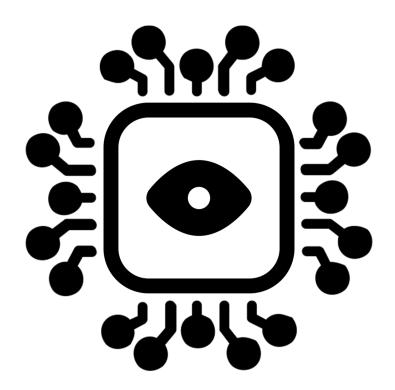
# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION CSE 4316: SENIOR DESIGN I FALL 2023



# IGVC COMPUTER VISION TEAM IGVC MODULAR COMPUTER VISION SYSTEM

ABU TALHA NAYYAR BRANDON JOEL BOWLES JAMES LEO CAETANO SAMEER DAYANI

# **REVISION HISTORY**

Revision	Date	Author(s)		Description
0.1	10.06.2023	ATN, JLC, BJB,		Document creation
		SD		
0.2	10.16.2023	ATN, JLC,	BJB,	Finalized first draft
		SD		

# **CONTENTS**

1 Product Concept													
	1.1	Purpose and Use											
	1.2	Intended Audience											
2	Proc	duct Description											
	2.1	Features & Functions											
	2.2	External Inputs & Outputs											
	2.3	Product Interfaces											
3	Cust	stomer Requirements 10											
3	3.1 Computer Vision Model												
	0.1	Computer Vision Model											
		3.1.2 Source											
		3.1.3 Constraints											
		3.1.4 Standards											
		3.1.5 Priority											
	3.2	Custom Data Set											
	3.∠	3.2.1 Description											
		3.2.2 Source											
		3.2.3 Constraints											
	0.0	3.2.5 Priority											
	3.3	Custom Housing											
		3.3.1 Description											
		3.3.2 Source											
		3.3.3 Constraints											
		3.3.4 Standards											
		3.3.5 Priority											
	3.4	7 1											
		3.4.1 Description											
		3.4.2 Source											
		3.4.3 Constraints											
		3.4.4 Standards											
		3.4.5 Priority											
4	Pacl	aging Requirements											
	4.1	Hardware Delivery											
		4.1.1 Description											
		4.1.2 Source											
		4.1.3 Constraints											
		4.1.4 Standards											
		4.1.5 Priority											
	4.2	Software Delivery											
	1.4	4.2.1 Description											
		4.2.2 Source											
		4.2.3 Constraints											
		T.2.0 Constraints											

		4.2.4	Standards	12
		4.2.5	Priority	12
	4.3	Data s	set Delivery	12
		4.3.1	Description	12
		4.3.2	Source	12
		4.3.3	Constraints	13
		4.3.4	Standards	13
		4.3.5	Priority	13
			•	
5	ce Requirements	14		
	5.1	Accura	acy of Obstacle Classification	14
		5.1.1	Description	14
		5.1.2	Source	14
		5.1.3	Constraints	14
		5.1.4	Standards	14
		5.1.5	Priority	14
	5.2	Real T	Time Obstacle Detection	14
		5.2.1	Description	14
		5.2.2	Source	14
		5.2.3	Constraints	14
		5.2.4	Standards	14
		5.2.5	Priority	14
	5.3	Lateno	cy for Obstacle Detection and Response	14
		5.3.1	Description	14
		5.3.2	Source	14
		5.3.3	Constraints	14
		5.3.4	Standards	15
		5.3.5	Priority	15
			•	
6	Safe	ety Req	uirements	16
	6.1		atory equipment lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedures	16
		6.1.1	Description	16
		6.1.2	Source	16
		6.1.3	Constraints	16
		6.1.4	Standards	16
		6.1.5	Priority	16
	6.2	Nation	nal Electric Code (NEC) wiring compliance	16
		6.2.1	Description	16
		6.2.2	Source	16
		6.2.3	Constraints	16
		6.2.4	Standards	16
		6.2.5	Priority	16
	6.3	RIA ro	obotic manipulator safety standards	17
		6.3.1	Description	17
		6.3.2	Source	17
		6.3.3	Constraints	17
		6.3.4	Standards	17
		6.3.5	Priority	17

7 Security Requirements					
	7.1	Training Data Storage			
		7.1.1 Description			
		7.1.2 Source			
		7.1.3 Constraints			
		7.1.4 Standards			
		7.1.5 Priority			
	7.2	Frequent Data Backups			
		7.2.1 Description			
		7.2.2 Source			
		7.2.3 Constraints			
		7.2.4 Standards			
		7.2.5 Priority			
	7.3	Code Repository Access			
		7.3.1 Description			
		7.3.2 Source			
		7.3.3 Constraints			
		7.3.4 Standards			
		7.3.5 Priority			
		, lone Thomas			
8	Mai	tenance & Support Requirements 20			
	8.1	Technical Documentation			
		8.1.1 Description			
		8.1.2 Source			
		8.1.3 Constraints			
		8.1.4 Standards			
		8.1.5 Priority			
	8.2	Calibrating Computer Vision System			
		8.2.1 Description			
		8.2.2 Source			
		8.2.3 Constraints			
		8.2.4 Standards			
		8.2.5 Priority			
	8.3	Source Code Review			
		8.3.1 Description			
		8.3.2 Source			
		8.3.3 Constraints			
		8.3.4 Standards			
		8.3.5 Priority			
	8.4	Version Control System			
	J. 1	8.4.1 Description			
		8.4.2 Source			
		8.4.3 Constraints			
		8.4.4 Standards			
		8.4.5 Priority			
		Office 1110111, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

9 Other Requirements										
	9.1	9.1 Fabrication Requirement								
		9.1.1	Description	22						
		9.1.2	Source	22						
		9.1.3	Constraints	22						
		9.1.4	Standards	22						
		9.1.5	Priority	22						
	9.2	ROS R	equirement	22						
		9.2.1	Description	22						
		9.2.2	Source	22						
		9.2.3	Constraints	22						
		9.2.4	Standards	22						
		9.2.5	Priority	22						
	9.3	Mappi	ng Obstacles Requirement	22						
		9.3.1	Description	22						
		9.3.2	Source	22						
		9.3.3	Constraints	22						
		9.3.4	Standards	23						
		9.3.5	Priority	23						
10	Futu	ıre Iten	ns	24						
	10.1	TBD R	equirement	24						
		10.1.1	Description	24						
		10.1.2	Source	24						
		10.1.3	Constraints	24						
		10.1.4	Standards	24						
		10 1 5	Priority	24						

т -			T		
1.1	ST	OF	HI(	41 L	RES

1	X conceptual drawing		8
---	----------------------	--	---

#### 1 PRODUCT CONCEPT

This section describes the purpose, use, and intended user audience for the computer vision module for the Intelligent Ground Vehicle Competition (IGVC) project. The computer vision module will be used to gather real-world information to help the senior design department's intelligent ground vehicle navigate obstacles and obstructions.

### 1.1 PURPOSE AND USE

The computer vision module is expected to gather real-world information through the use of cameras and sensors that will be mounted on the ground vehicle using a custom housing. This information will be translated into data sets that will be used to create algorithms that will help the vehicle avoid obstacles such as potholes, debris, and various other possible obstructions by integrating and communicating with the other components of the vehicle.

#### 1.2 Intended Audience

This system is a component of the entire IGVC effort for 2024 by the University of Texas at Arlington. The entire system is to be packaged appropriately with all appropriate documentation and handed over to the incoming IGVC team working on the next iteration of the computer vision system and Dr. Cristopher McMurrough. The product will only be made available to the above-mentioned parties and anyone working towards a vehicle for future iterations of the IGVC as a student or faculty member of the University of Texas at Arlington's Engineering and Computer Science Department.

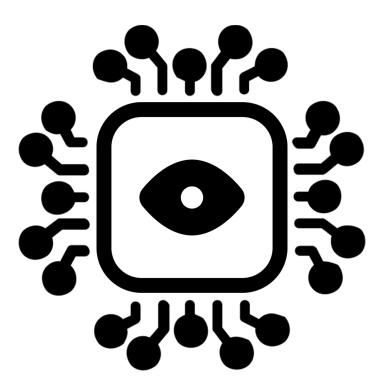


Figure 1: X conceptual drawing

### 2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Product is a Modular component built for the IGVC participating vehicle and serves the purpose of acting as its Computer vision solution. This solution should be capable of identifying obstacles, and road constraints of the IGVC competition course and be able to communicate this information to the path-planning aspect as well as the vehicle competing in the IGVC competition in 2024.

#### 2.1 FEATURES & FUNCTIONS

This modular component houses the sensors that will be used to allow the vehicle to map the space it is in. To be able to do that efficiently it must be able to stream inputs from these sensors live and identify the elements around it in time for the vehicle to be able to process a route and follow through with it. These sensors are expected to be mounted onto gyroscopic mounts that are expected to serve as shock absorption and stabilizers for the sensors recording the surroundings. Feed is to be passed into the computer vision network that is trained on a custom data set.

### 2.2 EXTERNAL INPUTS & OUTPUTS

The flow of data begins in the sensors that record the surroundings and pass them down to an on-board computer that will send these streams to a home-base computer that houses the Computer Vision Algorithm that sends its processed information to the path-planner solution system onboard the vehicle.

#### 2.3 PRODUCT INTERFACES

There are 3 interfaces; one interface is the raw input from the sensors, the other interface is the receiving end on the home-base computer and the third interface is the processed data that has been identified, tagged, mapped, and sent to the vehicle's path-planning system.

# 3 CUSTOMER REQUIREMENTS

We are building the Computer Vision Module for the currently in-development IGVC (Intelligent Ground Vehicle Competition) Vehicle for UTA, which has requirements determined by Dr. Christopher McMurrough and the IGVC set of rules. This system must be modular and compliant with the architecture of the current IGVC vehicle. It is expected to have a gyroscopic stabilizer mount for the sensors and a custom housing. We are also developing the computer vision system for the module and recording a custom-built data set to be used to train the model in compliance with IGVC rules and comprised of obstacles and scenarios that are to be expected at the competition venue.

#### 3.1 COMPUTER VISION MODEL

#### 3.1.1 DESCRIPTION

Specifics about the Computer Vision Model have not yet been decided and will be updated on the document as they are finalized by the team and Dr. Christopher McMurrough.

### **3.1.2 SOURCE**

The source of the requirement is Dr. Christopher McMurrough and the IGVC set of rules 2024.

#### 3.1.3 Constraints

TBD

#### 3.1.4 STANDARDS

**TBD** 

#### 3.1.5 PRIORITY

The priority of this requirement relative to other specified requirements:

Critical

# 3.2 CUSTOM DATA SET

#### 3.2.1 DESCRIPTION

We are going to use a push-cart with the sensors we are expected to use mounted on top of a custombuilt track, containing obstacles such as traffic cones, barrels, and white plot holes on the ground to emulate the competition environment. This data set, along with related data sets that are available to us for usage will be used to train the computer vision model to be specialized in the competition environment.

#### 3.2.2 SOURCE

The source of the requirement is Dr. Christopher McMurrough and the IGVC set of rules 2024.

#### 3.2.3 CONSTRAINTS

We may not be able to collect a large enough number of data points and be able to label all data sets appropriately which limits the efficiency of the Vision Model as that is a very taxing amount of work.

#### 3.2.4 STANDARDS

TBD

## 3.2.5 PRIORITY

The priority of this requirement relative to other specified requirements.

• High

#### 3.3 Custom Housing

#### 3.3.1 DESCRIPTION

We are designing a custom, modular housing piece to house any sensors that we use (infrared/proximity/cameras) and the Gyroscopic stabilizers for said sensors to be attached to the IGVC vehicle. In order to properly fit the housing on the vehicle, it will be required that it be in compliance with the vehicle model that has already been designed by the current Senior Design II team with whom we are collaborating.

#### **3.3.2 SOURCE**

The source for the housing requirements will be Dr. Christopher McMurrough, the IGVC rules, and the Senior Design II team.

#### 3.3.3 CONSTRAINTS

The applicable constraints are the design of the current IGVC vehicle, the design of the gyroscopic sensors, and the durability of the housing based on the available material that can be used.

#### 3.3.4 STANDARDS

**TBD** 

#### 3.3.5 PRIORITY

The priority of this requirement relative to other specified requirements.

Moderate

#### 3.4 GYROSCOPIC SENSOR STABILIZER MOUNTS

#### 3.4.1 DESCRIPTION

This component is supposed to comprise two stepper motors in a 3D-printed housing that allows it to hold a sensor as steady as possible to be able to record the surroundings more efficiently and without having to face shaky imagery that might make it harder for the computer vision system to be able to identify and tag its surroundings. These components are to be made for every recording sensor we choose to equip in our system.

#### **3.4.2 SOURCE**

The source for the stabilizer mount requirements will be provided by Dr. Christopher McMurrough and, remain in compliance with the IGVC rules.

#### 3.4.3 Constraints

Constraints include the space available for full freedom of movement of the sensors and affect greatly the design of the Housing, as well as the capability of the onboard computer(Raspberry Pi 4) to be able to calculate the appropriate adjustments to the sensor position in time. The material used for this depends greatly on the total payload the vehicle is able to carry.

#### 3.4.4 STANDARDS

TBD

#### 3.4.5 PRIORITY

The priority of this requirement relative to other specified requirements.

• High

# 4 PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS

This section describes how the hardware and software components of the computer vision module will be packaged and delivered to IGVC 2024, as well as the IGVC teams for further use and development.

#### 4.1 HARDWARE DELIVERY

#### 4.1.1 DESCRIPTION

The Housing and the sensor mounts will be constructed with lightweight materials with their size being less than what can be carried safely in luggage bags to be transported safely through air travel.

#### **4.1.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

#### 4.1.3 CONSTRAINTS

The size and weight of these components must be within safe air-travel weight limits or not more than what can be shipped safely through shipping/delivery services for safe and quick transport.

#### 4.1.4 STANDARDS

TBD

#### 4.1.5 PRIORITY

Critical

#### 4.2 SOFTWARE DELIVERY

#### 4.2.1 DESCRIPTION

All software implemented as well as any CAD files will be provided in a submission USB as well as access to the github repository that was utilized by the team.

# **4.2.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

#### 4.2.3 Constraints

(SOFTWARE IMPLEMENTED LIMITATIONS TBD)

#### 4.2.4 STANDARDS

TBD

#### 4.2.5 PRIORITY

Critical

#### 4.3 DATA SET DELIVERY

#### 4.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The custom data set that we made will be provided in a hard drive that is to be submitted, or on a cloud service with the access links provided in the submission USB.

#### **4.3.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

# 4.3.3 CONSTRAINTS

Applicable constraints on packaging for software components will be budget as well as size and safety of the available storage space for the data set.

# 4.3.4 STANDARDS

TBD

# 4.3.5 PRIORITY

Critical

# 5 Performance Requirements

The Classification must be completed in X (time units). The module must be attachable to the main vehicle in roughly 10-15 minutes. The vision system must be functional for the entire duration it takes the vehicle to complete the IGVC course, with room for errors in pathing.

#### 5.1 ACCURACY OF OBSTACLE CLASSIFICATION

### 5.1.1 DESCRIPTION

The Computer Vision System needs to detect and identify obstacles with 90 percent accuracy to navigate around the course and take countermeasures against them.

### **5.1.2 SOURCE**

IGVC team implementation

#### 5.1.3 Constraints

The training data gathered, the obstacles, and the environment

#### 5.1.4 STANDARDS

IGVC competition standards

#### 5.1.5 PRIORITY

High

#### 5.2 REAL TIME OBSTACLE DETECTION

#### 5.2.1 DESCRIPTION

The Computer Vision System must detect and identify obstacles within the system's field of view in real time with a latency of no more than 100 milliseconds.

# **5.2.2 SOURCE**

IGVC team implementation

#### 5.2.3 Constraints

Sensor capabilities and system performance

#### 5.2.4 STANDARDS

IGVC competition standards

#### 5.2.5 PRIORITY

High

## 5.3 LATENCY FOR OBSTACLE DETECTION AND RESPONSE

### 5.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The Computer Vision System must provide obstacle detection data to the IGVC's Path & Planning team with a latency of 100 milliseconds.

## **5.3.2 SOURCE**

IGVC team implementation

## **5.3.3** Constraints

Data stream speed and processing time.

# 5.3.4 STANDARDS

IGVC competition standards

# 5.3.5 PRIORITY

High

# **6** SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Our assigned task is to generate a Modular component that should be equipped with a Lidar sensor and camera's. As majority of the work would be based on the electrical components and wiring, certain pre-cautions would be taken into consideration including the use of safety glasses to prevent direct exposure, proper taping of all electrical wires before operating it, maintaining the ground connection to avoid shocks. Heavy soldering work would also be required, so prohibiting the use of wet hands/without gloves.

# 6.1 LABORATORY EQUIPMENT LOCKOUT/TAGOUT (LOTO) PROCEDURES

#### **6.1.1** DESCRIPTION

Any fabrication equipment provided used in the development of the project shall be used in accordance with OSHA standard LOTO procedures. Locks and tags are installed on all equipment items that present use hazards, and ONLY the course instructor or designated teaching assistants may remove a lock. All locks will be immediately replaced once the equipment is no longer in use.

#### **6.1.2 SOURCE**

CSE Senior Design laboratory policy and UTA Central Library FabLab policy.

#### 6.1.3 Constraints

Equipment usage, due to lock removal policies, will be limited to availability of the course instructor and designed teaching assistants.

#### 6.1.4 STANDARDS

Occupational Safety and Health Standards 1910.147 - The control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout).

#### 6.1.5 PRIORITY

**Extremely Critical** 

#### 6.2 NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE (NEC) WIRING COMPLIANCE

#### 6.2.1 DESCRIPTION

Any electrical wiring must be completed in compliance with all requirements specified in the National Electric Code. This includes wire runs, insulation, grounding, enclosures, over-current protection, and all other specifications.

#### **6.2.2 SOURCE**

CSE Senior Design laboratory policy

#### 6.2.3 Constraints

High voltage power sources, as defined in NFPA 70, will be avoided as much as possible in order to minimize potential hazards.

#### 6.2.4 STANDARDS

NFPA 70

## 6.2.5 PRIORITY

Critical

# 6.3 RIA ROBOTIC MANIPULATOR SAFETY STANDARDS

### 6.3.1 DESCRIPTION

Robotic manipulators, if used, will either housed in a compliant lockout cell with all required safety interlocks, or certified as a "collaborative" unit from the manufacturer.

#### **6.3.2 SOURCE**

CSE Senior Design laboratory policy and UTA Central Library FabLab Policy.

### **6.3.3** Constraints

Collaborative robotic manipulators will be preferred over non-collaborative units in order to minimize potential hazards. Sourcing and use of any required safety interlock mechanisms will be the responsibility of the engineering team.

#### 6.3.4 STANDARDS

ANSI/RIA R15.06-2012 American National Standard for Industrial Robots and Robot Systems, RIA TR15.606-2016 Collaborative Robots

#### 6.3.5 PRIORITY

Critical

# 7 SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

The Computer Vision system for IGVC will take steps to ensure security is implemented. Source code access will need to be managed and restricted only to authorized personnel. Any data or training data will be stored on a cloud or hard drive and routinely backed up for recovery.

#### 7.1 TRAINING DATA STORAGE

#### 7.1.1 DESCRIPTION

Storing large-scale training data into an external hard drive or cloud storage to ensure no unauthorized personnel has access to the data set.

#### **7.1.2 SOURCE**

Data protection practices

#### 7.1.3 CONSTRAINTS

Cloud storage technology and costs or physical need of hard drive.

#### 7.1.4 STANDARDS

Data storage standards.

#### 7.1.5 PRIORITY

High

## 7.2 FREQUENT DATA BACKUPS

### 7.2.1 DESCRIPTION

Implement a set of data backup times for training data to prevent data loss or corruption.

#### **7.2.2 SOURCE**

Data protection practices

#### 7.2.3 CONSTRAINTS

Backup procedures and technology used.

#### 7.2.4 STANDARDS

Data backup and recovery standards.

#### 7.2.5 PRIORITY

High

#### 7.3 CODE REPOSITORY ACCESS

# 7.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The code repository contains code related to the Computer Vision system and will need to be managed and accessed by authorized personnel only.

#### **7.3.2 SOURCE**

GitHub's security features and practices.

#### 7.3.3 CONSTRAINTS

Access management and technology used.

# 7.3.4 STANDARDS

GitHub security standards.

# 7.3.5 PRIORITY

High

# 8 MAINTENANCE & SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

The Computer Vision system for IGVC will be maintained and supported to ensure that the IGVC will operate functionally as expected by the team's standards. We will have team members who will address these requirements either by designation, team maintenance, or individual maintenance to resolve these issues. The Computer Vision system will come with a technical document that will help guide the user or developer to troubleshoot the underlying problem or understand the system. Additionally, the team will be calibrating the computer vision system, reviewing source code, and using version control.

#### 8.1 TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

#### 8.1.1 DESCRIPTION

Technical documentation detailing the system architecture, sensor specifications, software source code documentation, and troubleshooting will be available for maintenance.

#### 8.1.2 SOURCE

Source

#### 8.1.3 CONSTRAINTS

Documentation will need to be updated and added for future use.

#### 8.1.4 STANDARDS

Maintenance & support documentation standards.

#### 8.1.5 PRIORITY

High

#### 8.2 Calibrating Computer Vision System

#### 8.2.1 DESCRIPTION

The Computer Vision System, such as cameras and sensors, will be checked and calibrated to ensure accuracy and data are consistent with the IGVC's design.

#### **8.2.2 SOURCE**

IGVC's team recommendation

#### 8.2.3 Constraints

Detailed description of applicable constraints...

#### 8.2.4 STANDARDS

IGVC competition standards.

#### 8.2.5 PRIORITY

High

#### 8.3 Source Code Review

#### 8.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The source code will be reviewed to ensure the quality of the code by identifying and resolving issues and vulnerabilities. Additionally,

#### **8.3.2 SOURCE**

Software development practices

#### 8.3.3 Constraints

Testing through the use of IGVC depends on the condition of the outside weather.

# 8.3.4 STANDARDS

IGVC competition standards

#### 8.3.5 PRIORITY

High

### 8.4 Version Control System

#### 8.4.1 DESCRIPTION

The IGVC's Computer vision source code will be managed using a version control system, GitHub, for collaboration, tracking code, and potential reverts with the history of code maintained.

#### **8.4.2 SOURCE**

Software development practices.

#### 8.4.3 Constraints

fill in later

### 8.4.4 STANDARDS

GitHub standard practices.

### 8.4.5 PRIORITY

High

# 9 OTHER REQUIREMENTS

This section consists of the requirements that are provided by the project sponsor and what we decided is the most suitable for the realization of the Computer Vision solution.

## 9.1 FABRICATION REQUIREMENT

#### 9.1.1 DESCRIPTION

During the prototyping stage of the project, we will utilize 3D printing fabrication techniques to test the gyroscopic mount and the housing of the sensors. These models upon approval may be manufactured into light and durable materials like carbon-fiber or aluminium.

#### **9.1.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

#### 9.1.3 CONSTRAINTS

The cost of fabrication and access to printing facilities and the fab-lab/senior design lab.

#### 9.1.4 STANDARDS

List of applicable standards

#### 9.1.5 PRIORITY

Moderate

## 9.2 ROS REQUIREMENT

#### 9.2.1 DESCRIPTION

ROS Framework allows us to interface the streams from the onboard computer onto a base computer where we can perform process-heavy tasks.

#### **9.2.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

#### 9.2.3 Constraints

How compatible it is with the home-base computer and the difficulty of its usage.

#### 9.2.4 STANDARDS

List of applicable standards

#### 9.2.5 PRIORITY

High

### 9.3 Mapping Obstacles Requirement

#### 9.3.1 DESCRIPTION

The entities that the computer vision model is able to recognize might have to be mapped in a GPS plane as it is uncertain as of yet whether this is something the path planner team is going to do or not.

#### **9.3.2 SOURCE**

Sponsor (Dr. McMurrough)

## 9.3.3 Constraints

Limitations of the onboard computer to be able to withstand all these streams of data.

# 9.3.4 STANDARDS

List of applicable standards

# 9.3.5 PRIORITY

Priority

# 10 FUTURE ITEMS

We currently do not have any future items in mind and this section will be populated if there is such an item that arises throughout the duration of Senior Design I and II.

# 10.1 TBD REQUIREMENT

### 10.1.1 DESCRIPTION

**TBD** 

# **10.1.2 SOURCE**

**TBD** 

# 10.1.3 CONSTRAINTS

Detailed description of applicable constraints...

# 10.1.4 STANDARDS

TBD

### 10.1.5 PRIORITY

Future

-	•									
	,	_	_	_	П	E	ТΑТ	$\sim$	_	
•	•	н	н	н.	ĸ	н	N		н	•

N/A