System Requirements Specification Index

For

For Each Loop

Version 1.0



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USE CASE DESCRIPTION

System Requirements Specification

1 PROJECT ABSTRACT

This project assesses knowledge of Java looping constructs, specifically the **for-each loop**.

The tasks involve performing operations such as iterating over arrays and strings, summing elements, finding maximum values, and counting occurrences using for-each loops.

2 ASSESSMENT TASKS

Task 1: Print Array Elements Using For-Each Loop:

- Prompt the user: "Enter the number of elements in the array:".
- Accept the input and store it in an integer variable n.
- Declare an integer array array of size n.
- Prompt the user: "Enter the elements of the array:".
- Use a standard for loop from 0 to n-1 to accept and store the elements in the array.
- Print a message: "Array elements:".
- Use a **for-each loop** to iterate through each element in the array:
 - → Print each element on a separate line.

Expected Output:

Enter the number of elements in the array:

5

Enter the elements of the array:

12345

Array elements:

1

2

3

4

5

Task 2: Calculate Sum of Elements in an Array Using For-Each Loop:

- Declare and initialize an integer variable sum with 0.
- Use a **for-each loop** to iterate through each element in the array:
 - → Add each element to sum.
- After the loop completes, print: "Sum of elements: <sum>".

Expected Output:

Sum of elements: 15

Task 3: Print Characters of a String Using For-Each Loop:

- Prompt the user: "Enter a string:".
- Accept the input and store it in a String variable str.
- Print a message: "Characters of the string:".
- Convert the string to a character array using toCharArray().
- Use a **for-each loop** to iterate through each char ch in the character array:
 - → Print each character on a separate line.

Expected Output:

```
Enter a string: hello
Characters of the string:
h
e
I
O
```

Task 4: Find Maximum Element in an Array Using For-Each Loop:

- Declare and initialize an integer variable max with the first element of the array.
- Use a **for-each loop** to iterate through each element in the array:
 - → If element is greater than max, update max with element.
- After the loop, print: "Maximum element: <max>".

Expected Output:

Maximum element: 5

Task 5: Count Occurrences of a Specific Element in an Array Using For-Each Loop:

- Prompt the user: "Enter the element to search for:".
- Accept the input and store it in an integer variable target.
- Declare and initialize an integer variable count with 0.
- Use a **for-each loop** to iterate through each element in the array:
 - → If element is equal to target, increment count by 1.
- After the loop, print: "Occurrences of <target>: <count>".

Expected Output:

```
Enter the element to search for: 3
Occurrences of 3: 1
```

Note: The actual output values will vary depending on the user inputs.

3 TEMPLATE CODE STRUCTURE

3.1 PACKAGE: COM.YAKSHA.ASSIGNMENT.FOREACHLOOPASSIGNMENT Resources

Class/Interface	Description	Status
ForEachLoopAssignment	 Main class demonstrating 	Need to be implemented.
(class)	iterative operations using	
	for-each loops.	
	Includes examples of:	
	- Printing array elements using	
	for-each loop.	
	- Calculating sum of elements in	
	an array.	
	- Printing characters of a string.	
	- Finding maximum element in	
	an array.	
	- Counting occurrences of a	
	specific element.	

4 Execution Steps to Follow

- 1. All actions like build, compile, running application, running test cases will be through Command Terminal.
- 2. To open the command terminal the test takers, need to go to Application menu (Three horizontal lines at left top)

 Terminal

 New Terminal.
- 3. This editor Auto Saves the code.
- 4. These are time bound assessments the timer would stop if you logout and while logging in back using the same credentials the timer would resume from the same time it was stopped from the previous logout.

5. To run your project use command:

sudo JAVA_HOME=\$JAVA_HOME /usr/share/maven/bin/mvn compile exec:java
-Dexec.mainClass="com.yaksha.assignment.ForEachLoopAssignment"

*If it asks for the password, provide password : pass@word1

6. To test your project test cases, use the command

sudo JAVA_HOME=\$JAVA_HOME /usr/share/maven/bin/mvn test

*If it asks for the password, provide password : pass@word1