Communication Theory EC5.203 - Spring 2023

Exam: Midsem Total Marks: 50

Date: 02 March 2023

Time: 02:30 to 04:00

Instructions:

- Answering all the questions is compulsory.
- Clearly state the assumptions (if any) made that are not specified in the question.
- Use of a calculator is allowed.
- 1. Answer the following questions.

[6x4]

- (a) Consider a rectangular pulse of duration T_b is applied at the input of an ideal integrator. Find out the energy and ESD of the output.
- Show that the energy of two orthogonal signals is equal to the sum of their individual energies.
- (c) Derive the instantaneous frequencies of the FM and PM signals. Explain how FM signal can be constructed using PM modulator.
- (d) Explain the working principle of the switching modulator in detail.
- 2. Consider a subspace $U \subset \mathbb{R}^4$ as the span of vectors

[7]

 $u_1 = egin{bmatrix} 1 \ 2 \ 4 \ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

 $u_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1\\0\\3\\5 \end{bmatrix}$

 $u_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Find out the complete basis set of U.

3. Derive the bandwidth of wide band frequency modulated signal.

[8]

- 4. Consider that $m(t) = 2\cos(200\pi t)$ is a modulating signal and $c(t) = 3\cos(2000\pi t)$ is a carrier signal, and answer the following questions. [11]
 - (a) Draw the AM signal and its spectrum.
 - (b) Find the modulation index and power efficiency of AM signal.
 - (c) Find out the RC time constant for the envelope detector.
 - (d) Determine the frequency deviation and Carson bandwidth of FM signal when $k_f = 1$.
 - (e) State the condition for the NBFM and write the expression of NBFM signal.
 - (f) Find the instantaneous frequencies of FM and PM signals.