



ISO PWI TR5615

Accelerating Safe, Effective and Secure Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health Interoperable Solutions

Addressing the immediate and future needs and gaps exposed by the Pandemic
focusing on: in-patient, outpatient, post-acute-care and patient home care scenarios

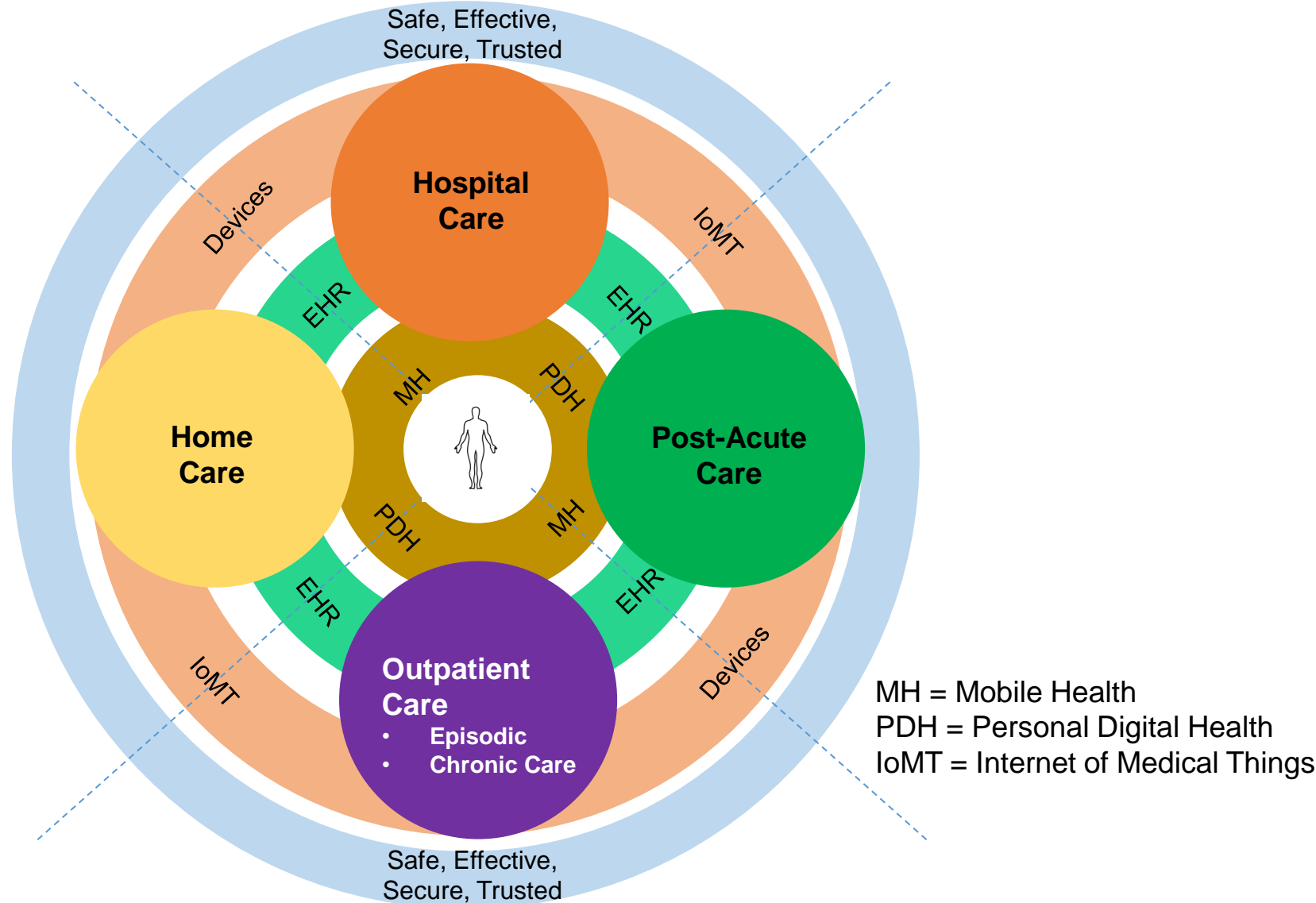
Update – ISO TC 215 WG2 – 7 October 2020

The Covid-19 pandemic: Accelerating need for Remote Connected Care (RCC) and Mobile Health (MH) Solutions

- The current Covid-19 pandemic has created an enormous need to allow patients and clinicians to communicate and report in a more flexible and virtual way.
- Remote connected care allows health providers to monitor disease and symptom progression remotely and interact with patients virtually.
- Telehealth can be facilitated with RCC and MH interoperable solutions

Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health – Layers of Connectivity

- Our scope include the communication of:
 - Device data – including sensors, patient connected devices, lab and imaging devices
 - EHR and Health IT applications – as regards storage and availability of device data
 - Mobile Health apps – for both personal health and clinical use cases.



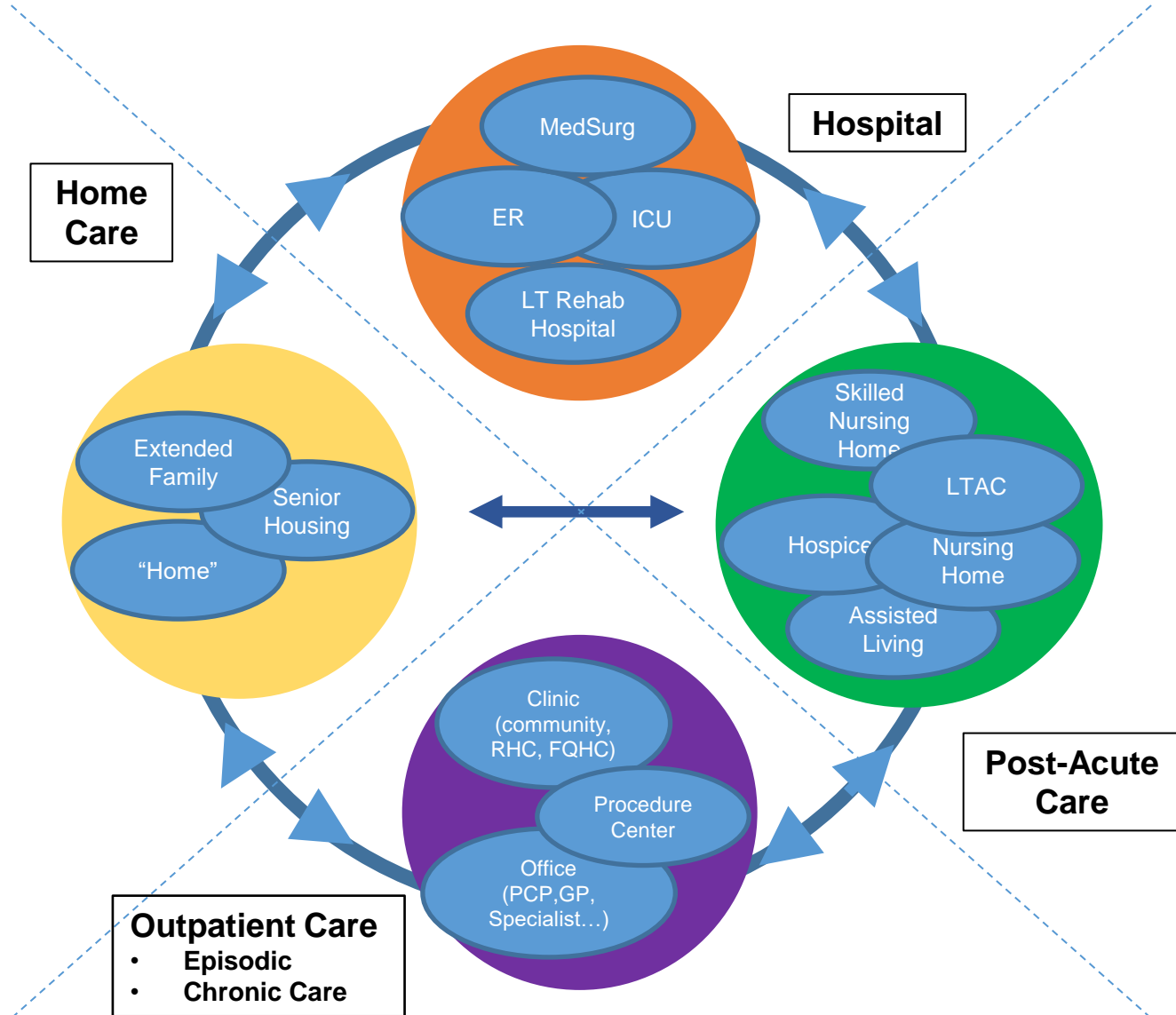
Remote Connected Care Services

Part of the Picture

- Pharmacy
- Radiology
- Laboratory
- Surgery
- Infusion
- Wound Care
- Dialysis
- PT, OT, RT (Resp Therapy)
- Visiting Nursing
- PCA (Patient Care Assistant)
- DME logistics
 - (wheelchairs, beds, walkers, etc.)
- Mobile Health Apps
- “Visiting” Physician – remote consult
- Drone logistics
- AR, VR, MR, XR

Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health – Patient Flow and Care Locations – Pre-Covid

- These are some of the key patient care locations and flows as experienced during the pre-Covid era.
 - Not to scale

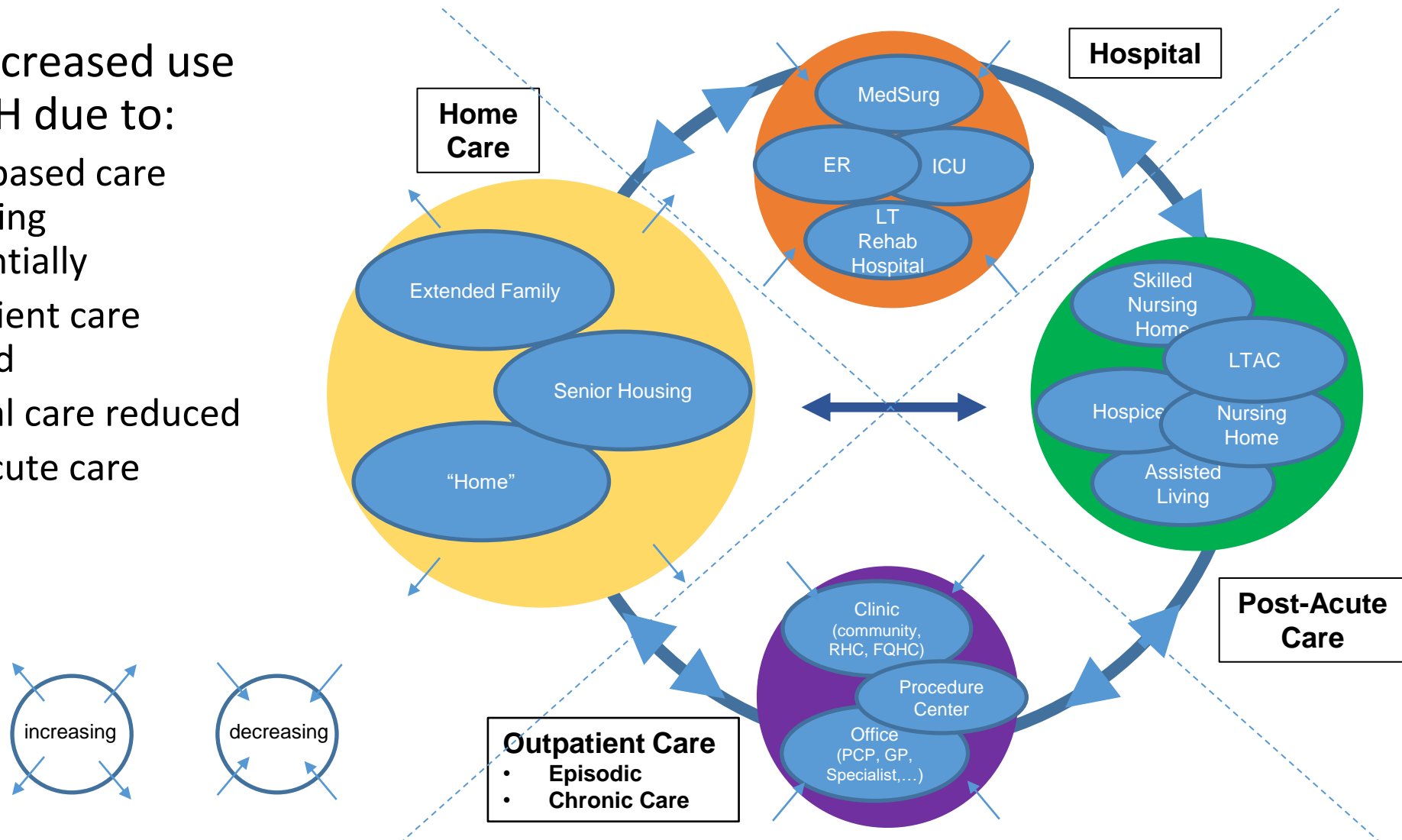


The Pandemic - accelerating RCC trends

- The pandemic has been a catalyst for accelerating already existing shifts in patient care:
 - Hospital Care:
 - Adoption of new device technology “overnight”
 - Remote access and control of devices to reduce patient contact
 - Home Care and Post-Acute Care (PAC):
 - Shift to remote continuous monitoring and care – “hospital at home”
 - Increased adoption of Mobile Health tools and advent of Public Health related deployments
 - Outpatient Care
 - Exponential adoption of telehealth for acute and chronic care
 - PCP to Home and and PAC patients
 - Specialist to PCP (and patient)
 - Specialist to hospital (and patient)

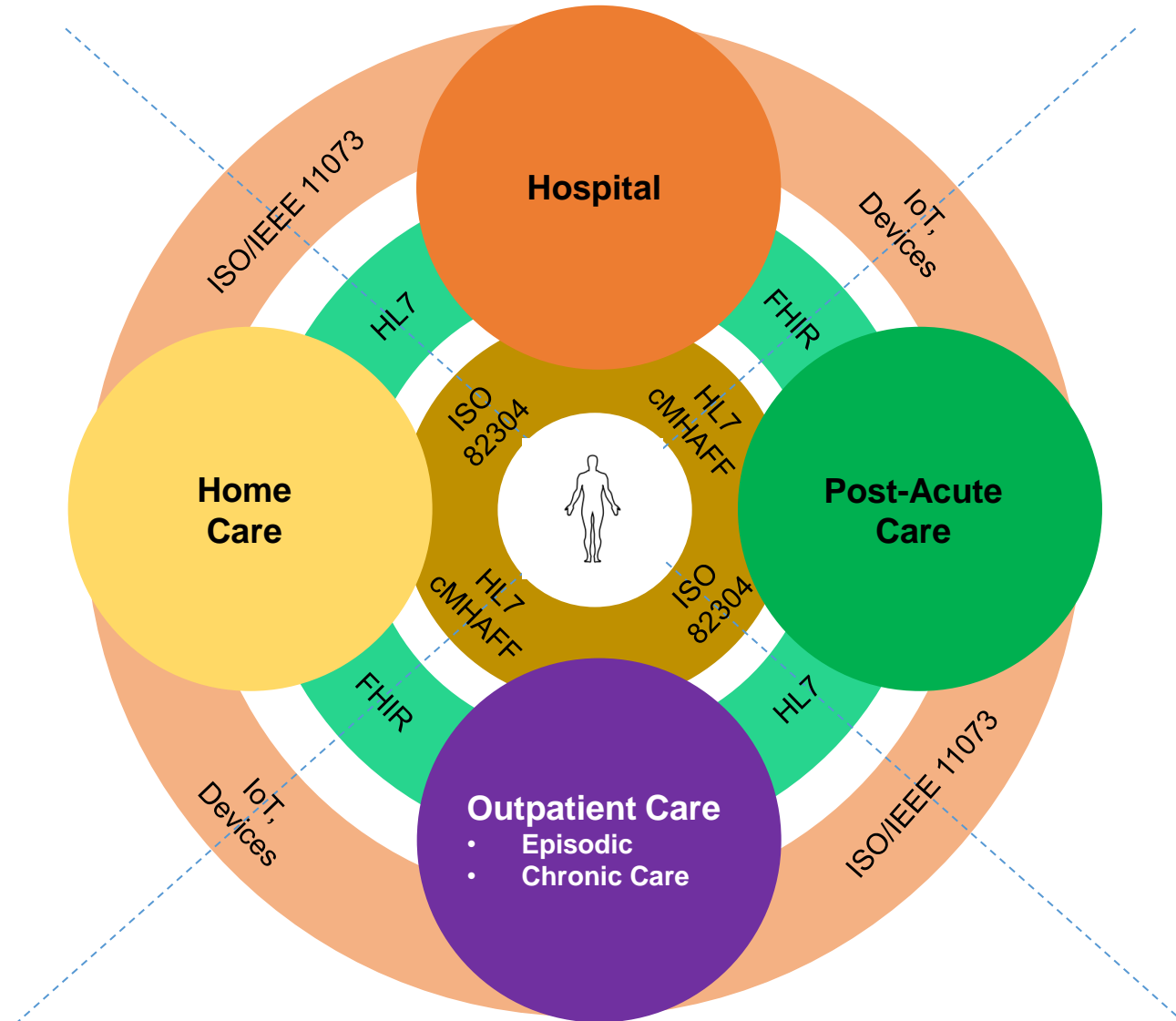
Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health – Patient Flow and Care Locations – Covid & Post Covid

- We see increased use of RCC-MH due to:
 - Home based care increasing substantially
 - Outpatient care reduced
 - Hospital care reduced
 - Post-Acute care steady



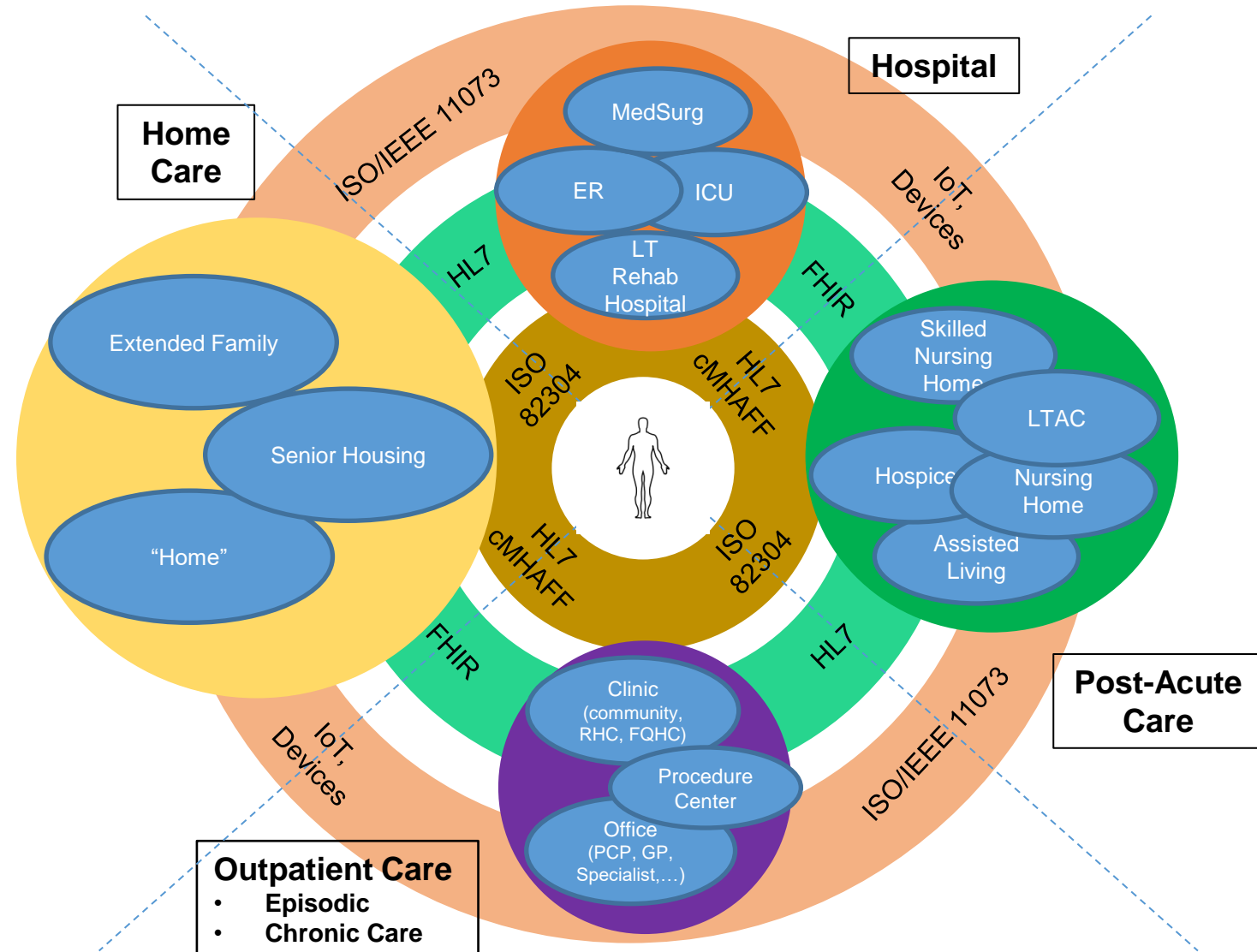
Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health – Potential Technical Approaches

- Potential technical solutions to enable RCC and MH.
 - ISO/IEEE 11073 for IoT and Device connectivity.
 - 11073 PHD for Home and Outpatient Care
 - 11073 SDC for Hospital and Post-Acute Care
 - HL7 v2 and/or HL7 FHIR for device to EMR connectivity
 - MH apps and applications built to conform to ISO 82304

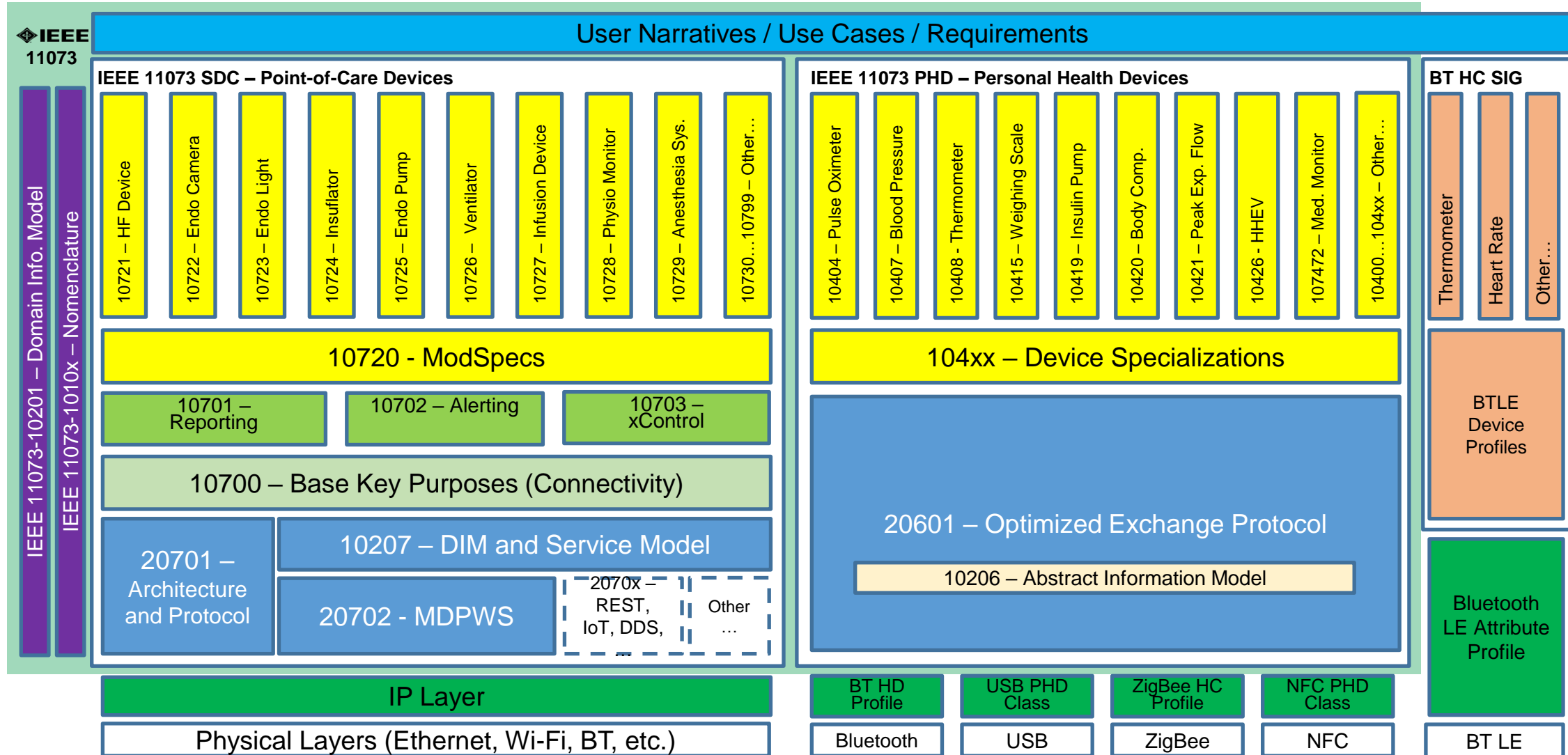


Remote Connected Care and Mobile Health – Potential Technical Approaches

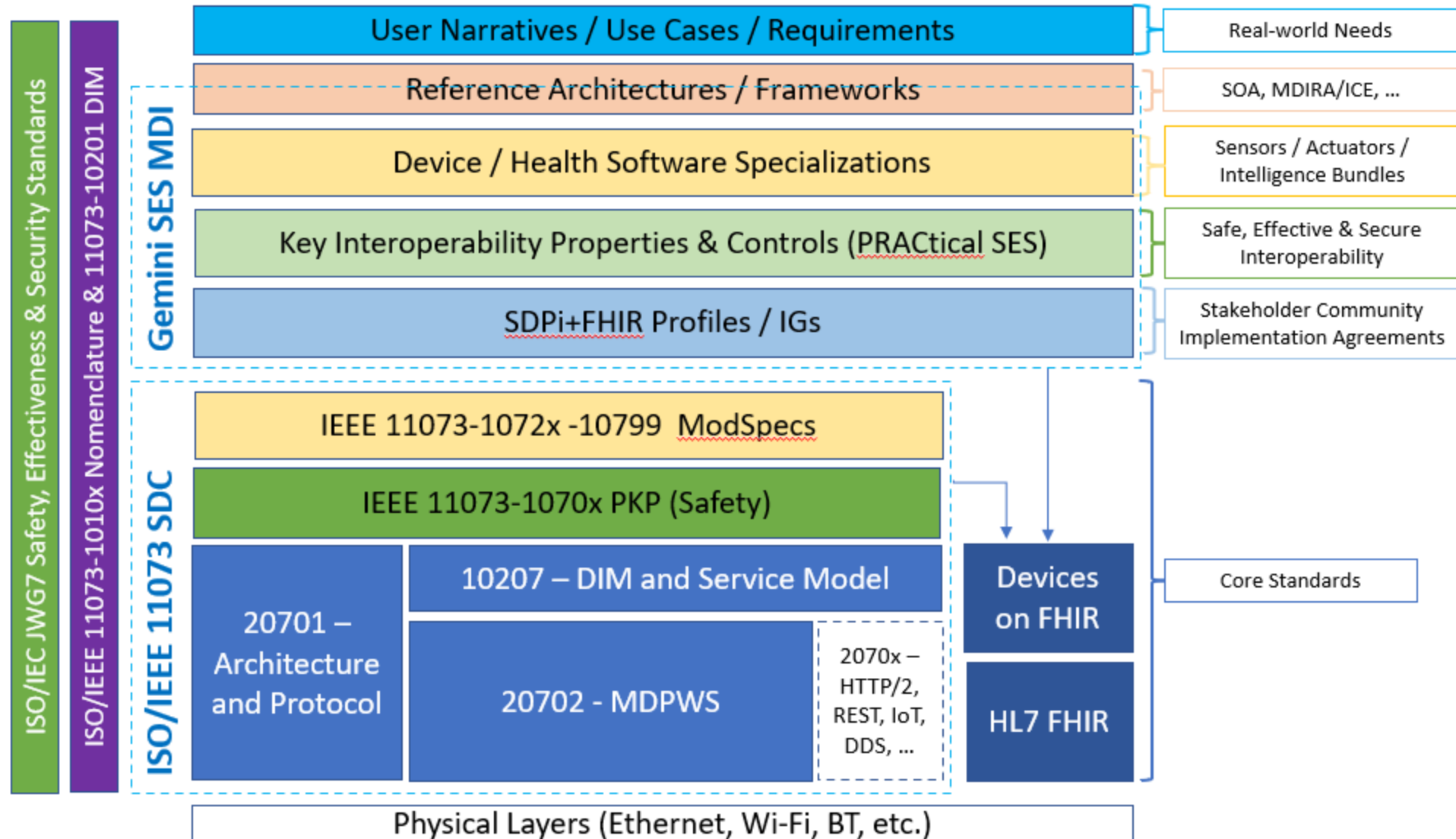
- With additional details...



11073 PoCD, PHD and BT Architectures



RCC-MH Architecture in Context



Activities

- We hold regular weekly meetings. Some of these meetings are dedicated to specific topics with expert speakers:
 - Edge Computing and Analytics
 - Gregory Pappas FDA
 - Security:
 - Brian Fitzgerald FDA
 - Axel Wirth MedCrypt
 - Christophe Fischer Roche Medical
 - Susan Wang NcCoe (NIST)
 - Provider Discussion:
 - ?
 - ?
 - ?

Activities

- Special Topics (cont'd):

- Nomenclature Discussion:

- Paul Schluter

Schluter Inc. – Editor of IEEE 11073 Nomenclature standards

- Digital Medicine Discussion:

- Pierre D'haese

- Andrea Ruth Coravos

Elektra Labs - Co-Founder/CEO

- Jennifer Goldsack

Digital Medicine (DiME) Society – Executive Director

- Digital Health Discussion:

- TBD

Members of the FDA Digital Health Center of Excellence

Proposed Table of Contents

- **Executive Overview**
- **Scope & Organization**
 - RCC MH pandemic
 - Levels: hospitals, home, nursing, states, federal, global
- **Introduction**
 - <.... sections...>
 - RCC – MH definitions, interop levels
 - MH vs. SaMD vs. wearables; AR, VR, AI
 - Stakeholders
 - infrastructure,
 - legacy systems,
- **Safe Effective & Secure**
 - <what do we mean by SES>
 - <standards & framework to be leveraged>
 - Cases/clinical

Proposed Table of Contents – cont'd.

- **RM/MH Architectural Perspectives**
 - <types of RCC ... scenarios ...>
 - diagnosis / treatment / monitoring
 - Data types for interop--- aggregated, analytics, patient, waveforms, images
- **Accelerating SES in a Rapid Response to Crisis**
 - Perspectives (clinic, hospital, state, federal , patients, ...)
 - Considerations for pragmatically establishing an understanding of SES over RM/MH architectures
- **Recommendations for Further Standardization**
 - IHE-HL7? ISO/IEC JWG7? IEEE? DICOM? Etc.
- **BIBLIOGRAPHY**
- **Definitions / Glossary (annex)**
 - Remote connected care, Mobile Health, Interoperability (devices and interfaces: labs, meds, adm,), continuous/episodic

Thank You

- Key participants:
 - Konstantinos Makrodimitris FDA
 - Gora Datta Cal2Cal
 - Todd Cooper Breakthrough Solutions Foundry
 - Ken Fuchs Draeger Medical
- Contributing participants:
 - Axel Wirth MedCrypt
 - Stefan Schlichting Unity Consulting
 - John Rhoads Philips Healthcare
 - Paul Schluter Schluter, Inc.
 - Gregory Zeller
 - Gregory Pappas FDA
 - John Garguilo NIST
 - Christophe Fournier Fresenius Medical
 - Michael Kirwan DSheet
 - Raymond Krasinski Philips Healthcare

Pandemic driven needs

Emerging Use Cases...

- The pandemic has exposed numerous weaknesses that interoperability can help mitigate
 - Hospitals receive donated equipment or equipment from the strategic stockpile – how do they integrate this equipment?
 - Normal cycles for integration of new equipment can take months including negotiations with your integration provider
 - Standards compliant SES interoperable (certified) devices would allow “immediate” integration
 - Need to make sure the device is up to date especially from a security standpoint
 - Hospitals have a need to reduce personnel contact with infectious patients
 - This is primarily due to a desire to reduce the possibility of infections as well as to reduce the need to put on and take off PPE which takes considerable time.
 - Leads to a need for remote control of in-room devices, especially therapy devices
 - SES Interoperable devices that support remote control would support this requirement
 - Due to capacity and resource issues the “hospital at home” concept is gaining momentum
 - Hospitals need to build their own solutions around single vendor offerings
 - Required devices may not be available
 - FDA is interested in reducing barriers to entry for devices to qualify for remote home monitoring.
 - IT integration is challenging due to proprietary interfaces
 - Standards compliant SES interoperable devices and interoperable IT interfaces would support accelerated implementation of RCC

Use Cases to capture these RCC situations

- Remote monitoring and integration of new device (from strategic reserve) in hospital ICU
 - Ventilator
- Control cockpit outside isolation room
 - Monitor and control devices inside room
- Remote monitoring of patient at home using mix of devices and manufacturers
- Remote PCP visit
 - Review of vitals and glucose measurement trends
- Remote PCP and Specialist
 - Specialist consulting real-time with PCP and Patient (remote or in-person)

Some References to Telehealth Articles

- Rapid Telehealth-Centered Response to COVID-19 Outbreaks in Postacute and Long-Term Care Facilities
 - Harris, D. et al
 - <https://www.liebertpub.com/doi/10.1089/tmj.2020.0236>
- COVID-19 Collaborative Model for an Academic Hospital and Long-Term Care Facilities
 - Archbald-Pannone, L.R. et al
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 - <https://www.healthpopuli.com/2020/08/24/for-health-consumers-trust-privacy-good-experience-must-be-baked-into-digital-health-care/>
- Will the Digital Health Surge During Covid-19 Last?
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