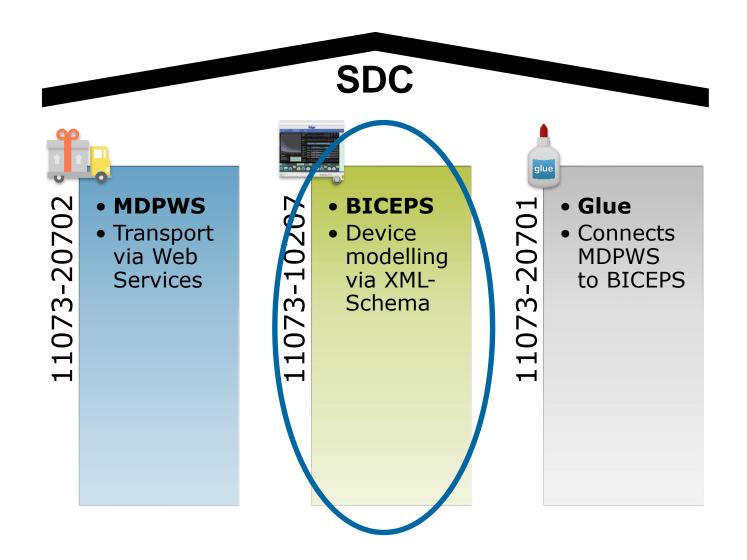
# **BICEPS Remote Control**







#### **Orientation**



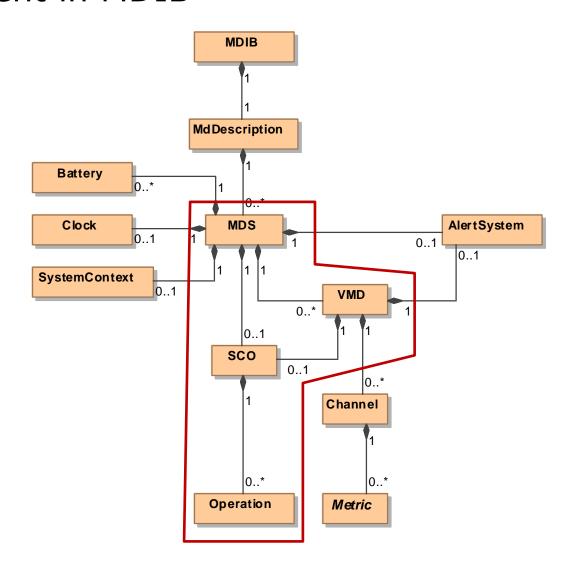
# **DEFINITION**

# **Definition**Service Control Object

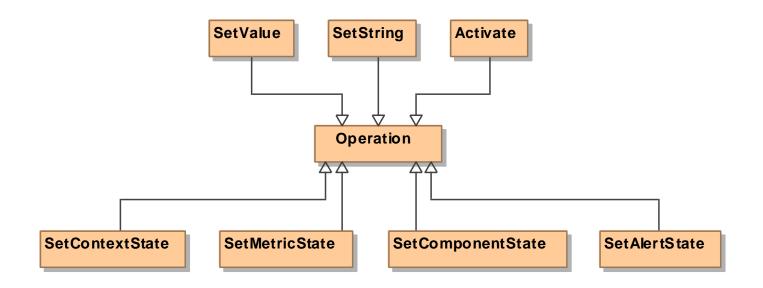
The Service Control Object (SCO) defines a means to invoke procedures in order to allow for remote control of medical devices.

# **CLASS DIAGRAM**

#### Placement in MDIB



# Derived types



#### Description of operations I

- SetValue: accepts a number to set any numeric value of a state
- SetString: accepts a string to set any value of a state
- Activate: invokes arbitrary parametrized action
- SetContextState: insert of modify a context state
- SetMetricState: modify a metric state
- SetComponentState: modify a component state
- SetAlertState: modify an alert state

#### Description of operations II (notes)

The *any* from SetValue and SetString refers to a predefined value that is derived from the target handle and type definition.

BICEPS allows modification of all state attributes, though it might not be meaningful in every case.

SetValue and SetString are intended to be preferred over any set-state operation if technically possible, i.e., only one value is going to be changed.

# **PROPERTIES**

pm:ScoDescriptor

- The SCO provides a list of operations, where the operation element with a lower list index has a higher clinical relevance than any entry with a higher list index.
- The clinical relevance is defined by the service provider, which may reorder the list at any time.

pm:ScoState

# OperationGroup [list]

- Groups of operations in order to allow clinical grouping and prioritization of operations
  - Each group has an operation mode and a list of operations

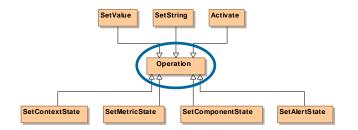
#### InvocationRequested [list]

 A prioritized list of operations that are requested to be invoked by a service consumer

# InvocationRequired [list]

 A prioritized list of operations that are required to be invoked by a service consumer

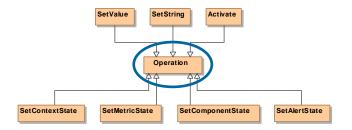
pm:AbstractOperationDescriptor



# OperationTarget

 Handle reference of the MDIB object an operation is targeted to. In case of a single state this is the handle of the descriptor. In case of a multi state this is the handle of one of the state instances. If the operation is not directly connected to a specific object, the operation target shall be the MDS descriptor handle under which the operation is located.

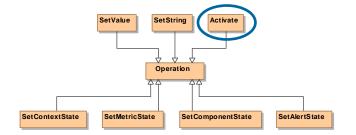
pm:AbstractOperationState



# OperatingMode

- Defines if the operation is accessible
- Set of valid values: enabled, disabled or not available (i.e., generally defined but not in a mode where interaction is possible)

pm:ActivateOperation



## Argument [list]

Arguments that can be consumed by the operation.
 Every argument is identifiable by a pm:CodedValue (=nomenclature) and Qname (=XML Schema type)

#### **ActivationDuration** [optional]

Defines the time period an activation is valid.

# Retriggerable [optional]

Only needed if an activation duration is defined.
 Designates if a call to the activate operation resets the current activation duration (=true) or toggles a value (=false).

#### Remaining data types

 Other types including the ActivateOperationState do not possess any further properties

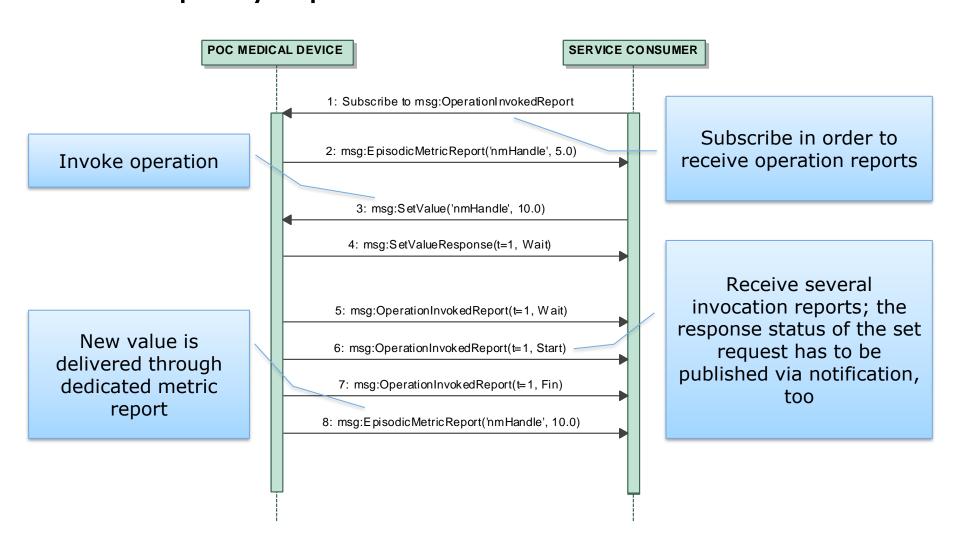
# TRANSACTION INVOCATION

#### **Transaction invocation**

#### Introduction

- BICEPS defines a transactional remote procedure call model in order to allow long-running actions without blocking, and with the ability to keep other participants informed
- Example: imagine a setting that is smoothly adapted till it finally reaches an expected value. The larger the difference between the actual and expected values are, the longer time it takes to reach the expected value.
- To let any client know about the actual processing status of a remote procedure call, BICEPS provides the msg:OperationInvokedReport notification
  - Should be subscribed before invoking an operation

# Transactional invocation Exemplary operation invocation



#### Transactional invocation

Invocation report attributes I

#### TransactionId

 Identifier that connects several operation-invoked messages. The transaction identifier is created by the device and returned as a response to the operation call

#### InvocationState

 Current status delivered with an operation-invoked report: Wait, Start, Cnclld, CnclldMan, Fin, FinMod, and Fail (see also next slide)

#### OperationHandleRef

 Handle reference that provides a link to the set operation processed by the transaction.

#### OperationTarget [optional]

 Handle reference that provides a link to the entity affected by the transaction

#### Transactional invocation

Invocation report attributes II

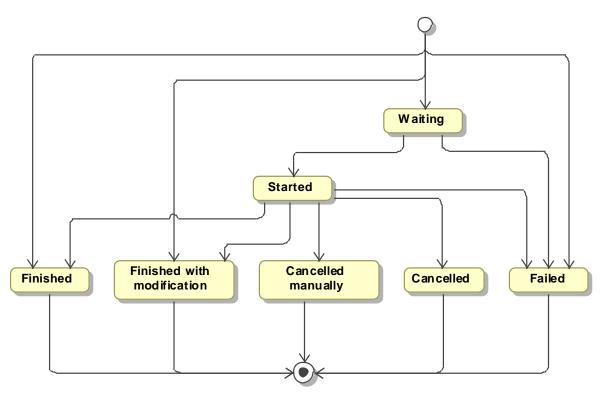
# InvocationError [optional]

- Enumeration that indicates
  - *Unspec* if there is no specific operation error
  - Unkn if the operation handle is unknown
  - Inv if the operation handle points to an object that is not allowed for the operation type
  - Oth if the error is indicated by other means (e.g., an extension)

# InvocationErrorMessage [optional]

Human-readable description of the error

pm:ScoState



- Waiting: operation has been queued and waits for execution
- Start: execution of the operation has been started
- Cnclld: execution has been cancelled
- CnclldMan: execution has been cancelled by the operator
- Fin: execution has been finished
- **FinMod**: w/modification → next best value has been chosen as target value
- Fail: execution failed

# Thank you for your attention!

Contact information

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