

**Igor Leeck**

**CSCE 2610**

1.

```
int a = 0x2025A;  
int b = 3247;      // little-endian: AF 0C 00 00
```

The first step for both of them is to convert them to hexadecimal. (A already is, B isn't) Second, pad them the next multiple of bytes(8 bits) (a: 0x0002025A) Then it is to split them up (a: 00 | 02 | 02 | 5A )