



IEEEExtreme 10.0 &gt; Pirates

# Pirates

locked

by IEEEExtreme

Problem

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Intended complexity  $O(N * M + Q \log N)$ 

Solution:

We can build an undirected graph in which every node represents a connected zone from the map having the same value and the edges are between two zones that touch. In the example there are 5 such zones, 2 islands and 3 seas. You can prove that the graph is in fact a tree (undirected graph in which any two vertices are connected by exactly one path). To answer a query, you have to find the nodes  $x$  and  $y$  in the tree which represent the components that contain cell  $(x1, y1)$  and  $(x2, y2)$ . The answer is the number of island nodes in the tree between  $x$  and  $y$ . This can be solved in  $O(\log N)$  time complexity using any fast lowest common ancestor algorithm. The complexity is  $O(\log N)$  per query because the tree has a maximum height of  $N$ . The total complexity is  $O(N * M)$  to build the tree and  $O(Q \log N)$  to answer all of the queries.

## Statistics

Difficulty: Hard

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