



#### 2.5W FILTERLESS CLASS-D MONO AUDIO AMPLIFIER

### **Description**

The PAM8302A is a 2.5W Class-D mono audio amplifier. Its low THD+N feature offers high quality sound reproduction. The new filterless architecture allows the device to drive speakers directly instead of using low-pass output filters, therefore saving system cost and PCB area.

With the same number of external components, the efficiency of the PAM8302A is much better than that of Class-AB cousins. It can optimize battery life thus is ideal for portable applications.

The PAM8302A is available in MSOP-8, SOP-8, DFN3x3-8 and DFN2x2-8 packages.

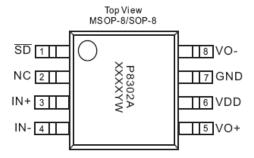
### **Features**

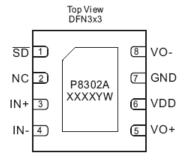
- 2.5W Output at 10% THD with a 4Ω Load and 5V Power Supply
- Filterless, Low Quiescent Current and Low EMI
- High Efficiency up to 88%
- Superior Low Noise
- Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Shutdown,
- Few External Components to Save Space and Cost
- MSOP-8, SOP-8, DFN3x3-8 and DFN2x2-8 Packages Available
- Pb-Free Packages

### **Applications**

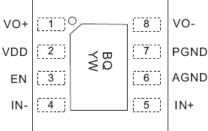
- PMP/MP4
- GPS
- Portable Speakers
- Walkie Talkie
- Handsfree phones/Speaker Phones
- Cellular Phones

### **Pin Assignments**



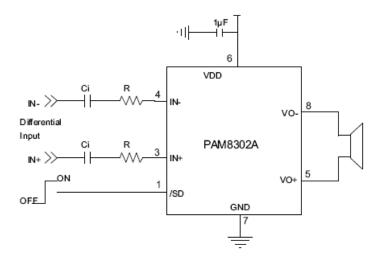


Top View DFN2X2

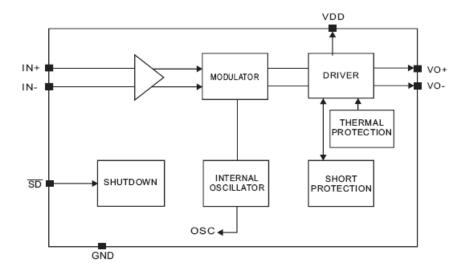




## **Typical Applications Circuit**



## **Functional Block Diagram**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for prolonged time periods may affect device reliability. All voltages are with respect to ground.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage at No Input Signal	6.0	V
Input Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	150	
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Soldering Temperature	300, 5sec	



## Recommended Operating Conditions (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Suppy Voltage Range	2.0 to 5.5	V
Operation Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C

## Thermal Information

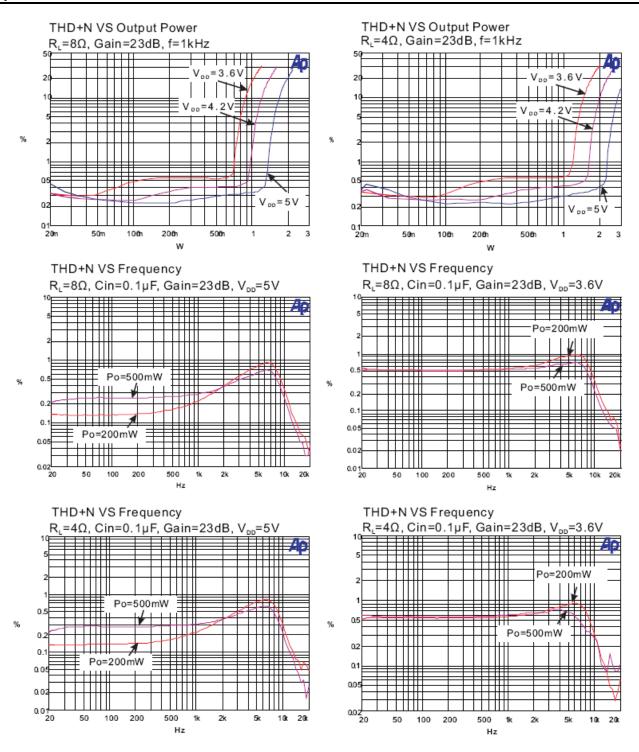
Parameter	Package	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	SOP-8	<b>Q</b>	115	°C/W
	MSOP-8		180	
	DFN3x3-8	$\theta_{ m JA}$	4739	C/VV
	DFN2x2-8		80	

# $\hline \textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (@T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \ V_{IN} = 3.6 \ V, \ V_O = 1.8 \ V, \ C_{IN} = 10 \ \mu\text{F}, \ C_{OUT} = 10 \ \mu\text{F}, \ L = 4.7 \ \mu\text{H}, \ unless otherwise specified.})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Con	ditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage Range	$V_{DD}$			2.0		5.5	V
Quiescent Current	ΙQ	No Load			4	8	mA
Shutdown Current	I <sub>SHDN</sub>	V <sub>SHDN</sub> = 0V				1	μΑ
		$f = 1kHz, R_L = 4\Omega,$	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V	2.25	2.50		
		THD+N = 10%	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V	1.10	1.25		1
		$f = 1kHz$ , $R_1 = 4\Omega$ ,	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V	1.80	2.00		1
0.1.15	_	THD+N = 1%	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V	0.86	0.95		1
Output Power	Po	$f = 1kHz$ , $R_1 = 8\Omega$ ,	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V	1.35	1.50		W
		THD+N = 10%	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V	0.72	0.80		
		$f = 1kHz$ , $R_1 = 8\Omega$ ,	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5V	1.15	1.30		1 !
		THD+N = 1%	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V	0.6	0.65		
Peak Efficiency	η	f = 1kHz			85	88	%
		$R_L = 8\Omega, P_O = 0.1W, f = 1kHz$			0.30	0.35	- %
T		$R_L = 8\Omega$ , $P_O = 0.5W$ , $f = 1kHz$			0.45	0.50	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	THD+N $R_L = 4\Omega, P_O = 0.1W, f = 1kHz$			0.35	0.40	
		$R_L = 4\Omega, P_O = 0.5W, t$	f = 1kHz		0.40	0.45	1
Gain	G <sub>V</sub>			22.5	24.0	25.5	dB
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	No Inputs, f = 1kHz, V	/ <sub>PP</sub> = 200mV	45	50		dB
Dynamic Range	DYN	f = 20 to 20kHz	· ·	85	90		dB
Signal to Noise Ratio	SNR	f = 20 to 20kHz		75	80		dB
Noise	V <sub>N</sub>	No A-Weighting			180	300	\/
INUISE		A-Weighting	A-Weighting		120	200	μV
Oscillator Frequency	fosc			200	250	300	kHz
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	Source On State Registance	I <sub>DS</sub> = 100mA	P MOSFET		0.45	0.50	<u>,                                    </u>
	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	IDS - TOOTHA	N MOSFET		0.20	0.25	
SHDN Input High	$V_{SH}$			1.2			V
SHDN Input Low	$V_{SL}$					0.4	V
Over Temperature Protection	OTP	Junction Temperautre		120	135		°C
Over Temperature Hysterisis	OTH				30		°C



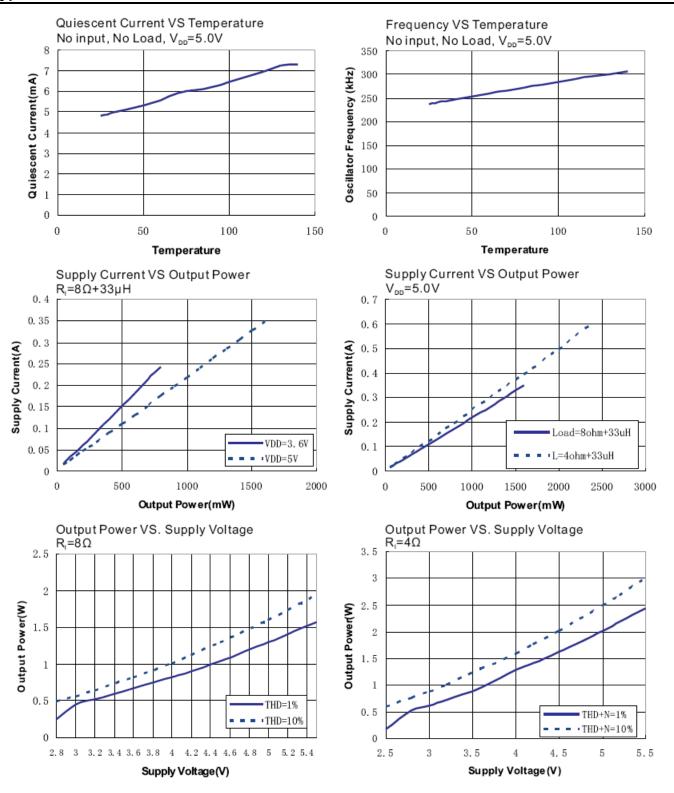
### Typical Performance Characteristics (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)





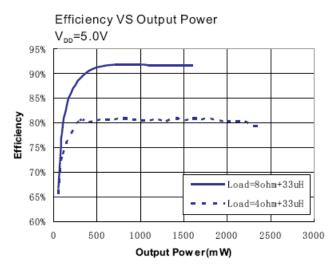


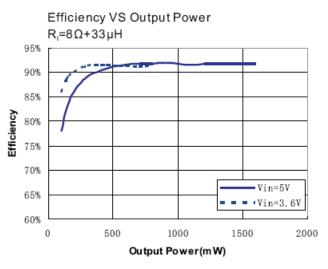
## Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

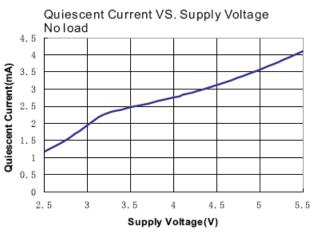


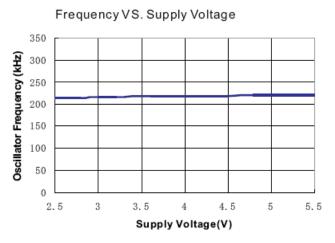


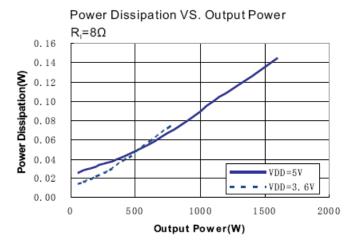
### Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.) (@TA = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)







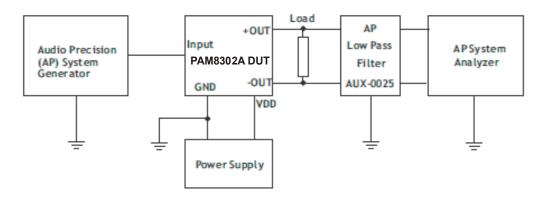






### **Application Information**

#### **Test Setup for Performance Testing**



Notes:

- 1. The AP AUX-0025 low pass filter is necessary for every class-D amplifier measurement with AP analyzer.
- 2. Two 22µH inductors are used in series with load resistor to emulate the small speaker for efficiency measurement.

#### **Maximum Gain**

As shown in block diagram (Page 2), the PAM8302A has two internal amplifier stages. The first stage's gain is externally con figurable, while the second stage's is internally fixed. The closedloop gain of the first stage is set by selecting the ratio of RF to RI while the second stage's gain is fixed at 2x. The output of amplifier one serves as the input to amplifier two, thus the two amplifiers produce signals identical in magnitude, but different in phase by 180°. Consequently, the differential gain for the IC is

$$A = 20 \log [2 (R_F/R_I)]$$

The PAM8302A sets maximum R =80k $\Omega$ , minimum R<sub>I</sub> =10k $\Omega$ , so the maximum closed-gain is 24dB.

#### Input Capacitor (C<sub>I</sub>)

Intypical application, an input capacitor,  $C_l$  is required to allow the amplifier to bias input signals to a proper DC level for optimum operation. In this case,  $C_l$  and the minimum input impedance  $R_l$  (10k internal) form a high pass filter with a corner frequeny determind by the following equation:

$$f_C = \frac{1}{2\Pi R_I C_I}$$

It is important to choose the value of  $C_1$  as it directly affects low frequency performance of the circuit, for example, when an application requires a flat bass response as loas as 100Hz,. Equation is reconfigured as follows:

$$C_I = \frac{1}{2\Pi R_I f_I}$$

As the input reisitance is varible, for the  $C_I$  value of  $0.16\mu F$ , one should actually choose the  $C_I$  within the range of  $0.1\mu F$  to  $0.22\mu F$ . A further consideration for this capacitor is the leakage path from the input source through the input network ( $R_I$ ,  $R_F$ ,  $C_I$ ) to the load. This leakage current creates a DC offset voltage at the input to the amplifier that reduces useful headroom, especially in high gain application. For this reason, a low leakage tantalum or ceramic capacitor is the best choice. When a polarized capacitior is used, the positive side of the capacitor should face the amplifier input in most applications as the DC level is held at  $V_{DD}/2$ , which is likely higher than the source DC level. Please note that it is important to confirm the capacitor polarity in the application.



### **Application Information (cont.)**

#### Power Supply Decoupling (C<sub>S</sub>)

The PAM8302A is a high-performance CMOS audio amplifier that requires adequate power supply decoupling to ensure the output THD and PSRR as low as possible. Power supply decoupling affects low frequency response. Optimum decoupling is achieved by using two capacitors of different types that target different types of noise on the power supply leads. For higher frequency transients, spikes, or digital hash on the line, a good low equivalent-series-resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitor, typicall  $1.0\mu\text{F}$  is good, placing it as close as possible to the device  $V_{DD}$  terminal. For filtering lower frequency noise signals, capacitor of  $10\mu\text{F}$  or larger, closely located to near the audio power amplifier is recommended.

#### **Shutdown Operation**

In order to reduce shutdown power consumption, the PAM8032A contains shutdown circuitry for turn to turn off the amplifier. This shutdown feature turns the amplifier off when a logic low is apllied on the  $\overline{SD}$  pin. By switching the shutdown pin over to GND, the PAM8302A supply current draw will be minimized inidle mode.

For the best power on/off pop performance, the amplifier should be set in the shutdown mode prior to power on/off operation.

#### **Under Voltage Lock-Out (UVLO)**

The PAM8302A incorporates circuitry to detect low on or off voltage. When the supply voltage drops to 2.1V or below, the PAM8302A goes into a state of shutdown, and the device comes out of its shutdown state to normal operation by reset the power supply or SD pin.

#### **How to Reduce EMI (Electro Magnetic Interference)**

A simple solution is to put an additional capacitor  $1000\mu$ F at power supply terminal for power line coupling if the traces from amplifier to speakers are short (< 20CM). Most applications require a ferrite bead filter as shown at Figure 1. The ferrite filter depresses EMI of around 1MHz and higher. When selecting a ferrite bead, choose one with high impedance at high frequencies and low impedance at low frequencies.

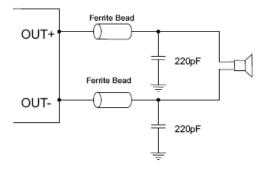
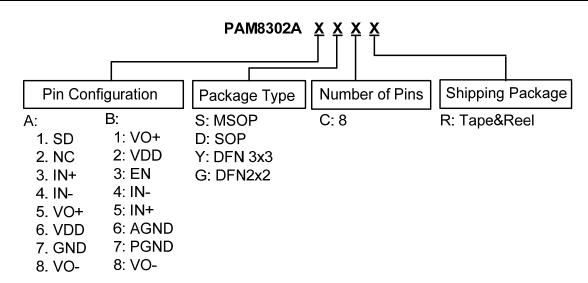


Figure 1. Ferrite Bead Filter to Reduce EMI



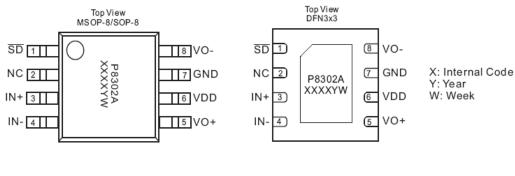


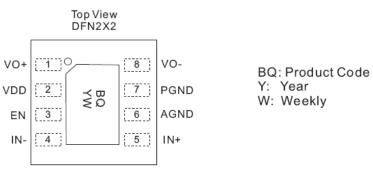
## **Ordering Information**



Part Number	Package Type	Standard Package
PAM8302AASCR	MSOP-8	2500 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302AADCR	SOP-8	2500 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302AAYCR	DFN3x3-8	3000 Units/Tape&Reel
PAM8302ABGCR	DFN2x2-8	3000 Units/Tape&Reel

### **Marking Information**



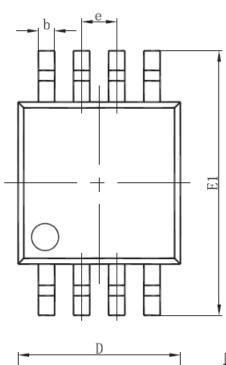


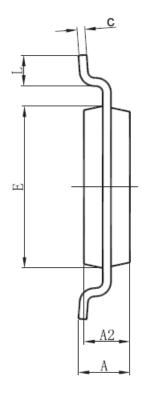




## Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm.)

### MSOP-8





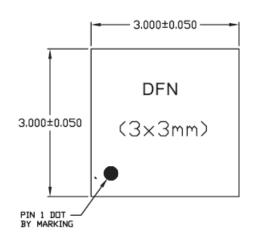
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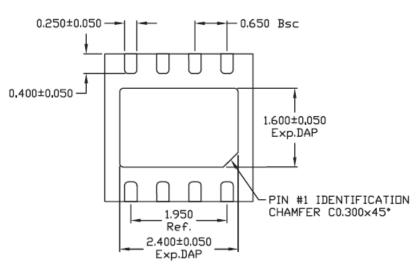
REF	Millimeter		
KEP	Min	Max	
Α	1	1.10	
A1	0.05	0.15	
A2	0.78	0.94	
b	0.22	0.38	
С	0.08	0.23	
D	2.90	3.10	
Е	2.90	3.10	
E1	4.75	5.05	
е	0.65BSC		
L	0.40	0.70	



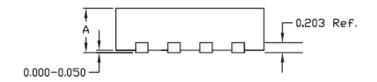
## Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

#### DFN3x3-8





1	MAX.	0.800
ΙΑΙ	NDM.	0.750
	MIN.	0.700

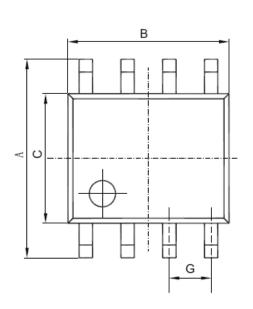


Note: All dimensions are in Millimeters.

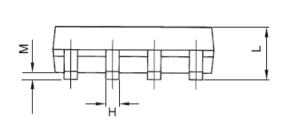


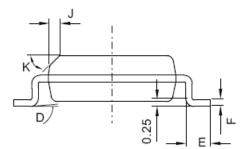
## Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

SOP-8



REF	DIMENSIONS		
	Millimeters		
	Min	Max	
A	5.80	6.20	
В	4.80	5.00	
C	3.80	4.00	
D	0°	8°	
Е	0.40	0.90	
F	0.19	0.25	
M	0.10	0.25	
Н	0.35	0.49	
L	1.35	1.75	
J	0.375 REF		
K	45°		
G	1.27 TYP		

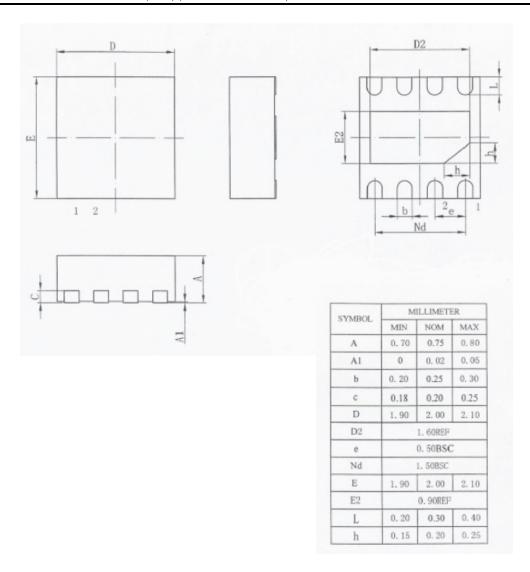




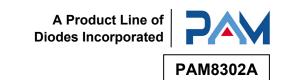


## Package Outline Dimensions (cont.) (All dimensions in mm.)

#### DFN2x2-8







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