

Intergroup Empathy and Dehumanizations: Consequences, Neural Basis, Intervention

Bruneau, Emile ¹

¹ MIT, USA

TO CITE

Bruneau, E. (2023). *Intergroup Empathy and Dehumanizations: Consequences, Neural Basis, Intervention. 22*. https://paris.pias.science/article/SynE2_2016_03_intergroup-empathy-and-dehumanizations

PUBLICATION DATE 09/05/2016

ABSTRACT

The Brains that pull the Triggers. 2nd Conference on Syndrome E, Paris IAS, 09-10 May 2016 - Session 1 - Empathy and Dehumanization

Humans have in place a range of psychological inhibitors that prevent us from harming others. Therefore, committing an act of political violence may require not only active motivation to harm, but also the removal of prohibitions against doing so. In this talk I will present evidence for two complementary cognitive processes that may be directly implicated in this psychological tug of war: empathy and dehumanization. I will present behavioral and neural evidence highlighting the relevance of these processes in a range of contexts — U.S.-Iranian tensions, the 'refugee crisis' in Europe and the Israeli-Palestinian conflict — and preliminary data on promising interventions that may help subdue the psychological forces that drive us towards conflict.

Bruneau, E. (2023). Intergroup Empathy and Dehumanizations: Consequences, Neural Basis, Intervention. 22. https://paris.pias.science/article/SynE2_2016_03_intergroup-empathy-and-dehumanizations

2016/20 - brains-that-pull-the-triggers - Article No.14. Freely available at https://paris.pias.science/article/SynE2_2016_03_intergroup-empathy-and-dehumanizations - 2826-2832/@ 2023 Bruneau F



Bruneau, E. (2023). Intergroup Empathy and Dehumanizations: Consequences, Neural Basis, Intervention. 22. https://paris.pias.science/article/SynE2_2016_03_intergroup-empathy-and-dehumanizations

2016/20 - brains-that-pull-the-triggers - Article No.14. Freely available at https://paris.pias.science/article/SynE2_2016_03_intergroup-empathy-and-dehumanizations - 2826-2832/© 2023 Bruneau E.

This is an open access article published under the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International Public License (CC BY-NC 4.0)