

## Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) - Core competencies for surge staff

The Core Competency Framework (CF) for Surge Delegates is an underpinning element of Surge Optimisation and Operational Excellence, and is key to ensuring that recruitment and deployments are managed with equal access for all surge personnel, based on a framework of technical, managerial and leadership competencies. The multilateral nature of the surge tools – people from all parts of the Movement working together to deliver in an emergency response – means that there is a need for a consistent framework for recruitment, development and management of performance.

The CF will be used for all surge staff being deployed. It sets out the behaviours, skills and knowledge required by all staff at all levels of a response operation and applies equally to all staff. The CF will provide a shared and systematic way of assessing and recruiting surge staff, training surge staff and managing/appraising surge staff in the field.

There are twenty distinct competencies in the framework. The core competencies are applicable to every surge role, whatever their position in the operation. All surge roles should strive to demonstrate all core competencies at the relevant tier.

It is recommended to read through the CF and understand its structure, definitions and indicative role/behaviour for each tier before reading the Technical Competency Framework for PGI Professionals.

## Protection, gender and inclusion core competencies

Ability to identify and analyse the distinct needs, risks to, and capacities of all girls, boys, women and men to inform programming

Foundational Tier	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Describe the importance of using Sex, Age and Disability Disaggregated Data (SADDD) for needs assessments.	Conducts PGI sensitive needs assessments, including collecting SADDD.	Analyses PGI information including SADDD to design programmes.	Designs operational strategies that include appropriate protection and inclusion measures based on gender diversity analysis, including SADDD.
Describes minimum standards and good practice for meeting the specific Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) needs of a population.	Implements programmes in line with minimum standards and good practices that meet the specific PGI needs of the population.	Guides team in the application of minimum standards and good practices in all aspects of the operation to meet the specific PGI needs of the population.	Establishes systems and procedures that ensure that minimum standards and good practice are followed to allow for the dignity, access, participation and safety of specific groups or individuals.
Defines potential risks to or actual violations of the safety and dignity of specific groups and individuals.	Identifies potential risks to or actual violations of the safety and dignity of specific groups (including children, women and minority groups) or individuals.	Continuously assesses and plans actions based on changing risks, needs and disclosures, or observations of violations.	Adapts the operational strategy based on evolving protection risks and inclusion needs, and advocates for action with relevant stakeholders.
Explains how to report potential risks to or actual violations of the safety and dignity of specific groups, and how to safely refer survivors.	Reports and takes appropriate action to risks/violations, and safely refers survivors.	Monitors compliance with reporting and referrals.	n procedures for



## Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) - Technical competencies for specialized surge staff

The following sets of technical competencies are intended for staff deploying in an IFRC coordinated emergency response operation as Protection, Gender and Inclusion (PGI) surge personnel.

The competencies are divided into two tiers. The tiers do not reflect an increase in technical mastery of PGI as that is to be expected of both tiers. The main distinction is rather Tier 2 is more focused on strategic positioning within the response and the wider humanitarian eco system including the cluster system and other coordination mechanisms, working relationships with local and national authorities and strategic influence within the humanitarian hierarchy of the RCRC movement. In this regard, tier 2 has a higher level strategic role than tier 1.

The competencies are not exclusive to each role. Rather, they are complementary. The deployment of a tier 2 level surge staff member assumes that the responsibilities under tier 1 will be covered by themselves, or by a national counterpart.

Contingent on the phase of the response and based on needs identified by assessments a tier 1 PGI staff member may be deployed to support sectors in PGI mainstreaming or for a specific task (eg. set up a freferral mechanism). Their technical input should be framed by the minimum standards for PGI and are responsible to put in place structures and resources for the sustainability and continuity of the task beyond their deployment period.

Protection, Gender and Inclusion				
Domain	Tier 1: Displays a practical understanding of effective day to day behaviours for this competency and able to function effectively as part of a RC team.	Tier 2: Displays impact for this competency by providing advice and guidance to others within a defined scope. Translates strategic decision into sectoral direction.		
Advocacy	> Advocates for actions to promote dignity, access, participation and safety of specific vulnerable groups or individuals.	> Develops internal and external advocacy strategies including actions to promote dignity, access, participation and safety of specific vulnerable groups or individuals.		
Awareness-raising	> Raises awareness and understanding of the specific needs, risks and capacities of the targeted population and RCRC on issues related to violence, discrimination and exclusion.	> Designs awareness-raising strategies to increase understanding of the targeted population, RCRC and partners on issues related to violence, discrimination and exclusion.		
Information Security	> Understands and manages risks around the collection, storage and reporting of sensitive information and data.	> Develops strategies to manage risks around the collection, storage and reporting of sensitive information.		
Referral Pathways	> Maps and disseminates existing referral pathways for multisector response to protection issues.	> Ensures coordination and availability of referrals pathways for multi-sector response to protection issues and ensures that RCRC staff and volunteers are aware of, and can make		



		referrals to, other
		organisations/services.
Mainstreaming	> Supports other sectors to	> Technical oversight to multi-
	ensure that PGI issues are	sectoral emergency operations
	effectively integrated into the	to ensure that PGI issues are
	design and implementation of	effectively integrated into the
	relief and recovery activities in	design and implementation of
	accordance with the Minimum	relief and recovery activities
	Standards.	,
		> Engages in dialogue with
	> Participates in protection and	authorities and coordinates with
	gender inter-agency for a	protection and gender inter-
	(including CP and SGBV sub-	agency fora to ensure PGI issues
	clusters) to ensure PGI issues are	are mainstreamed into
	mainstreamed into	humanitarian action and
	humanitarian action and that	that programs/services are
	programs/services are	coordinated to meet the specific
	coordinated to meet the specific	needs, risk and capacities of
	needs of individuals	individuals in the affected
	in the affected populations.	populations.
Legal Frameworks	> Identifies relevant national and	> Ensures a consistent
	international legal frameworks	interpretation and
	and processes relating to PGI	application of international and
	aspects, assess barriers to	national law
	vulnerable individuals and	and related legal standards and
	groups in accessing fair and	protection
	timely positive outcomes.	policies.
Gender and Diversity Analysis	> Supports the collection,	> Guides gender and diversity
	analysis and use of age, sex, and	analysis to identify the
	disability	differentiated needs,
	disaggregated data within RCRC	vulnerabilities, risks and
	operations and other	capacities of women, men, girls
	operational	and boys and develops
	stakeholders where appropriate.	programs/actions to promote
		equal access and participation in
		line with RCRC and humanitarian
		standards.
Disability Inclusion	> Promotes participation of	> Develops strategies to reduce
	people with disabilities in the	barriers (i.e. communication,
	design and delivery of	physical/infrastructure, financial
	humanitarian assistance,	or attitudinal) to persons with
	including	disability having equal access to
	consultations with people with	humanitarian assistance and to
	disabilities.	ensure that assistance is
		appropriately targeted based
		on differentiated needs.
Child Protection	> Supports provision of essential	> Supports processes to ensure
	child protection services.	volunteers, staff and contractors
	(including reception facilities,	sign, are screened for, and are
	RFL, PSS and child friendly	briefed on child protection
	spaces)	policy/guidelines.
		> Works to ensure that child
		protection measures such as
		child friendly spaces and child
		protection community based
		activities, including educational



Sexual and Gender-based Violence Prevention	> Understands and can apply a survivor-centres approach to working with victims/survivors of	ones, are built into the design of operations.  > Raises understanding and capacity to prevent and respond to SGBV in-line with the
and Response	SGBV in-line with the principles of safety, confidentiality, respect and non-discrimination.	principles of safety, confidentiality, respect and non- discrimination including through work to leverage the auxiliary role of National Societies.
Prevention and Response to Sexual Exploitation and Abuse	> Demonstrates knowledge of prevention and response to sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) responsibilities within humanitarian response and supports implementation of RCRC PSEA policy in the humanitarian operation.	> Advocates on strategies for prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) responsibilities within humanitarian response and oversees implementation of RCRC PSEA policy in the humanitarian operation
Humanitarian Diplomacy		> Persuades decision makers and other opinion leaders to act in the interests of vulnerable groups and individuals, and with full respect for fundamental humanitarian principles, taking into consideration the issue of durable solutions and the position of the RC/RC (e.g. in the case of forced return and the principle of non-refoulement).