



## **AgroTrust**

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## **Title of Project: AgroTrust**



### **Introduction to the Blockchain Proposal Assignment**

Blockchain technology is revolutionizing industries by addressing inefficiencies, improving transparency, and reducing fraud. In the agricultural sector, the distribution of fertilizers and pesticides is plagued by counterfeit products, lack of transparency, and inefficient supply chain management, causing substantial economic and agricultural losses.

AgroTrust is a blockchain-powered solution designed to address these challenges by providing a secure, immutable, and transparent platform for managing agricultural inputs. This system tracks fertilizers and pesticides from manufacturers to end users, ensuring their authenticity, proper distribution, and compliance with regulatory standards.

This proposal presents the design of AgroTrust, evaluates the regulatory framework, and outlines a roadmap for its technological and strategic implementation. It is an innovative and practical solution to improve trust and efficiency in the agricultural supply chain.

### **Assignment Objectives**

1. Develop a comprehensive understanding of blockchain and its application in agriculture.
2. Analyze the regulatory landscape and its impact on blockchain-based solutions in the agricultural supply chain.

3. Design a blockchain platform that addresses pain points in the distribution of fertilizers and pesticides.
4. Assess market potential and create a strategic growth plan.
5. Present an actionable roadmap for the launch of AgroTrust.

## **Assignment Outline: Blockchain Proposal**

### **1. Area of Focus**

Sector: Agriculture and Supply Chain

Problem: Counterfeit fertilizers and pesticides, lack of transparency in distribution, and inefficiencies in supply chain management.

### **2. Idea Description**

AgroTrust is a blockchain-based platform designed to ensure transparency, authenticity, and efficient distribution of fertilizers and pesticides.

Key Features:

- **End-to-End Traceability**

AgroTrust provides complete visibility of agricultural inputs, from production to distribution and usage. By recording every transaction on the blockchain, it will ensure accountability and reduce inefficiencies. Hence, allowing stakeholders to track the flow of fertilizers and pesticides, ensuring timely deliveries and minimizing mismanagement.

- **Product Authentication**

Each product package is equipped with a QR code linked to its blockchain record. Farmers can scan the code via a mobile app to verify details like the manufacturer, batch origin, and compliance certifications. This feature prevents the purchase of counterfeit or substandard products, protecting crop yields and fostering trust.

- **Smart Contracts**

Smart contracts automate agreements between manufacturers, distributors, and retailers. They enforce predefined conditions, such as releasing payments only upon verified delivery or quality checks. By removing intermediaries and reducing manual errors, smart contracts streamline operations and enhance transparency in transactions.

- **Immutable Records**

Blockchain technology ensures all data stored on AgroTrust is secure and tamper-proof. Transactions are recorded in a distributed ledger, making it impossible to alter or manipulate records. This feature is especially beneficial for audits, regulatory compliance, and building trust among stakeholders.

AgroTrust benefits all parties involved. Farmers gain access to authentic, high-quality products; distributors and retailers experience efficient inventory management; and regulators have real-time, secure access to data, simplifying compliance enforcement. Together, these features create a reliable and efficient agricultural supply chain.

### **3. Domain Understanding**

**Current Value Chain: Manufacturers → Distributors → Retailers → Farmers**

**Pain Points:**

- High prevalence of counterfeit products that affect crop yields.
- Lack of transparency in the movement and usage of fertilizers and pesticides.
- Inefficient inventory management by distributors and retailers.

#### **Value Chain Disruption by AgroTrust**

##### **1. Tracking and Authentication**

AgroTrust revolutionizes the supply chain by enabling blockchain-based recording of every transaction. From the moment a product is manufactured to its delivery to farmers, every stage is logged in a secure, immutable ledger. This ensures accountability and provides a reliable method to trace issues, such as defective products or delays, back to their source.

##### **2. QR Code Integration**

To combat counterfeiting, AgroTrust incorporates QR codes on all product packaging. Farmers can use a simple mobile app to scan these codes and instantly verify the product's authenticity, including details about its manufacturer, batch origin, and certification status. This feature empowers farmers to make informed decisions and fosters trust in the supply chain.

### 3. Data Visibility

AgroTrust provides real-time access to critical information for all stakeholders. Manufacturers can monitor the distribution of their products, distributors can manage inventory efficiently, and regulators can ensure compliance with safety standards. This transparency helps reduce inefficiencies, optimize logistics, and build a robust, trust-based agricultural supply chain.

## Benefits of blockchain-based traceability



Source: Cointelegraph – Benefits of blockchain-based traceability

### 4. Geography and Regulation Geography:

- India: A major agricultural economy where counterfeit agricultural inputs are a significant problem.
- Africa: Emerging markets with similar challenges in agricultural supply chains.

Regulatory Bodies:

- **India:**

- Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare ([agricoop.nic.in](http://agricoop.nic.in))
- Central Insecticides Board & Registration Committee ([cibrc.gov.in](http://cibrc.gov.in))

- **Africa:**

- AUDA-NEPAD ([nepad.org](http://nepad.org))
- Kenya's Pest Control Products Board ([pcpb.go.ke](http://pcpb.go.ke))

## **Relevant Regulations:**

### **1. India: Fertilizer (Control) Order, 1985:**

*The Fertilizer (Control) Order (FCO), 1985*, is a critical regulatory framework in India that governs the production, distribution, and sale of fertilizers. It establishes stringent quality control standards to ensure the effectiveness of fertilizers and protect farmers from counterfeit or substandard products. Additionally, it mandates traceability mechanisms to monitor the movement of fertilizers throughout the supply chain. This is particularly relevant for AgroTrust, as blockchain technology aligns seamlessly with these requirements by offering transparent and tamper-proof records of fertilizer distribution.

### **2. Africa: Regional guidelines on pesticide regulations by AUDA-NEPAD**

In Africa, regional guidelines formulated by *AUDA-NEPAD (African Union Development Agency - New Partnership for Africa's Development)* emphasize the need for quality control and compliance in pesticide usage. These guidelines promote harmonized regulatory frameworks to ensure safe and effective pesticide application, reduce counterfeit products, and support sustainable agricultural practices. By leveraging blockchain technology, AgroTrust can provide the traceability and compliance tools necessary to meet these standards while empowering farmers with reliable and authentic products.

### **Impact of Regulations:**

Government regulations, such as the FCO in India and AUDA-NEPAD guidelines in Africa, emphasize quality control and traceability, creating a supportive environment for blockchain solutions like AgroTrust. These frameworks encourage technological interventions to ensure compliance, improve transparency, and reduce fraudulent activities in the agricultural supply chain. Blockchain's ability to create immutable records aligns with these regulatory goals, fostering trust among stakeholders and promoting sustainable agricultural practices.

While supportive, the adherence to stringent regulations can pose challenges. Meeting compliance requirements may increase the initial costs of implementing blockchain solutions, such as infrastructure development, training, and integration with existing systems. Additionally, small-scale farmers and distributors may face difficulties in adapting to these changes due to limited resources and technical expertise. However, these initial investments can lead to long-term benefits by ensuring regulatory adherence and improving operational efficiency.

## **5. Technology**

### **Technologies Used:**

- 1. Blockchain (Ethereum/Hyperledger):** Ensures immutable, transparent records of every transaction.
- 2. QR Codes:** Provides an easy-to-use mechanism for farmers to verify product authenticity.
- 3. Smart Contracts:** Automates compliance checks and payments between stakeholders.

### **Architecture:**

#### **1. Frontend:**

#### **Develop a user-friendly interface for:**

- Farmers to register products.
- Consumers to verify product authenticity.

- Utilize frameworks like React for dynamic UI development.
- Implement Web3.js or ethers.js for blockchain interaction.
- Features include:
  - **Product Registration Form:** Input fields for batch ID and manufacturer details.
  - **Verification Tool:** A search bar for consumers to check authenticity.
  - **Dashboard:** Display registered products and system analytics for admin users.

## 2. Backend:

- **Use Node.js or Django to build a robust backend:**
- **API Creation:** Design REST APIs for product registration, retrieval, and verification.
- **Database Integration:** Store supplementary data in a secure database (e.g., MongoDB or PostgreSQL).
- **Blockchain integration:** Use Web3.js or ethers.js to interact with smart contracts.
- Handle blockchain transactions securely and efficiently.
- **Features include:**
  - **Authentication:** Secure login for farmers and admins.
  - **Product Management:** APIs to add, update, or retrieve product information.
  - **Data Sync:** Ensure seamless syncing between on-chain and off-chain data.

3. Blockchain Network: Smart contracts ensure automation and security, while the decentralized ledger provides transparency.

Algorithm Example:

Smart Contract Example

```
contract AgroInputTracking {
  struct Product {
    string batchId;
```



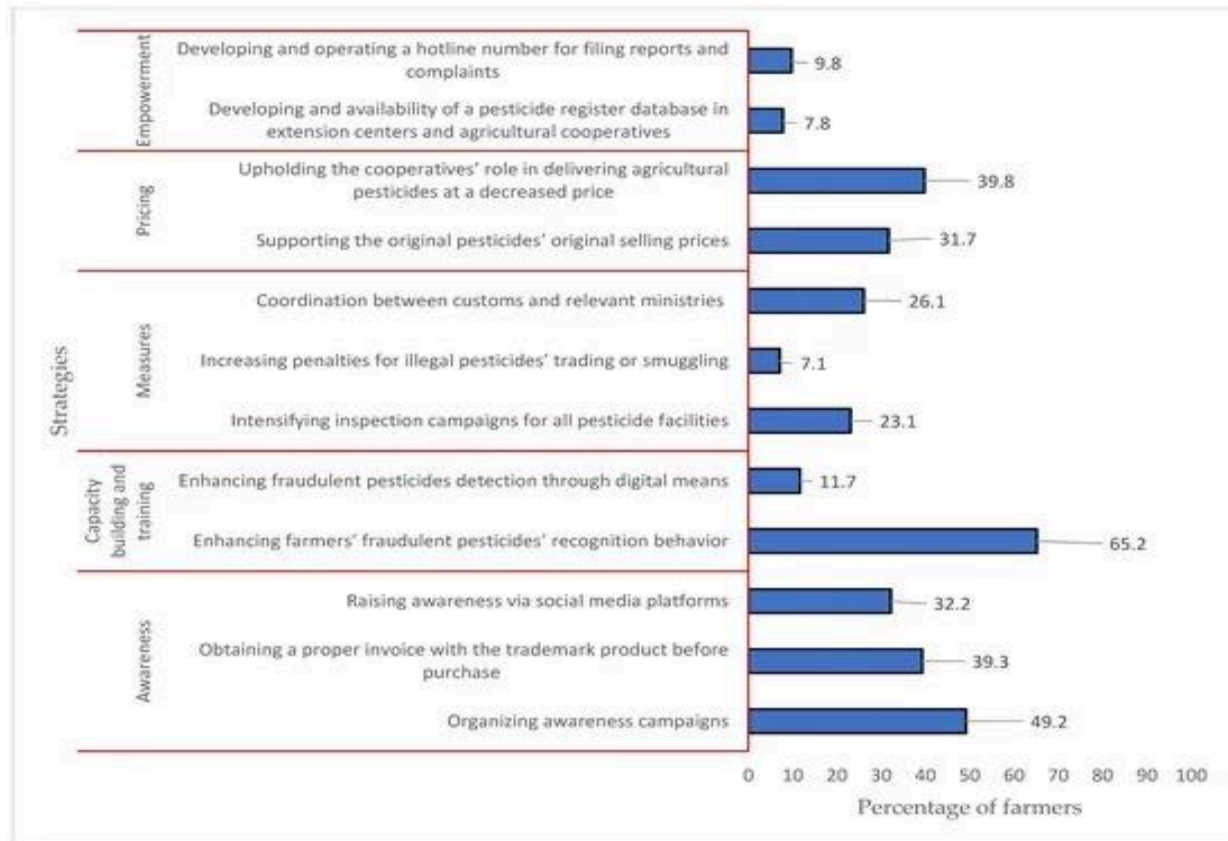
```
address manufacturer;  
  
Uint256 timestamp;  
  
bool isAuthentic;  
  
}  
  
mapping(string => Product) public products;  
  
function registerProduct(string memory batchId) public {  
    products[batchId] = Product(batchId, msg.sender, block.timestamp, true);  
}  
  
}
```

## 6. Customer and User Behavior

### Target Users

- **Farmers:**

Farmers are at the core of AgroSmart Chains ecosystem. Their primary concern is accessing authentic fertilizers and pesticides to maximize crop yields and avoid losses caused by counterfeit products. By leveraging AgroTrust, farmers can use QR codes on product packaging to instantly verify authenticity, check certifications, and access usage instructions. This transparency fosters trust and ensures that they receive high-quality agricultural inputs, ultimately improving productivity and profitability.



- **Distributors and Retailers**

Distributors and retailers play a critical role in the supply chain as intermediaries between manufacturers and farmers. They often face challenges like overstocking, stockouts, and mismanagement of inventory. AgroTrust offers real-time inventory tracking and streamlined logistics management, enabling them to monitor product movement efficiently. This transparency reduces operational inefficiencies and improves decision-making, leading to better profitability and customer satisfaction.

- **Regulators**

Regulators are responsible for ensuring compliance with quality and safety standards in the agricultural sector. They require systems that provide traceability, simplify monitoring, and prevent fraudulent practices such as the distribution of counterfeit products. AgroTrust enables regulators to access immutable records of product

movement, ensuring adherence to regulations and fostering accountability throughout the supply chain.

## **Value Proposition**

- **For Farmers**

Farmers benefit from avoiding counterfeit products, which improves their crop yield and reduces losses. Authentic products contribute to better pest control and soil management, ensuring long-term agricultural sustainability. AgroTrust also empowers farmers with information about product certifications and proper usage guidelines, which enhances their confidence in purchasing decisions.

- **For Distributors and Retailers**

Distributors and retailers gain operational efficiency through transparent inventory tracking. By monitoring stock levels in real-time, they can avoid overstocking or running out of essential products. This efficiency reduces costs associated with manual inventory management and improves supply chain coordination, ensuring timely delivery of products to farmers.

- **For Regulators**

Regulators can monitor compliance effortlessly using AgroTrust's blockchain-enabled traceability system. Immutable records provide them with accurate data on the origin, movement, and usage of fertilizers and pesticides, making it easier to enforce quality standards and detect fraudulent activities. This streamlines compliance processes and enhances regulatory oversight.

## Pricing Structure

- **Subscription-Based Model for Distributors and Retailers**

AgroTrust offers a subscription-based pricing model for distributors and retailers. This model provides access to advanced features such as real-time inventory tracking, analytics dashboards, and regulatory compliance tools. The subscription ensures a steady revenue stream for the platform while delivering significant operational value to these stakeholders.

- **Free Access for Farmers**

Farmers are granted free access to AgroTrust's basic features, such as QR code scanning and product verification. This approach encourages widespread adoption among farmers, particularly those in rural and low-income areas. By removing financial barriers for farmers, AgroTrust fosters trust and positions itself as an essential tool in the agricultural supply chain.

## 7. Market and Strategic Analysis

### Competitors

#### 1. AgroStar

AgroStar is a leading AgriTech platform that provides farmers with access to agricultural inputs such as seeds, fertilizers, and pesticides, along with advisory services. While AgroStar does not leverage blockchain technology, its established network and robust services create competition in terms of customer trust and market penetration. AgroTrust differentiates itself by focusing on blockchain-based transparency and traceability, which AgroStar does not currently provide.

#### 2. Cropin

Cropin is a data-driven farm management platform that offers solutions for monitoring crop health, weather conditions, and supply chain efficiency. It primarily focuses on farm analytics and precision agriculture. Although Cropin has integrated digital tools, its lack of blockchain solutions leaves AgroTrust with a unique competitive advantage in ensuring product authenticity and supply chain transparency.

## **Porter's Five Forces Analysis**

### **1. Threat of New Entrants: Moderate**

Blockchain technology in agriculture is still emerging, requiring significant technical expertise and initial investments. While this creates a barrier for new players, the growing demand for transparency in agricultural supply chains could attract competitors with sufficient resources.

### **2. Bargaining Power of Buyers: High**

Farmers, being price-sensitive, often prioritize cost over technological advancements. AgroTrust must ensure that its services are either free or affordable for farmers to encourage adoption. A strong value proposition will be critical in addressing this challenge.

### **3. Threat of Substitutes: Low**

There are limited blockchain solutions tailored for agriculture, particularly for fertilizers and pesticides. Existing alternatives focus more on advisory or data analytics, giving AgroTrust an edge as a niche platform.

### **4. Competitive Rivalry: Moderate**

While companies like AgroStar and Cropin pose competition, there are few players offering blockchain-based AgriTech solutions. This creates a relatively untapped market for AgroTrust to establish its dominance.

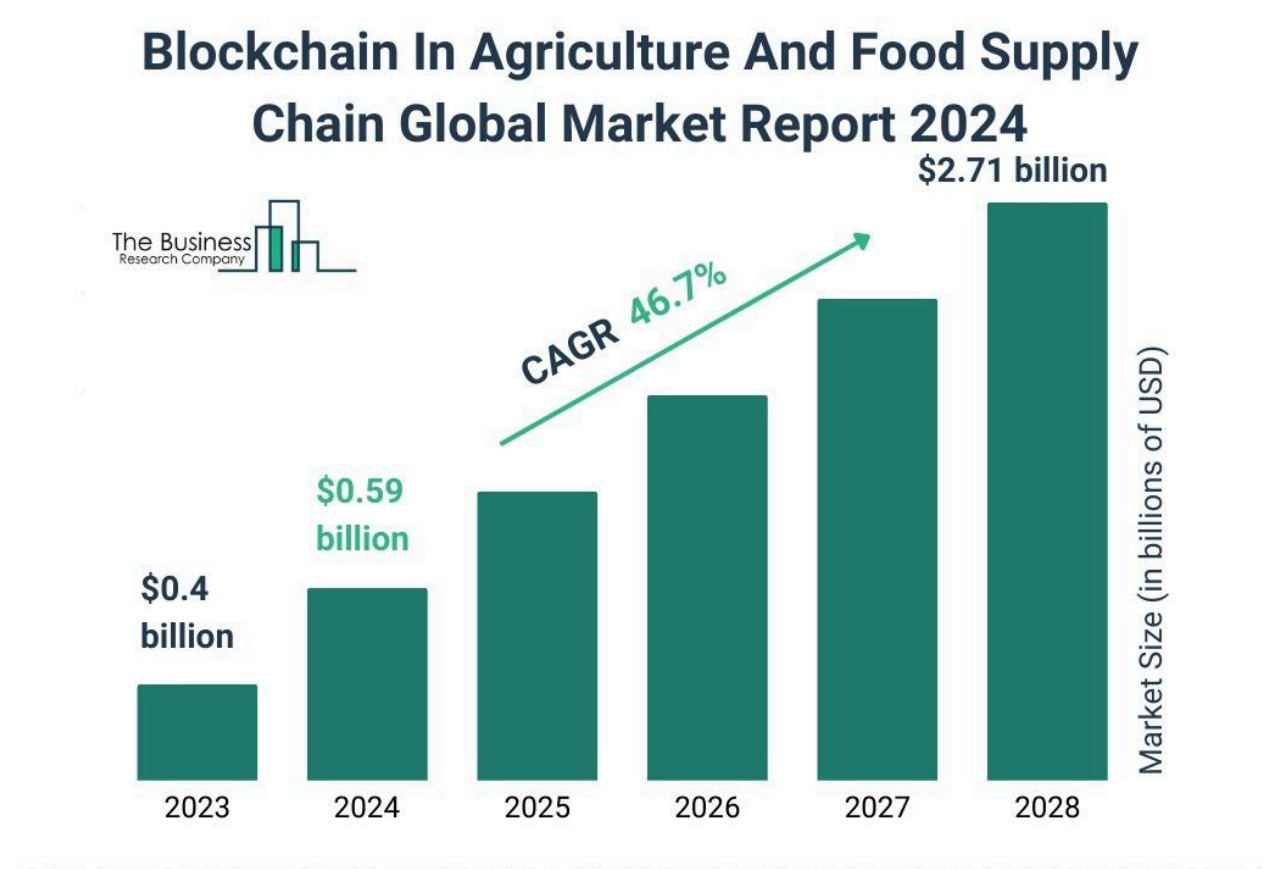
### **5. Bargaining Power of Suppliers: Moderate**

Key suppliers in the agricultural ecosystem who may demand favorable terms for integrating their products into AgroSmartChain. Dependence on platforms like Ethereum or Hyperledger can influence costs and scalability.

## **Market Potential**

The global agricultural traceability market is projected to grow to \$1.2 billion by 2027, driven by the increasing demand for transparency, sustainability, and compliance in the agricultural sector. This market growth presents a significant opportunity for blockchain-based platforms like

AgroTrust. The platform aims to capture a 5% market share within its first two years, focusing on regions with high agricultural activity and regulatory support, such as India and Africa.



## SWOT Analysis

### 1. Strengths

#### a. Blockchain-Driven Innovation

AgroTrust leverages blockchain technology to provide transparency, traceability, and authenticity in the agricultural supply chain. This ensures that stakeholders—farmers, distributors, and regulators—can access tamper-proof and real-time data, setting AgroTrust apart from traditional systems.

### **b. Robust Value Proposition**

The platform addresses critical pain points like counterfeit products, inefficient inventory management, and lack of traceability. Its focus on end-to-end visibility builds trust across the supply chain.

### **c. Alignment with Global Trends**

Blockchain solutions are increasingly recognized as the future of supply chain management, aligning AgroTrust with global trends in sustainability and digital transformation.

## **2. Weaknesses**

### **a. Digital Literacy and Rural Connectivity Challenges**

The platform's success depends on farmers in rural areas adopting digital tools. Limited internet penetration and lack of familiarity with technology can hinder its widespread acceptance.

### **b. High Initial Costs**

The cost of deploying blockchain infrastructure, training stakeholders, and integrating with existing systems may pose financial challenges in the early stages.

### **c. Scalability Issues**

Blockchain systems may face challenges in scaling to handle large volumes of transactions and data, particularly in regions with high agricultural activity.

## **3. Opportunities**

### **a. Untapped Markets in Developing Countries**

Regions like Africa, Southeast Asia, and South America struggle with counterfeit agricultural products and lack of transparency. AgroTrust can address these issues, opening opportunities for market expansion.

### **b. Expansion into Related Domains**

The platform can extend its offerings into areas like crop insurance, precision farming, and

financial services for farmers. Integrating IoT sensors and AI could further enhance the platform's utility.

#### **c. Government and Private Sector Support**

Many governments and global organizations, such as the FAO and AUDA-NEPAD, are promoting digital transformation in agriculture. Partnerships with such entities can accelerate AgroTrust's adoption.

#### **d. Increasing Consumer Demand for Transparency**

Consumers are becoming more conscious about the origins and quality of agricultural products. AgroTrust can position itself as a tool for ensuring product traceability, even extending to retail and end consumers.

### **4. Threats**

#### **a. Regulatory Complexity**

Compliance with diverse regional regulations for fertilizers and pesticides can be cumbersome. Any changes in regulatory frameworks may require costly adjustments to the platform.

#### **b. Resistance to Change**

Traditional stakeholders in the agricultural sector, including small-scale distributors and retailers, may resist adopting new technology due to perceived complexity or cost.

#### **c. Competition from Established AgriTech Platforms**

Competitors like AgroStar and Cropin already have established networks and farmer trust. Although these platforms lack blockchain solutions, their market presence may challenge AgroTrust's entry.

#### **d. Cybersecurity Risks**

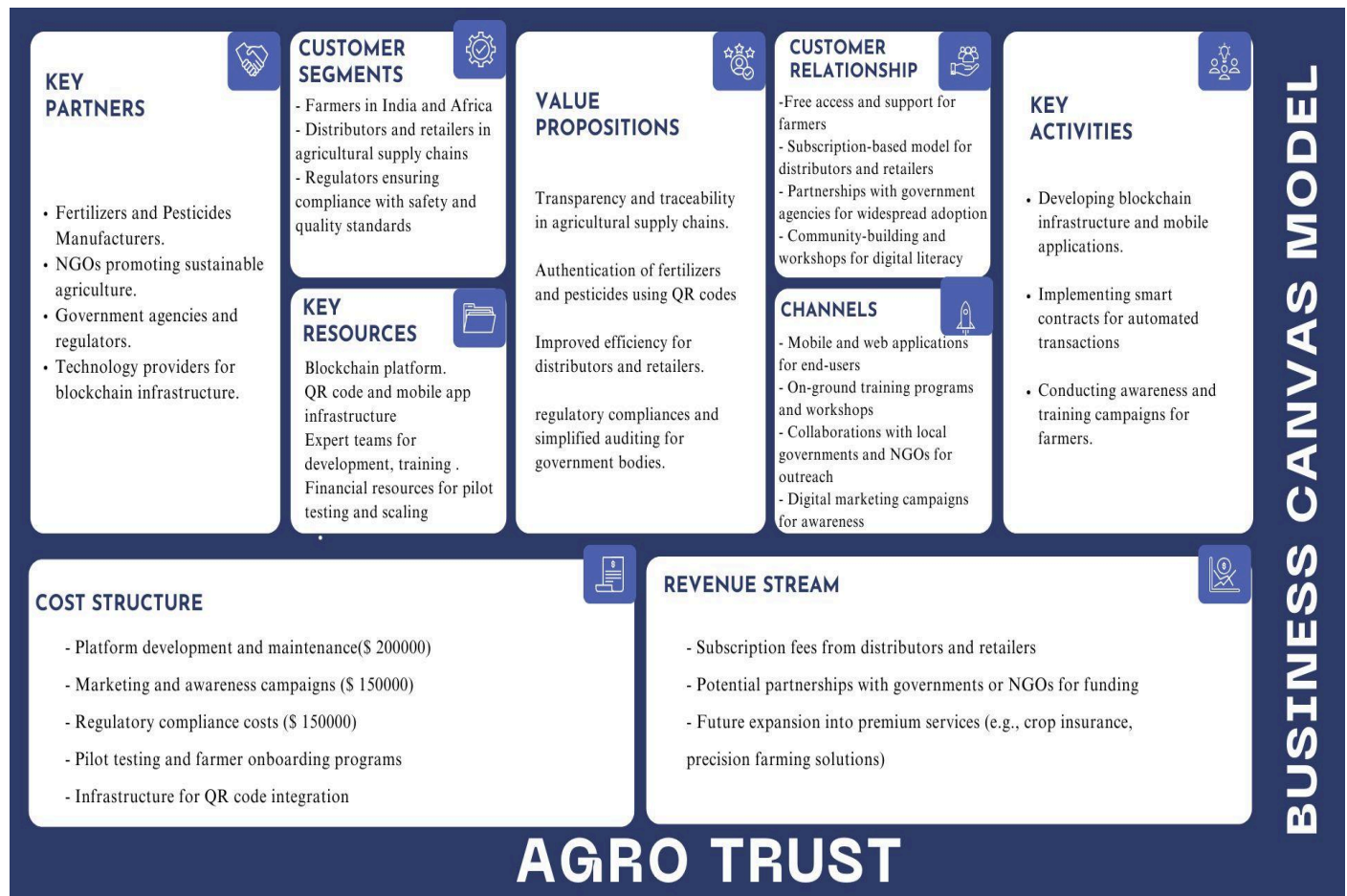
As a digital platform, AgroTrust must safeguard against potential hacking and data breaches, which could undermine stakeholder trust.

AgroTrust's strengths and opportunities position it as a transformative solution for agricultural supply chains. However, addressing weaknesses such as rural technology adoption and mitigating threats like regulatory complexity will be crucial for its success. A focus on



partnerships, awareness campaigns, and technological scalability can help AgroTrust realize its full potential.

## Business Canvas Model



## 8. Funding and Risks

### Funding Required

#### 1. Breakdown of \$500,000 Investment:

- **Platform Development (\$200,000):**

This includes costs for designing the blockchain infrastructure, creating mobile applications, integrating smart contracts, and deploying a secure, scalable system. It also covers technical support and quality assurance.

- **Marketing and Awareness Campaigns (\$150,000):**

A significant portion will be used for educating stakeholders—farmers, distributors, and regulators—on how to use AgroTrust. Efforts will include digital campaigns, workshops, and collaborations with agricultural extension centers to reach rural areas.

- **Regulatory Compliance and Partnerships (\$150,000):**

This involves navigating the regulatory landscape in India and Africa, including certifications, audits, and legal documentation. Building partnerships with government bodies, NGOs, and private players will also require investment.

## **Timeline for Launch**

### **Year 1: Product Development and Pilot Testing**

- **Activities:**

- Develop a Minimum Viable Product (MVP) with core features like QR code integration, smart contracts, and traceability tools.
- Conduct pilot projects in key agricultural states of India (e.g., Punjab, Maharashtra) to gather user feedback and refine the platform.

- **Expected Outcome:**

- A fully functional prototype tested in real-world conditions, ready for scaling.

### **Year 2: Launch in India and Africa**

- **Activities:**

- Roll out the final platform in multiple states of India and selected African countries, focusing on regions with high agricultural activity and supportive regulations.
- Expand features to include multilingual support and additional modules for allied services like crop insurance or financial aid.

- **Expected Outcome:**

- Establish AgroTrust as a trusted platform, capturing an initial market share of 5%.

## **Potential Partners**

### **1. Fertilizer Manufacturers and Pesticide Companies**

- Collaborations with major manufacturers will help AgroTrust ensure a steady supply of authentic products.
- Partnering with pesticide companies allows the platform to integrate product data directly into its blockchain, enhancing traceability.
- Examples: Organizations like IFFCO, Coromandel International, or international players like BASF and Syngenta.

### **2. NGOs Promoting Sustainable Agriculture**

- Partnering with NGOs ensures effective outreach to farmers and promotes the adoption of sustainable farming practices.
- NGOs can also assist with farmer training programs, awareness campaigns, and grassroots-level implementation of the platform.
- Examples: NGOs like Action for Food Production (AFPRO) and Oxfam India.

## **Risks and Mitigation Strategies**

### **1. Adoption Challenges:**

- Risk: Farmers and distributors may resist adopting new technology due to lack of awareness or familiarity.
- Mitigation: Conduct extensive awareness campaigns and provide free access to farmers to ease adoption.

### **2. Regulatory Risks:**

- Risk: Varying compliance requirements across regions may delay implementation.

- Mitigation: Collaborate with legal experts and local authorities early in the development phase to align the platform with regulations.

### **3. Financial Risks:**

- Risk: High initial investment with no guaranteed returns in the early stages.
- Mitigation: Focus on partnerships with government programs and private stakeholders to secure funding and shared costs.

### **4. Technological Risks:**

- Risk: Potential cybersecurity threats to blockchain records and data integrity.
- Mitigation: Use robust encryption methods, regular audits, and partnerships with cybersecurity firms.

## **Appendices**

### **Appendix A: References**

- Fertilizer (Control) Order, 1985: <https://faolex.fao.org/docs/pdf/ind129935.pdf>
- Blockchain Applications in Agriculture: <https://www.nepad.org>
- AgroChain - The Life of Wealth in Agriculture: [Agro Chain - The Life of Wealth in Agriculture | IEEE Conference Publication](#)
- Kamilaris, A., Fonts, A., & Prenafeta-Boldú, F. X. (2019). "The Rise of Blockchain Technology in Agriculture and Food Supply Chains": [The rise of blockchain technology in agriculture and food supply chains - ScienceDirect](#)
- Tripoli, M., & Schmidhuber, J. (2018). "Emerging Opportunities for the Application of Blockchain in the Agri-food Industry": [Emerging opportunities for the application of blockchain in the agri-food industry](#)
- [The Dilemma of Fraudulent Pesticides in the Agrifood Sector: Analysis of Factors Affecting Farmers' Purchasing Behavior in Egypt](#)

- [Blockchain and artificial intelligence-empowered smart agriculture framework for maximizing human life expectancy - ScienceDirect](#)

## **Appendix B: ChatGPT Usage**

### **Prompts Used:**

- <https://chatgpt.com/share/67574c45-9b48-8001-8450-02f7e2981fe9>
- <https://chatgpt.com/share/675ab3cd-0678-800e-9a3d-54e799b73f9a>