate Accessible Education Office for their school (see below). Lectures will be recorded and available via the Zoom tab on Canvas.

Students may be excused from one or more in-person sessions so long as they provide advanced notice to the teaching team (i.e., at least 24-hours prior to a session). Students with unexcused absences will receive a 1% deduction in their attendance grade per session missed (e.g., 1 session missed =  $10 - 1\% = 9\%$ ; 2 sessions missed =  $10 - 2\% = 8\%$ ; etc.)

**Communication with the Instructional Team and Peers**

If you have questions about material from class, we encourage you to post your questions to the course Slack workspace (accessible through the Canvas page for the course). Teaching fellows will respond to questions as a thread. By posting on Slack, the whole class can benefit from the questions posed and others can ask follow-up questions. This is a great way to keep up with the material asynchronously, as it allows you to ask questions that you otherwise may have asked during lecture

- For questions about homework, or any other course-related questions, please email the full instructional team.
- For questions about disability accommodations, please email Jarvis ([jarvis@hsp.harvard.edu](mailto:jarvis@hsp.harvard.edu)). Students will be advised to contact their school-specific Accessibility Education Office (for HSPH students: Colleen Cronin [ccronin@hsp.harvard.edu](mailto:ccronin@hsp.harvard.edu); for GSAS students: Robyn Bahr [daob@fas.harvard.edu](mailto:daob@fas.harvard.edu))

In general, you can expect a response within 24 hours, with the exception of weekends.

**Feedback**

We invite feedback about your learning experience in this course. Please email the instructional team if you have comments, concerns, or suggestions for how we can improve your learning experience.

**Access to the AI Sandbox**

Anyone who has a role within the ID529 Canvas site (including unofficial auditors) will be able to use this Sandbox located at the URL below provided that they have a valid HarvardKey.

The [AI Sandbox](#) has been developed by HUIT in collaboration with VPAL, the FAS Division of Science, and colleagues across the University, to enable Harvard community members to securely access Large Language Models (LLM). The AI Sandbox offers a single interface that enables access to four different Large Language Models (LLM): Azure OpenAI GPT-3.5 and GPT-4, Anthropic Claude 2, and Google PaLM 2 Bison. It provides a “walled-off,” secure environment in which to experiment with generative AI, mitigating many security and privacy risks and ensuring the data entered will not be used to train any public AI tools.

During this first pilot period, the AI Sandbox:

- Is approved for use with [Medium Risk Confidential data \(L3\)](#) and below.
- Is free to use.
- Features a simple log in process using your existing HarvardKey credentials.
- Cannot receive uploaded files; only copy and paste.
- Cannot be custom trained on a corpus of materials.



- Will experience occasional errors and interruptions in service, which may reset your session.

**Before you use the AI Sandbox:**

Please review "[Getting started with the AI Sandbox](#)," which includes guidelines, terms of use, tool instructions, and ideas for prompts.

**To access the AI Sandbox:**

1. Go to <https://p10.sandbox.ai.huit.harvard.edu/>
2. When prompted, log in with your HarvardKey username and password.

**Responsible Use of Generative Artificial Intelligence (GAI, or AI)**

A simple moral that can guide your usage of AI during the class include: it's okay to use an AI to help you with coding if you're using it to improve your understanding, debug code, or do something you'd otherwise not be able to — but don't use it to replace doing the work yourself or in ways that deter your own learning. Be careful not to over-rely on computer code produced by GAI tools; LLMs are not good substitutions for critical reasoning.

**Harvard Chan Policies and Expectations****Inclusivity Statement**

Diversity and inclusiveness are fundamental to public health education and practice. Students are encouraged to have an open mind and respect differences of all kinds. I share responsibility with you for creating a learning climate that is hospitable to all perspectives and cultures; please contact the faculty instructor ([jarvis@hsph.harvard.edu](mailto:jarvis@hsph.harvard.edu)) if you have any concerns or suggestions.

**Bias Related Incident Reporting**

The Harvard Chan School believes all members of our community should be able to study and work in an environment where they feel safe and respected. As a mechanism to promote an inclusive community, we have created an anonymous bias-related incident reporting system. If you have experienced bias, please submit a report [here](#) so that the administration can track and address concerns as they arise and to better support members of the Harvard Chan community.

**Title IX**

For information on Harvard University policies and procedures and Title IX Resource Coordinators at Harvard Chan, please see:

- Harvard University Interim Title IX Sexual Harassment and Interim Other Sexual Misconduct policies and procedures: <https://titleix.harvard.edu/policies-procedures>
- Title IX Resource Coordinators: <https://titleix.harvard.edu/coordinators>
- Title IX Sexual Harassment and Other Sexual Misconduct resource guide: <https://titleix.harvard.edu/resource-guide>

**Academic Integrity**

Each student in this course is expected to abide by the Harvard University and the Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health School's standards of Academic Integrity. All work submitted to meet course requirements is expected to be a student's own work. In the preparation of work submitted to meet course requirements, students should always take great care to distinguish their own ideas and knowledge from information derived from sources.

Students must assume that collaboration in the completion of assignments is prohibited unless explicitly specified. Students must acknowledge any collaboration and its extent in all submitted work. This requirement applies to collaboration on editing as well as collaboration on substance.

Should academic misconduct occur, the student(s) may be subject to disciplinary action as outlined in the Student Handbook. See the [Student Handbook](#) for additional policies related to academic integrity and disciplinary actions.

**Accommodations for Students with Disabilities**

Harvard University provides academic accommodations to students with disabilities. Any requests for academic accommodations should ideally be made before the first week of the semester, except for unusual circumstances, so arrangements can be made. Students must register with the Local Disability Coordinator in the Office for Student Affairs to verify their eligibility for appropriate accommodations. Contact Colleen Cronin [ccronin@hspph.harvard.edu](mailto:ccronin@hspph.harvard.edu) in all cases, including temporary disabilities.

**Religious Holidays, Absence Due to**

According to Chapter 151c, Section 2B, of the General Laws of Massachusetts, any student in an educational or vocational training institution, other than a religious or denominational training institution, who is unable, because of his or her religious beliefs, to attend classes or to participate in any examination, study, or work requirement on a particular day shall be excused from any such examination or requirement which he or she may have missed because of such absence on any particular day, provided that such makeup examination or work shall not create an unreasonable burden upon the School. See the [student handbook](#) for more information.

**Grade of Absence from Examination**

A student who cannot attend a regularly scheduled examination must request permission for an alternate examination from the instructor in advance of the examination. See the [student handbook](#) for more information.

**Final Examination Policy**

No student should be required to take more than two examinations during any one day of finals week. Students who have more than two examinations scheduled during a particular day during the final examination period may take their class schedules to the director for student affairs for assistance in arranging for an alternate time for all exams in excess of two. Please refer to the [student handbook](#) for the policy.

**Course Evaluations**

Constructive feedback from students is a valuable resource for improving the teaching and learning experience. The feedback should be specific, focused, and respectful. It should address aspects of the course and teaching that are positive, as well as those which need improvement.

For registered students, submission of course evaluations is considered to be a School requirement because of their importance. The course evaluation system will open during the last week of the term and remain open for a three week period. You will gain access to your grades for the term after you have completed your course evaluations, and the course evaluation system has closed.

**Course Schedule**

In-Class Work/Activities	Learning Objectives <b>Upon successful completion of this coursework, students will be able to:</b>	Assignments
<b>Week 1: Monday January 12th - Friday January 16th</b>		
Monday January 12 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: Welcome to ID529</li><li>• Demonstration of Modern Data Science Practices in an R Project Based Workflow</li><li>• Lecture: Introduce the Final Project</li><li>• Lecture: Intro to RStudio and R</li><li>• Activity: Discussion and Self-Introductions</li><li>• Lecture: Intro to Git and GitHub</li><li>• Activity: Setup GitHub accounts + join our course organization</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Identify the components of a reproducible data management workflow</li><li>• Setup their own GitHub profile and push files to it</li><li>• Use basic commands to create and manipulate objects in R</li><li>• Describe the basic object types in R and how to use them</li><li>• Reference online documentation and help pages to get help while working on R programming tasks</li></ul>	<p>Homework 1: Due by Midnight</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Write a bio for yourself in a README.md file and include a picture</li></ul>
Tuesday January 13 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: Intro to R Programming (including conditionals, control-flow, etc.)</li><li>• Lecture: Project Workflow</li><li>• Activity: Learnr Tutorials</li><li>• Lecture: Reading in data of various formats</li><li>• Lecture: Intro to ggplot2 (common types of figures, facetting, legends, patchwork, and saving figures)</li><li>• Discussion: What makes an effective data visualization?</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Understand and demonstrate how and when to use for-loops, while-loops, and conditionals.</li><li>• Read various file types into R (Excel, CSV, fixed-width, SAS, SPSS, STATA, JSON)</li><li>• Create common statistical plots and figures using ggplot2</li></ul>	<p>Homework 2 Due Sunday 14<sup>th</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Using a dataset accessible via the ID529 GitHub page, students will apply core data cleaning, analysis, and visualization concepts discussed during week 1</li></ul>
Wednesday January 14 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: Intro to dplyr</li><li>• Lecture: Cleaning Text Data</li><li>• Activity: Manipulating Data</li><li>• Lecture: Writing Functions</li><li>• Activity: Functions</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Set up R projects and reproducible data management and analysis workflows</li><li>• Use dplyr to manipulate and clean data</li><li>• Use the stringr package to clean text data</li><li>• Write functions to automate repetitive tasks</li></ul>	Continue HW 2
Thursday January 15 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: Diverse Data Sources (APIs [tidycensus, WHO, World Bank, qualtrics], scraping web data, datapasta)</li><li>• Discussion: What kind of sources are students interested in using in their research or future work?</li><li>• Lecture: How to handle factors and date-times</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Read data into R from online data sources including publicly available databases and by scraping web pages</li><li>• Clean categorical data using the factor data type in R</li><li>• Clean date-times based data and perform common operations with them (e.g., binning, calculating durations)</li></ul>	Continue HW 2



In-Class Work/Activities	Learning Objectives	Assignments
	<b>Upon successful completion of this coursework, students will be able to:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: Working with Regression Model Objects: constructing and analyzing them</li><li>• Activity: Working with Regression Models</li><li>• Lecture: Reproducible Examples for Getting Help</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Extract and report on regression model estimates (coefficient estimates, confidence intervals, p-values)</li><li>• Create maps in R</li><li>• Create “reprex” (reproducible examples) that will make it easier to get help online</li></ul>	
Friday January 16 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lab Time: 1 hr in FXB G12</li><li>• Lecture: Why reproducibility and robustness are important principles in science and data analysis acknowledging the pressures in academia that push people away from reproducible science</li><li>• Lecture: Data Dictionaries and Documentation</li><li>• Lecture: Visualizing and Reporting on Regression Models</li><li>• Activity: Hallway QR Code Challenges</li><li>• Lecture: Data Linkage Methods</li><li>• Activity: Working with Joins</li><li>• Lecture: Introduction of the Onikye et al reproduction article</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Articulate and defend their choices to use reproducible and robust programming practices</li><li>• Be able to use and communicate results from regression techniques such as smoothing splines, GLMs, etc.</li><li>• Understand the limitations and features of conventional, probabilistic, and deterministic record linkage approaches</li><li>• Construct useful data dictionaries</li><li>• Identify the dangers of scientific practices that are difficult to reproduce (copy/paste, lack of version-control, lack of open-source code, inadequate documentation)</li></ul>	Continue HW 2  Peer Review of HW 2 Due Monday 15 <sup>th</sup>  Onikye et al Assigned Reading
<b>Week 2: Tuesday January 20th - Friday January 23<sup>rd</sup></b>		
Monday January 19 <sup>th</sup> : Martin Luther King Jr. Day (Observed Holiday)		
Tuesday January 20 <sup>th</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Activity: Discussion of Onikye et al reproduction article</li><li>• Lecture: R Packages</li><li>• Lecture: How to use R Markdown to produce reproducible reports including tables, visualizations, and inline-quantitative statements.</li><li>• Activity: Experiment with R Markdown</li><li>• Lecture: Advice for Debugging</li><li>• Activity: Getting Help Online and Debugging</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Create R packages to standardize routine processes, such as interfacing with a particular dataset</li><li>• Use R Markdown to prototype and develop professional (journal-quality) tables and data visualizations with analytic results</li></ul>	Homework 3:  Submit a draft of the final project.



Wednesday January 21 <sup>st</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: A Data Analysis from Start to Finish</li><li>• Lecture: Longitudinal Data Analysis</li><li>• Lecture: Best practices for reporting on missing data</li><li>• Lecture: Intro to accessible exploratory data analysis methods: Correlation, principal components analysis, variable importance</li><li>• Time in Class for Final Project</li><li>• Discussion: What are the ethical principles involved in data analysis? What are the risks involved?</li><li>• Lecture: Clean Code and Considerate Coding</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Clean, tidy [restructure], and visualize longitudinal data</li><li>• Report on missing data including complex patterns of missingness</li><li>• Use easy-to-implement data analysis methods to assist in exploratory data analysis</li><li>• Articulate the risks and pitfalls of using mathematical modeling or machine learning methods uncritically</li></ul>	Continue working on Final Project
Thursday January 22 <sup>nd</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Lecture: COVID OSHA Analysis Example</li><li>• Lecture: Principles for Data Analysis from Start to Finish in R</li><li>• Lecture: Functional Programming</li><li>• Lecture: [Students' Choice]</li><li>• Lecture: How to Keep Growing as a Programmer</li><li>• Activity: Age Standardization</li><li>• Lecture: Baby Boom Visualization</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Express the major elements of data management from start to finish in a clear roadmap</li><li>• Use functional programming and the purrr package to automate repetitive tasks in R</li></ul>	Final Project due by Midnight
Friday January 23 <sup>rd</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reflections on Final Projects</li><li>• Lecture: Area Based Social Measures Example</li><li>• Lecture: Recap of Principles + Takeaways</li><li>• Activity: Course Evaluation</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Refer to a shared, common set of principles and advice their peers have identified as the most important in different aspects of data management and analysis workflows</li></ul>	Enjoy having finished the course!