

The Brains that Pull the Triggers: Syndrome E, 2017

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ABSTRACT

The Brains that pull the Triggers. 3rd Conference on Syndrome E, Paris IAS, 10-12 May 2017 - Introduction

The transformation of groups of previously nonviolent individuals into repetitive killers of defenseless members of society has been a recurring phenomenon throughout history, continuing at the present era. This apparent transition of seemingly normal, "ordinary" individuals, to perpetrators of extreme atrocities is one of the most striking variants of human behavior. This transition is characterized by a set of symptoms and signs for which a common syndrome has been proposed, Syndrome E, as well as a pathophysiological model of a "cognitive fracture" (Fried, Lancet, 1997). A summary of the last two conferences and a survey of the syndrome manifestation in past times and in the current era will be presented.

I will present the main challenges for this third Paris conference on

"The Brains that Pull the Triggers". In this meeting, we have an

extraordinary mix of individuals. We have experts who have observed

and studied perpetrators of past and present times and have drawn

conclusions and formulated models to explain their behavior.

Concurrently we have neuroscientists who have studied complex

behavior at the individual and group level from perception to action

and from dehumanization to empathy, and have examined the plasticity

and fragility of human perception, value representation, decision and

action. These biological vulnerabilities are highlighted by the effects of

neuroactive drugs in facilitating some of the symptoms and signs of

Syndrome E.

The central questions before the conference are:

1. How can we explain the transformation of seemingly ordinary

individuals to repetitive perpetrators of extreme violence? Can we

begin to formulate a unifying model that will tie the phenomenology of

perpetrators with the growing understanding of brain mechanisms of

cognitive and affective behavior in individuals and groups.

2. How amenable are the "Brains that Pull the Triggers" to

modulation? Are there means of intervention or prevention?

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