| Module: Take a Pause | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona! U tiva njani nyalo?    Unayo yini amasekhondi langu-30?    Ngaphambi kwekucala luhlelo lweParentText, asime kancane. | Tsatsa kuphumula. |  |
| Hlala nobe ngukuphi lapho ukhululekile khona futsi uvale emehlo akho.  Phefumula kancane ngalokujulile.  [Phumula]  Utive umoya uhamba, ungena uphundze uphume emtimbeni wakho  Ngena;  [Phumula]  futhi nangaphandle  [Phumula]  Ngena;  [Phumula]  futhi nangaphandle  [Phumula]  Ngena; [phumula]  futhi nangaphandle  [Phumula]  Naka indlela umtimba wakho lotiva ngayo nawuphefumula.  [Phumula]  Naka lapho utiva ucindzetekile khona.  [Phumula]  yetama kuyekela kuphole.  [Phumula]  Nangabe sewukulekile, vula emehlo akho futsi. |  | Circle, expanding and shrinking, over and over. |
| Nyalo, naka kutsi utiva ngendlela leyehlukile yini kulena lebewituva ngayo nawusandza kucala lemsebenti.  [Phumula] |  |  |
| Yetama kutibamba nangabe utiva utfukutsele, ucindzetelekile, ukhatsatekile nobe ukhatsatekile.  Ngisho nekuphefumula kancane ngalokujilile nobe kuhlangana nemhlaba longephansi kwakho kungenta umehluko.  Ungaphindze uphumule nemntfwana wakho. | Yetama nalomntfwana wakho lesominyakeni yekutfomba. |  |

| Module: Spend 1-on-1 Time with My Teen | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Nati tintfo letintsatfu letingakusita kutsi usebentise kahle sikhatsi losicitsa nemntfwanakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba:  LILANGA,   DLALA,  HLALA. | Citsa sikhatsi ngamunye nemntfwana wami loseminyakeni yekutfomba   1. Lusuku 2. Dlala 3. Hlala |  |
| Seluleko sekucala sitsi, Lusuku:  Yetama kicitsa imizuzu lengu-5 nobe ngetulu nemtfwanakho onkhe malanga! | Lusuku  Imizuzu lesihlanu nobe ngetulu onkhe malanga! |  |
| Seluleko sesibili sitsi Dlala.  Vumela umntfwana wakho kutsi akhetse loko lafuna kukwenta.  Cala ngekumcela kutsi acitse sikhatsi nabo. Bayekele bakhetse kutsi yini labatawukwenta nobe labatawukhuluma ngayo.  Loku kutawuba mnandzi! | Dlala  Vumela umntfwana wakho kutsi akhetse. |  |
| Seluleko setfu sekugncina sitsi, Hlala: Hlala unake umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba.  Cisha mabonakudze futsi ubeke eceleni bomakhalekhikhini. Buka umntfwana wakho. Niketa inhloko nobe utsi "Ngiyabona" kute ukhombise kutsi unakile. Balekela kumehlulela futsi nawukhuluma naye, phindza usho loko lakushoko. Loko kukhombisa kutsi uyabalela. | Hlala  Hlala unake umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. |  |
| Khumbula: Lusuku,  Dlala  futsi hlala  i skatsi ndawonye nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba!  Umsebenti wakho wakuleliviki kutsi uchithe sikhatsi lesingaba ngemaminitsi lasihlanu nemntfwana wakho onkhe malanga.  Loko kutawenta umehluko lomkhulu!  Unaso yini sikhatsi sekuyenta namuhla? | 1. Lusuku 2. Dlala 3. Hlala   Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Cishe sikhatsi lesingaba ngemaminitsi lasihlanu malanga onkhe nemtfwana wakho. | Animate words to text. |

| Module: Give Praise | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Siyakwemukela ku-ParentText! Namuhla sitawufundza indlela yekudvumisa bantfwana betfu labaseminyakeni yekutfomba. Ungasita umntfwana wakho kutsi atiphatse kahle futsi abe nebuhlobo lobuhle nalabanya ngekutsi umncome ngetinyatselo letintsatfu letilula: KUBONE, UKUSHO, KUPHINDZISE.  Ase sifundze kabanti. | Dvumisa   1. Kubuka 2. Kusho 3. Phindza |  |
| [1] Sinyatselo sekucala kutsi ukubone:  Naka nobe yini umntfwanakho layenta lelusito nobe lenhle.  [2] Sinyatselo sesibili kutsi ukusho.  Bancome ngetintfo letinhle labatentako.  Bani nenshisekelo - ukhulume ngekuciniseka!  Ekucaleni bangase bangakuboni loko, kodwa ngekushesha batawuphindze bakwente.  [3] Sinyatselo sekugcina kuphindze.  Yetama kutfola intfo longababonga ngayo onkhe malanga.  Ngisho nome ngabe kuncane kakhulu.  Khumbula: Kubone, kusho, futhi kuphindze  Kuncoma bantfwana betfu labaseminyakeni yekutfomba ngekutiphatsa kahle kungabasita kutsi baphindze bente lokufanako. | KUBUKA   Naka nobe yini umntfwana wakho layenta lelusito nobe lenhle futsi umncome.  KUSHO  Dvumisa ngenshisekelo!  PHINDZA  Naka futsi undvimise kutiphatsa lokuhle onkhe malanga! | Animate words to text. |
| Wenta kahle kakhulu, kufanele utigcabhe.  Umsebenti wakho wasekhaya lamuhla kuncoma umntfwanawakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. Ungetama yini namuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Dvumisa umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. |  |

| Module: Talk About Feelings | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Seluleko salamuhla sitsi kufanele ukhulume ngemiva yakho. Nayi indlela lesingabasita ngayo bantfwana betfu kutsi bavisise futsi balawule imiva yabo ngetinyatselo letisitfupha letilula: VULA, YEBELANA, FUNDZA, KUKHULUME, NAKA, KUNAKEKELA. | Khuluma Ngemiva Yakho   1. Kuvuleka 2. Yebelana 3. Fundza 4. Khuluma 5. Naka 6. Kunakekela |  |
| Sinyatselo sekucala VULA. Vuleka.  Umntfwanakho ufuna lusito kanye nekuciniseka kuwe.  Lalela nangabe banalokutsite labangacoca ngako. Yemukela indlela labativa ngayo futsi ubanikete indvudvuto nesikhutsato. | KUVULEKA  Lalela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba nakakhuluma, yamukela miva yabo futsi umdvudvute. |  |
| Kulandzelako, Yebelana.  Indlela lesitiphatsa ngayo ephambikwabo inemtselela lomkhulu endleleni bona labatiphatsa ngayo.  Khuluma ngendlela lotiva ngayo.  Loku kutawusita umtfwana wakho kutsi atibone, aticondze futsi atiphatse ngendlela lefanele. | KUYABELANA  Bani siboniso lesihle futsi ucoce nalabanye ngendlela lotiva ngayo. |  |
| Kwesitsatfu, fundza.  Fundza ngemiva.  Kunemiva lesisekelo lesitfupha: kujabula, kukwata, kutfukutsela, kwenyanya, kumangala kanye nekwesaba.  Njengobe bantfwana bakhula, bafundza kubona letinye tifiso, njengekujabula, kudvumateka, kutigcabha, kuba nesitunge, kuthula, kutisola kanye nekudideka. | FUNDZA  Kujabula  Kwekwata  Kwetfukutsela  Kwenyanyiseka  Kwemangala  Kwesaba |  |
| Sinyatselo sesine KUKHULUMA  Labanye batfu bakutfola kumatima kukhuluma ngendlela labativa ngayo kanye nekuveta indlela labativa ngayo, kodwa sonkhe siyakutfola.  Nawucoca nemntfwanakho ngemiva yakho lematima lefaka ekhatsi kutfukutsela, kudvumateka nobe kudvumateka, usuke umsita kutsi akwati kuyiveta ngekukhululeka. | KHULUMA  Khuluma nemntfwanakho ngemiva yakho. |  |
| Sinyatselo sesihlanu. Naka indlela lotiva ngayo futsi usite umntfwana wakho kutsi naye akubone loko.  Ungaphindze usite umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba abone kutsi imiva lemihle lefaka ekhatsi injabulo, kuthula kanye nekujabula iyamenta ative njani. | NAKA  Naka indlela lotiva ngayo kanye nendlela bantfwana bakho labaseminyakeni yekutfomba labativa ngayo. |  |
| Sinyatselo sekugcina kutsi KUNAKEKELA. Mnakekele mntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yetfomba futsi umdvudvute.  Sebentisa emtimba kanye nemangama kute umsite ative emukelekile futsi atsandvwa.  Kumanga, kumamatseka nobe kubatjela kutsi uyacondza kungasho lokunyeti.  Khumbulani bantfwana benu kutsi nisuke nikulungele kubasita nekutsi bangahlala bakhuluma nani. | KUNAKEKELA  Yenta umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ative emukelekile futsi atsandvwa. |  |
| Khumbula, khuluma nemntfwanakho ngemiva yakhongekutsi [1] ukhulume naye, [2] umcocele ngendlela lotiva ngayo, [3] ufundze ngemiva yakhe, [4] ukhulume nemntfwanakho ngemiva yakhe, [5] unake indlela lotiva ngayo kanye nemntfwanakho, futsi [6] umnakekele ngelutsandvo nangekumemukela.  Wenta kahle kakhulu!  Umsebenti wakho ekhaya kukhuluma nemntfwana wakho ngetinyatselo letisitfupha tekubhekana netimo letimatima futsi ukhulume ngato, TIVULULE, USABELANE, UFUNDZE, UKHULUME, NAKA, UNAKEKELE.  Kwati letinyatselo kutamsita kutsi abe nesibindzi sekukhuluma ngendlela lativa ngayo! Ungakwenta yini loko lamuhla? | Khuluma Ngemiva Yakho   1. Kuvuleka 2. Kuyebelana 3. Fundza 4. Khuluma 5. Naka 6. Kunakekela   Umsebenti wasekhaya: Khuluma nemntfwana wakho ngetinyatselo letitfupha tekubhekana nemiva yakhe. | Animate words to text |

| Module: Care for Myself | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona! Kuba ngumtali kungaba matima, futsi sikhatsi sekutsi utinakekele! | Tinakekele |  |
| [phumula] Vala emehlo akho. [Phumula]  Hlala ngendlela lekulungele.  [phumula] Dvudvuta umtimba wakho futsi ulalele emavi ami.  [phumula] Ticabange usengcondvweni yakho ufanana nendzebe lete lutfo. [phumula] Ungakhona yini kutibona?  [phumula] Indzebe yemanti emanti ifana nemuntfu lodziniwe, lodzinwe, lodzinwe futsi atfukutsele.  [Phumula] Nyalo ticabange usendzebeni legcwele emanti.  [phumula] Kunatsa emanti agcwele kufana nemutfu lonemandla, lowenetisekile futsi lociniseka ngaloko lakwentako.    [phumula] Ngaphandle kwekuvula emehlo akho, cabanga kutsi nguyiphi emkhatsini waleti tintfo lotiyo nyalo?  Uyinkomishi legcwele nobe lelite?  Nobe kungenteka kutsi usemkhatsini?  [phumula]  Kubalulekile kutsi tsine njengebanakekeli sibe netindlela tekutiphilisa.  [phumula]  Ungavula emehlo akho. |  | Cup, slowly filling? |
| Naku lokunye lokulula longakwenta kute ugcine inkhomishi yakho yemanti igcwele futsi utinakekele. Kubitwa ngekutsi kuphefumula Ngelibhokisi. Asikwentwe loku ndzawonye. |  |  |
| Beka umoya, uphumule kuze kube ngu-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | PHEFUMULELA NGAPHANDLE | Numbers 1-4 |
| Manje, gcina emaphaphu akho angenalitfo kute kube ngu-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | BAMBA | Numbers 1-4 |
| Phefumula kute kube tikhatsi letine  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | KUHOGELA | Numbers 1-4 |
| GcIna emaphaphu akho agcwele kuze kube ngu-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | BAMBA | Numbers 1-4 |
| Kute uphefumule kahle, phefumula uphume kuze kube ngu-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | Kuphefumula uphume | Numbers 1-4 |
| Manje, gcina emaphaphu akho angenalitfo kute kube nge-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | BAMBA | Numbers 1-4 |
| Futfuta nekuphefumula kute kube tikhatsi letine  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | KUHOGELA | Numbers 1-4 |
| Gcina emaphaphu akho agcwele kuze kube ngu-4  [Phumula]  1  [Phumula]  2,  [Phumula]  3  [Phumula]  4 | BAMBA | Numbers 1-4 |
| Kwekigcina, Phefumulela ngaphandle. Ungaphindze uphefumule ngendlela levamile nyalo. [Phumula]      Umsebenti wakho wekusebenta ekhaya kutsi wetama kutibamba. Ungayetama nyalo? | Umsebenti wasekhaya: Beka umoya wakho endzaweni letsite lokungenani kanye ngelilanga. |  |

| Module: Have Fun While Learning | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Nati tintfo letintsatfu letingakusita kutsi kufundza kujabulise umntfwana wakho:  Dlala  [Phumula]  Bani nembono lokahle  [Phumula]  Futsi bani ngulobuciko | Tijabulise Nawufundza   1. Dlala 2. Bani nembono lokahle 3. Bani ngulobuciko |  |
| Kwekucala, dlala.  Kudlala ngesikhatsi ufundza kwenta umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba abe nemphilo lencono futsi abe nengcondvo lenhle kanye nekukwati kufundza nekukhumbula tintfo letibalulekile!  Kute ukhone kwenta kufundza kube mnandzi, ungadlala imidlalo lefundzisako nobe uyifundze ku-Internet.  Nangabe umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ativa acindzetelekile ngemsebenti wesikolwa, ungamsita kutsi anciphise kucindzeteleka ngekutsi ume kancane.  [2] Seluleko sesibili kutsi ube nembono lokahle.  Khumbula kutsi bambalwa kakhulu bantfwana labaseminyakeni yekutfomba labakujabulelako umsebenti wesikolwa.  Ungakwati kukucondza kudvumateka kwabo, kodvwa bakhumbute kutsi kungani umsebenti wesikolwa ubalulekile:  Kucinisa loko labakufundze esikolweni futsi kubafundzise indlela yekusebentisa sikhatsi sabo ngekuhlakanipha.  Khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba futsi umncome ngemetamo yakhe yekufundza.  [3]Kwekugcina, yiba nebuciko.  Vumela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi abe nebuciko ngesikhatsi afundza.  Nasi sibonelo: Khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi asebentise titfombe nobe atsatse titfombe nobe aphume aye ngaphandle kusita ekufundzeni kwabo.  Nangabe umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba anesifiso sekufundza ngesihloko lesisha, njengetifundvo tekuphila, mkhutsate kutsi atadishe futsi atfole lokunyenti ngaso.  Basite bahlangane netati, batfole tincwadzi letinsha nobe bafundze ngetihloko letinsha ku-Internet.  Bani sibonelo lesihle:  Vumela umntfwanakho kutsi akubone usebentisa likhono lakho lekucabanga nobe wetama kwenta lokutsite lokusha, ngisho nobe ungakakwati kukwenta kahle. | DLALA  Dlala imidlalo lefundzisako futsi usite umntfwana wakho kutsi aphumule.  BANA NEMBONO LOKAHLE  Mdvumise umntfwana wakho ngemetamo layentako!  BANI NGULOBUCIKO  Tihlole ndzawonye tihloko letinsha naletijabulisako! |  |
| Khumbula kutsi kute usite umntfwanakho atijabulise nakafundza, kufanele nidlale ndzawonye imidlalo lefundzisako futsi umkhutsate kutsi aphumule lapho adzinga khona.  Khutsata bantfwana bakho ngekutsi ubancome ngemetamo yabo yekufundza.  Futsi vumela kubabuciko ekufundzeni ngekuhlola tihloko letinsha naletitsakisako ndzawonye.  Umsebenti wakho wasekhaya kutsi umeme umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi aphumule kancane emsebentini wasekhaya futsi ente lokutsite lokusebentako imizuzu lesihlanu. Ungadansa, udlale i-dhola, kugxuma-gxuma nobe ugijime. Kuhlukanisa umsebenti wesikolwa kutawubasita kutsi bakhumbule lwati futsi kwenta imisebenti yekutivocavoca kutabenta bahlale baphapheme kute bafundze. Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya: Cela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi aphumule kancane emsebentini wasekhaya futsi ente lokutsite lokujabulisako. |  |

| Module: Help Your Teen Learn | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Siyakwemukela ku-ParentText! Nati tindlela letintsatfu letibalulekile tekusita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi afundze:  Tibekele Imigomo  [Phumula]  Buta Imibuto  [Phumula]  Futsi Kwenta Budlelwane | Sita Umntfwana Wakho Loseminyakeni Yekutfomba Afundze   1. Tibekele Imigomo 2. Buta Imibuto 3. Yanta Budlelwane |  |
| [1] Kwekucala, tibekele imigomo.  Khuluma nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba futsi utfole kutsi iyini imigomo yakhe. Yini labafuna kufeza kulomnyaka? Mhlawumbe bafuna kujoyina licembu, batfole bangani labasha nobe batfole emamaki lamahle esikolweni. Basite batibekele imigomo lecondzile. Imigomo kufanele ibe nguloko labangacedza kukwenta ngesikhatsi lesibekiwe.  Basite bacondze budlelwane lobukhona emkhatsini wemsebenti lotsite wekufundza nekufinyelela imigomo yabo.  Loku kuyakhulisa sifiso sabo sekufundza.  [2] Ngemuva kwaloko, BUTA IMIBUTO.  Khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi abute imibuto, futsi nawe mbute! Ungakhatsateki nangabe ungayati timphendvulo temibuto yabo. Yetamani kutfola imphendvulo ndzawonye ngekutsi nibheke ku-Internet, nobe nibute tati tasendzaweni yakini. Kufuna kwati kutawusita ingcondvo yemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ikhule!  [3]Kwekugcina, YENTA KUCHUMANA  Tjela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi ahlanganise lwati lwakhe lolusha naloko lavele akwati, njengentfo layitsandzako nobe sihloko lasitfole esikolweni. Loku kwenta umuntfu acabange futsi acondze kabanti. | Tibekele Imigomo  Sita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba acondze kutsi kufundza kuhlobene njani nekufinyelela imigomo yakhe.  Buta Imibuto  Buta Imibuto Khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi abute imibuto, futsi nitfole timphendvulo ndzawonye!  Kwenta Budlelwane  Hlanganisa kufundza netintfo letitsandvwa ngumntfwana wakho. |  |
| Khumbula, kute usite umntfwana wakho kutsi afundze:  Basite bati imigomo yabo futsi bacondze kutsi kufundza kutabasita kutsi bayifinyelele. Khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi abute imibuto futsi atfole timphendvulo kanye nekuhlanganisa loko lakufundzako naloko lakutsandzako.  Umsebenti wakho wekusebentela ekhaya lamuhla kutsi uchitse imizuzu lesihlanu usita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi atibekele umgomo wekufundza, nobe acedzele umsebenti wesikolwa kuleliviki. Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | 1. Tibekele Imigomo 2. Buta Imibuto 3. Yanta Budlelwane   Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Sebentisa imizuzu lesihlanu kute utfole imigomo yemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. |  |

| Module: Create a Positive Learning Space for Your Teen | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Siyakwemukela ku-ParentText! Asakhe indzawo lekahle yekufundza kumntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba.  Indzawo lekahle yekufundza idzinga loku lokulandzelako:  Kuthula  [phumula]  Umkhuba  [phumula]  Nakwesekela  Asesifundze kabanti ndzawonye. | Yanta indzawo lekahle yekufundza lapho umntfwana wakho angafundza khona   1. Kuthula 2. Umkhuba 3. Kwesekela |  |
| [1] Kwekucala, kuthula.  [Phumula]  Kufundza ngendlela lephumelelako kudzinga kutsi uhlale unake tintfo. [phumula] Tfola indzawo lapho umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba angafundza khona ngaphandle kwekuphatamiseka.  Tjela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi agcine lucingo lwakhe lungekho lapho afundzela khona, acime umculo futsi anciphise umsindvo kute akhone kunaka tintfo.  [2]Lokulandzelako, Umkhuba  [phumula]  Yenta kutsi kufundza kube yincenye lebalulekile yekuphila kwemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba.  Nakungenteka, khutsata umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi acedzele umsebenti wesikolwa ngaphambi kwekutsi acale umsebenti wasekolwa. Loko kukhombisa kutsi imfundvo yabo ibalulekile kuwe.  [3]Kwekugcina, YISEKELE umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba etifundvweni tabo.  [phumula]  Yetama kuvumela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi anake kakhulu ngesikhatsi asebenta. Batjele kutsi utabasita nangabe badzinga lusito.  Ungaphindze ubasekele ngekutsi ubabute kutsi yini lokufanele bayente lamuhla, futsi ubancome nangabe bayifezile. | KUTHULA  Tfola indzawo lekhululekile lapho umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba angakwati khona kunaka tintfo.  UMKHUBA  Imisebenti yasesikolweni ibaluleke kwendlula imisebenti yasekhaya.  KWESEKELA  Babute kutsi yini labafuna kuyifeza futsi ubancome nabayifinyelela. | Cross out phone and music |
| Khumbula, kute wente kutsi umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba abe nesimo lesihle sekufundza, msite kutsi anake tintfo ngekumnika indzawo lekhululekile. Beka luhlelo lwemalanga onkhe lwekufundza ngaphambi kwekwenta imisebenti yasendlini, futsi usekele umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba etifundvweni takhe ngekutsi umente ati kutsi ungakhona kumsita nangabe adzinga lusito, bese umshiya kutsi afundze angakaphatamiseki.  Umsebenti wakho wekusebenta ekhaya lamuhla, kucoca nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi atfole indzawo lekahle yekufundza ekhaya. Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Sebenta nemntfwanakho kute nitfole indzawo yekufundza ekhaya. |  |

| Module: Learning from Mistakes | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona! Njengemtali, ungamsita umntfwana wakho kutsi afundze emaphutseni akhe. Nati tintfo letine longatenta:  Khuluma  [phumula]  Kudvumisa Umtamo  [phumula]  Vumela Emaphutsa kutsi enteke  [phumula]  Nekwabelana  Asesifundze kabanti ndzawonye. | Kufundza Emaphutseni   1. Khuluma 2. Kudvumisa Umtamo 3. Vumela Emaphutsa kutsi enteke 4. Kwabelana |  |
| [1] Kwekucala, Khuluma. Yenta kube nesikhatsi sekutsi umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba akhulume nawe ngekuphila kwakhe.  Yetama kumbuta kutsi luhambe njani lusuku lwakhe esikolweni. . Nangabe lilanga labo belimatima, balalele futsi ubanikete litfuba lekutsi bahlanganyele. Basekele futsi ukhombise kutsi uyabakhatsalela. Batjele kutsi, "Loko kuvakala kumatima."  [2] lolandzelako, bancome ngemetamo yabo.  Mdvumise ngemetamo layentako yekufundza, ngisho nobe ehlulekile. Gubha lomsebenti ndzawonye! Kwenta imetamo kubaluleke kakhulu kwendlula kufundza likhono lelitsite.  [3] Kwesitsatfu, vumela kutsi utawenta emaphutsa.  Vumela umntfwana wakho kutsi ente emaphutsa. Bayekele bafundze emaphutseni abo kute bakhule. Kuyalingeka kutsi ufune kucatulula tonkhe tinkinga temntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba, ikakhulukati nangabe wati lokunyenti ngaye, kodvwa loko ngeke kumfundzise indlela yekuticatulula. Khuluma nemntfwanakho ngemaphutsa akhe futsi umvumele kutsi atfole tindlela tekucatulula tinkinga takhe kute sente kancono esikhatsini lesitako.  [4] Ekugcineni, KWABELANA  Yetama kutjela umntfwanakho ngemaphutsa akho futsi nicoce ngekutsi akusite njani wakhula.  Loku kutawusita umntfwana wakho kutsi abone kutsi akudzingeki kuba ngulophelele ngaso sonkhe sikhatsi. | KHULUMA  Khuluma ngemalanga emntfwana wakho esikolweni.  KUDVUMISA UMTAMO  Kwenta imetamo kubaluleke kakhulu kwendlula kufundza likhono.  VUMELA EMAPHUTSA KUTSI ENTEKE.   Bantfwana labaseminyakeni yekutfomba kufanele bafundze emaphutseni abo.  Khuluma  ngemaphutsa akho |  |
| Khumbula, kute usite bantfwana bakho kutsi bafundze emaphutseni abo:  [phumula]  [1] Vumela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi akhulume nawe ngekuphila kwakhe.  [2] Yincome imetamo leyentiwe ngumntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba, ngisho nobe ingaphumeleli.  [3] Vumela umntfwana wakho kutsi ente emaphutsa. Bayekele bafundze emaphutseni abo kute bakhule.  [4] Tjela umntfwanakho ngemaphutsa akho futsi ucoce ngekutsi akusite njani kutsi ukhule.  Umsebenti wakho wasekhaya kutsi ucocele umntfwana wakho indzaba lekhuluma ngesikhatsi lofundza ngaso emaphutseni akho. Kungaba kusikolwa, nobe kulesinye sifundvo sekuphila. [phumula] Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | 1. Khuluma 2. Kudvumisa Umtamo 3. Vumela Emaphutsa kutsi enteke 4. Kwabelana   Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Tjela umntfwana wakho indzaba lemayelana nesikhatsi lowente ngaso liphutsa nekutsi yini loyifundzile. |  |

| Module: Learning How to Work with Other People | | |
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| Siyakwemukela ku-ParentText. Ungasita umntfwana wakho kutsi afundze kusebenta nalabanye ngekutsi umkhutsate kutsi abe nebuhlobo lobuhle nalabanye futsi asebente njengelicembu.  Asesifundze kabanti ndzawonye. | Kufundza Kusebenta Naletinye Bantfu  Bani Nebangani  Kusebenta ngelicembu |  |
| Kwekucala, tihlanganise nebantfu. Vumela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi atadishe nebangani bakhe ngendlela lephephile. Ungababita ngekutsi ''bangani labafundza nabo.''  Ungaphindze usite umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi asebentisane nalabanye ngekutsi umkhutsate kutsi abalalele futsi ahloniphe imibono yabo. | Bani Nebangani  Vumela bangani labafundza nabo.  Kuceceshela Kusebenta Ngelicembu  Ngekuhlonipha labanye. |  |
| Umsebenti wakho wekusebenta ekhaya lamuhla kucoca nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba futsi ukhetse umuntfu longafundza naye liviki lelitako. Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya  Sita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba atfole umuntfu longafundza naye. |  |

| Module: Create Routines with My Teen | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona! Kuloluhlelo, sitawufundza indlela yekwakha luhlelo lwekusebenta nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba.  Kusukela emsebentini wesikolwa kuya emisebentini yasendlini, kuba nemsebenti lowentako onkhe malanga nemntfwana wakho kungamsita ative avikelekile. Nati tintfo letintsatfu lokufanele utikhumbule nawutfutfukisa luhlelo lwakho:  Bani Licembu  [phumula]  Ungagucuki  [phumula]  Dvumisa | Yakha Imikhuba Nemntfwana Wakho Loseminyakeni Yekutfomba   1. Bani Licembu 2. Ungagucuki 3. Dvumisa |  |
| Kwekucala, Bani Licembu.  [phumula]  Khuluma nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngekutsi ufuna luhlelo lwakhe lwemalanga onkhe nelweliviki lube njani.  Umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba utawuhlala anetimiso letinhle nangabe utibekela tona. | BANI LICEMBU  Sebentisanani kute nente luhlelo lwenu. |  |
| Lokulandzelako, Bani Ngalokungagucuki  [phumula]  Nasewente luhlelo lwemalanga onkhe, ciniseka kutsi umntfwana wakho uyalulandzela.  Loku kwenta umntfwana wakho ative avikelekile.  Kutiva uvikelekile kusho kutsi umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba utawuba nendzawo yekukhula.  Nati letinye tetintfo longatenta nemntfwanakho:  Sikhatsi sekulala  Imisebenti Yesikolwa  Imisebenti yasekhaya  Sikhatsi sekudla  Sikhatsi sekudlala/sekukhululeka  Sikhatsi sekubukela i-Tv nobe sekusebentisa tintfo tebuchwephesha  Sikhatsi setinganekwane  Citsa sikhatsi nebangani kanye nemndeni | UNGAGUCUKI  Luhlelo lwemalanga onkhe lusita bantfwana betfu kutsi bative baphephile. |  |
| Kwekugcina, dvumisani.  [phumula]  Mbonge umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngekwenta luhlelo lwemalanga onkhe kanye nawe futsi umncome nangabe alwenta! | DVUMISA  Bancome nabatigcina emalungiselelo abo emalanga onkhe! |  |
| Khumbula, kute ube nemkhuba lomuhle nemntfwanakho:  [phumula]  [1] Bani nelicembu futsi nisebente ndzawonye kute nente luhlelo lwemalanga onkhe.  [2] Sita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi alandzele luhlelo lwakhe lwemalanga onkhe.  [3] Kwekugcina, bancome. Mdvumise ngekuhlela luhlelo lwakhe lwekwenta tintfo kanye nawe futsi uphindze umncome nangabe ubona kutsi uyachubeka naloluhlelo.  Umsebenti wakho ekhaya kucoca nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngeluhlelo lwemalanga onkhe. Ukulungele yini? | 1. Bani Licembu 2. Ungagucuki 3. Dvumisa   Umsebenti wasekhaya:  Khuluma nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngeluhlelo lwemalanga onkhe. |  |

| Module: Set Family Rules | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona!  Lamuhla, likhono lekuba ngumtali likhuluma ngendlela lesingabeka ngayo imitsetfo yemndeni kanye nebantfwana betfu labaseminyakeni yekutfomba. Nangabe ubeka imitsetfo yasekhaya nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba, khumbula letinyatselo letine:  Bani Licembu  [phumula]  Yenta Lokuliciniso  [phumula]  Ungagucuki  [phumula]  Dvumisa Ngalokuvamile | Beka Imitsetfo Yemndeni   1. Bani Licembu 2. Yenta Lokuliciniso 3. Ungagucuki 4. Dvumisa Ngalokuvamile |  |
| Kwekucala, Bani Licembu.  Tjela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi abambe lichaza nawubeka imitsetfo yasekhaya. Loko kutawenta kutsi umntfwana wakho alandzele. Cocani ngetizatfu talomtsetfo futsi nilalele imibono yabo.  Ngemuva kwaloko, yenta tintfo ngendlela lefanele.  Yenta imitsetfo yakho ivumelane naloko umntfwana wakho langakwenta. Umtsetfo munye ngasikhatsi ulula. Bani nesiciniseko kutsi bayakucondza loko lofuna bakwente. Cinisekisa kutsi umtsetfo ulungile.  [3] Sinyatselo sesitsatfu kutsi ungagucuki. Nangabe sewubeke umtsetfo, unamatsele kuwo! Nangabe ngaso sonkhe sikhatsi ulindzele kutsi umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba alalele umtsetfo lotsite, kutawuba melula ngaye kutsi awulalele. Nangabe lomtsetfo usebenta nakuwe, njengekudla ndzawonye njengemndeni kanye ngeliviki, kubalulekile kutsi nawe uwugcine.  [4] Kwekugcina, dvumisa njalo. Mbonge umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngekubeka imitsetfo yasekhaya nawe. Njengalabo labalandzela sicondziso nobe batiphatsa kahle, bancome ngaso sonkhe sikhatsi nabahlonipha umtsetfo! | BANI LICEMBU  Yakhani imitsetfo ndzawonye  BANI NELICINISO  Gcina imitsetfo yakho icacile futsi icacile.  UNGAGUCUKI  Ciniseka kutsi wena nemntfwanakho niyayilandzela imitsetfo.  Dvumisa Ngalokuvamile  Njalo nawubona kutsi umntfwana wakho uyayilandzela, mbonge. |  |
| Khumbula: [Phumula]  [1] Bani licembu futsi wente imitsetfo ndzawonye.  [2] Gcina imitsetfo yakho icacile futsi imfishane.  [3] Sebentisa lemitsetfo ngasonke sikhatsi.  [4] Mdvumise njalo umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. Bancome ngekukusita kutsi ubeke umtsetfo futsi ubancome nangekutsi bawulandzele.  Umsebenti wakho ekhaya kutsi wetame kwenta lokungenani munye umtsetfo wemndeni nemntfwanakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. Ungakwenta yini loko lamuhla? | 1. Bani Licembu 2. Yenta Lokuliciniso 3. Ungagucuki 4. Dvumisa Ngalokuvamile   Umsebenti wasekhaya: kutsi wetame kwenta lokungenani munye umtsetfo wemndeni nemntfwanakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba. |  |

| Module: Know Online Safety Basics | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona! Kuvikela umntfwana wakho kutsi angangeni engotini futsi abe nemikhuba lemihle yekusebentisa i-Internet kungase kubonakale kumatima ngaletinye tikhatsi.  Mayelana nekuphepha ku-Internet, kunetintfo letine lokufanele utikhumbule:  FUNDZA,  VIKELA  Yakha imikhuba lemihle  nekwakha kwetsembana.  [1] Lamuhla, sitawucoca ngeteluleko [phumula] KUFUNDZA [phumula] kanye nekuVIKELA.  Esifundvweni lesilandzelako sitawucoca [phumula] ngekwakha imikhuba lemihle [phumula] kanye nekwakha kwetsemba.  Asesicale. | Tati Timiso Letisisekelo Tekuphepha Ku-Internet   1. Fundza 2. Vikela 3. Yakha imikhuba lemihle 4. Nekwakha kwetsembana | [1] circle draws around learn and protect |
| Kwekucala, fundza ngetingoti tekusebentisa i-Internet.  [phumula] Lokucuketfwe [phumula] Kuchumana, [phumula] kanye nekutiphatsa  [1] Kwekucala, lokucuketfwe. Umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba angahlangana netintfo letingaba yingoti ku-Internet, letifaka ekhatsi budlova, kutondvwa kwalabasikati, titfombe letikhombisa kungcola, kwatiswa lokungemanga nobe kutondvwa kwebantfu labavela kulamanye emave.  [2] Ngemuva kwaloko, Kuchumana. Umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba angatsintfwa nga bantfu labangamati nobe bantfu labadzala labatenta bantfu labaseminyakeni yekutfomba, bacele titfombe letikhombisa kungcola nobe baze bamcele kutsi bahlangane.  [3] Kwekugcina, kutiphatsa. Bantfwana labaseminyakeni yekutfomba bangenta tintfo letingabavisa buhlungu labanye bantfu ku-Internet, nobe babe bahlukunyetwa baloku.  Ngaletinye tikhatsi kuba matima kuvikela bantfwana betfu labaseminyakeni yekutfomba kuto tonkhe letingoti. Ngenhlanhla, kunetindlela letinyenti longativikela ngato. | FUNDZA   1. Lokucuketfwe 2. Kuchumana 3. Kutiphatsa |  |
| Tinyenti tindlela longenta ngato i-Internet ibe yindzawo lephephile kumntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba.  [1] Khuluma nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba: Ngumaphi ema-app kanye nema-website laphephile futsi ngawaphi langaphephile? Yini leyabangela loko?  [2] Sita umntfwana wakho kutsi afundze kubhala emaphasiwedi lacinile kute avikele tintfo takhe. | VIKELA   1. Khuluma nemntfwana wakho 2. Beka emaphasiwedi lacinile |  |
| Emhlanganweni lolandzelako, sitawuchubeka nekufundza ngekuphepha ku-inthanethi. Lamuhla, umsebenti wakho ekhaya kutsi ubute umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi, "Wentani kute uhlale uphephile ku-Internet?"  Ungase utfole kutsi sebavele bacabanga ngekuphepha ku-Internet. Mbonge ngemetamo layentako.  Ungakhuluma yini nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba lamuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya  Imisebenti yasekhaya Buta umntfwana wakho: Yini loyentako kute uhlale uphephile ku-Internet? |  |

| Module: Building Habits and Trust Online | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Sawubona futsi! Kuvikela umntfwana wakho kutsi angangeni engotini futsi abe nemikhuba lemihle yekusebentisa i-Internet kungase kubonakale kumatima ngaletinye tikhatsi.  Mayelana nekuphepha ku-Internet, kunetintfo letine lokufanele utikhumbule. Ngaphambilini, sifundze ngeteluleko tekUFUNDZA nekuVIKELA.  Lamuhla sitawucoca ngetindlela tekwakha imikhuba lemihle kanye nekwakha kwetsembana.  Asesicale. | Gcina umntfwana wami loseminyakeni yekutfomba aphephile ku-Internet   1. Fundza 2. Vikela 3. Yakha imikhuba lemihle 4. Nekwakha kwetsembana |  |
| Kwekucala, kwakha imikhuba ekhaya lakho leyenta kube nekuphepha ku-Internet kanye nebuhlobo lobuhle nayo.  [phumula] Hlela tikhatsi lapho ungeke usebentise khona lucingo ekhaya lakho, njengasikhatsi sekudla, umsebenti wasekhaya nobe usembhedeni.  [Phumula] Vumela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi akhulume nebantfu labati kahle ku-internet. Akukafaneli batjele labanye imininingwane yabo etindzaweni tekuchumana nobe kubantfu labangabati.  [phumula]Ngaphambi kwekugcwalisa emafomu lacela imininingwane yakho, hlola kutsi likheli le-web licala nga https://. Emawebhusayithi lacala nga-http:// angase angabi nesiciniseko.  [Phumula] Sita umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi akhe emaphasiwedi lacinile.  Emaphasiwedi lamahle  [Phumula] lelidze  [phumula] angafaki imininingwane lemcoka lefaka ekhatsi ligama lakho nobe lusuku lwakho lwekutalwa  [phumula] futsi kufake ekhatsi tinhlavu letinkhulu naletincane, tinombolo netimphawu. | Yakha imikhuba lemihle  Beka sikhatsi lapho ungeke ukhone kusebentisa lucingo khona ekhaya  Hlola emakheli e-web  http:// https://  Beka emaphasiwedi lacinile:  lelidze  Ungafaki imininingwane yakho  -Faka ekhatsi tinhlavu letinkhulu naletincane, tinombolo netimphawu. | Animate password details to explain better. |
| Kwekugcina, yenta kutsi umntfwana wakho akutsembe.  [1]  Hlola ndzawonye ema-website abo, tinhlelo tekuchumana, imidlalo kanye netinhlelo tekuchumana labatisebentisako.  [2]  Buta imibuto - loku kutakusita kutsi ufundze lokunyenti ngetintfo letitsandvwa ngumntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba!  [3]  Nangabe kukhona lokukhatsatako, khuluma nabo ngako.  [4]  Tjela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi nangabe ativa esaba, angakaphephile nobe akhatsatekile ngenca yalokutsite lakwentako ku-Internet, kufanele akutjele umuntfu lomdzala ngekushesha futsi acele lusito kute akubikele ngako.  Njengobe nje ugcina umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba aphephile emhlabeni mbamba, nawe kufanele wente siciniseko sekutsi aphephile nasemhlabeni webuchwephesha. Ngekulandzela letinyatselo, ungabavikela futsi uciniseke kutsi sikhatsi labasicitsa ku-Internet sivikelekile kute bachubeke bafundza. Uwenta kahle kakhulu umsebenti wakho! | Kwakha kwetsembana   1. Hlolani ndzawonye ema-website, tinhlelo tekuchumana, imidlalo netinhlelo letisetjentiswa ngumntfwana wakho 2. Buta Imibuto 3. Khulumani ngekukhatsateka ngetintfo ndzawonye. 4. Tjela umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi nangabe atfukile nobe ativa angakaphephile, kufanele atjele umuntfu lomdzala. |  |
| Naku longakwenta lamuhla kute uciniseke kutsi bantfwana bakho labaseminyakeni yekutfomba baphephile ku-Internet:  [1]  Kwekucala, bhala phansi nobe udvwebe ema-app kanye nema-website latfolakala kubantfwana bakho  [2]  Lolandzelako, mbonge ngekusebentisa kwakhe kahle i-Internet!  [3]  Ngemuva kwaloko, khulumani nge mawebhusayithi nobe ema-app letingaba yingoti. Bacoce ngekutsi yini lengabenta bangavikeleki.  [4]  Kwekugcina, khulumani ngendlela umntfwana wakho kanye nebangani bakhe labangasebentisa ngayo i-Internet ngekuphepha.  Wena nemntfwanakho ningakhona yini kuwucedza lomsebenti lamuhla? | Umsebenti wasekhaya:  [1] Bhala phansi nobe udvwebe tinhlelo tekuchumana kanye nema-website lasetjentiswa ngumntfwana wakho  [2] Dvumisa umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngekusebentisa kahle i-Internet!  [3] Khuluma ngekutsi ngumaphi emasayithi nobe ema-app lokungenteka kunga phephanga. Yini leyabangela loko?  [4] Khulumani ngendlela umntfwana wakho kanye nebangani bakhe labangasebentisa ngayo i-Internet ngekuphepha. | Illustrate as needed |

| Module: Understand Needs & Wants | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Lomgomo, sitawufundza ngetinyatselo letine tekwakha umnotfo wemndeni. Loku kutakusita wena nemntfwanakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kutsi nicondze kancono kutsi imali igcinwa njani futsi isetjentiswa njani emndenini. Lamuhla sitawufundza ngesinyatselo sekucala: [yekuphumula] kucondza tidzingo takho kanye naloko lokufunako. | Kucondza Tidzingo Nelukufunako |  |
| Bhala luhla lwetintfo wena nobe umntfwana wakho leningeke nikhone kuphila ngaphandle kwato. Letintfo tibalulekile kute umndeni wakho usindze. Loku kungafaka ekhatsi [phumula]kudla, [phumula]insipho, [phumula]imitsi, [phumula]imali yesikolwa kanye nemali yendlu. | Tfola Tidzingo | Time entry of want list animated. Localize currency |
| Ngemuva kwaloko, tfola lokofunako.    Bhala luhla lwetintfo wena nobe umntfwana wakho lomusha lenitifunako. Letintfo tihle kodvwa atidzingeki.  [phumula]  Nasi sibonelo, idathat, [phumula]lucingo lolusha, [phumula]imali yetekutfutsa kute uvakashele umngani, [phumula]nobe sipho lesikhetsekile. | Tfola lokofunako | Time entry of need list animated. Localize currency |
| Ekugcineni, khuluma. [phumula]    Bantfu bavame kubona tintfo ngetindlela letehlukene. Khuluma nemntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba ngetidzingo takhe kanye netintfo latifunako. Loku kutakusita kutsi nicondzane. Nangabe ubacondza, ungababandakanya ekutsatseni tincumo ngekusebentisa imali. Kufaka umntfwana wakho loseminyakeni yekutfomba kuloluhlelo kutawumfundzisa indlela yekusebentisa kahle imali futsi kutawucinisa buhlobo benu. | Khuluma |  |
| Umsebenti wakho wekusebenta ekhaya kutsi wetame kucoca ngetidzingo takho temali nemntfwanakho. Unaso yini sikhatsi sekukwenta lamuhla? | Bhalani tintfo lenitidzingako kanye netintfo lenitifunako, ndzawonye. |  |

| Module: Talking about Monthly Expenses | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about the four steps to building a family budget with our teens. Today, we are learning about step two: [pause] talking about monthly expenses.  Here is an easy and fun way to do this with your teen. | Talking about Monthly Expenses |  |
| Get a piece of paper or anything else you can write on, and a pen. Next, draw pictures of all the things you and your family members spend money on each month.  [pause]  Then, write next to each picture how much each thing costs. Lastly, add up how much you spend monthly. | 1. Gather supplies 2. Draw pictures 3. Write in costs 4. Add up the costs | Begin with blank page  add items to blank piece of paper  add prices on to this piece of paper |
| Take a picture of your monthly expenses. You’ll need this information for the next lesson!  This is a great first step to family budgeting! |  | See if there’s a way to show a camera flash? |
| Your Home Activity is to find time to do this activity with your teen. Do you have time to do it today? | Home Activity: Make a list of monthly expenses with your teen. |  |

| Module: Making a Monthly Budget | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about the four steps to building a family budget with our teens. Today, we are reviewing step three: [pause] making a monthly budget | Making a Monthly Budget |  |
| First, take the piece of paper from the monthly expenses activity that shows all the things you spend money on during a month. |  | Show end of prev. Module pic |
| Second, add up the money your family has available each month. This can be from a job, welfare grants, or even money sent to the family by other relatives. |  | Show scribbles adding up |
| Now, decide with your teen which of the expenses are things that you NEED and which are things that you WANT. Draw a star next to everything that you NEED. Add up all the things that have a star next to it. |  | Return to prev. Module pic and insert hand drawn stars |
| Is the amount more or less than your monthly budget? If it is less, you can add some things that you WANT. If it is more, then you may want to discuss with your teen which things are really NEEDS. You may need to make difficult choices between different things. |  | Show bottom of both pages (Star total and income total) with total sums circled |
| Your home activity is to work with your teen to create your family budget together. Do you have time to do it today? | Home Activity: Work with Your Teen to Set a Monthly Budget |  |

| Module: Make a Saving Plan | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about the four steps to building a family budget with our teens. Today, we are reviewing the final step: [pause] make a saving plan. | Make a Saving Plan |  |
| First, discuss with your teen different reasons that you might want to save money. These could include: [pause]  Preparing for emergencies, [pause]  Buying something nice for you or your teen, [pause]  Doing something fun together as a family, or [pause]  Planning for future big expenses like improvements on your home or for your teen’s education. | Decide: What are you saving for? | Images timed to show reasons for saving |
| Second, set a target amount that you want to save. [pause]  Look at your monthly budget from the last activity.  [pause]  Discuss with your teen how much you can save each week and each month. | Decide: How much can you save each week or month towards your goal? | Illustrate how small amounts saved over time, create a large sum |
| Third, talk with your teen about different ways to keep money safe for future use. [pause]  These could include: [pause]  Saving at a bank, [pause]  Keeping money safe at home, [pause]  Keeping money in a savings and loan group, or [pause]  Buying livestock like goats or cattle. [pause]  Decide which way of saving money would work best for the family. | Decide: The best way to keep saved money safe.   1. At a bank 2. At home 3. In a savings and loan group 4. Buying livestock, like goats or cattle |  |
| The final step is identifying ways to get support. Your government or community groups may be giving money, vouchers, or food parcels to families in need. Think about whether there are places in your community that provide support. | Find Support |  |
| If you can try and save even a tiny amount each month for the future or for an emergency. This can make a big difference over time.  Your home activity is to create a saving plan with your teen. Do you have time to do it today?  Remember to praise yourself and your teen for taking the time to make a savings plan together. Congratulations! | Home Activity: Create a saving plan with your teen. |  |

| Module: Be Kind to Myself | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Welcome to ParentText. There are three steps to help you be kind to yourself. In a few days, we will learn to use the same steps with our teens, but first, let’s practise with ourselves: NOTICE, SAY IT’S OKAY, and BE KIND.  Let’s get started. | Be Kind to Myself |  |
| First, NOTICE.  Sometimes, it seems easier to ignore negative feelings so they will go away. But ignoring them only means they will come up later - or get worse! When you feel any negative emotion, notice that you are feeling it. It can be helpful to name this feeling for yourself. You can notice that you are feeling shameful, embarrassed, jealous or angry.  Next, SAY IT’S OK.  Take a pause or a few deep breaths. Now, say to yourself, “It’s OK,” because it is OK to have negative feelings - everyone does sometimes! Often, these feelings come up for a good reason and can tell us something. It really is OK!  Finally, BE KIND  When you notice these feelings, it’s important to be kind and patient with yourself. Think about what kind of advice a loving friend or family member might give you now. | **Notice** your emotions, even if they are negative.  **Say “It’s OK,”** because it is!  **Be kind** to yourself. |  |
| Before we finish, let's practise self-care.  Sit down  [3 sec pause]  close your eyes  [2 sec pause]  listen to your breath as it goes in and out.  [3 sec pause]  Notice how you feel.  [3 sec pause]  When you are ready, open your eyes again.  [3 sec pause]  Do you sometimes feel your feelings are too much?  Talk to someone.  Talk to someone you trust. Talk to a friend. Talk to family.  Get your worries off your chest and then let them go. Even if it’s just for a moment.  [pause]  How do you feel now?  A joy shared is twice the joy and a problem shared is half the problem.  Parents sometimes need help and support just like teens do! | Take a Pause | Box Breathing GIF |
| Your Home Activity Now is to take a moment to practice taking a pause again today. The more you practice self care and taking a pause, the easier it will become! Can you do it? | Home Activity  Take a Pause |  |

| Module: Help my Teen with Stress | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about caring for our teen’s wellbeing. One way to care for your teen’s wellbeing is to help them with stress.  Here are 3 tips on how you can support your teen when they are stressed about something.  Notice  [Pause]  Talk  [Pause]  Be There  Let’s learn more together. | Help my Teen with Stress   1. Notice 2. Talk 3. Be There |  |
| [1]  First, notice when your teen feels stressed. Their behaviour will often show when they are stressed. They might get angry a lot, want to be alone all the time, struggle to focus, feel tired, or have no motivation to do any work.  Look for these signs so you can address stress more directly.  [2] Next, talk. Ask your teen about what makes them stressed.  Try to accept whatever they say. You might find they feel a lot of stress about something that feels small to us. But to them, it might feel huge!  Let them tell you about what gives them stress without judging them.  [3]Finally, Just be there for them.  Listen to what they say, even if you can’t do anything about it, and remind them it is okay to feel stressed.  Help them decide which things are more important to worry about, and which aren’t. You could also help them take steps to change what is causing their stress where they can, or to prepare for whatever they are stressing about. This will really help them feel supported and secure. | NOTICE  Look for the signs of stress in your teen.  TALK  Learn what makes your teen feel stressed, without judgement.  BE THERE  Be available to your teen and help them learn how to manage it. |  |
| Remember, to help your teen with stress:  [1]Notice the signs of stress in your teen  [pause]  [2]Talk with them about what makes them feel stress.  [pause]  [3]And be there for them when they are feeling stressed.  [pause]  Your home activity is to talk with your teen about what makes them stressed. Make a list with them of some things give them stress, and what they could do to either avoid them if possible or cope with the stress when it happens.  Ask your teen how you can help them when they are stressed, too. You can come back to this list next time you notice your teen might feel stressed.  Can you do this with your teen today? | 1. Notice 2. Talk 3. Be There   Home Activity: Make a list with your teen about the things that give them stress and talk about what they could do to cope with them. |  |

| Module: Show my Teen Kindness | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about caring for our teen’s wellbeing. One way to care for your teen’s wellbeing is to show them kindness and support them, especially when they are having a hard time. Here are four simple steps to remember:  Notice  [Pause]  Listen [Pause]  Say It’s Okay [Pause]  And Comfort | Show my Teen Kindness   1. Notice 2. Listen 3. Say It’s Okay 4. Comfort |  |
| [1] The first step is Notice. It is important that you are aware and notice when your teen is frustrated or upset. Look out for common behaviour, like angry outbursts, shouting, or spending lots of time alone.  [2] The second step is to listen. Give space for your teen to share what they are experiencing. Try to accept what your teen is saying. Let your teen know that you are listening by repeating, or restating, what they’ve already told you.  [3]Next, let your teen know that their feelings are normal and that everyone feels like this sometimes. Tell them it is okay to feel like this.  [4]Finally, comfort your teen, and remind them to be kind to themselves. Be patient and give them time to work through their emotions. If you think it could help, speak to them about what they could do differently next time. | NOTICE  Look for signs or behaviours that might show your teen is upset.  LISTEN  Allow your teen to share their feelings.  SAY IT’S OKAY  These feelings are normal.  COMFORT  Remind your teen to be kind to themselves. |  |
| Of course, not every feeling or situation is okay. Remember, if you need help in a crisis, you can type HELP in ParentText to receive a list of community resources where you may find support. | HELP | Phone typing |
| Remember, to treat your teen with kindness,  Notice signs or behaviours that show your teen is upset.  Listen to them when they share their experience.  Say It’s Okay and remind them that their feelings are normal.  Finally, Comfort them. Remind them to be kind to themselves.  Take some time and go through these tips again so you can easily use them when you need them. To review, you can rewatch this video.  Can you review them today? | 1. Notice 2. Listen 3. Say It’s Okay 4. Comfort   Home Activity:  Review these tips again. |  |

| Module: Know the Warning Signs | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we are learning about caring for our teen’s wellbeing. An important way to care for your teen’s wellbeing is to know the warning signs. Warning signs tell us that our teen needs help.  Here are three steps to help you know the warning signs:  [pause] Notice  [pause] Act Early  [pause] and Get Help | Know the Warning Signs   1. Notice 2. Act Early 3. Get Help |  |
| First, notice the warning signs and behaviours that could show that there may be a problem with your teen’s mental health. These symptoms include:  A lot of sleeping or no sleeping  Loss of interest in hobbies  Sudden loss in school and decrease in grades at school  Sudden changes in personality, for example a lot of anger  Feeling sad, empty, or worthless  A lot of worry  Irritability or restlessness  Not wanting to be around people or take part in activities  Extreme panic  Drug and alcohol use  Signs of self-harm, such as cut marks  Or Expressing ideas about killing oneself | NOTICE  A lot sleeping or no sleeping  Loss of interest in hobbies  Sudden loss in school and decrease in grades at school  Sudden changes in personality, for example a lot of anger  Feeling sad, empty, or worthless  A lot of worry  Irritability or restlessness  Not wanting to be around people or take part in activities  Extreme panic  Drug and alcohol use  Signs of self-harm, such as cut marks  Expressing ideas about killing oneself | Time text to spoken words |
| Next, it’s important to act early if you notice some of these signs.  It could be that these warning signs could develop into serious problems. Early intervention can have a positive impact on their well-being. | ACT EARLY  before things get worse. |  |
| The third step is Get Help.  Getting help is important, but be sure to respect your teen’s privacy. Talk to your teen about what kind of support they might need.  Support for you is also really important. Ask for help if you need it. Having a support system can make all the difference. | GET HELP  Find support for you and your teen. |  |
| Remember, to help care for your teen:  [1] Notice the warning signs  [2] Act early before it gets worse.  [3] and get help  Your Home Activity is to have a conversation with Your Teen about different sources of support in your community. Share how these resources can be helpful. You can involve other members of the family, too.  Can you make a list with your teen today? | 1. Notice 2. Act Early 3. Get Help   Home Activity: Talk with your teen about places of support in the community. |  |

| Module: Manage My Stress | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we’re learning about managing your teen’s behaviour. To care for our teen, we must first care for ourselves. Learning how to manage your stress is really important for your health and mental well-being, and it will help you develop positive relationships with your teen.  Here are 3 steps on how you can manage your stress:  Reflect  [pause]  Identify  [pause]  And routine. | Manage my Stress   1. Reflect 2. Identify 3. Routine |  |
| First, Reflect.  Grab a pen and piece of paper and take a moment to reflect on how much stress you are feeling. Write down from 0 to 100 how stressed you are.    Reflect on how you feel the stress in your body? Do you feel tense, do you have low energy, trouble sleeping and concentrating, overwhelmed. Write all these feelings down.  Knowing how your body responds to stress, can help you manage it. | REFLECT  Write down how stressed you are, from 0 to 100.  Write down your feelings. | Show chart, 0 to 100 and a pin-point. |
| Now, write down the main stressors in your life. Knowing why you feel stress can help you address the stressor and learn how to cope and manage it.  Next, write down a list of activities that make you happy. These will be your self-care activities. There are different types of self-care activities, such as walking, praying, having tea with friends, or gardening. | IDENTIFY  The things in life that cause you stress and the things you do that bring you happiness. |  |
| The final step is routine.  How can you reduce stress in your daily life?  [pause]  How many self-care activities can you fit in your routine?  Try and make time for at least one self-care activity a day. | ROUTINE  Adjust your routine to reduce your stress and practice self-care. |  |
| Remember to manage your stress:  [1] Reflect on how you are feeling.  [2] Identify the things that cause you stress, and those that help you feel joy.  [3] Adjust your routine to reduce stress and increase moments of happiness.  For your home activity, write down a list of activities that you can do for yourself that bring you joy. They can be something simple like going for a walk or chatting with a friend.  Can you do it today? | 1. Reflect 2. Identify 3. Routine   Home Activity: Write a list of activities that bring you joy. |  |

| Module: Manage Teen Misbehaviour | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| In this goal, we’re learning about managing your teen’s behaviour and today we’re learning how to manage misbehaviour. This skill is all about how you can reduce negative behaviour by redirecting your teen to positive ones. When you think your teen is about to misbehave, you can stop their misbehaviour before it starts with redirection.  Here are 4 steps to redirect teen behaviour:  Be calm, quick, clear and positive.    Let’s learn more about these steps. | Manage Teen Misbehaviour   1. Be Calm 2. Be Quick 3. Be Clear 4. Be Positive |  |
| [1] First, be calm. Try to take a pause or a few breaths before redirecting your teen. Speak with a calm voice.  [2]Be quick. Try to redirect your teen before the bad behaviour begins or gets worse. It is much easier that way!  [3]Be clear. Rather than telling them to stop doing something, tell them what you want them to do. For example, if your teen is being too loud, rather than saying “don’t shout” you can say “please speak more quietly.”  [4]Be positive. Praise your teen when they behave well. | BE CALM  Take a pause then speak with a calm voice.  BE QUICK  Redirect them before the bad behaviour begins or gets worse.  BE CLEAR  Tell your teen what you want them to do.  BE POSITIVE  Praise your teen when they do what you ask. |  |
| Redirecting your teen to a positive behaviour will help you avoid conflicts and keep your teen under a Sunshine of Positive Attention. You can do it!  Remember, to manage teen misbehaviour, they should be redirected. To redirect, you should:  [1] take a pause and be calm when you communicate with them.  [2] be quick and redirect them immediately when you notice the behaviour.  [3] be clear and tell your teen what you want them to do, rather than what you want them to stop doing, and  [4] Be positive and praise your teen when they do as you ask.  Your home activity is to share these four steps with another member of your family. Sharing these skills will be great for everyone’s well being.  Can you share these tips today? | 1. Be Calm 2. Be Quick 3. Be Clear 4. Be Positive   Home Activity: Share these steps with another member of your family. |  |

| Module: Solve Problems with My Teen | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! In this goal, we’re learning about managing your teen’s behaviour and today we’re learning how to solve problems with our teens. When something bad happens, we often get upset and blame our teenagers. But what they really need is someone to help them work through their problems.  First, Take a Pause! Become aware of anger and stress. Take a few deep breaths before you react. Then respond in a calmer way.  Here are 4 basic steps on how you can help your teen learn how to solve problems: KNOW IT, SOLVE IT, TRY IT, TEST IT | Solve Problems with My Teen   1. Know it 2. Solve it 3. Try it 4. Test it |  |
| Step 1 is Know It. Identify the problem by talking with your teen about what the problem is. Put the problem into words. | KNOW IT  Put the problem into words. |  |
| Step 2 is to Solve It. Think of all the possible solutions to your teen’s problem with them. Imagine together what their results will be. What could you or your teen do differently in this situation in the future? | SOLVE IT  Think of the possible solutions to your problem, and their outcome. |  |
| Step 3 is to Try It. Choose 1 solution and try it out the next time your in a similar situation. | TRY IT  Choose 1 solution to try next time. |  |
| Step 4 is to Test It. When you have the chance again, and try the solution out, ask yourself whether it worked. If it did, that’s great! If not, talk with your teen again to find a new solution. | TEST IT  “Did it work?” |  |
| Remember, to solve problems with your teen:  [1] Know the problem by putting it into words.  [2] With your teen, come up with ways to solve the problem.  [3] Choose 1 solution and commit to trying it next time.  [4] Test the solution. Did it work?  Try to find solutions together. Listen to your teen, accept how they see and feel things, and thank them for trusting you.  Remember, helping your teen learn how to solve problems will be something they take with them for the rest of their lives.  Your home activity is to talk with your teen about the four steps to problem solving by reviewing this module together. Knowing how to solve problems is something they can use for the rest of their lives!  Can you do it today? | 1. Know it 2. Solve it 3. Try it 4. Test it   Home Activity:  Talk with your teen about the four steps to problem solving. |  |

| Module: Teach my Teen Consequences | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! In this goal, we’re learning about managing your teen’s behaviour and today we’re learning how to teach our teens consequences.  All teenagers misbehave sometimes. It is normal while they are figuring out who they are and how they fit in the world. This parenting skill is about responding when our teens misbehave so they can learn what they should do instead.  Here are 3 simple steps:  Be Calm  Be Fair  Be Positive  Let’s learn more about these steps. | Teach my Teen Consequences   1. Be Calm 2. Be Fair 3. Be Positive |  |
| The first step is to Be Calm. The most important thing you can remember is to be calm when giving your teen consequences. If you start shouting, it will just make things worse. Take a couple of deep breaths or, walk away if you need to. Then respond in a calm and clear way.  [2] The second step is to Be Fair.  Make sure the consequence is reasonable and one you can follow through on. For example, take away their game for one hour, rather than a week.  When your teen misbehaves, give them the chance to follow your instruction before giving a consequence. For example, you can say, “Either you do your schoolwork now, or you cannot watch your favourite T.V. show tonight.”  This step is easiest if you have agreed on the consequences in advance. When you set household rules or routines, be sure to discuss the consequences for not following them.  [3] The third step is to Be Positive. Remind your teen what you *do* expect of them, and praise them every time you see behaviour you want to see. Another way you can avoid giving consequences in the first place is by redirecting your teen to something else, like: "How about you go for a quick walk?"  If you do give them a consequence, involve them in a positive activity afterwards.  Using consequences teaches teenagers to act knowing how it might affect themselves or others. It helps them make better decisions and take more responsibility, which are important lessons to learn as they get older. | BE CALM  Shouting will only make it worse.  BE FAIR  Be reasonable and give your teen the chance to obey.  BE POSITIVE  Say the behaviour you want to see. |  |
| Remember, to teach your teen consequences:  [1] communicate with them calmly.  [2] be fair in the consequences you offer and first give them a chance to obey, and  [3] Be positive. Remember to tell your teen what you want to see them doing, try redirecting their behaviour, and follow every consequence with a positive activity.  Your home activity is to write a list of consequences you can use that are fair. The list doesn’t have to be long. Think of reasonable responses to misbehaviour. This will prepare you for next time your teen is behaving badly.  Can you do it today? | 1. Be Calm 2. Be Fair 3. Be Positive   Home Activity:  Write a list of fair consequences. |  |

| Module: Community Safety | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! This goal is all about keeping your teen safe and today we are learning about community safety.  One way to keep your teen safe is to create a safety map with them. Together you can identify the safe and unsafe places in your community.  You can create a safety map in just three easy steps: Draw, Decide, and Discuss. | Community Safety   1. Draw 2. Decide 3. Discuss |  |
| The first step is to DRAW. Draw a map of your community that includes the main places you and your teen go. [1] This will include places like your house, school, streets, shops, and other places your teen visits. | DRAW | Begin with blank sheet. Animate on [1] |
| The next step is to DECIDE. Talk about places on your map and decide whether they are safe or not. Listen to your teen: they might have ideas about what’s safe too! When you have decided which are safe, circle those places. [1] Then, cross off any places that aren’t safe for teenagers. | DECIDE | Begin with previous sheet. Animate on [1] |
| The final step is to DISCUSS. Sometimes, we find ourselves in trouble. Discuss where you and your teen can get support in a crisis. This may be home, school, a police station, or a clinic. [1] Mark these places clearly on your map. | DISCUSS | Begin with previous sheet. Animate on [1] |
| Remember, to create a community safety map:  [1] Draw a map of your community  [2] Decide with your teen the places that are safe and unsafe.  [3] Discuss where they can go for help, and mark those places on the map.  Talking about safety with your teen is a small way to make a big difference. Remind them that they can tell you about anything unsafe that happens without you getting angry. This will help you build trust with your teen.  Your home activity is to build a community safety map. Do you have time in the next few days to create a community safety map with your teen? | 1. Draw 2. Decide 3. Discuss   Home Activity: Create a community safety map with your teen. |  |

| Module: Respond to Crises | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! This goal is all about keeping your teen safe and today we are learning about how to respond to your teen in a crisis.  It is important to support your teen when they experience a difficult situation. When helping your teen in a crisis, remember: breathe, listen, respond and comfort.  Let’s learn more about these steps together. | Respond to Crises   1. Breathe 2. Listen 3. Respond 4. Comfort |  |
| [1] While at first we might feel concerned, anxious or even angry, it’s important to remain calm, approachable and open.  The first step is to breathe. Stay calm. Ask yourself, “What does my teen need right now?”  [2] Next, listen. Allow your teen to share what they need to. Notice what they are feeling, such as shock or anger, and tell them you notice their emotions. This helps them feel understood. Tell your teen you are there for them and love them.  [3]The third step is to respond. What might help the situation? You might need to help your teen talk about their feelings or redirect their focus. Or you might need to discuss immediate actions to help them. You can give consequences later if needed.  [4]Finally, comfort your teen. It can be hard to see your teen feeling upset or confused, but there is a lot you can do to support them. They need you to accept them and provide comfort when in difficult situations. | BREATHE  Remain calm.  LISTEN  Listen to your teen and name their emotions.  RESPOND  What can help your teen right now?  COMFORT  Give your teen comfort. |  |
| Remember, you can always type HELP to ParentText to receive a list of contacts in your community for crisis support. They may be able to help. | HELP | Help Template |
| It can be difficult to see your child feeling upset or confused, but remember that there’s plenty you can do to support them during a difficult time. You’ve got this, you’re such a great parent!  Follow these steps whenever your teen shares something difficult. Supporting your teen through a crisis will also teach them how to support others in difficult times.  For your home activity, [1] Find a calm time to talk with Your Teen about possible crises that may happen. [2] Discuss what to do if they happen. [4] Revisit the Mapping Activity to identify other sources of support in the community. [5] And thank your teen for taking the time to chat about this.  Do you have time to do this today? | 1. Breathe 2. Listen 3. Respond 4. Comfort   Home Activity: [1] Talk with your teen about possible crises. [2] Discuss what to do if they happen [3] Revisit the community safety map and identify other sources of support in the community. [4] Thank your teen. | Animate sentences to script either as bullets or in paragraph form. Show map from previous activity. |

| Module: Teach Self Defence | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! This goal is all about keeping your teen safe and today we are learning about self defence.  When we do not feel safe, we are allowed to do anything to get away. We can USE OUR VOICE and USE OUR BODIES to protect ourselves. | Teach Self Defence   1. Use our voice 2. Use our bodies |  |
| When we do not feel safe, we are allowed to do anything to get away.   Remember the last scenario, where the man tried to force the girl into his car? How could the girl use her voice to get away? She might shout…   * ‘No!’ * “Someone help me!” * “I will call the police if you touch me again” * "Do not touch my bum”   ;  Or she might try something else…   * “I will do anything you want, just please don’t hurt me.” * “No lift for me, thanks. Last time I got a lift I threw up EVERYWHERE!” * “I can see that you are angry. Let’s sit together and talk about it.” * “I will give you my phone if you let me go.”   Consider, what would you do? There’s no wrong answer. | USE YOUR VOICE   * No! * Someone help me! * I will call the police if you touch me again * Do not touch my bum * I will do anything you want, just please don’t hurt me. * No lift for me, thanks. Last time I got a lift I threw up EVERYWHERE! * I can see that you are angry. Let’s sit together and talk about it. * I will give you my phone if you let me go. |  |
| Next, use your body. When our voice does not stop the situation, we can use our bodies to defend ourselves. You should know your attacker’s targets and do what you can to hurt them: Scratch, Pull, Punch, Kick, or Twist your attacker. | USE YOUR BODY Use your body to defend yourself.   * Scratch * Pull * Punch * Kick * Twist |  |
| There are four primary targets to know:  [1] The eyes  [2] Throat  [3] Groin  [4] and knees |  | Use illustration of body parts, add circle or dot or star to appear over each primary target animated with text. |
| There are also seven secondary targets:  [1] Temple  [2] Ears  [3] Nose  [4] Solar Plexus (the space between the ribs)  [5] Fingers  [6] Shin  [7] In Step (top of the feet)  Attack any of the targets to hurt your opponent and get away. |  | Use illustration of body parts, add circle or dot or star to appear over each primary target animated with text. |
| Your home activity is to share this information with your teen so they are ready to defend themselves. You can do it and ParentText can help. Type “SAFE” to repeat this lesson with your teen. Can you do it today? | Home Activity:  Type “SAFE” and repeat this lesson with your teen. |  |

| Module: Prevent Sexual Violence | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| Hello! This goal is all about keeping your teen safe and today we are learning about preventing sexual violence.  In a dangerous situation, we may not know what to do and freeze or respond in an angry way – this is normal. These tools can help keep you and your teen safe:  KNOW IT SEE IT SAY IT DO IT | Prevent Sexual Violence   1. Know It 2. See It 3. Say It 4. Do It |  |
| [1] First, know it. Know the difference between healthy and unhealthy relationships. If you are attacked, know that it is never your fault. You are allowed to say and do what is needed to stay safe and get away – do not worry about what others may think. You are worth being defended. You are strong and powerful.  [2] Next, see it. When someone makes you (or someone else) feel uncomfortable with what they say or do, that is never okay! We all have the right to feel safe, especially at home. Follow your intuition. When you feel attacked with words or actions, your goal is to get away.  [3] Third, say it. Your voice can stop many attacks. Yell ‘No!’, call for help, warn of consequences, name the behaviour, act crazy, pretend to go along to buy time, use humour, calm them down, or negotiate. Be clear, confident, and direct. Speak using your voice, body language, and eye contact.  [4] Finally, do it. When our voice is not changing the situation, we can use our bodies. Know the ‘weapons’ on your body and know the ‘targets’ on your attacker’s body. Use what is free on your body that you can fight with and what is open on the attacker’s body to hit.  If you do get hurt by someone, remember it is never your fault. Ask someone you trust for help, and make sure your teen knows they can tell you anything so you can find a solution together. | KNOW IT  Know that it is not your fault.  SEE IT  Recognize when you are unsafe.  SAY IT  Use your voice to get away.  DO IT  If your voice doesn’t work, use your body to get away. |  |
| Remember, you can always type HELP to ParentText to receive a list of contacts in your community for crisis support. They may be able to help. | HELP | Help Template |
| Your home activity is to help your teen be prepared by repeating this lesson together. To repeat this lesson type “PREVENT.” Can you do it today? | Home Activity: Type “PREVENT” and repeat this lesson with your teen. |  |

| Module: Treating each other as equals | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| This goal is all about having a healthy relationship with our partners. Today, we are learning how to treat each other as equals. Let’s explore five ways to treat your partner as an equal and strengthen your relationship. | Treating each other as equals |  |
| [1] First, share decision making. The next time you are making a decision, try involving your partner and ask what they think.  [2] Involve your partner. It can sometimes be hard to remember to involve our partners in decision making. If you forget, keep trying!  Asking for their opinion shows that you care and want them to be involved.  [3] Remember, timing makes a difference. If you have a decision to make, bring it up during a time when you and your partner are not too busy, such as early in the morning or later in the evening.  [4] Finally, practice makes perfect. It can take time to get used to making decisions together. Give yourself time and keep trying! Remember that by communicating with your partner, you will both eventually start to feel more comfortable talking and sharing decisions. | 1. Share decision making 2. Involve your partner 3. Timing makes a difference 4. Practice makes perfect |  |
| Your home activity is to involve your partner in a decision you are making today. Can you do it? | Home Activity: Involve your partner in a decision. |  |

| Module: Being a supportive partner and parent | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| This goal is all about having a healthy relationship with our partners. Today, we are learning how to be a supportive partner and parent.  Here are some simple ways you can become a more confident and supportive partner AND parent. | Being a supportive partner and parent |  |
| [1] First, Show appreciation  Show your partner that you appreciate it when they spend quality time with your children.  [2] Next, work together.  If you are unsure how to work together with your partner, you should ask them! By asking, you show that you care and want to be involved!  [3] Step three is Lend a Hand. It can sometimes be difficult to remember to ask if your partner needs help. Once you start asking, they may realise you want to be more involved, and begin asking for your help on their own.  [4] Finally, ask for help. It can be hard to ask for help. Sometimes we expect our partners to know we need help even if we don’t ask them. Once you start asking, they will likely start offering to help more in the future. Remember to thank your partner! | 1. Show appreciation 2. Work together 3. Lend a Hand 4. Ask for help |  |
| Your home activity is to try doing childcare or housework together with your partner. Do you have time to do it today? | Home Activity: Try doing childcare or housework with your partner |  |

| Module: Share Family Responsibilities | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| This goal is all about having a healthy relationship with our partners. Today, we are learning how to share family responsibilities.  To share family responsibilities with your partner, try these four tips: | Share Family Responsibilities |  |
| [1] First, create a routine.  This can be hard to remember! Establishing a routine around caregiving or housework tasks can sometimes be helpful.  This also lets you talk to your partner about how to share the workload.  [2] Next, talk about the workload with your partner  Talking with your partner about how you can share family responsibilities helps both of you understand each other better.  It also shows that you care!  [3] Finally, remember to ask for help  It can be hard to remember to ask for help.  Be kind to yourself if you forget to ask and try again another time.  Asking for help and sharing family responsibilities benefits the whole family! | 1. Create a routine. 2. Talk about the workload 3. Ask for help |  |
| Your home activity this week is to invite your partner to discuss how you can share family responsibilities more evenly at home! Do you have time to do it today? | Home Activity: Discuss family responsibilities with your partner |  |

| Module: Resolving Conflicts Peacefully | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| This goal is all about having a healthy relationship with our partners. Today, we are learning how to resolve conflicts peacefully.  Here are some tips you can try to resolve conflicts with your partner in a peaceful way. | Resolving Conflicts Peacefully |  |
| [1] First, Count to ten.  It can sometimes be really hard to stay calm when we’re having a disagreement with others.  Try to think of something that you can do that might help, like taking a couple deep breaths or counting to ten.  [2] Next, take a pause  Do you remember on the first day of this course, you learned how to close your eyes, breathe deep, and take a pause? Taking a pause before responding can help us stay calm and respond better a little later.  When you feel yourself getting angry, try taking a pause. You can do this!  [3] Finally, walk away if necessary.  Sometimes others respond to us negatively when we’re having a disagreement.  In these situations, especially if you feel fearful or threatened, it may be best to walk away for a bit until everyone has calmed down. | 1. Count to ten 2. Take a pause 3. Walk away if necessary |  |
| Remember, if you need help in a crisis, you can type HELP in ParentText to receive a list of community resources where you may find support.  Today’s home activity is to practise taking a pause before responding when you are feeling frustrated. Do you have time to practise taking a pause today? | Type HELP if you need assistance.  Home Activity: Take a pause today |  |

| Module: Listening and Talking to Each Other | | |
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| Script | On Slide Text | Animation Notes |
| This goal is all about having a healthy relationship with our partners. Today, we are learning how to listen and talk with our partners.  Here are some tips on how you and your partner can listen and talk with each other in a supportive and loving way: | Listening and Talking to Each Other |  |
| [1] First, share how you feel with your partner.  Sharing how we feel and talking about the difficulties we’re facing is a sign of strength and can make everyone in the family stronger!  By sharing emotions you can better understand and support each other.  [2] Next, choose what you share.  Sharing your challenges with your partner is about making them more aware of how you are feeling.  Remember, you decide how much you share, and you can always choose to share more at a later time.  [3] Third, be kind to yourself.  Starting something new can be difficult. Give yourself and others time to get used to it.  [4] Finally, choose a time when you feel comfortable.  It’s okay if you don't always want to share your emotions.  You can choose to share how you’re feeling at a later time once you feel calmer. | 1. Share how you feel 2. Choose what you share 3. Be kind to yourself 4. Choose a time when you feel comfortable |  |
| Today’s home activity is to try setting aside some time to talk to your partner about your feelings and any difficulties you’re facing. Do you have time to do it today? | Home Activity: Share your feelings and difficulties with your partner. |  |