# System Requirements Specification Index

For

Python Basics and NumPy, Pandas
Usecase No 5

1.0



# **Use Case:1 Car Inventory Management (car.py)**

# 1) Write a Python program to search for cars within a given budget.

- Define a function search by budget(inventory, max price).
- The function should:
  - o Filter and display cars where the price is less than or equal to max\_price.
  - o If no cars match the criteria, print an appropriate message.
  - Return the filtered list of cars.

# 2) Write a Python program to save the car inventory into a JSON file.

- Define a function save\_inventory(inventory, filename).
- The function should:
  - o Convert the car inventory into JSON format.
  - Save it to a file named car\_inventory.json.
  - Print a success message after saving.
  - o Return the filename.

# 3) Write a Python program to execute all inventory operations.

- Implement a main() function that:
  - Calls display\_cars(car\_inventory) to show all available cars.
  - o Calls search\_by\_budget(car\_inventory, 25000) to find cars under \$25,000.
  - o Calls save\_inventory(car\_inventory) to store inventory data in a JSON file.

# Use Case: Smart Waste Management System (wastetreatment.py)

```
Dataset {

("ZoneA","Organic",120),
("ZoneB","Plastic",80),
("ZoneC","Electronic",45),
("ZoneD","Metal",60),
("ZoneE","Organic",95)
}
```

- 1. Write a Python function to calculate total waste by type.
  - Define calculate total waste by type(data).
  - The function should:
    - Iterate through the waste data list.
    - Calculate the total weight for each waste type.
    - Return a dictionary with waste type as the key and total weight as the value.
- 2. Write a Python function to identify unique waste zones.
  - Define unique\_waste\_zones(data).
  - The function should:
    - Extract unique locations from the dataset.
    - Return a set of unique zones.
- 3. Write a Python function to find the location with the heaviest waste.
  - Define find heaviest location(data).
  - The function should:

- Identify the zone with the highest waste weight.
- Return the zone name and its corresponding weight.

# Use Case: Railway Reservation System (trainseatallocation.py) Functions Required

#### **Dataset**

```
seat_numbers = np.array([101, 102, 103, 104, 105])
ticket_prices = np.array([250, 300, 400, 350, 500])
availability = np.array([True, False, True, False, True])
passenger_names = ["John", "Alice", "Bob", "Emma", "David"]
```

# # Availability status (True means available)

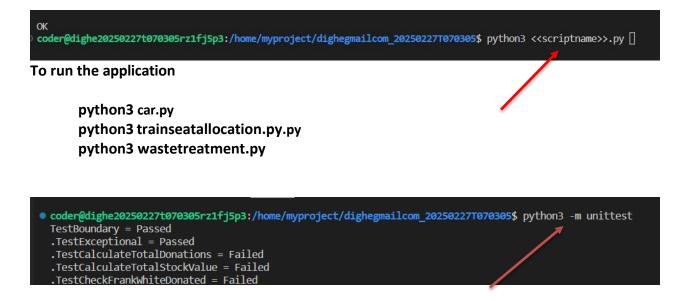
- 1 .Find the highest ticket price.
  - Define highest\_ticket\_price(df)
  - The function should:
    - Extract the maximum ticket price.
    - Identify the seat number associated with the highest price.
    - Return both highest price and corresponding seat number.
- 2 Find the number of available seats.
  - Define available seats(df)
  - The function should:
    - Count the number of available seats (Availability == True).
    - Return the count of available seats.

# **Execution Steps to Follow:**

- All actions like build, compile, running application, running test cases will be through Command Terminal.
- To open the command terminal the test takers, need to go to Application menu(Three horizontal lines at left top) -> Terminal -> New Terminal
- This editor Auto Saves the code
- These are time bound assessments the timer would stop if you logout and while logging in back using the same credentials the timer would resume from the sametime it was stopped from the previous logout.
- To setup environment:
  - You can run the application without importing any packages
- To launch application:

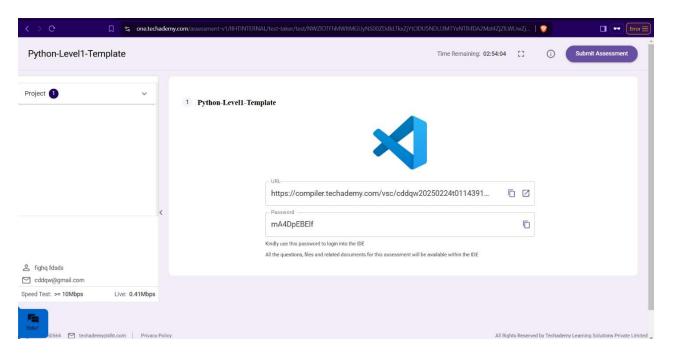
python3 car.py python3 trainseatallocation.py.py python3 wastetreatment.py To run Test cases: python3 -m unittest

# Screen shot to run the program



## To run the testcase

# python3 -m unittest



 Once you are done with development and ready with submission, you may navigate to the previous tab and submit the workspace. It is mandatory to click on "Submit Assessment" after you are done with code. ----X----