

'''

I want to extract from my google photos the Location of the photos and put it in a dataframe. I just wanted to create a database with all the places I have been lately.

We can also use this to analyse events (I put an example here for yoga related events), groups, analyse your activity, marketing research, etc. on Facebook.

Practice skills: Facebook Graph API, python DataFrame

First of all your photos must have a location specified if you want to get this feature. There are several articles on the web about how you can access your photo location, but Facebook strip out the EXIF data when photos are uploaded for privacy reasons. So if you want to access this information, a location must be assigned to your photos.

Create APP

Second, if you want to have access to public data on Facebook you need to have an account as a Facebook developer. So, go to developers.facebook.com and create an account with Facebook login at the bottom of the page.

Then access the link developers.facebook.com/tools/explorer. Go to "My apps" in the top right corner and select "add a new app". Choose the name of your app and a category and then "Create App ID".

Get Access Token

Again get back to the same link developers.facebook.com/tools/explorer. Now, you will see "Graph API Explorer" below "My Apps". From here select your app and then "Get Token". From this drop down, select "Get User Access Token". Select permissions from the menu that appears and then "Get Access Token." This token is granted only for 2 hours, so you need an extended token. On developers.facebook.com/tools/accesstoken select "Debug" corresponding to "User Token" and then select "Extend Token Access". You now have an extended access token.

How to connect to Facebook and get Data

You also need to specify which public data you want to access. You can consult the link:

<https://developers.facebook.com/docs/graph-api/reference/v2.7/>

On <https://developers.facebook.com/docs/facebook-login/permissions#permissions> you need to select from a list what kind of data do you want to extract.

For the case here you will need `user_photo`, `user_locations`, `user_tagged_places`, `user_events`, but you can also consider something else if you are interested in other type of data.

Let's now extract information about our photos. The program is in Python and contains comments for most of the commands.

The following libraries are mandatory. If they are not installed, you can simply install them in the command prompt window using, for example for urllib3, the command "pip install urllib3".

The urllib3 module opens arbitrary resources by URL

The facebook library is designed to support the Facebook Graph API

The request package is needed for a higher - level HTTP interface----apparently also the most downloaded package

The pandas and the numpy are the classical packages for working with DataFrame and some math in python.

```
'''
```

```
import urllib3
```

```
import facebook
```

```
import requests
```

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
import numpy as np
```

#Inserting here the extended token you obtained from the Facebook developers page, User access token

```
token='EAAEdjFcBVa8BAKUn9F03MR2dk5h8simPZB0i1w3EjZB85YoDOqNwT5JogIzzZBmDE6rtTDM01ZA8ZC0tCjtUeG2tcfvWqnJ97Twjjlj3eptVDEkXkIyg68WTZBXlCfs5dvpAxcStOCtnsfC4rSFKieMSO4uf2CdIZD'
```

The Graph API is made up of the objects or nodes in Facebook (e.g., events, photos) and the connections or edges between them (e.g., friends, photo tags, etc).

```
graph = facebook.GraphAPI(access_token=token, version = 2.7)
```

```
'''
```

So you can access events, photos, etc. I am only searching in my photos so, "/me/photos".

There are two types existing here: uploaded or tagged. I've chosen the first one.

The default value for the number of photos is 25. If you want to extract a larger number you have to set manually the limit

Please remember that you need to have a location and also a description for each extracted photo

```
'''
```

```
photos= graph.request('me/photos/uploaded?limit=30')
```

```
#print(photos)
```

```
print(len(photosList))
```

```
30
```

```
photosid={}
n=len(photosList)
for i in range(0,n):
    photosid[i]=photosList[i]['id']
```

```
# Let's extract the created_time and place for our photos
Placephoto={}
for i in range(0,n):
    r1 = graph.get_object(id=photosid[i], fields='created_time,id,place')
    Placephoto[i]=r1['place']
```

```
# red the raw data into parse data using json

admins_json={}
for i in range(0,n):
    admins = requests.get("https://graph.facebook.com/v2.7/"+photosid[i]+"/admins?access_token="+token)
    admins_json[i] = admins.json()
```

```
#print(Placephoto)
```

```

pp={}
df1=[]
df=[]
df_cities=[]
df3={}
for i in range(0,n):
    pp[i]=pd.DataFrame(Placephoto[i])
    df1.append(pp[i])
    df2=df1[i]
    df3[i]=pd.DataFrame(df2['location'])
    df=pd.DataFrame(df.append(df3[i]), columns=['location'])

# not very conventional, but if you first want to check if df is of DataFrame type
isinstance(df,pd.DataFrame)
# if you want to print all information: city, country, latitude, longitude, zip
print(df)
# if you only want to see the cities
print(df.loc['city',])
# if you only want to see the countries
print(df.loc['country',])

```

	location
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7788
longitude	9.18064
zip	70173
...	...
country	Spain
latitude	28.2439
longitude	-16.8403
city	Munich
country	Germany
latitude	48.1507
longitude	11.5907
street	Englischer Garten
zip	98617
city	KÄtzting
country	Germany
latitude	49.1728
longitude	12.8466
zip	93444
city	KÄtzting
country	Germany

latitude	49.1728
longitude	12.8466
zip	93444
city	K�tztzing
country	Germany
latitude	49.1728
longitude	12.8466
zip	93444
city	Stuttgart
country	Germany
latitude	48.7793
longitude	9.1847
street	Oberer Schlossgarten 6
zip	70173

[133 rows x 1 columns]

	location
city	Stuttgart
city	Stuttgart
city	Stuttgart
city	Stuttgart
city	Stuttgart
city	Stuttgart
city	Los Gigantes
city	Tenerife
city	Tenerife
city	Tenerife
city	Adeje
city	Los Cristianos
city	Los Cristianos
city	El M�dano
city	Tenerife
city	Tenerife
city	Tenerife
city	Tenerife
city	Los Gigantes
city	Los Gigantes
city	Los Gigantes
city	Los Gigantes
city	Munich
city	K�tztzing
city	K�tztzing
city	K�tztzing
city	Stuttgart
	location
country	Germany
country	Germany
country	Germany
country	Germany


```
#use this for the case of yoga-events analysis publicly promoted on facebook
admins = requests.get("https://graph.facebook.com/v2.7/"+eventid+"/admins?access_token="+token)
admins_json = admins.json()
print(Description)
print(Time)
print(Place)
```

The Rockies are proud to announce the 5th Annual Yoga Day at Coors Field! This unique event gives fans the opportunity to combine two components of an active lifestyle - yoga and baseball!

You and your fellow "yogis" are invited to join us for a special pre-game yoga session held on the field! The private, on-field yoga session will begin at 8:30am and last approximately 60 minutes.

Your Yoga Day at Coors Field ticket package includes the following:

A ticket to watch the Rockies take on the Brewers
Exclusive, pre-game field access for the hour-long yoga session
Special Rockies-themed yoga-promotional item!

Yoga: 8:30am to 9:30am

First Pitch: 6:10pm

2017-03-15T21:32:26+0000

```
{u'id': u'50021802933', u'name': u'Coors Field', u'location': {u'city': u'Denver', u'zip': u'80205', u'country': u'United States', u'longitude': -104.99408474763, u'state': u'CO', u'street': u'2001 blake st', u'latitude': 39.755302594299}}
```