

Lifestyle Store

Detailed Developer report

SECURITY STATUS – EXTREMELY VULNERABLE

- Hacker can steal all records in Lifestyle Store databases(SQLi)
- Hacker can change source code of application to host malware, phishing pages or even explicit content.(Shell upload)
- Hacker can take control of complete server including View, Add, Edit, delete files and folders. (Shell Upload)
- Hacker can see details of any customer.(IDOR)
- Hacker can easily access or bypass admin account authentication.(bruteforcing)
- Hacker can inject client side code into applications and trick users by changing how page looks to steal information or spoil the name of the company. (XSS)
- Hacker can easily view default and debug pages, can easily guess the default passwords and can exploit all the vulnerability related to the third party components used. (Security misconfiguration)

Vulnerability Statistics

CriticalSevereModerateLow157103

Vulnerabilities

SI no.	Severity	Vulnerability	Count
1	CRITICAL	SQL injection	3
2	CRITICAL	Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting	3
3	CRITICAL	Insecure Direct Object Reference	4
4	CRITICAL	Rate limiting Flaw	1
5	CRITICAL	Insecure File Upload	1
6	MODERATE	Client side filter bypass	1
7	MODERATE	Server Misconfiguration	1
8	SEVERE	Components with known vulnerabilities	3
9	SEVERE	Weak password	2
10	MODERATE	Default files and pages	5
11	CRITICAL	File Inclusion Vulnerability	1
12	LOW	PII leakage	3
13	MODERATE	Open Redirection	3
14	SEVERE	Bruteforce Exploitation	1
15	CRITICAL	Command Execution Vulnerability	2
16	SEVERE	Forced Browsing Flaws	1
17	LOW	Cross site Request Forgery	1

1.SQL Injection

SQL INJECTION(Critical)

Below mentioned URL in the online e-commerce portal is vulnerable to SQL injection attack **Affected URL:**

http://15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=1

Affected Parameters:

• **cat**(GET parameter)

Payload:

• cat=1'

1.SQL Injection

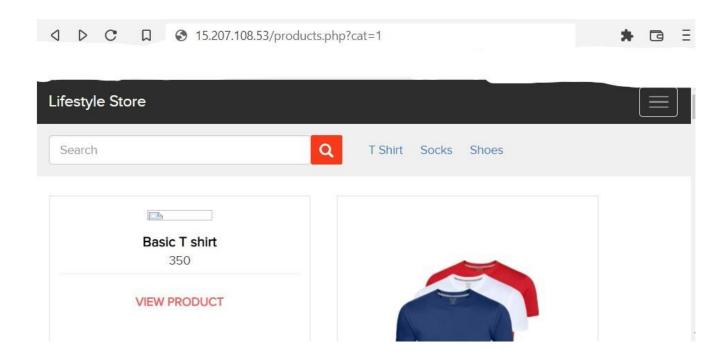
SQL INJECTION(Critical)

Here are other similar SQLi in the application

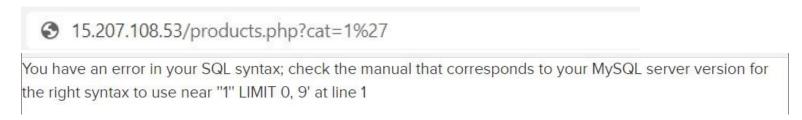
Affected URL:

- http://15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=2
- http://15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=3

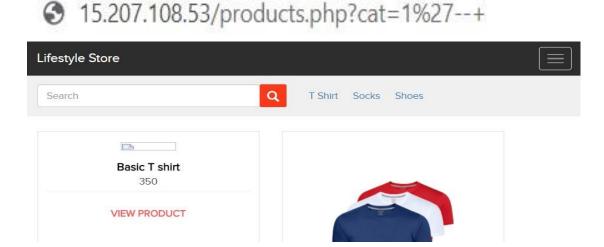
 Navigate to the Main Page of the website where you will see categories option click on "T Shirt" or "Socks" or "Shoes" to get into this URL, you will see products as per the category you have chosen but notice the GET parameter in the URL:



Now, we apply single quote in category parameter(i.e. GET parameter):
 http://15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=1' and we get complete MySQL error.

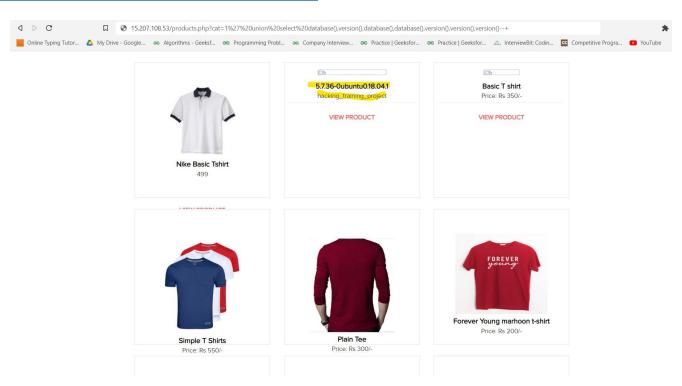


• We then put --+: 15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=1'--+ and the error is removed confirming SQL injection:



Proof of Concept

- Attacker can execute SQL commands as shown below. Here we have used the payload below to extract the database name and MySQL version information:
- <a href="http://15.207.108.53/products.php?cat=1%27%20union%20select%20database(),version(),database(),database(),version(),version()--+



Proof of Concept (PoC)

- Attacker can dump arbitrary data
- No of databases:2
 - Information_schema
 - Hacking_training_project
- No of Tables: 10
 - brands
 - cart_items
 - categories
 - customers
 - order_items
 - orders
 - product_reviews
 - Products
 - Sellers
 - uses

```
[04:31:15] [INFO] fetching database names available databases [2]:
[*] hacking_training_project
[*] information_schema
```

Business Impact - Extremely High

Using this vulnerability, attacker can execute arbitrary SQL commands on Lifestyle store server and gain
complete access to internal databases along with all customer data inside it. Below is the screenshot of
some information extracted from users table which shows user credentials being leaked .Since the
passwords are hashed ,the risk is comparatively low . Attacker can use this information to attack the users
and login to admin panels and gain complete admin level access to the website which could lead to
complete compromise of the server and all other servers connected to it

Database: hacking_training_project Table: users								
[16 entries]								
id	name	phone_number	unique_key	user_name	password	email		
1	admin	8521479630	15468927955c66694cba1174.29688447	admin	\$2y\$10\$Ywez1.ljUyzw3jD4Wqxnme5ptGnwkOZyHCV.XHMr18/hPuTNsGm8i	admin@lifestylestore.com		
2	Donald Duck	9489625136	778522555c6669996f5a24.34991684	Donal234	\$2y\$10\$PM.7nBSP5FMaldXiM/S3s./p5xR6GTKvjry7ysJtxOkBqOJURAHsO	donald@lifestylestore.com		
3	Brutus	8912345670	19486318945c666a037b1432.99985767	Pluto98	\$2y\$10\$xkmdvrxSCxqdyWSrDx5YSe1NAwX.7pQ2nQmaTCovH4CFssxgyJTki	Pluto@lifestylestore.com		
4	Chandan	7854126395	12404594545c666a3b49e0f8.08173871	chandan	\$2y\$10\$4cZBEIrgthXdvT1hwUlivuFELe03rR.GIcdp03NjrlS0Vei0KLVDa	chandan@lifestylestore.com		
5	Popeye the sailor man	9745612300	18430379145c666a53af8431.79566371	Popeye786	\$2y\$10\$Fkv1RfwYTioW0w2CaZtAQuXVnhGAUjt/If/yTqkNPC5zTrsVm7EeC	popeye@lifestylestore.com		
6	Radhika	9512300052	15611262655c666b312f73e0.70827297	Radhika	\$2y\$10\$RYxNhOyV/G4g7OtFwpqYaexvHi8rF6XXui8kT1WtrfqhTutCA8JC.	radhika@lifestylestore.com		
7	Nandan	7845129630	1587354115c666b65bb44a5.36505317	Nandan	\$2y\$10\$G.cRNLMEiG79ZFXElHg.R.o95334U0xmZu4.9MqzR5614ucwnk59K	Nandan@lifestylestore.com		
8	Murthy Adapa	8365738264	16357203785c68f640c699a2.83646347	MurthyAdapa	\$2y\$10\$mzQGzD4sDSj2EunpCioe4eK18c1Abs0T2P1a1P6eV1DPR.11UubDG	murthy@internshala.com		
9	John Albert	6598325015	9946437385c6a435f76bef0.14675944	john	\$2y\$10\$GhDB8h1X6XjPMY12GZ1vDO7Y3en97u1/.oXTZLmYqB6F18FBgecvG	jhon@gmail.com		
10	Bob	8576308560	4305822125c6a43ec507df0.68309267	bob	\$2y\$10\$kiUikn3HPFbuyTtK75lLNurxzqC0LX3eMGy0/Uxl6JOoG37dCGKLq	bob@building.com		
11	Jack	9848478231	15257114565c6a444692b707.17903432	jack	\$2y\$10\$z/nyNlkRJ76m9ItMZ4N5lOeRxy6Gkqi9N/UBcJu5ZeO7eM7N4pTHu	jack@ronald.com		
12	Bulla Boy	7645835473	18292501185c6a4493a5ddb0.87138000	bulla	\$2y\$10\$HT5oiRMetqaZ7xGZPE9s2.Mk1yF4PnYDJHCWbm2w/xuKpjEEI/zjG	bulla@ranto.com		
13	hunter	978877777	13824560345c80704e821145.26019698	hunter	\$2y\$10\$pB3U9iFxwBgSbl2AkBpiEeIBdhiYfWy9y.xV23q12gGbMCyn7N3g2	konezo@web-experts.net		
14	asd	9876543210	8057400125c862a7f5916c9.06111587	asd	\$2y\$10\$At5pFZnRWpjCD/yNnJWDL.L3Cc4Cv0W8Q/WEHmWzBFqVIkBQFpCF2	asd@asd.com		
15	acdc	999999999	13104802695c86f43f0c3705.77019309	acdc	\$2y\$10\$J50B78.gpucuLTwpHwbcPedYcain.Yi.tsTLyQtK17FzdSpmIRRbi	cewi@next-mail.info		
16	Spam	9123456789	170248112261dc75be908844.24719072	Spam Account	\$2y\$10\$WQhqSwwnoYYiYkWKbOOJPex2/fcElFM/RAeEt91WFeF1/bD6B8RZK	spam@hacker.com		
+	·	+	+	+	 	++		

Recommendation

- Take the following precautions to avoid exploitation of SQL injections:
 - Character encoding: If you are taking input that requires you to accept special characters, encode it. Example. Convert **all ' to \' , " to \' , \ to **. It is also suggested to follow a standard encoding for all special characters such has HTML encoding, URL encoding etc
 - Assign each Database user only the required permissions and not all permissions.
 - Whitelist User Input: Whitelist all user input for expected data only. For example if you are expecting a flower name, limit it to alphabets only upto 20 characters in length. If you are expecting some ID, restrict it to numbers only
 - Prepared Statements: Use SQL prepared statements available in all web development languages and frameworks to avoid attacker being able to modify SQL query
 - Do not store passwords in plain text. Convert them to hashes using SHA1 SHA256 Blowfish etc
 - Do not run Database Service as admin/root user
 - Disable/remove default accounts, passwords and databases

References

- https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/opsqli-1/sql-injection.html
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SQL Injection
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL injection

2. Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting

Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting(Critical)

 This happens when a user controlled input is reflected somewhere else in an HTML page and is not encoded/sanitised properly. This leads to an attacker being able to inject HTML code in the affected page

Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/products/details,php?p_id=2

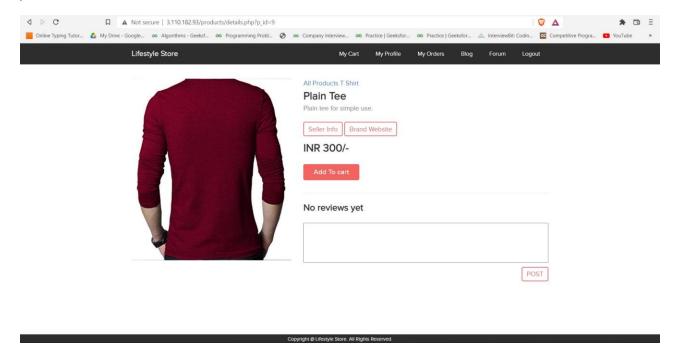
Affected Parameters:

POST button under Customer Review (POST parameters)

Payload:

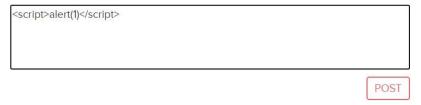
<script>alert(1)</script>

• Log in to your account. Then go to My Cart and then click on SHOP NOW button and select any product, Or Navigate to http://3.110.182.93/products/details.php?p_id=15 (here I selected product number 9).



Proof of Concept

• Put the payload as a customer review in the review field: <script>alert(1)</script>



• As you can see we executed custom JS causing popup.



Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting(Critical)

Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/profile/2/edit/

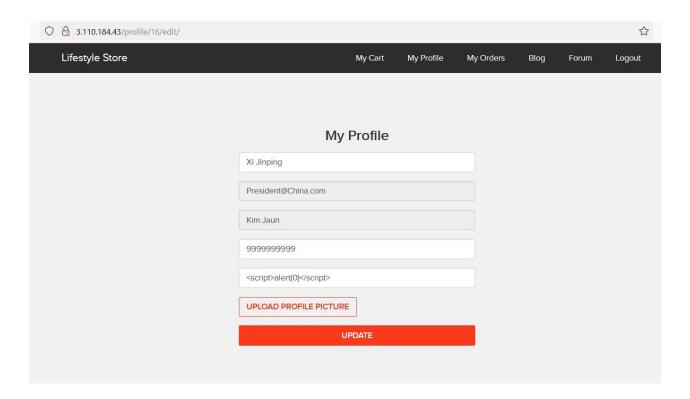
Affected Parameters:

• Address (POST parameters)

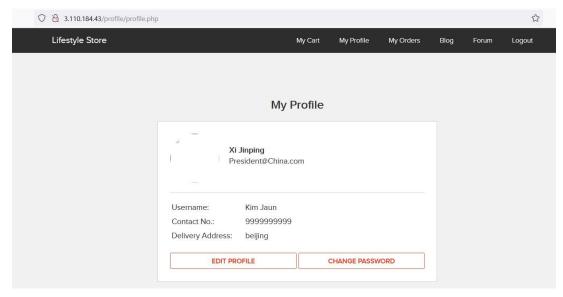
Payload:

<script>alert(1)</script>

• Navigate to http://13.232.3.22/profile/2/edit/. You will see user's details.

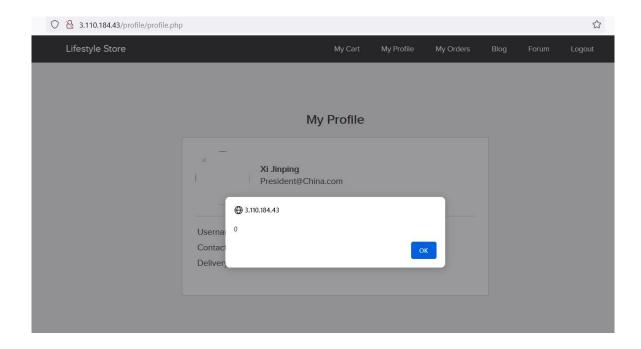


• Enter any text and click on Update, you will see it reflected in the next page and value will be in POST parameter in Address field



Proof of Concept (PoC)

• Put this payload instead of Xi Jinping: As you can see we executed custom JS causing popup



Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting(Critical)

Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/search/search.php?q=(here)

Affected Parameters:

q(POST parameters)

Payload:

"><script>alert(1)</script>

Reflected and Stored Cross Site Scripting(Critical)

• This happens when a user controlled input is reflected somewhere else in an HTML page and is not encoded/sanitised properly. This leads to an attacker being able to inject HTML code in the affected page

Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/products/details,php?p_id=2

Affected Parameters:

• **details** (POST parameters)

Payload:

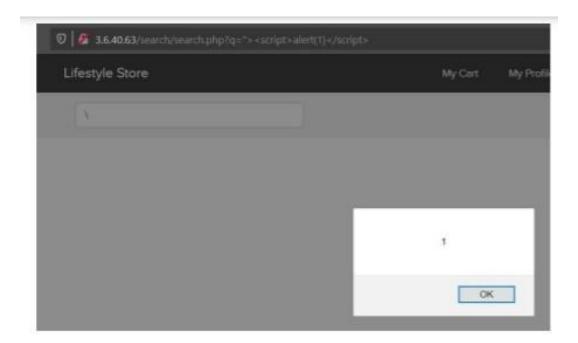
<script>alert(1)</script>

- Log in to your account.
- Then go to My Cart and then click on SHOP NOW button and type "<> in the Search Box.
- You will notice that the code being reflected on the website.



Proof of Concept

- custom script was executed
- Now, put the payload instead of "<> after the q parameter: "><script>alert(1)</script>
- As you can see we executed custom JS causing popup



Business Impact – High

- As attacker can inject arbitrary HTML CSS and JS via the review text field, attacker can put any content on the page like phishing pages, install malware on victim's device and even host explicit content that could compromise the reputation of the organization.
- All the attacker needs to do is to type in the malicious script in the review field and then anyone opening the link can be attacked by the hacker and victim would see hacker controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content too.

RECOMENDATIONS

- Take the following precautions:
 - Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want.
 - Convert special HTML characters like ' " < > into HTML entities " %22 < > before printing them on the website.
 - Apply Client Side Filters to prevent client side filters bypass.

References

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/xss/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site scripting
- https://www.w3schools.com/html/html entities.asp

3.Insecure Direct Object Reference(IDOR)

Insecure Direct Object Reference(Critical)

The My Orders section of the website suffers from an Insecure Direct Object Reference (IDOR)
that allows attacker get access to other customers order details along with shipping details and
payment modes

Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/orders/orders.php?customer=(all customers id's)

Affected Parameters:

customer (GET parameters)

Payload used:

http://15.207.108.53/orders/orders.php?customer=2

Insecure Direct Object Reference(IDOR)

Insecure Direct Object Reference(Critical)

Similar issue is found on below modules too,

Affected URL:

- http://15.207.108.53/products/details.php?p_id=(all id's)
- http://15.207.108.53/forum/index.php?u=/user/profile/(any id)
- http://15.207.108.53/generate_receipt/ordered/(order id)

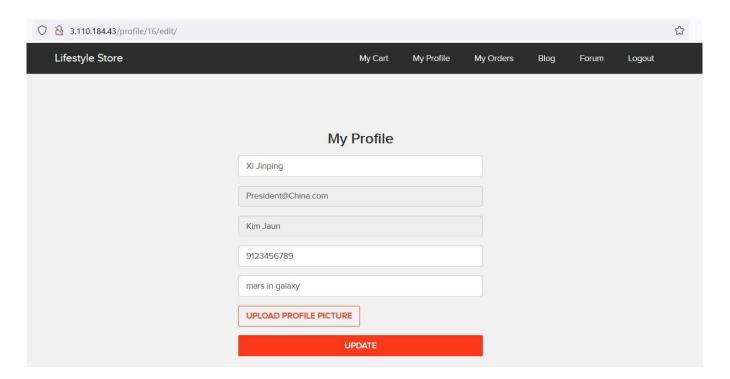
Affected Parameters:

- p_id (GET parameters)
- u=/user/profile/
- ordered/

Payload used:

http://13.232.3.22/orders/orders.php?customer=2

- Login using any customer of the month's details.
- Then navigate to the below link. http://13.232.3.22/profile/2/edit/
- Now remove 2 and insert 3 in the url like shown in the given screenshot and you will see the
 details of another user.

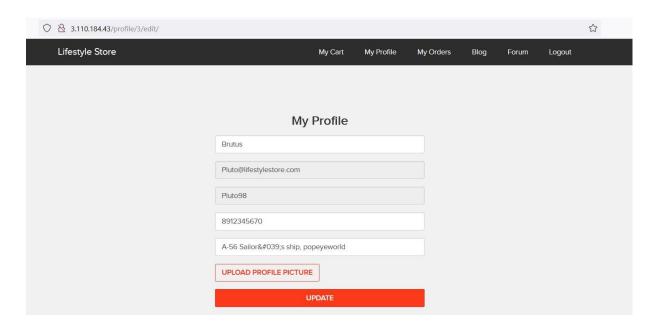


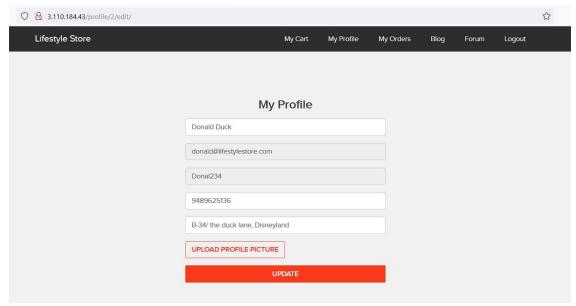
Since, the customer id is clearly visible, let's intercept the request and brute force the customer id's of all available customers.

en en							
Filter: Showing all items							
Request	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	wrong	home
0		200			6744		
1	0	302			522		
2	1	200			7778		
3	2	200			8671		
4	3	200			6793		
5	4	200			6762		
6	5	200			6744		
7	6	200			6781		
8	7	200	Ī		6818		
9	8	200	Ī	\Box	6810		
10	9	200			6791		
11	10	200	Ĭ	П	6745		
12	11	200	Ī	П	7720		
13	12	200	Ī	П	6761		
14	13	200	ī	П	6797		
15	14	200	H	H	6785		
16	15	200	i ii	Ħ	7722		
17	16	200	H	H	7749		
18	17	200	H	П	6785		
19	18	200	H	H	6759		
20	19	200	H	H	6762		
21	20	200	H	H	7752		
22	21	200	H	Н	6759		
23	22	200	H	H	6761		
24	23	200	H	H	6782		
25	24	200	H	H	6796		
26	25	200	H	H	6803		
27	26	200	H	H	6769		
28	27	200	H	H	6782		
29	28	200	H	H	6780		
30	29	200	H	H	6800		
31	30	200	H	H	6800		
32	31	200	H	H	6777		
33	32	200	H	H	6756		
34	33	200	H	H	6790		
35	34	200	H	H	6781		
		200	H	H	6770		
36	35		H	H			
37	36	200	H	H	6785		
38	37	200	H	H	6762		
39	38	200			6818		
40 41	39 40	200			6761		

Proof of Concept (PoC)

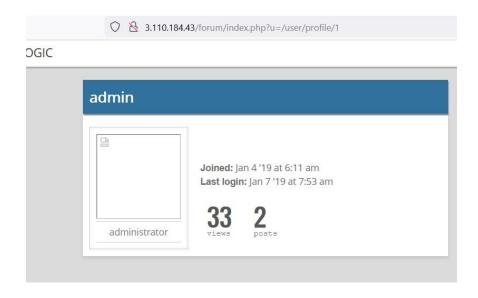
• Below is the screenshot of the bill details of another user accessed from attacked user's account





Proof of Concept (PoC)

Just by changing the profile id, other user's profile can be seen.





Business Impact – Extremely High

- A malicious hacker can read bill information and account details of any user just by knowing the customer id and User ID. This discloses critical billing information of users including:
 - Mobile Number
 - Bill Number
 - Billing Period
 - Bill Amount and Breakdown
 - Phone no. and email address
 - Address
- This can be used by malicious hackers to carry out targeted phishing attacks on the users and the information can also be sold to competitors/blackmarket.
- More over, as there is no ratelimiting checks, attacker can bruteforce the user_id for all possible values and get bill information of each and every user of the organization resulting is a massive information leakage.

Recommendation

- Take the following precautions:
 - Implement proper authentication and authorisation checks to make sure that the user has permission to the data he/she is requesting
 - Use proper rate limiting checks on the number of request comes from a single user in a small amount of time
 - Make sure each user can only see his/her data only.

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Insecure Configuration Management
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top 10 2013-A4-Insecure Direct Object References

4. Rate Limiting Flaw

5. Rate Limiting Flaw(Critical)

• The admin dashboard at the below mentioned URL has 3 digit otp allowing brute forcing the otp and reset the password and gaining access.

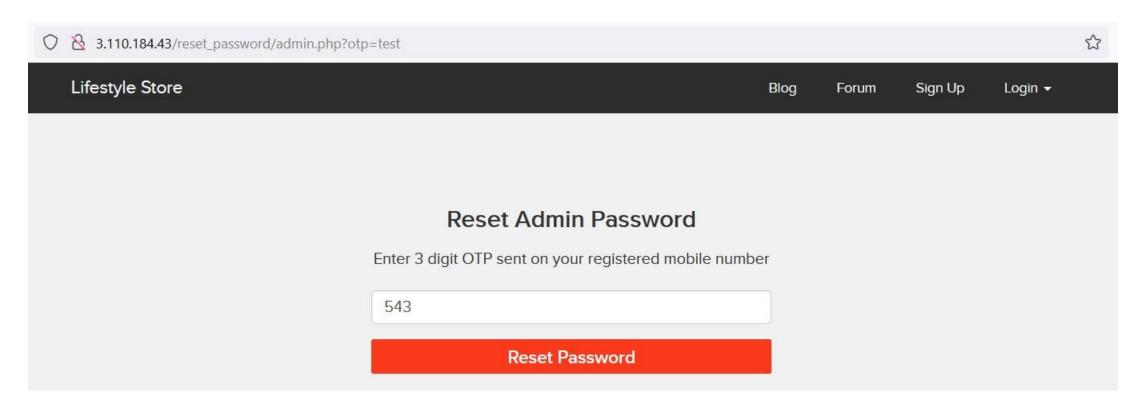
Affected URL:

• http://15.207.108.53/reset password/admin.php

Affected Parameters:

otp(POST Parameters)

• Navigate to http://13.127.150.195/login/admin.php, you will see a "Forgot your password?" hyperlink which asks for OTP which is sent to admin's phone number

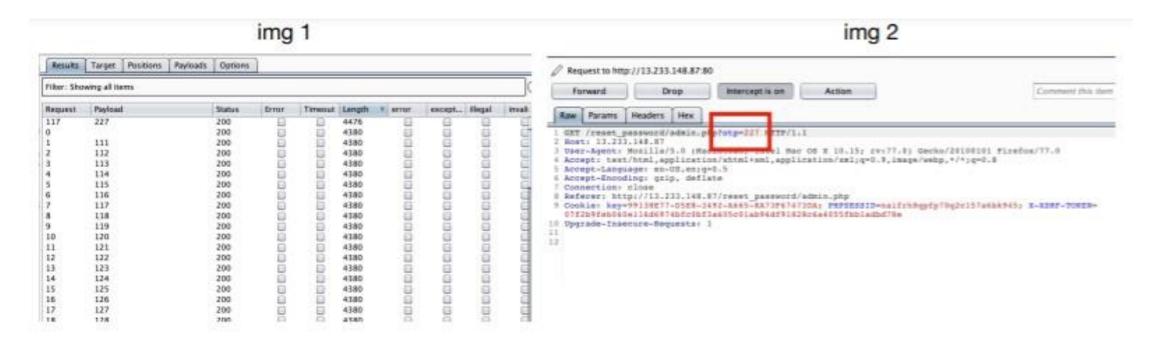


- write any 3-digit number (i.e. any number from 100 999) and Intercept the request with Burp Suite.
- Following request will be generated containing OTP parameter(GET).

```
Request
             Response
 Pretty
 1 GET /reset password/admin.php?otp=724 HTTP/1.1
 2 Host: 3.110.184.43
 3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:95.0)
   Gecko/20100101 Firefox/95.0
4 Accept:
   text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/
  webp, */*; q=0.8
 5 Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5
 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
 7 Connection: close
 8 Referer: http://3.110.184.43/reset password/admin.php
 9 Cookie: PHPSESSID=cal02cmlf05794j75qjeomrrg0; key=
   95336D2D-6846-980D-6FB6-F93C4BB984FD; X-XSRF-TOKEN=
   1d59e8ac115b711b78c3b1d2ca8cee59c55b20aa2e799d50054ef8b358e8f762
10 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

Proof of Concept (PoC)

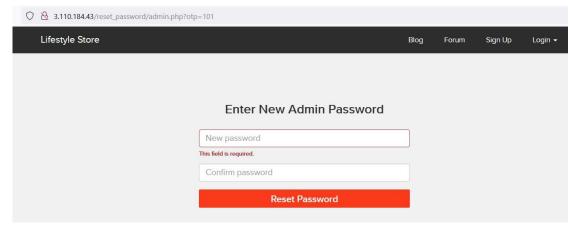
- On brute forcing the 3 digit otp, under the length column the value which is distinct from others yields the correct otp 227 (img 1). Enter this otp in the captured request (img 2)
- OTP for this Session was 227.

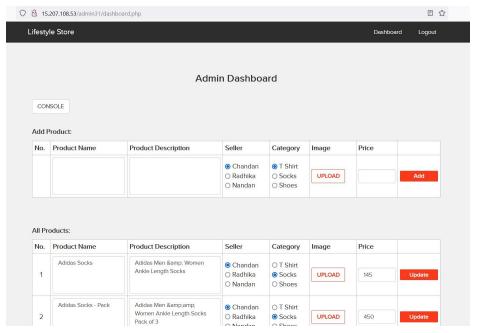


Proof of Concept(PoC)

- You will be navigated to the reset password page .Here change the password (img 1).
- Navigate to http://13.233.148.87/login/admin.php. Enter username-admin and password.

 You will be redirected to the admin dashboard where you can see the details of all the users/ sellers/customers. (img 2)





Business Impact – Extremely High

- A Malicious hacker can gain complete access to admin account just by Brute-Forcing due to rate limiting flaw as a hacker can attempt as many times as he wants, as there is no bounds in no of tries. This leads to complete compromise of personal user data of every customer.
- Once the attacker logs in as admin, then he can carry out actions on behalf of the victim(admin) which could lead to serious financial loss to him/her, like he can change the name, picture and even price of the products.

Recommendation

- Take the following precautions:
 - Use proper rate-limiting checks on the no of OTP checking and Generation requests.
 - Implement anti-bot measures such as ReCAPTCHA after multiple incorrect attempts.
 - OTP should expire after certain amount of time like 2-5 minutes.
 - OTP should be at least 6 digit and alphanumeric for more security.

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing Multiple Factors Authentication (OWASP-AT-009)
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Blocking Brute Force Attacks

5.Insecure File Uploads

Insecure File Uploads(Critical)

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to Insecure File Upload and making other admin level changes.

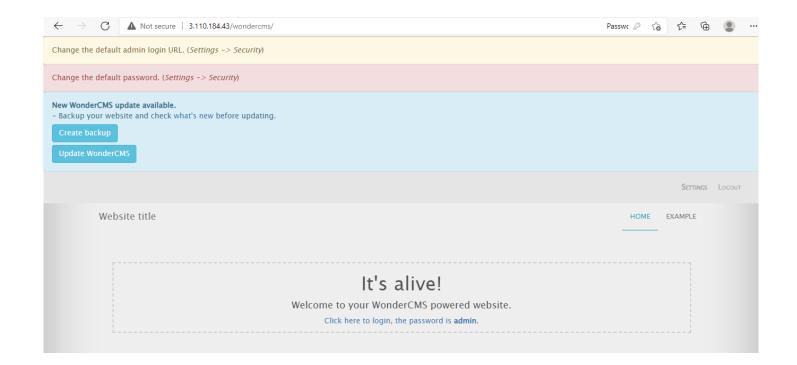
Affected URL:

http://15.207.108.53/wondercms/loginURL

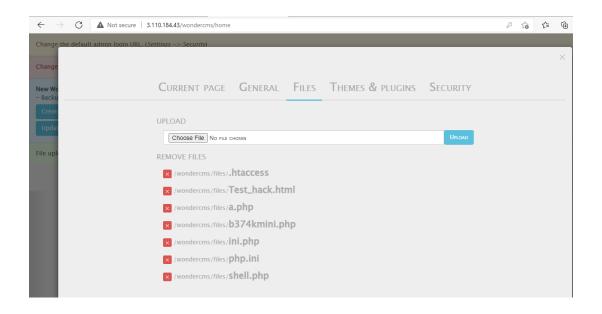
File Uploaded

Test_hack.html

- When we navigate to http://13.126.196.134/wondercms/url
- we get the password on the page and login as : admin in the url http://3.110.184.43/wondercms/loginURL .



- You will see the following page and then click on Settings tab
- Click on Files tab . Here hacker can upload the file like shown .
- Click on the uploaded file **Test_hack.html** and it will be opened



PoC - any command can be executed

• Below is the result of the uploded file in the previous slide likewise some malicious shell can be uploaded as well.



Hacked!!!!!

Business Impact – Extremely High

- The consequences of unrestricted file upload can vary:-
 - including complete system takeover, an overloaded file system or database.
 - forwarding attacks to back-end systems.
 - client-side attacks, or simple defacement.
 - It depends on what the application does with the uploaded file and especially where it is stored

Recommendation

- Change the Admin password to something strong and not guessable.
- The application code should be configured in such a way, that it should block uploading of malicious files extensions such as exe/ php and other extensions with a thorough server as well as client validation. CVE ID allocated: CVE-2017-14521
- Rename the files using a code, so that the attacker cannot play around with file names.
- Use static file hosting servers like CDNs and file clouds to store files instead of storing them on the application server itself

References

- https://owasp.org/www-community/vulnerabilities/Unrestricted File Upload
- https://www.hackingarticles.in/comprehensive-guide-on-unrestricted-file-upload

6.Client Side Filter Bypass

Client Side Filter Bypass (Moderate)

In below mentioned urls, we can easily bypass client side and server side validation

Affected URL:

• http://15.207.108.53/profile/16/edit/Affected parameter:

Affected parameter

Contact(POST Parameter)

Payload used

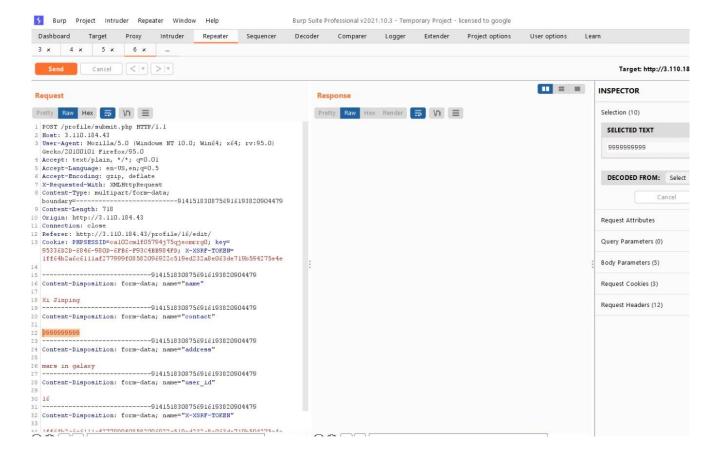
• 1111111111

Login to your account and go to My Profile section.
 Now, click on edit profile button, update any of your details, here I will go with phone number only.
 I updated my phone number from 8912345671 to 999999999.
 Now, again click on UPDATE button and intercept the request with

Burp Suite

3.110.184.43/profile/16/edit/							น
Lifestyle Store		My Cart	My Profile	My Orders	Blog	Forum	Logout
		My Profile					
	Xi Jinping						
	President@China.com	n					
	Kim Jaun						
	8912345671						
	mars in galaxy	1					
	UPLOAD PROFILE PI	ICTURE					
		UPDATE					

- Now, send the request to the Repeater and edit the phone number.
- I changed it from 9999999999 to 1111111111 and hit Send.



```
Pretty Raw Hex 🚍 🐚 🗏
 1 POST /profile/submit.php HTTP/1.1
 2 Host: 3.110.184.43
 3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:95.0)
   Gecko/20100101 Firefox/95.0
 4 Accept: text/plain, */*; q=0.01
 5 Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5
 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
 7 X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
 8 Content-Type: multipart/form-data;
  boundary=-----9141518308756916193820904479
 9 Content-Length: 718
10 Origin: http://3.110.184.43
11 Connection: close
12 Referer: http://3.110.184.43/profile/16/edit/
13 Cookie: PHPSESSID=cal02cmlf05794j75gjeomrrq0; key=
   95336D2D-6846-980D-6FB6-F93C4BB984FD; X-XSRF-TOKEN=
   1ff64b2a6c6111af277999f08582096922c519ed232a8e063de719b594275e4e
15 -----9141518308756916193820904479
16 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="name"
17
18 Xi Jinping
19 -----9141518308756916193820904479
20 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="contact"
21
22 11111111000
23 -----9141518308756916193820904479
24 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="address"
26 mars in galaxy
27 -----9141518308756916193820904479
28 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="user id"
29
31 -----9141518308756916193820904479
32 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="X-XSRF-TOKEN"
24 1666452-6-6111-6277666600502066022-516-4222-0-0624-7165504275-4-
```

Proof of Concept(PoC)

profile updated successfully



• As PoC, a short screen recording has been attached along with in screen rec/client side filter bypass poc.mp4

Business Impact – High

• • This would only trouble the users who in turn might give negative feedback on your website

.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Implement all critical checks on server side code only.
- Client-side checks must be treated as decorative only.
- All business logic must be implemented and checked on the server code. This includes user input, the flow of applications and even the URL/Modules a user is supposed to access or not.

References

- https://portswigger.net/support/using-burp-to-bypass-client-side-javascript-validation
- https://www.slideshare.net/SamBowne/cnit-129s-ch-5-bypassing-clientside-controls

7. Server misconfiguration

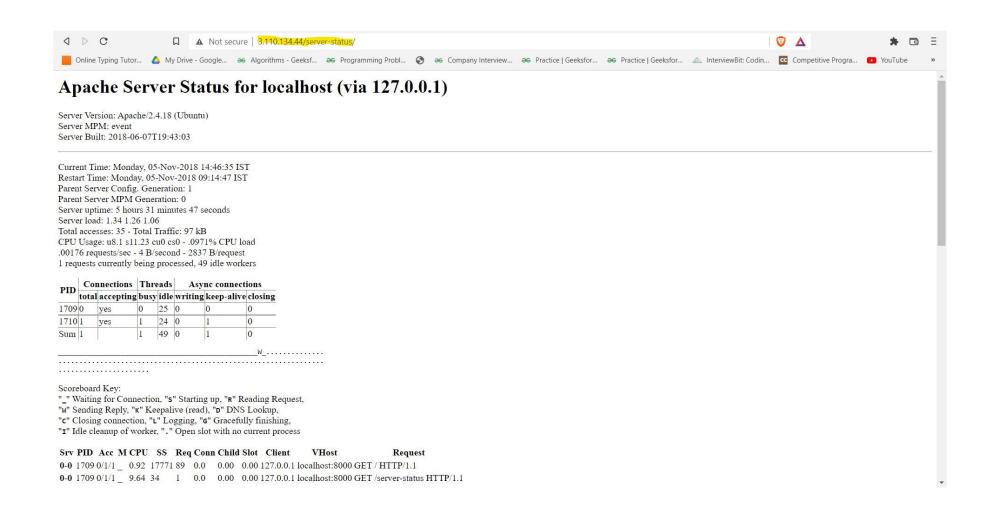
Server misconfiguration (Moderate)

Below mentioned url will show you the server related info

Affected URL:

http://3.110.134.44/server-status

Observation and POC



Recommendation

- Keep the software up to date
- Disable all the default accounts and change passwords regularly
- Develop strong app architecture and encrypt data which has sensitive information.
- Make sure that the security settings in the framework and libraries are set to secured values.
- Perform regular audits and run tools to identify the holes in the system

References

• https://www.ifourtechnolab.com/blog/owasp-vulnerability-security-misconfiguration

8. Components with Known Vulnerabilities

Client Side Filter Bypass (Severe)

Below mentioned URL contains components with known vulnerabilities.

Affected URL::

- http://15.206.159.87/wondercms
- http://15.206.159.87/forum
- http://15.206.159.87/phpinfo.php

The php version of this website is 5.6.39-1 which is Out Dated.



The Latest php version is 8.1

https://php.watch > versions

PHP Versions

PHP 8.1 is the **latest** major **PHP version**. It brings major new features such as Enums, Fibers, never return type, Intersection Types, readonly properties, ...

- Upon checking the versions of these components they turned out to be Out Dated.
- Versions being used,





• Latest Versions available,

https://codologic.com > forum > news-and-announceme...

News and Announcements | CODOLOGIC

28-Oct-2021 — where we keep **latest** updates and news of this site and ... announce the **release** of **new version** of our forum, **Codoforum** V5.0

Updated WonderCMS to 3.2.0 – Scripts News Blog - Softaculous

03-Jan-2022 — WonderCMS Logo WonderCMS (ID : 600) package has been updated to version 3.2.0. WonderCMS is a completely free open source Content Management ...

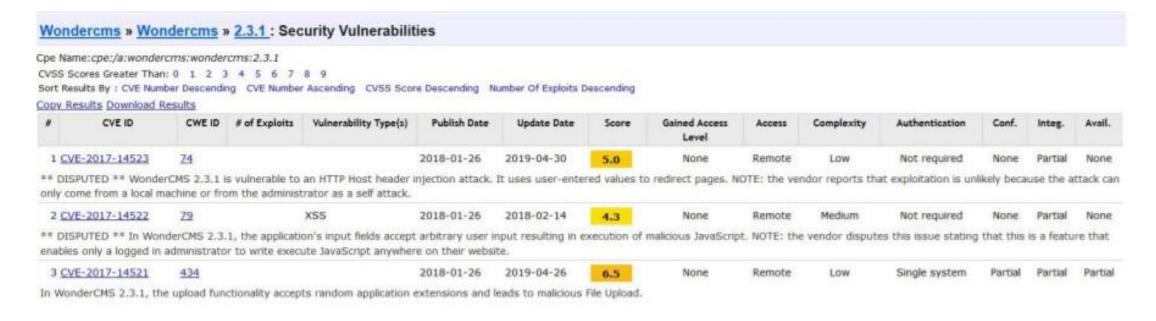
Proof of Concept(PoC)

• Codoforumhas public exploits.



Proof of Concept(PoC)

Wondercms 2.3.1 has public exploits.



Business Impact – Extremely High

- Anyone can perform any attacks (available) as all the exploits are available publicly.
- It can cause severe damage to the website
- He may be able to upload backdoor shells
- He will easily deface your website

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Update all the components and the php version which is running on it.
- Hide the current versions info from there pages.

References

- https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten/OWASP Top Ten 2017/Top 10-2017 A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
- https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor-id-15088/product-id-30715/version-id235577/Wondercms-Wondercms-2.3.1.html
- https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor-id-15315/Codoforum.html

9.Weak Password

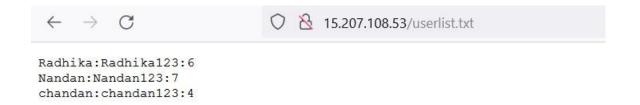
Weak Passwords(severe)

Below given urls have weak passwords.

Affected URL:

- http://13.126.121.253/login/seller.php
- http://52.66.198.61/wondercms

• The passwords of sellers and ,admin of blog ,is very common and easily predictable.



It's alive!

Welcome to your WonderCMS powered website.

Click here to login, the password is admin.

Business Impact - High

• Easy, default and common passwords make it easy for attackers to gain access to their accounts illegal use of them and can harm the website to any extent after getting logged into privileged accounts.

Recommendation

- There should be password strength check at every creation of an account.
- There must be a minimum of 8 characters long password with a mixture of numbers , alphanumerics , special characters , etc.
- There should be no repetition of password, neither on change nor reset.
- The password should not be stored on the web, rather should be hashed and stored

References

- https://www.acunetix.com/blog/articles/weak-password-vulnerability-common-think
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing for Weak password policy (OTG-AUTHN-007)

10.Default files and pages

Default files and Pages (Moderate)

Below mentioned urls disclose server information. Affected URL:

- •http://13.126.196.134/phpinfo.php
- •https://13.126.196.134/robots.txt
- •http://13.126.196.134/composer.lock
- •http://13.126.196.134/composer.json
- •http://13.126.196.134/userlist.tx

- Navigate to http://15.206.159.87/ovidentiaCMS/
- In the ovidentia CMS page there is option called Connexion to login as admin.



Upon clicking it we can see this page,

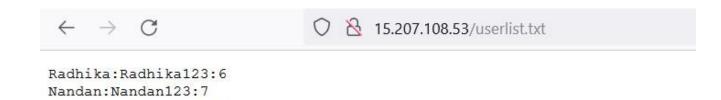


• Upon entering the credentials we got the administrator access.

chandan:chandan123:4



userlist.txt



Composer.lock

```
← → C ① File | C:/Users/gouth/Desktop/composer.lock
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            ## Apps | Gmail | YouTube | Maps
     "_readme":
          readume : I
"This file locks the dependencies of your project to a known state",
"Read more about it at https://getcomposer.org/doc/01-basic-usage.md#composer-lock-the-lock-file",
"This file is @generated automatically"
    ],
"content-hash": "d90ed41d0fa2a4153333ef4fd0b6a98f",
     "packages": [
                  "name": "phpmailer/phpmailer",
                  "version": "v6.0.6",
                  "source": {
                       "type": "git",
"type": "https://github.com/PHPMailer/PHPMailer.git",
"eference": "8190d73eb5def11a43cfb020b7f36db65330698c"
                        "type": "zip",
"url": "https://api.github.com/repos/PHPMailer/PHPMailer/zipball/8190d73eb5def11a43cfb020b7f36db65330698c",
                        },
"require": {
    "ext-ctype": "*",
    "ext-filter": "*",
    " ">=5.5.0"
                  },
"require-dev": {
                        "doctrine/annotations": "1.2.*",
                        "friendsofphp/php-cs-fixer": "^2.2",
                       "phpdocumentor/phpdocumentor": "02.2",
"phpdocumentor "2.2",
"phpunit/phpunit": "^4.8 || ^5.7",
"zendframework/zend-eventmanager": "3.0.*",
"zendframework/zend-i18n": "2.7.3",
"zendframework/zend-serializer": "2.7.*"
                        "ext-mbstring": "Needed to send email in multibyte encoding charset",
                        "hayagek/oauth2-yahoo": "Needed for Yahoo XOAUTH2 authentication",

"league/oauth2-google": "Needed for Google XOAUTH2 authentication",

"psr/log": "For optional PSR-3 debug logging",

"stevenmaguire/oauth2-microsoft": "Needed for Microsoft XOAUTH2 authentication",

"symfony/polyfill-mbstring": "To support UTF-8 if the Mbstring PHP extension is not enabled (^1.2)"
                 },
"type": "library",
                  "autoload": {
```

Business Impact – Extremely High

- Attacker will have all the admin privileges.
- He can easily deface the ovidentia CMS.
- In above observation you can see that a hacker can go through these directory easily and gather as much as information he/she want.
- Infact it also shows some accounts of seller
- He can acess sellers details and can login and gain access as seller and can change email, bank account, password and even product prices

Recommendation

- Take the following precautions:
- Two- Factor Authentication for sensitive data should be added with strong passwords.
- Disable the default debug pages.
- Hide the admin login page.
- Remove all the default passwords and add your own password which should be very strong. It
 must contain a special character, at least one lowercase letter, at least one uppercase letter, and a
 number and it must be greater than or equal to 8 digits for maximum security.
- Disable all default pages
- Enable multiple security checks

References

- https://www.indusface.com/blog/owasp-security-misconfiguration
- https://hdivsecurity.com/owasp-security-misconfiguration
- https://www.tmdhosting.com/kb/question/
- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/informationdisclosure-issues-attacks/
- https://www.netsparker.com/web-vulnerabilityscanner/vulnerabilities/information-disclosure-phpinfo/

11. File inclusion vulnerabilities

File Inclusion Vulnerabilities (Critical)

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to RFI.

Affected URL:

http://52.66.88.120/?includelang=lang/fr.php

Affected Parameters:

- /etc/passwd (/?includelang=here)
- https://www.google.co.in/ (/?includelang=here)

 Navigate to the website and click on change language dropdown, and select any of the two languagees.



Lang ▼

English

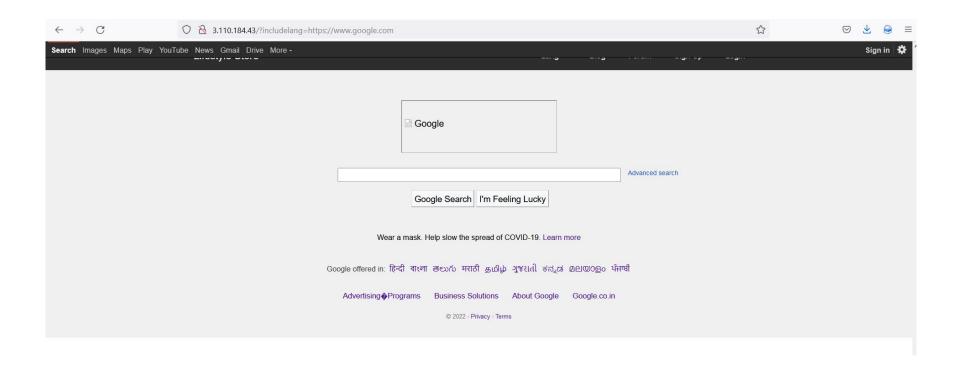
French

• Here, we enter the payload: **includelang=/etc/passwd** and on executing this file gives us the username.



PoC - attacker can upload shells

- Attacker can exploit the referencing function in an application to upload malware (e.g., backdoor
- shells) from a remote URL located within a different domain.



Business Impact – Extremely High

- Any attacker can have the root access of your website.
- He can execute commands.
- Through the website, he can have access of the server and can infect other websites hosted on that server.
- He can even deface your websites.

Recommendation

- To safely parse user-supplied filenames it's much better to maintain a whitelist of acceptable filenames.
- Use a corresponding identifier (not the actual name) to access the file. Any request containing an invalid identifier can then simply be rejected(this is the approach that OWASP recommends).

References

- https://www.pivotpointsecurity.com/blog/file-inclusion-vulnerabilities/
- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/local-file-inclusion-vulnerability/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File inclusion vulnerability

12. Personal Information Leakage

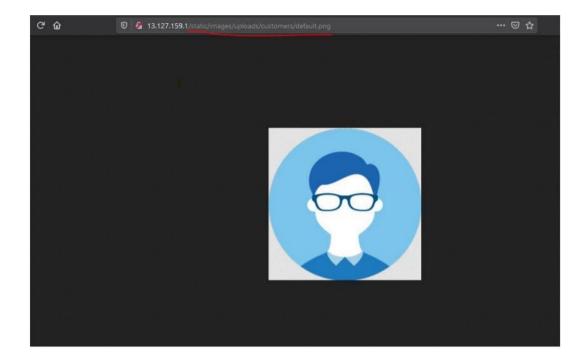
Personal Information Leakage(low)

Below mentioned urls disclose personal inforamtion

Affected URL:

- http://13.127.159.1/static/images/upload/customers/default.png
- http://13.127.159.1/products/details.php?p_id=2
- http://13.127.159.1/profile/16/edit

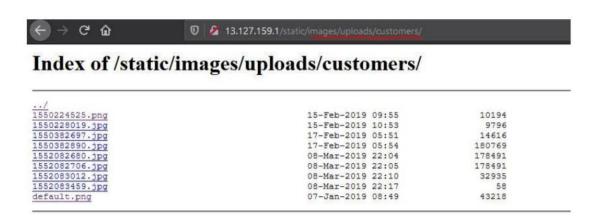
- Navigate to mentioned URL
- And you can see the whole path where everyones photo is stored



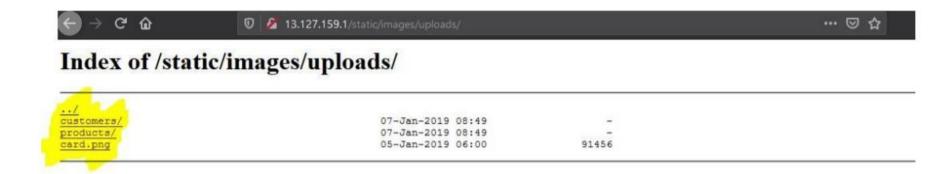
- Login to your account and go to Products page.
- In every product page the Seller Info is available, click on it



Proof of Concept(PoC)



Here if you see the url, you will know that we just chnaged it little bit and we hit jackpot where we can see photos uploaded by customer and may more...



Proof of Concept(PoC)

• Upon clicking on Seller Info; Seller Name, Rating, City, Email along with PAN Card Details are shown.



Business Impact – Moderate

- Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can help the attacker in mapping the personal information of any account and plan further attacks on any specific accoun
- Leaking critical information like PAN Card details to everyone is highly vulnerable as, hackers can use such information to socially hack them.

Recommendation

- You can apply encyrption to the personal data
- You can add authenticity and authorization to access the other data
- • Display only minimal required information about the sellers.

REFERENCES

- https://www.imperva.com/learn/data-security/personallyidentifiable-information-pii/
- https://hackerone.com/reports/374007
- https://cipher.com/blog/25-tips-for-protecting-pii-and-sensitive-data/
- https://digitalguardian.com/blog/how-secure-personally-identifiable-information-against-loss-or-compromise

13. Open redirection

Open redirection(Moderate)

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to open redirection.

Affected URL:

- http://13.126.196.134/?inclludelang=lang/en.php
- http://13.126.196.134/?inclludelang=lang/fr.php
- http://13.233.65.117/redirect.php?url=www.radhikafancystore.com

- Navigate to http://15.206.125.83/ and under the Lang tab click on French.
- Capture this request in local proxy



- Now edit the request like this: GET /?includelang=https://google.com/?lang/en.php HTTP/1.1
- Then pass this request in the browser. You will see the google.com .

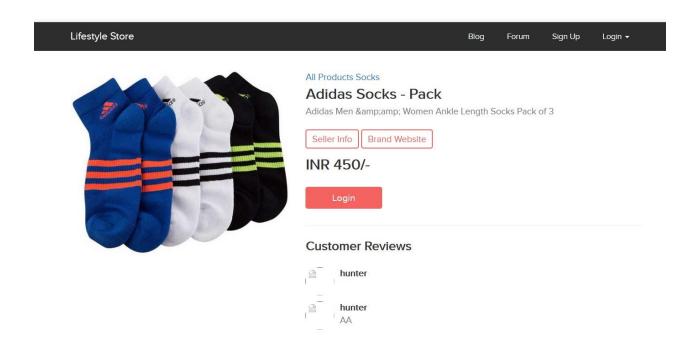
```
Raw Params Headers Hex

GET /?includelang=https://google.com/?lang/en.php HTTP/1.1

3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5
4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
5 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Connection: close
8 Referer: http://15.206.125.83/7includelang=lang/fr.php
9 Cookie: key=99138E77-D5E8-3492-A665-8A73F67473DA; PHPSESSID=erm63gocltomomdklcu6smdsu5;
0V3733339174=dhfobrbri30rvofaggv31j8t46; X-XSRP-TOKEN=
a26242473f9921f3lc014ac473d2a6d8b83106ld0919d1895e249778b69f2197

10 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

- Login to your account and go to Products page.
- In every product page the Brand Website is available, click on it.



• Upon clicking on Brand Website, we are then being redirected to the brand's website.

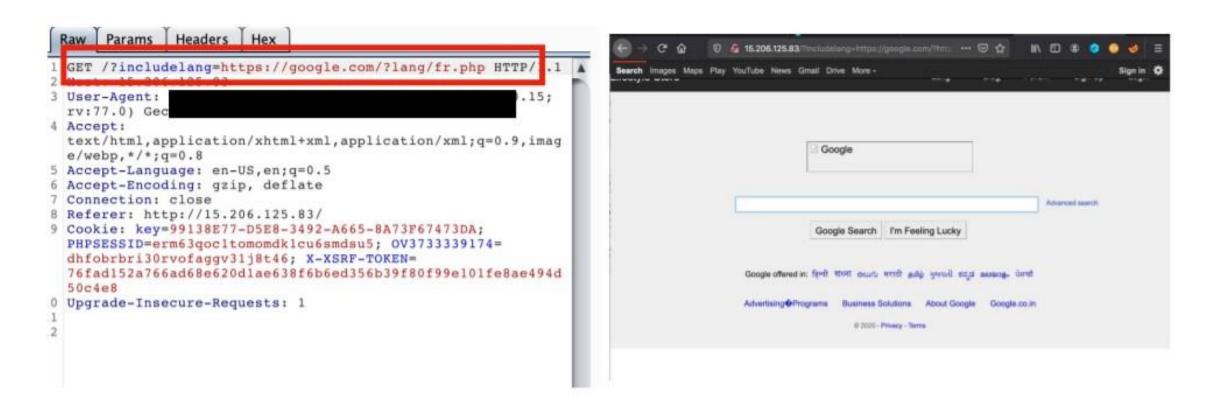


• Now, change the url from the brand website to some other website, here we use https://www.google.co.in/ and hit enter.



You will be redirected in 7 seconds

Proof of Concept(PoC)



Proof of Concept(PoC)

• We have been redirected to the destination url.



Business Impact – High

An http parameter may contain a URL value and could cause the web application to redirect the
request to the specified URL. By modifying the URL value to a malicious site, an attacker may
successfully launch a phishing scam and steal user credentials. Because the server name in the
modified link is identical to the original site, phishing attempts have a more trustworthy
appearance

Recommendation

- Disallow Offsite Redirects.
- If you have to redirect the user based on URLs, instead of using untrusted input you should always use an ID which is internally resolved to the respective URL.
- If you want the user to be able to issue redirects you should use a redirection page that requires the user to click on the link instead of just redirecting them.
- You should also check that the URL begins with http:// or https:// and also invalidate all other URLs to prevent the use of malicious URIs such as javascript:

References

- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/open-redirection-vulnerability-information-prevention/
- https://spanning.com/blog/open-redirection-vulnerability-web-based-application-security-part-1/
- https://www.trustwave.com/en-us/resources/blogs/spiderlabs-blog/understanding-anddiscovering-open-redirect-vulnerabilities/

14. Bruteforce Exploitation

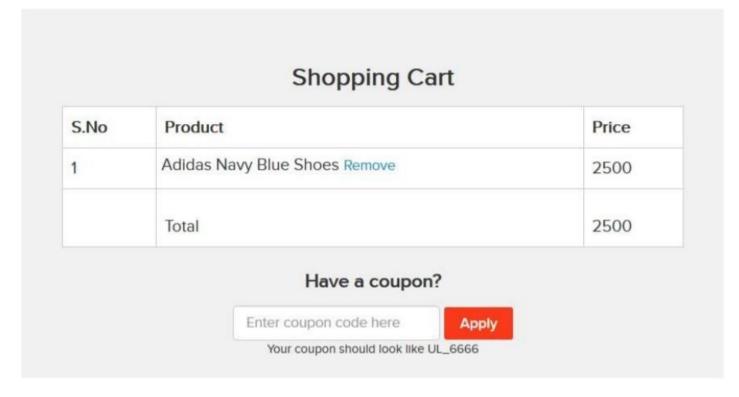
Bruteforce Exploitation(Severe)

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to brute forcing and can be exploited for discounts.

Affected URL:

http://15.207.106.113/cart/apply_coupon.php

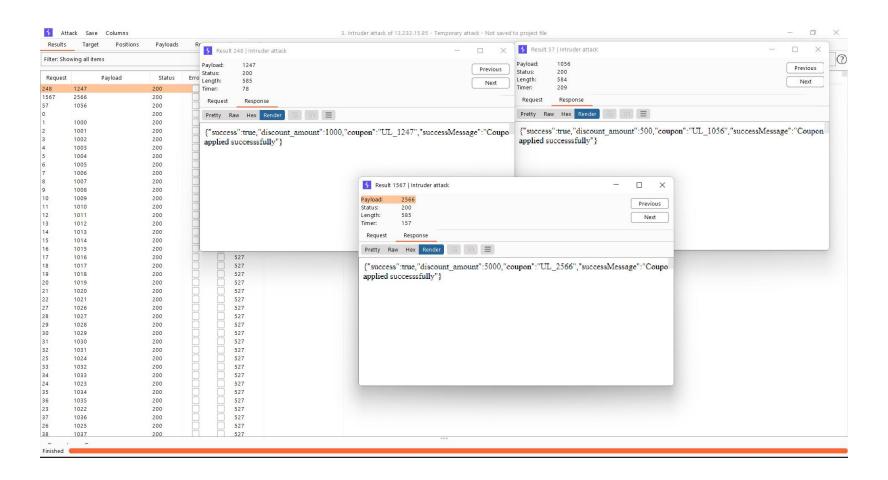
- Upon adding items to the cart, you will end up in a screen like this, where we see the apply coupon section and an example.
- Type in UL_6666 in the apply coupon section and intercept the request using Burp Suite.



• Following request will be generated containing coupon code.

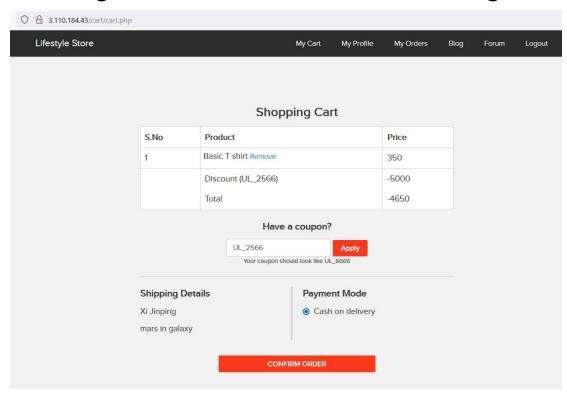
Results	Target Position	s Payloads	Reso	urce Pool	Options	
Filter: Showing all items						
Request	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length ~	Comment
248	1247	200			585	
1567	2566	200			585	
57	1056	200			584	
0		200			527	
1	1000	200			527	
2	1001	200			527	
3	1002	200			527	
4	1003	200			527	
5	1004	200			527	
6	1005	200			527	
7	1006	200			527	
8	1007	200			527	
9	1008	200			527	
10	1009	200			527	
11	1010	200			527	
12	1011	200			527	
13	1012	200			527	
14	1013	200			527	
15	1014	200			527	
16	1015	200			527	
17	1016	200			527	
18	1017	200			527	
19	1018	200			527	
20	1019	200			527	
21	1020	200			527	
22	1021	200			527	
27	1026	200			527	
28	1027	200			527	

• We get three coupon codes UL_105,UL_1247,UL_2566 etc.



Proof of Concept(PoC)

On applying UL_2566, customer getd 5000 discount and resulst in negative billing amount



Business Impact – Severe

- Coupon codes should have limited number of uses and should be regenerated after sometime.
- Coupon code should be random alpha-numeric characters.

Recommendation

• Attacker can easily order the items on extreme discounts which in turn will cause huge loss to the company.

References

- https://www.digitalcommerce360.com/2017/03/17/prevent-fraud-brute-force-online-coupon-gift-card-attacks/
- https://www.couponxoo.com/brute-force-attack-coupon-code

15. Command Execution Vulnerability

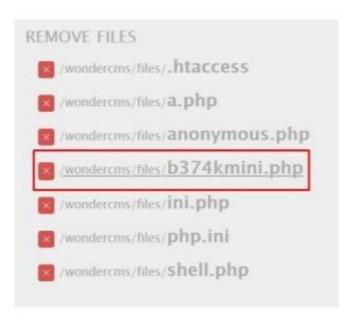
Command Execution Vulnerability(Critical)

Below mentioned URLs is vulnerable to command execution,

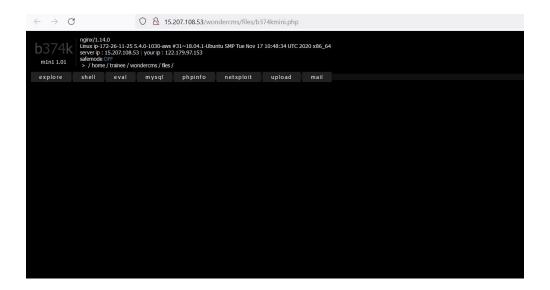
Affected URL:

- http://13.233.65.117/wondercms/files/b374kmini.php
- http://13.127.150.195/admin31/console.php

- Navigate to the Blog section of the website and login as admin.
- Now, navigate to the Settings and then go to Files option.
- You will notice an Remove Filessection here, click on /wondercms/files/b374kmini.php



• It looks like, this is a small and simple PHP-shell that has an explorer, allows shell command execution, mysql queries, and more

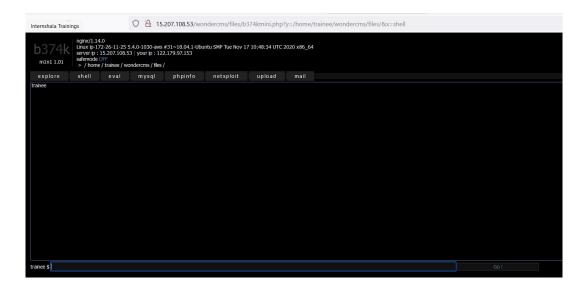


PoC – command execution

• Type in the Command: whoami and press Go!



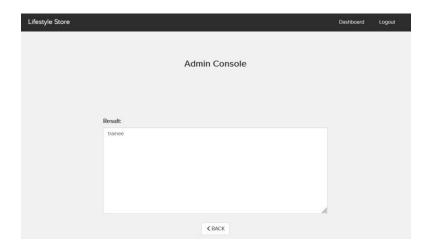
• • The command was executed successfully.

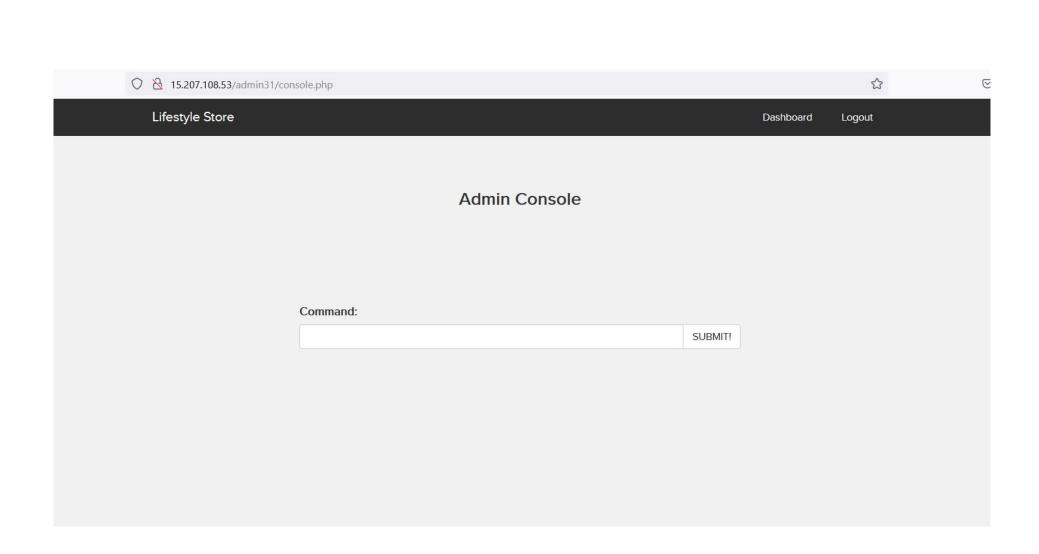


• It seems like we can execute commands here, let's try by typing whoami and press SUBMIT!



• • The command was executed successfully.





Business Impact – Extremely High

- The consequences of command execution can vary:-
 - including complete system takeover, an overloaded file system or database.
 - forwarding attacks to back-end systems.
 - client-side attacks, or simple defacement.

Recommendation

- Hide all files in the Upload Screen.
- Delete all php shells.

References

- https://miniphpshell.wordpress.com/2009/10/13/b374k-mini-shell/
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Command Injection

16. Forced Browsing

Command Execution Vulnerability(Severe)

Below mentioned URLs is vulnerable to forced browsing.

Affected URL:

http://13.233.24.9/

Forced URLs:

http://13.233.65.117/admin31/dashboard.php

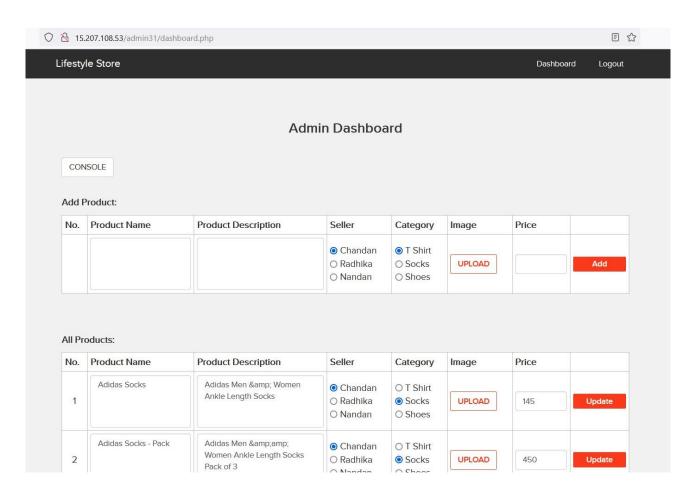
http://13.127.150.195/admin31/console.php

- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Now, forcefully type in the url for going to the admin dashboard http://13.233.65.117/admin31/dashboard.php (you came to know about this url while testing vulnerabilities for Vulnerability Report No. 4, Rate Limiting Flaws).



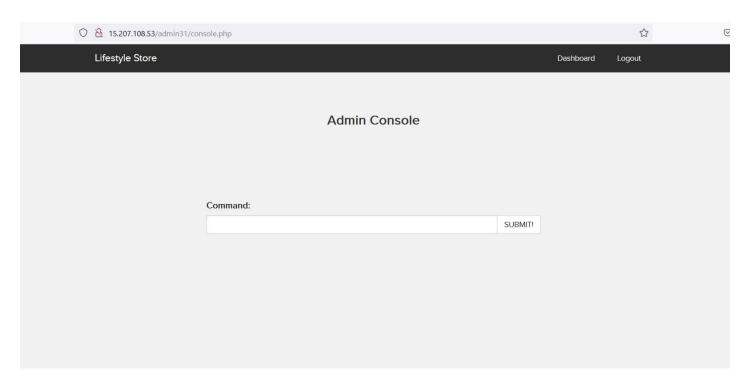
PoC – admin dashboard access

• Here is the access to the complete admin dashboard just by entering its complete url.



PoC – admin console access

• • Here is the access to the admin console just by entering its complete url.



Recommendation

- Attacker can have all the admin privileges.
- He can edit all the items.
- He can execute any harmful command through console.

Business Impact – Severe

- Server side security checks should be performed perfectly.
- Make the admin page url complicated so that it couldn't be guessed

References

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Forced browsing
- https://campus.barracuda.com/product/webapplicationfirewall/doc/42049348/forced-browsing-attack/

17. Cross-Site Request Forgery

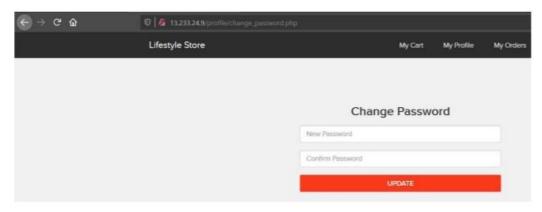
Cross-Site Request Forgery (Severe)

Below mentioned URLs are vulnerable to cross-site request forgery.

Affected URL:

• http://13.233.24.9/profile/change_password.php

- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Go to My Profile section and click on Change Password button, a change password page appears.
- Let's see if we can forge the request some how, let's try is by creating a HTML page.



PoC – password changed successfully

Now, make a HTML page to update/change your password

```
<head>
<title> CSRF POC - Update Password</title>
<head>

<body>
<form name='change-password' id='change-password' method='POST' action='http://15.207.108.53/profile/change_password_submit.php'>
<input type='password' placeholder='New Password' name='password' id='password'>
<input type='password' placeholder='Confirm Password' name='password_confirm' id='password_confirm'>
<button type='submit' class='btn btn-primary'>Update</button>
</button</pre>
</html>
```

• Type in a new set of password and click on Update button, upon clicking on it, we get a Succes Message.



Now, logout and try to login again with your new password, you will be logged in successfully.

Business Impact – Severe

- Attacker can change the password by uploading phishing pages and take complete control of the user account and use it to plan further attacks on the company.
- Attacker can confirm the order without consent of user which in turn can lead to a huge loss for the company.

Recommendation

- Use tokens and session cookies.
- Ask the user his password (temporary like OTP or permanent like login password) at every critical
 action like while deleting account, making a transaction, changing the password etc.
- Implement the concept of CSRF tokens which attach a unique hidden password to every user in every <form>. Read the documentation related to the programming language and framework being used by your website
- Check the referrer before carrying out actions. This means that any action on x.com should check that the HTTP referrer is https://x.com/* and nothing else like https://x.com.hacker.com/*

References

- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/csrf
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site request forgery
- https://portswigger.net/web-security/csrf

THANK YOU

For any further clarifications/patch assistance, please contact: gouthamkothari8@gmail.com