

1. The spin Hamiltonian of a system of  $N$  localized magnetic ions is given by

$$\mathcal{H} = D \sum_{j=1}^N S_j^2,$$

where  $D > 0$  and spin variables  $S_j$  may assume values  $\pm 1$  or  $0$ , for  $j = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ . This spin Hamiltonian describes the effects of the electrostatic environment on spin-1 ions. An ion in state  $\pm 1$  has energy  $D > 0$  and in state  $0$  has zero energy.

- a) Show that the number of accessible microstates of the system is given by

$$\Omega(U, N) = \frac{N!}{(N - U/D)!} \sum_{N_-} \frac{1}{(U/D - N_-)! N_-!}$$

- b) Calculate the binomial sum and obtain an exact result for  $\Omega(U, N)$
- c) Now use Sterling's approximation and obtain the entropy of the system. Is it extensive?
- d) Calculate the specific heat of the system as a function of temperature.
2. Consider  $N$  particles distributed in a volume  $V$ . Now divide the volume into cell of size  $b$ , with  $N \leq V/b$ . Suppose that each cell may be either empty or can be occupied by a single particle.
- a) calculate the number of microstates accessible to the system.
- b) from the above result, calculate the entropy of the system and hence the quantity  $P/T$ , where the symbols have their usual meaning.
- c) do you see any difference with an ideal gas? If yes what do think is the reason behind this difference?

3. In the class we have worked out the problem of  $N$  quantum harmonic oscillators in the microcanonical ensemble. Now assume that the fundamental frequency has volume dependence given by:

$$\omega = \omega(v) = \omega_0 - A \ln \left( \frac{v}{v_0} \right),$$

where  $v = V/N$ , and  $\omega_0, A$ , and  $v_0$  are positive constants. Calculate the expansion coefficient and the compressibility of the system.

4. Consider a magnetic system with a total energy  $E$  and having  $N$  spins. The Hamiltonian for the system is  $\mathcal{H} = -\mu H \sum_i \sigma_i$ , with  $\sigma_i = \pm 1$ . In a microcanonical ensemble, we want to calculate the total number of accessible microstates.
- a) Assume that there are  $N_+$  up spins and  $N_-$  down spins. Express the  $N_+$  and  $N_-$  in terms of  $E$  and  $N$ .
- b) From this calculate the total number of microstates accessible to the system for  $E, N \rightarrow \infty$  and  $E/N = u$  fixed.
- c) Hence calculate the entropy per spin and derive an expression for the energy per spin of the system.
- d) Using all the above informations (not all are required though) derive an expression for the magnetization of the system.