

WGCNA Analyses

Run WGCNA

Setup and read in data

```
# Libraries
library(easypackages)
libraries("WGCNA", "gplots", "here", "ggplot2")

## =====
## *
## * Package WGCNA 1.63 loaded.
## *
## * Important note: It appears that your system supports multi-threading,
## * but it is not enabled within WGCNA in R.
## * To allow multi-threading within WGCNA with all available cores, use
## *
## *     allowWGCNAThreads()
## *
## * within R. Use disableWGCNAThreads() to disable threading if necessary.
## * Alternatively, set the following environment variable on your system:
## *
## *     ALLOW_WGCNA_THREADS=<number_of_processors>
## *
## * for example
## *
## *     ALLOW_WGCNA_THREADS=8
## *
## * To set the environment variable in linux bash shell, type
## *
## *     export ALLOW_WGCNA_THREADS=8
## *
## * before running R. Other operating systems or shells will
## * have a similar command to achieve the same aim.
## *
## =====

# Allow multi-threading within WGCNA
allowWGCNAThreads()

## Allowing multi-threading with up to 8 threads.

options(stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

# WGCNA parameters
networkType = 'signed'
tomType = 'signed'
corrType = 'bicor'
maxBlockSize = 30000
minModSize = 100
modMergeCutHeight = 0.20
```

```

deepSplit = 4

resultpath = here("WGCNAresults")
dir.create(resultpath)

# Read in data
load(here("data", "processed", "exprDataAdj.Rdata"))

datExpr = t(exprDataAdj)
datTraits = as.data.frame(labelData[,c("subgrp2",
                                         "gex_age",
                                         "sex",
                                         "batch",
                                         "RIN")])

rownames(datTraits) = labelData$exprColNames
datTraits$sex = as.numeric(factor(datTraits$sex))
datTraits$subgrp2 = as.numeric(factor(datTraits$subgrp2))
datTraits$batch = as.numeric(factor(datTraits$batch))

```

Choose soft-threshold power

```

powers = c(1:30)
if (corrType=="pearson"){
  corFnc2use = "cor"
}else if (corrType=="bicor"){
  corFnc2use = corrType
}
sft = pickSoftThreshold(datExpr,
                        powerVector = powers,
                        verbose = 5,
                        networkType = networkType,
                        corFnc = corrType)

```

```

## pickSoftThreshold: will use block size 3125.
## pickSoftThreshold: calculating connectivity for given powers...
##   ..working on genes 1 through 3125 of 14313
##   ..working on genes 3126 through 6250 of 14313
##   ..working on genes 6251 through 9375 of 14313
##   ..working on genes 9376 through 12500 of 14313
##   ..working on genes 12501 through 14313 of 14313
##   Power SFT.R.sq  slope truncated.R.sq  mean.k. median.k. max.k.
## 1      1      0.066   8.57              0.958 7190.000  7.19e+03 7550.0
## 2      2      0.420 -12.20             0.833 3730.000  3.68e+03 4300.0
## 3      3      0.780 -10.90             0.935 1990.000  1.95e+03 2610.0
## 4      4      0.833  -7.76             0.972 1090.000  1.06e+03 1680.0
## 5      5      0.843  -5.94             0.984  617.000  5.88e+02 1120.0
## 6      6      0.839  -4.80             0.983  358.000  3.34e+02  771.0
## 7      7      0.834  -4.06             0.980  214.000  1.93e+02  547.0
## 8      8      0.836  -3.49             0.978  131.000  1.14e+02  397.0
## 9      9      0.822  -3.11             0.965   82.500  6.86e+01  294.0
## 10     10     0.831  -2.75             0.963   53.300  4.20e+01  221.0
## 11     11     0.856  -2.45             0.974   35.400  2.62e+01  169.0

```

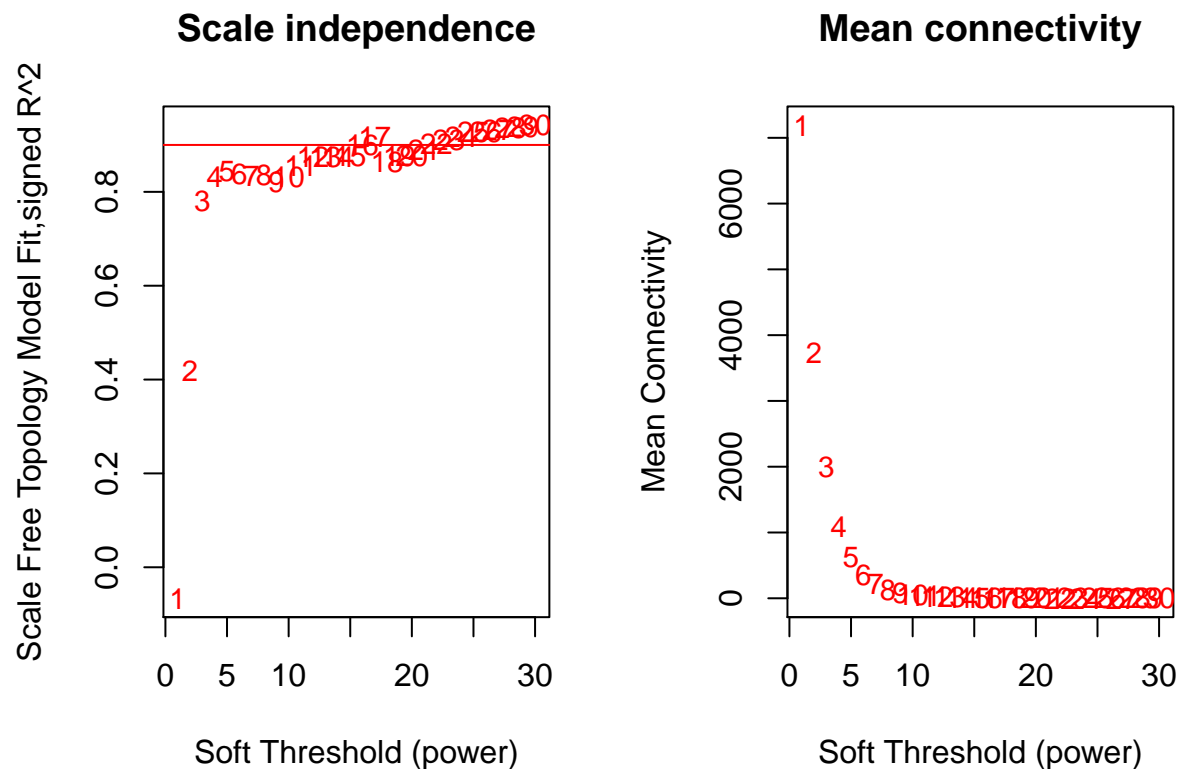
## 12	12	0.876	-2.25	0.984	24.000	1.66e+01	132.0
## 13	13	0.874	-2.20	0.984	16.700	1.06e+01	109.0
## 14	14	0.875	-2.14	0.981	11.900	6.89e+00	90.5
## 15	15	0.876	-2.07	0.975	8.640	4.52e+00	75.9
## 16	16	0.900	-1.95	0.985	6.400	2.99e+00	64.1
## 17	17	0.917	-1.89	0.990	4.820	2.01e+00	55.8
## 18	18	0.865	-1.99	0.956	3.690	1.36e+00	51.7
## 19	19	0.876	-1.99	0.965	2.870	9.34e-01	48.1
## 20	20	0.876	-1.99	0.965	2.270	6.43e-01	44.9
## 21	21	0.889	-1.96	0.968	1.810	4.47e-01	41.9
## 22	22	0.902	-1.93	0.972	1.460	3.14e-01	39.2
## 23	23	0.910	-1.89	0.971	1.200	2.22e-01	36.7
## 24	24	0.918	-1.85	0.969	0.987	1.57e-01	34.5
## 25	25	0.927	-1.81	0.974	0.822	1.12e-01	32.4
## 26	26	0.927	-1.78	0.973	0.691	8.02e-02	30.4
## 27	27	0.932	-1.75	0.972	0.586	5.76e-02	28.6
## 28	28	0.935	-1.71	0.970	0.500	4.18e-02	27.0
## 29	29	0.939	-1.68	0.969	0.430	3.03e-02	25.4
## 30	30	0.942	-1.65	0.967	0.372	2.22e-02	23.9

```

makeSoftPowerPlot <- function(sft, powers, cex1 = 0.9){
  # Scale-free topology fit index as a function of the soft-thresholding power
  par(mfrow = c(1,2))
  plot(sft$fitIndices[,1],
        -sign(sft$fitIndices[,3])*sft$fitIndices[,2],
        xlab = "Soft Threshold (power)",
        ylab = "Scale Free Topology Model Fit, signed R^2",
        type = "n",
        main = paste("Scale independence"))
  text(sft$fitIndices[,1],
        -sign(sft$fitIndices[,3])*sft$fitIndices[,2],
        labels = powers,
        cex = cex1,
        col = "red")
  abline(h = 0.90, col = "red")
  ## Mean connectivity as a function of the soft-thresholding power
  plot(sft$fitIndices[,1],
        sft$fitIndices[,5],
        xlab="Soft Threshold (power)",
        ylab="Mean Connectivity",
        type="n",
        main = "Mean connectivity")
  text(sft$fitIndices[,1],
        sft$fitIndices[,5],
        labels=powers,
        cex=cex1,
        col="red")
}

makeSoftPowerPlot(sft = sft, powers = powers)

```



Run blockwiseModules

```
softPower = 16

## Run an automated network analysis
net3 = blockwiseModules(datExpr,
                        power = softPower,
                        deepSplit = deepSplit,
                        minModuleSize = minModSize,
                        mergeCutHeight = modMergeCutHeight,
                        detectCutHeight = 0.9999,
                        corType = corrType,
                        networkType = networkType,
                        pamStage = FALSE,
                        pamRespectsDendro = TRUE,
                        verbose = 3,
                        saveTOMs = FALSE,
                        maxBlockSize = maxBlockSize,
                        numericLabels = TRUE)

## Calculating module eigengenes block-wise from all genes
## Flagging genes and samples with too many missing values...
## ..step 1
## ..Working on block 1 .
## TOM calculation: adjacency..
## ..will use 8 parallel threads.
## Fraction of slow calculations: 0.000000
## ..connectivity..
```

```

##      ..matrix multiplication (system BLAS)..
##      ..normalization..
##      ..done.
##      ....clustering..
##      ....detecting modules..
##      ....calculating module eigengenes..
##      ....checking kME in modules..
##      ..removing 62 genes from module 1 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 226 genes from module 2 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 1 genes from module 3 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 49 genes from module 4 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 7 genes from module 5 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 46 genes from module 6 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 1 genes from module 7 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 27 genes from module 8 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 4 genes from module 9 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 15 genes from module 11 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 27 genes from module 13 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 10 genes from module 14 because their KME is too low.
##      ..removing 1 genes from module 18 because their KME is too low.
##      ..reassigning 42 genes from module 1 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 2 genes from module 2 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 18 genes from module 3 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 9 genes from module 4 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 13 genes from module 5 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 3 genes from module 6 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 3 genes from module 7 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 9 genes from module 8 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 8 genes from module 9 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 8 genes from module 10 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 7 genes from module 11 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 1 genes from module 12 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 2 genes from module 14 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 2 genes from module 15 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 5 genes from module 16 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 3 genes from module 17 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 1 genes from module 19 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 4 genes from module 20 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..reassigning 3 genes from module 22 to modules with higher KME.
##      ..merging modules that are too close..
##      mergeCloseModules: Merging modules whose distance is less than 0.2
##      Calculating new MEs...

net3$moduleNumbers = net3$colors
net3$colors = labels2colors(net3$moduleNumbers)

moduleLabels = net3$moduleNumbers
moduleColors = net3$colors
modNum_tab = data.frame(table(moduleLabels))
modCol_tab = data.frame(table(moduleColors))
modColNum_tab = cbind(moduleLabels = modNum_tab$moduleLabels,
                      modCol_tab[order(-modCol_tab$Freq),])
knitr::kable(modColNum_tab)

```

	moduleLabels	moduleColors	Freq
8	0	grey	7523
21	1	turquoise	1678
2	2	blue	590
3	3	brown	495
22	4	yellow	383
6	5	green	367
17	6	red	344
1	7	black	323
15	8	pink	292
13	9	magenta	264
16	10	purple	262
7	11	greenyellow	244
20	12	tan	241
19	13	salmon	231
4	14	cyan	159
14	15	midnightblue	147
9	16	grey60	140
10	17	lightcyan	140
11	18	lightgreen	128
12	19	lightyellow	126
18	20	royalblue	123
5	21	darkred	113

```

rownames(net3$MEs) = labelData$subjectId
tmp_MEs = net3$MEs
# rename columns in net3$MEs
for (i in 1:dim(tmp_MEs)[2]){
  tmp_mnum = substr(colnames(tmp_MEs)[i], 3, nchar(colnames(tmp_MEs)[i]))
  if (nchar(tmp_mnum)==1){
    new_mnum = sprintf("M0%s",tmp_mnum)
  } else if (nchar(tmp_mnum)==2){
    new_mnum = sprintf("M%s",tmp_mnum)
  }
  colnames(tmp_MEs)[i] = new_mnum
}
net3$MEs_colreordered = tmp_MEs[,sort(colnames(tmp_MEs))]
nums2use = 0:(dim(tmp_MEs)[2]-1)
for (i in 1:length(nums2use)){
  colnames(net3$MEs_colreordered)[i] = sprintf("M%d",nums2use[i])
}
if (sum(colnames(net3$MEs_colreordered)=="M0")>0){
  net3$MEs_colreordered = net3$MEs_colreordered[,2:ncol(net3$MEs_colreordered)]
}

# order rows by subgrp2 and then subjectId
new_label_data = labelData
new_label_data2 = new_label_data[order(new_label_data$subgrp2,
                                       order(new_label_data$subjectId)),]
net3$MEs_colreordered = net3$MEs_colreordered[new_label_data2$subjectId,]

# rename columns in net3$MEs

```

```

for (i in 1:dim(net3$MEs)[2]){
  tmp_mnum = substr(colnames(net3$MEs)[i], 3, nchar(colnames(net3$MEs)[i]))
  new_mnum = sprintf("M%s", tmp_mnum)
  colnames(net3$MEs)[i] = new_mnum
}

```

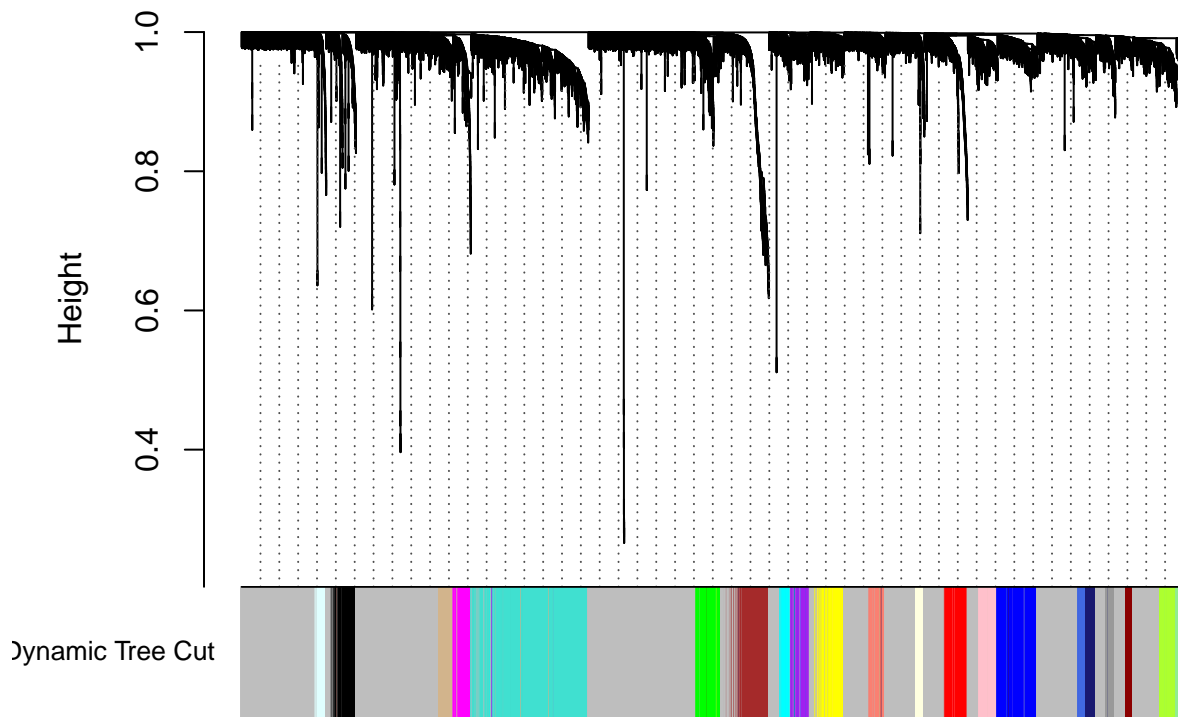
Make TOM plot

```

plotDendroAndColors(net3$dendrograms[[1]],
  net3$colors, "Dynamic Tree Cut",
  dendroLabels = FALSE,
  hang = 0.03,
  addGuide = TRUE,
  guideHang = 0.05,
  main = "Gene dendrogram and module colors")

```

Gene dendrogram and module colors



Make eigengene network plot

```

MEcorMat = data.frame(cor(net3$MEs))
MEcorMat = MEcorMat[!(names(MEcorMat) %in% "M0"),
  !(names(MEcorMat) %in% "M0")]

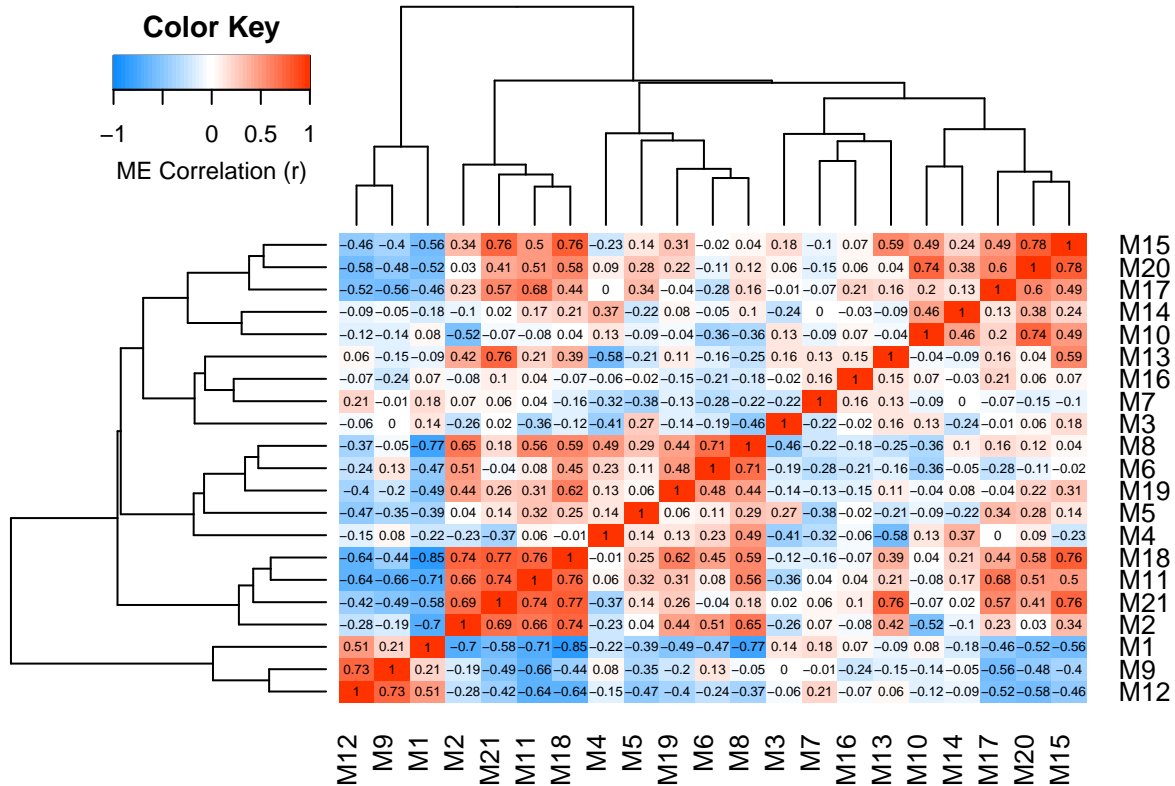
heatmap.2(as.matrix(MEcorMat),
  col = blueWhiteRed(50),
  Rowv = TRUE,

```

```

trace = "none",
cellnote= round(as.matrix(MEcorMat),digits = 2),
notecol = "black",
notecex=0.5,
density.info = "none",
key.xlab ="ME Correlation (r)"

```



Write out results files

```

# write ME files
fname2write = here("WGCNAresults","module_eigengenes.csv")
write.csv(net3$MEs,file = fname2write)
write.table(net3$MEs_colreordered,
            file = here("WGCNAresults","data4pls.txt"),
            quote = FALSE,
            row.names = FALSE,
            sep="\t",
            col.names = FALSE)

# compute module membership and write out to file
kme_data = signedKME(datExpr = datExpr, datME = net3$MEs)
for (i in 1:dim(net3$MEs)[2]){
  colnames(kme_data)[i] = sprintf("kME.%s",colnames(net3$MEs)[i])
}
geneInfo2use = geneInfo[,c("PROBE_ID","geneSymbol")]

wgcn_res_data = cbind(geneInfo2use,

```



```

        data.frame(moduleLabels, moduleColors),
        kme_data)
write.csv(wgcna_res_data,
  file = here("WGCNAresults", "wgcna_results_summary.csv"),
  quote = FALSE,
  col.names = FALSE,
  row.names = FALSE)

```

Run DE analysis on module eigengenes

```

medata = net3$MEs
nmods = dim(medata)[2]
medata$group = factor(labelData$subgrp2)
medata$sex = factor(labelData$sex)
medata$age = labelData$age
medata$Dx = factor(labelData$Dx)
medata$batch = factor(labelData$batch)
medata$RIN = labelData$RIN
covs2use = "group"

res_colnames = c("Module",
  "Group.Fstat",
  "Group.pval",
  "Group.fdr",
  "TD_vs_ASDPoor.tstat",
  "TD_vs_ASDPoor.pval",
  "TD_vs_ASDPoor.fdr",
  "TD_vs_ASDBGood.tstat",
  "TD_vs_ASDBGood.pval",
  "TD_vs_ASDBGood.fdr",
  "ASDBGood_vs_ASDPoor.tstat",
  "ASDBGood_vs_ASDPoor.pval",
  "ASDBGood_vs_ASDPoor.fdr")

group_diff_res = data.frame(matrix(nrow = nmods-1,
  ncol = length(res_colnames)))

colnames(group_diff_res) = res_colnames

for (imod in 1:(nmods-1)){
  module2use = sprintf("M%d",imod)
  group_diff_res$Module[imod] = module2use

  # test for subgroup effect
  form2use = as.formula(sprintf("%s ~ %s",module2use,covs2use))
  mod2use = lm(formula = form2use, data = medata)
  res = anova(mod2use)
  group_diff_res$Group.Fstat[imod] = res["group","F value"]
  group_diff_res$Group.pval[imod] = res["group","Pr(>F)"]

  # test for TD vs ASD Poor effect
  mask = medata$group=="TD" | medata$group=="Poor"
  tmp_data = subset(medata, mask)
  form2use = as.formula(sprintf("%s ~ %s",module2use,covs2use))

```

```

mod2use = t.test(formula = form2use, data = tmp_data)
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDPoor.tstat[imod] = mod2use$statistic
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDPoor.pval[imod] = mod2use$p.value

# test for TD vs ASD Good effect
mask = medata$group=="TD" | medata$group=="Good"
tmp_data = subset(medata, mask)
form2use = as.formula(sprintf("%s ~ %s", module2use, covs2use))
mod2use = t.test(formula = form2use, data = tmp_data)
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBGood.tstat[imod] = mod2use$statistic
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBGood.pval[imod] = mod2use$p.value

# test for ASD Good vs ASD Poor effect
mask = medata$group=="Good" | medata$group=="Poor"
tmp_data = subset(medata, mask)
form2use = as.formula(sprintf("%s ~ %s", module2use, covs2use))
mod2use = t.test(formula = form2use, data = tmp_data)
group_diff_res$ASDBGood_vs_ASDBPoor.tstat[imod] = mod2use$statistic
group_diff_res$ASDBGood_vs_ASDBPoor.pval[imod] = mod2use$p.value
}#for (imod in 1:(nmods-1)){
rownames(group_diff_res) = group_diff_res$Module

# compute FDR
group_diff_res$Group.fdr = p.adjust(group_diff_res$Group.pval,
                                   method = "fdr")
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBPoor.fdr = p.adjust(group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBPoor.pval,
                                             method = "fdr")
group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBGood.fdr = p.adjust(group_diff_res$TD_vs_ASDBGood.pval,
                                             method = "fdr")
group_diff_res$ASDBGood_vs_ASDBPoor.fdr = p.adjust(group_diff_res$ASDBGood_vs_ASDBPoor.pval,
                                                    method = "fdr")
group_diff_res

```

```

##      Module Group.Fstat Group.pval Group.fdr TD_vs_ASDBPoor.tstat
## M1      M1  0.85466832 0.42810844 0.5993518      -1.3077840
## M2      M2  2.21274318 0.11403738 0.3204154       1.9583960
## M3      M3  3.48452314 0.03394472 0.1425678      -2.3282604
## M4      M4  0.99199585 0.37398634 0.5609795      -0.7802731
## M5      M5  0.15349680 0.85787894 0.9007729      -0.3953875
## M6      M6  1.23334291 0.29514108 0.5164969       1.0178269
## M7      M7  0.60950713 0.54536534 0.6673585       1.0717799
## M8      M8  0.56130056 0.57202155 0.6673585       0.8370422
## M9      M9  4.67901867 0.01112702 0.1366466      -1.9749269
## M10     M10 0.09927062 0.90557513 0.9055751       0.4028410
## M11     M11 4.50985599 0.01301396 0.1366466       2.5044641
## M12     M12 1.77808444 0.17357485 0.3645072      -1.5280577
## M13     M13 1.12424957 0.32844036 0.5305575       1.4686285
## M14     M14 0.45444935 0.63593248 0.7028727       0.6495977
## M15     M15 1.80609348 0.16892359 0.3645072       1.6993953
## M16     M16 0.63403431 0.53229143 0.6673585       1.0884492
## M17     M17 2.14668001 0.12153188 0.3204154       1.3515302
## M18     M18 3.67200087 0.02845258 0.1425678       2.4916716
## M19     M19 2.14215664 0.12206301 0.3204154       2.0033869
## M20     M20 1.26492125 0.28615870 0.5164969       1.5494964

```

##	M21	M21	3.69217556	0.02791818	0.1425678	2.3337542
##			TD_vs_ASDPoor.pval	TD_vs_ASDPoor.fdr	TD_vs_ASGood.tstat	
##	M1		0.19490314	0.3148435	-0.7133109	
##	M2		0.05391260	0.1617378	1.4702005	
##	M3		0.02257705	0.1185295	-2.3035095	
##	M4		0.43766928	0.5106142	0.5774464	
##	M5		0.69367516	0.6936752	-0.5418886	
##	M6		0.31201017	0.4095134	-0.3542066	
##	M7		0.28723281	0.4021259	0.5502798	
##	M8		0.40521200	0.5005560	0.9952571	
##	M9		0.05299963	0.1617378	-2.6683263	
##	M10		0.68823574	0.6936752	0.1001046	
##	M11		0.01459805	0.1185295	2.6205969	
##	M12		0.13148716	0.2761230	-1.5304563	
##	M13		0.14633954	0.2793755	1.0096012	
##	M14		0.51803237	0.5725621	1.0172965	
##	M15		0.09334369	0.2450272	0.7945324	
##	M16		0.27984237	0.4021259	0.3609575	
##	M17		0.18065763	0.3148435	2.0288055	
##	M18		0.01492681	0.1185295	1.9561098	
##	M19		0.04870371	0.1617378	1.7747514	
##	M20		0.12567776	0.2761230	0.9181648	
##	M21		0.02225434	0.1185295	2.3564695	
##			TD_vs_ASGood.pval	TD_vs_ASGood.fdr	ASDGood_vs_ASDPoor.tstat	
##	M1		0.47787535	0.6690255	0.605344288	
##	M2		0.14594251	0.3405325	-0.631508970	
##	M3		0.02403018	0.1261584	0.007879917	
##	M4		0.56554160	0.6878272	1.394010742	
##	M5		0.58956615	0.6878272	-0.128465624	
##	M6		0.72440050	0.7606205	-1.587045747	
##	M7		0.58380490	0.6878272	-0.577615462	
##	M8		0.32287520	0.5650316	0.132805503	
##	M9		0.01005985	0.1115294	-0.914398070	
##	M10		0.92054642	0.9205464	-0.343384180	
##	M11		0.01062185	0.1115294	0.431908102	
##	M12		0.13071826	0.3405325	-0.042657185	
##	M13		0.31593678	0.5650316	-0.581530532	
##	M14		0.31247684	0.5650316	0.313983191	
##	M15		0.42985018	0.6447753	-1.208229109	
##	M16		0.71914725	0.7606205	-0.742428674	
##	M17		0.04632505	0.1905484	0.649485776	
##	M18		0.05444241	0.1905484	-0.743318261	
##	M19		0.08015987	0.2404796	-0.045094533	
##	M20		0.36158682	0.5841018	-0.670069422	
##	M21		0.02133914	0.1261584	-0.357707051	
##			ASDGood_vs_ASDPoor.pval	ASDGood_vs_ASDPoor.fdr		
##	M1		0.5466854	0.9890597		
##	M2		0.5295575	0.9890597		
##	M3		0.9937327	0.9937327		
##	M4		0.1677955	0.9890597		
##	M5		0.8981105	0.9937327		
##	M6		0.1171290	0.9890597		
##	M7		0.5651770	0.9890597		
##	M8		0.8946860	0.9937327		

## M9	0.3633331	0.9890597
## M10	0.7322268	0.9900994
## M11	0.6670684	0.9900994
## M12	0.9660831	0.9937327
## M13	0.5626257	0.9890597
## M14	0.7543615	0.9900994
## M15	0.2310813	0.9890597
## M16	0.4600424	0.9890597
## M17	0.5179341	0.9890597
## M18	0.4595420	0.9890597
## M19	0.9641492	0.9937327
## M20	0.5047740	0.9890597
## M21	0.7216176	0.9900994

Run WGCNA on TD only

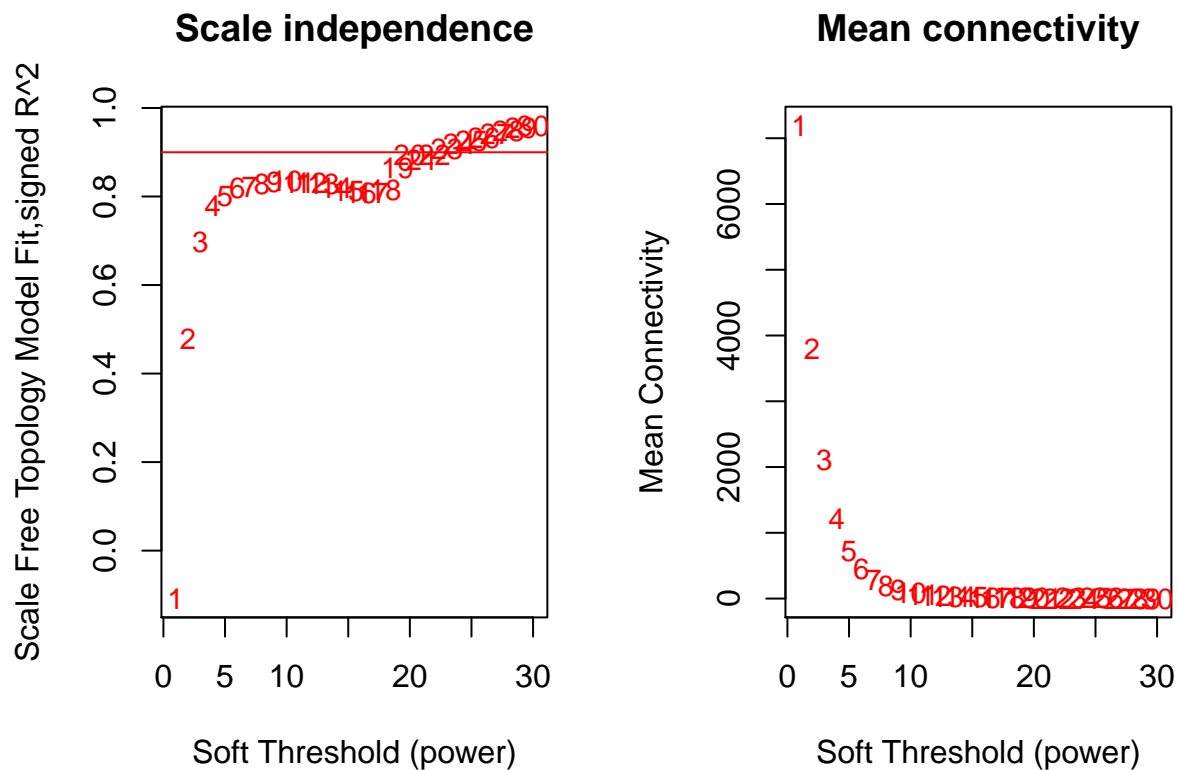
```
# run on TD
grp2use = "TD"
datExpr_grp = datExpr[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]
datTraits_grp = datTraits[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]

# Choose a soft-threshold power
powers = c(1:30)
if (corrType=="pearson"){
  corFnc2use = "cor"
}else if (corrType=="bicor"){
  corFnc2use = corrType
}
sft = pickSoftThreshold(datExpr_grp,
                        powerVector = powers,
                        verbose = 5,
                        networkType = networkType,
                        corFnc = corrType)

## pickSoftThreshold: will use block size 3125.
## pickSoftThreshold: calculating connectivity for given powers...
## ..working on genes 1 through 3125 of 14313
## ..working on genes 3126 through 6250 of 14313
## ..working on genes 6251 through 9375 of 14313
## ..working on genes 9376 through 12500 of 14313
## ..working on genes 12501 through 14313 of 14313
## Power SFT.R.sq slope truncated.R.sq mean.k. median.k. max.k.
## 1 1 0.108 8.77 0.937 7190.000 7200.000 7580.0
## 2 2 0.479 -10.80 0.858 3800.000 3760.000 4440.0
## 3 3 0.696 -8.20 0.905 2100.000 2050.000 2800.0
## 4 4 0.779 -6.09 0.950 1210.000 1170.000 1860.0
## 5 5 0.800 -4.79 0.970 723.000 688.000 1290.0
## 6 6 0.819 -3.95 0.986 446.000 416.000 929.0
## 7 7 0.821 -3.50 0.986 284.000 257.000 687.0
## 8 8 0.828 -3.16 0.989 185.000 163.000 522.0
## 9 9 0.834 -2.91 0.990 124.000 105.000 404.0
## 10 10 0.836 -2.73 0.988 85.600 69.400 318.0
## 11 11 0.832 -2.60 0.987 60.100 46.500 253.0
```

## 12	12	0.832	-2.49	0.983	43.100	31.600	205.0
## 13	13	0.829	-2.40	0.980	31.500	21.900	167.0
## 14	14	0.820	-2.34	0.976	23.500	15.300	138.0
## 15	15	0.813	-2.28	0.973	17.700	10.800	115.0
## 16	16	0.808	-2.22	0.969	13.600	7.700	96.7
## 17	17	0.808	-2.14	0.965	10.600	5.560	81.8
## 18	18	0.815	-2.05	0.961	8.320	4.040	69.6
## 19	19	0.865	-1.90	0.978	6.630	2.960	59.6
## 20	20	0.894	-1.84	0.991	5.340	2.180	52.7
## 21	21	0.884	-1.90	0.990	4.340	1.620	49.3
## 22	22	0.895	-1.91	0.996	3.560	1.220	46.3
## 23	23	0.907	-1.91	0.998	2.950	0.916	43.6
## 24	24	0.919	-1.91	0.999	2.460	0.696	41.1
## 25	25	0.927	-1.90	0.998	2.070	0.530	38.8
## 26	26	0.933	-1.89	0.997	1.750	0.406	36.7
## 27	27	0.942	-1.86	0.996	1.490	0.313	34.7
## 28	28	0.947	-1.84	0.995	1.280	0.241	32.9
## 29	29	0.955	-1.82	0.997	1.100	0.189	31.2
## 30	30	0.960	-1.80	0.996	0.958	0.147	29.6

```
makeSoftPowerPlot(sft = sft, powers = powers)
```



```
softPower = 16
```

```
## Run an automated network analysis
net_tmp = blockwiseModules(datExpr,
  power = softPower,
  deepSplit = deepSplit,
  minModuleSize = minModSize,
  mergeCutHeight = modMergeCutHeight,
```

```

detectCutHeight = 0.9999,
corType = corrType,
networkType = networkType,
pamStage = FALSE,
pamRespectsDendro = TRUE,
verbose = 3,
saveTOMs = FALSE,
maxBlockSize = maxBlockSize,
numericLabels = TRUE)

## Calculating module eigengenes block-wise from all genes
##   Flagging genes and samples with too many missing values...
##   ..step 1
##   ..Working on block 1 .
##   TOM calculation: adjacency..
##   ..will use 8 parallel threads.
##   Fraction of slow calculations: 0.000000
##   ..connectivity..
##   ..matrix multiplication (system BLAS)..
##   ..normalization..
##   ..done.
##   ....clustering..
##   ....detecting modules..
##   ....calculating module eigengenes..
##   ....checking kME in modules..
##   ..removing 62 genes from module 1 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 226 genes from module 2 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 3 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 49 genes from module 4 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 7 genes from module 5 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 46 genes from module 6 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 7 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 27 genes from module 8 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 4 genes from module 9 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 15 genes from module 11 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 27 genes from module 13 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 10 genes from module 14 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 18 because their KME is too low.
##   ..reassigning 42 genes from module 1 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 2 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 18 genes from module 3 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 4 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 13 genes from module 5 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 6 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 7 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 8 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 9 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 10 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 7 genes from module 11 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 1 genes from module 12 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 14 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 15 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 5 genes from module 16 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 17 to modules with higher KME.

```

```
## ..reassigning 1 genes from module 19 to modules with higher KME.
## ..reassigning 4 genes from module 20 to modules with higher KME.
## ..reassigning 3 genes from module 22 to modules with higher KME.
## ..merging modules that are too close..
##      mergeCloseModules: Merging modules whose distance is less than 0.2
##      Calculating new MEs...

td_colors = labels2colors(net_tmp$colors)
datExpr_td = datExpr_grp
```

Run WGCNA on ASD Good only

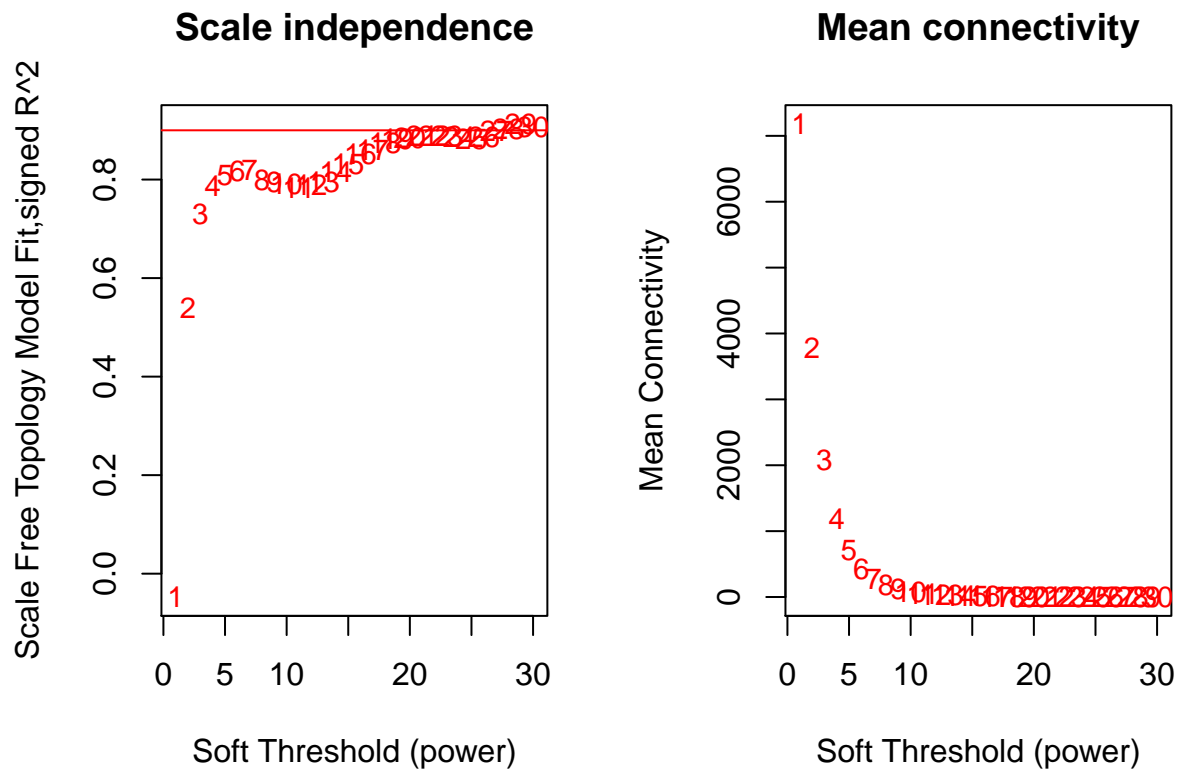
```
# run on ASD Good
grp2use = "Good"
datExpr_grp = datExpr[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]
datTraits_grp = datTraits[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]

# Choose a soft-threshold power
powers = c(1:30)
if (corrType=="pearson"){
  corFnc2use = "cor"
}else if (corrType=="bicor"){
  corFnc2use = corrType
}
sft = pickSoftThreshold(datExpr_grp,
                        powerVector = powers,
                        verbose = 5,
                        networkType = networkType,
                        corFnc = corrType)

## pickSoftThreshold: will use block size 3125.
## pickSoftThreshold: calculating connectivity for given powers...
## ..working on genes 1 through 3125 of 14313
## ..working on genes 3126 through 6250 of 14313
## ..working on genes 6251 through 9375 of 14313
## ..working on genes 9376 through 12500 of 14313
## ..working on genes 12501 through 14313 of 14313
## Power SFT.R.sq slope truncated.R.sq mean.k median.k max.k
## 1      1  0.0473  7.65      0.929 7180.000 7.18e+03 7490.0
## 2      2  0.5400 -15.70      0.823 3780.000 3.73e+03 4380.0
## 3      3  0.7300 -10.50      0.905 2080.000 2.03e+03 2780.0
## 4      4  0.7880 -7.49      0.937 1190.000 1.14e+03 1880.0
## 5      5  0.8090 -5.81      0.950 704.000 6.59e+02 1320.0
## 6      6  0.8170 -4.68      0.957 430.000 3.92e+02 965.0
## 7      7  0.8190 -4.03      0.958 271.000 2.39e+02 726.0
## 8      8  0.7980 -3.68      0.948 176.000 1.48e+02 559.0
## 9      9  0.7960 -3.37      0.947 117.000 9.42e+01 439.0
## 10     10 0.7910 -3.15      0.944 79.500 6.07e+01 350.0
## 11     11 0.7840 -2.98      0.945 55.300 3.99e+01 282.0
## 12     12 0.7890 -2.79      0.945 39.300 2.66e+01 231.0
## 13     13 0.7950 -2.63      0.946 28.500 1.80e+01 190.0
## 14     14 0.8160 -2.47      0.953 21.000 1.23e+01 158.0
## 15     15 0.8320 -2.35      0.961 15.700 8.52e+00 133.0
```

## 16	16	0.8520	-2.23	0.972	11.900	5.98e+00	112.0
## 17	17	0.8610	-2.15	0.977	9.200	4.22e+00	95.1
## 18	18	0.8750	-2.06	0.981	7.170	3.02e+00	81.3
## 19	19	0.8830	-2.02	0.984	5.660	2.16e+00	71.0
## 20	20	0.8850	-1.99	0.988	4.520	1.57e+00	62.6
## 21	21	0.8890	-1.96	0.990	3.640	1.14e+00	55.4
## 22	22	0.8900	-1.93	0.990	2.960	8.38e-01	49.2
## 23	23	0.8880	-1.91	0.989	2.420	6.23e-01	43.8
## 24	24	0.8870	-1.89	0.988	2.000	4.66e-01	39.1
## 25	25	0.8820	-1.88	0.985	1.670	3.49e-01	35.0
## 26	26	0.8870	-1.85	0.986	1.390	2.64e-01	31.4
## 27	27	0.9000	-1.80	0.988	1.180	2.00e-01	28.3
## 28	28	0.9030	-1.78	0.987	0.997	1.52e-01	25.5
## 29	29	0.9130	-1.74	0.989	0.850	1.16e-01	23.1
## 30	30	0.9070	-1.75	0.989	0.729	8.92e-02	21.8

```
makeSoftPowerPlot(sft = sft, powers = powers)
```



```
softPower = 16
```

```
## Run an automated network analysis
net_tmp = blockwiseModules(datExpr,
  power = softPower,
  deepSplit = deepSplit,
  minModuleSize = minModSize,
  mergeCutHeight = modMergeCutHeight,
  detectCutHeight = 0.9999,
  corType = corType,
  networkType = networkType,
  pamStage = FALSE,
```



```

pamRespectsDendro = TRUE,
verbose = 3,
saveTOMs = FALSE,
maxBlockSize = maxBlockSize,
numericLabels = TRUE)

```

```

## Calculating module eigengenes block-wise from all genes
##   Flagging genes and samples with too many missing values...
##   ..step 1
##   ..Working on block 1 .
##   TOM calculation: adjacency..
##   ..will use 8 parallel threads.
##   Fraction of slow calculations: 0.000000
##   ..connectivity..
##   ..matrix multiplication (system BLAS)..
##   ..normalization..
##   ..done.
##   ....clustering..
##   ....detecting modules..
##   ....calculating module eigengenes..
##   ....checking kME in modules..
##   ..removing 62 genes from module 1 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 226 genes from module 2 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 3 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 49 genes from module 4 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 7 genes from module 5 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 46 genes from module 6 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 7 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 27 genes from module 8 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 4 genes from module 9 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 15 genes from module 11 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 27 genes from module 13 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 10 genes from module 14 because their KME is too low.
##   ..removing 1 genes from module 18 because their KME is too low.
##   ..reassigning 42 genes from module 1 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 2 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 18 genes from module 3 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 4 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 13 genes from module 5 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 6 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 7 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 8 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 9 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 10 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 7 genes from module 11 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 1 genes from module 12 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 14 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 15 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 5 genes from module 16 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 17 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 1 genes from module 19 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 4 genes from module 20 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 22 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..merging modules that are too close..

```

```
##      mergeCloseModules: Merging modules whose distance is less than 0.2
##      Calculating new MEs...
asdgood_colors = labels2colors(net_tmp$colors)
datExpr_asdgood = datExpr_grp
```

Run WGCNA on ASD Poor only

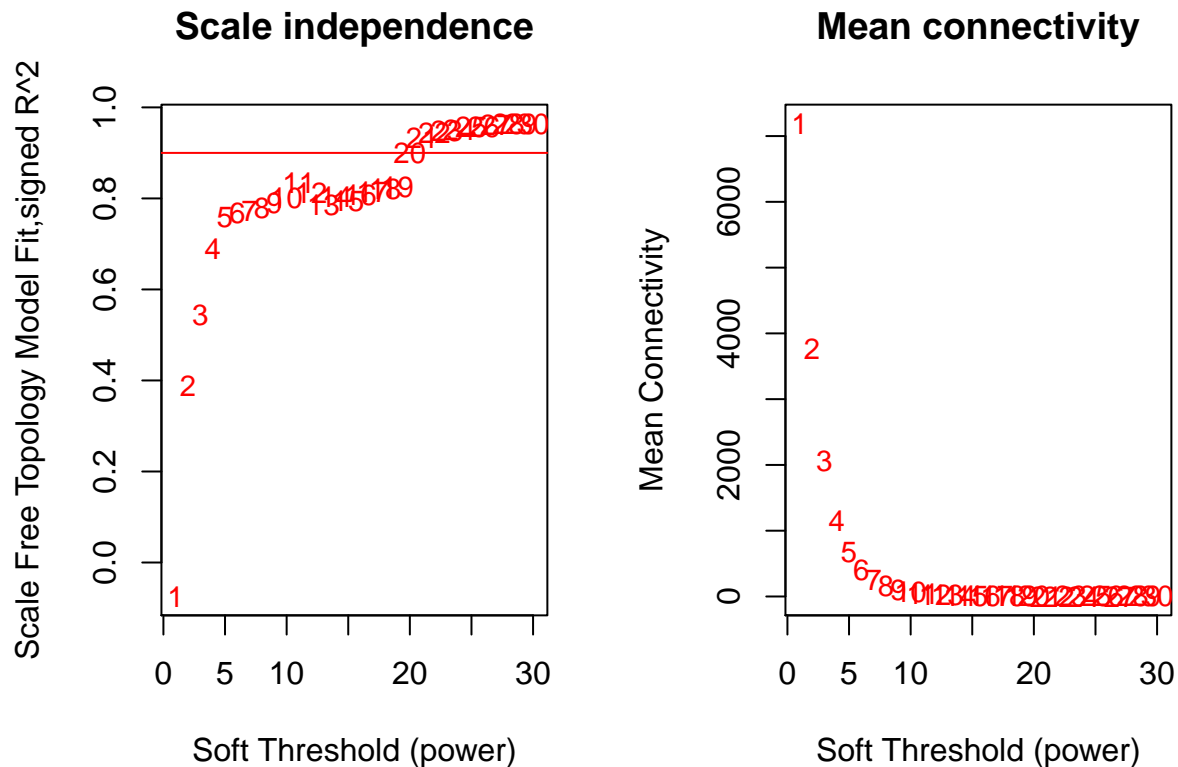
```
# run on ASD Poor
grp2use = "Poor"
datExpr_grp = datExpr[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]
datTraits_grp = datTraits[labelData$subgrp2==grp2use,]

# Choose a soft-threshold power
powers = c(1:30)
if (corrType=="pearson"){
  corFnc2use = "cor"
}else if (corrType=="bicor"){
  corFnc2use = corrType
}
sft = pickSoftThreshold(datExpr_grp,
                        powerVector = powers,
                        verbose = 5,
                        networkType = networkType,
                        corFnc = corrType)

## pickSoftThreshold: will use block size 3125.
## pickSoftThreshold: calculating connectivity for given powers...
## ..working on genes 1 through 3125 of 14313
## ..working on genes 3126 through 6250 of 14313
## ..working on genes 6251 through 9375 of 14313
## ..working on genes 9376 through 12500 of 14313
## ..working on genes 12501 through 14313 of 14313
## Power SFT.R.sq slope truncated.R.sq mean.k. median.k. max.k.
## 1      1  0.0746   9.00          0.957 7190.000 7.19e+03 7560.0
## 2      2  0.3890 -13.00          0.902 3770.000 3.74e+03 4330.0
## 3      3  0.5440 -10.00          0.900 2050.000 2.02e+03 2650.0
## 4      4  0.6890  -8.20          0.952 1160.000 1.13e+03 1690.0
## 5      5  0.7600  -6.84          0.977  674.000 6.51e+02 1130.0
## 6      6  0.7670  -5.52          0.985  404.000 3.85e+02  776.0
## 7      7  0.7740  -4.63          0.987  249.000 2.34e+02  548.0
## 8      8  0.7800  -4.04          0.986  158.000 1.45e+02  396.0
## 9      9  0.7900  -3.57          0.983  102.000 9.15e+01  292.0
## 10     10 0.8010  -3.19          0.982   67.800 5.88e+01  219.0
## 11     11 0.8350  -2.81          0.988   46.000 3.84e+01  167.0
## 12     12 0.8130  -2.89          0.970   31.800 2.56e+01  137.0
## 13     13 0.7860  -2.96          0.953   22.400 1.72e+01  114.0
## 14     14 0.8050  -2.85          0.964   16.100 1.17e+01   95.7
## 15     15 0.7950  -2.83          0.963   11.800 8.08e+00   81.0
## 16     16 0.8070  -2.73          0.966    8.760 5.64e+00   69.1
## 17     17 0.8150  -2.62          0.963    6.600 3.98e+00   59.3
## 18     18 0.8210  -2.51          0.956    5.050 2.83e+00   51.2
## 19     19 0.8250  -2.39          0.945    3.910 2.03e+00   44.4
```

## 20	20	0.9010	-2.16	0.975	3.070	1.46e+00	38.7
## 21	21	0.9340	-2.03	0.986	2.440	1.07e+00	33.9
## 22	22	0.9440	-1.97	0.987	1.960	7.85e-01	30.7
## 23	23	0.9490	-1.95	0.988	1.590	5.82e-01	28.6
## 24	24	0.9510	-1.92	0.987	1.300	4.33e-01	26.7
## 25	25	0.9570	-1.88	0.990	1.070	3.25e-01	24.9
## 26	26	0.9560	-1.86	0.988	0.893	2.45e-01	23.3
## 27	27	0.9630	-1.83	0.991	0.750	1.85e-01	21.8
## 28	28	0.9640	-1.80	0.990	0.634	1.41e-01	20.4
## 29	29	0.9630	-1.77	0.987	0.540	1.08e-01	19.1
## 30	30	0.9640	-1.74	0.986	0.463	8.28e-02	18.0

```
makeSoftPowerPlot(sft = sft, powers = powers)
```



```
softPower = 16
```

```
## Run an automated network analysis
net_tmp = blockwiseModules(datExpr,
  power = softPower,
  deepSplit = deepSplit,
  minModuleSize = minModSize,
  mergeCutHeight = modMergeCutHeight,
  detectCutHeight = 0.9999,
  corType = corrType,
  networkType = networkType,
  pamStage = FALSE,
  pamRespectsDendro = TRUE,
  verbose = 3,
  saveTOMs = FALSE,
  maxBlockSize = maxBlockSize,
```

```
numericLabels = TRUE)
```

```
## Calculating module eigengenes block-wise from all genes
##   Flagging genes and samples with too many missing values...
##   ..step 1
##   ..Working on block 1 .
##     TOM calculation: adjacency..
##     ..will use 8 parallel threads.
##     Fraction of slow calculations: 0.000000
##     ..connectivity..
##     ..matrix multiplication (system BLAS)..
##     ..normalization..
##     ..done.
##   ...clustering..
##   ...detecting modules..
##   ...calculating module eigengenes..
##   ...checking kME in modules..
##     ..removing 62 genes from module 1 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 226 genes from module 2 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 1 genes from module 3 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 49 genes from module 4 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 7 genes from module 5 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 46 genes from module 6 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 1 genes from module 7 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 27 genes from module 8 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 4 genes from module 9 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 15 genes from module 11 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 27 genes from module 13 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 10 genes from module 14 because their KME is too low.
##     ..removing 1 genes from module 18 because their KME is too low.
##   ..reassigning 42 genes from module 1 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 2 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 18 genes from module 3 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 4 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 13 genes from module 5 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 6 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 7 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 9 genes from module 8 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 9 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 8 genes from module 10 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 7 genes from module 11 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 1 genes from module 12 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 14 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 2 genes from module 15 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 5 genes from module 16 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 17 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 1 genes from module 19 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 4 genes from module 20 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..reassigning 3 genes from module 22 to modules with higher KME.
##   ..merging modules that are too close..
##     mergeCloseModules: Merging modules whose distance is less than 0.2
##     Calculating new MEs...
```

```
asdpoor_colors = labels2colors(net_tmp$colors)
datExpr_asdpoor = datExpr_grp
```

Function for reporting module preservation results

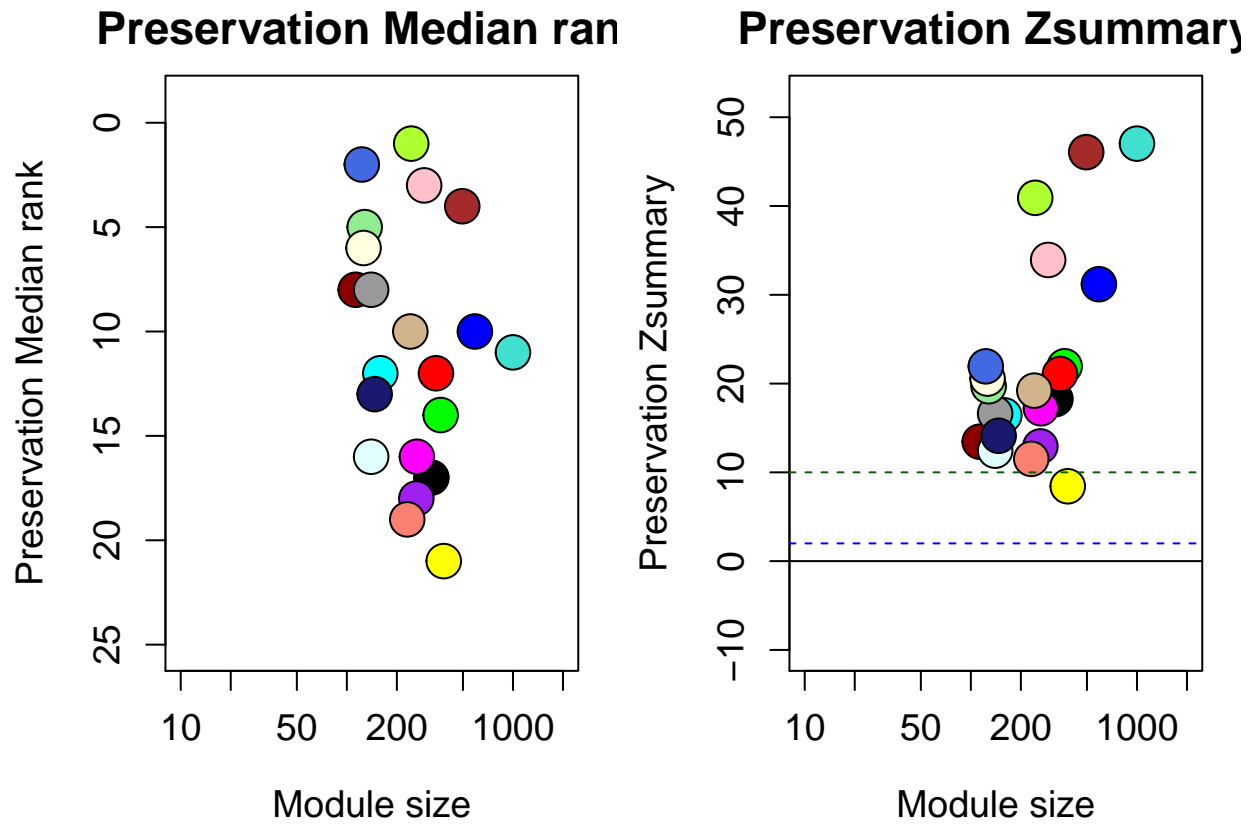
TD - ASD Good module preservation results

```
nperm = 1000
rand_seed = 1

setLabels = c("TD", "ASDGood")
multiExpr = list(TD = list(data = datExpr_td),
                  ASDGood = list(data = datExpr_asdgood))
multiColor = list(TD = td_colors)

mp_td_asdgood = modulePreservation(multiExpr,
                                   multiColor,
                                   networkType = networkType,
                                   corFnc = corFnc2use,
                                   referenceNetworks = 1,
                                   nPermutations = nperm,
                                   randomSeed = rand_seed,
                                   quickCor = 0,
                                   verbose = 0)

mp_res = modulePreservationReport(mp_td_asdgood)
```



mp_res

##	medianRank.pres	medianRank.qual	Zsummary.pres	Zsummary.qual
## black	17	18.0	18.0	28.00
## blue	10	11.0	31.0	68.00
## brown	4	13.0	46.0	74.00
## cyan	12	20.5	16.0	7.40
## darkred	8	7.0	13.0	45.00
## gold	22	22.0	22.0	0.34
## green	14	13.5	22.0	41.00
## greenyellow	1	1.0	41.0	81.00
## grey	23	23.0	11.0	-15.00
## grey60	8	6.0	17.0	54.00
## lightcyan	16	16.0	12.0	23.00
## lightgreen	5	4.5	20.0	54.00
## lightyellow	6	12.5	21.0	27.00
## magenta	16	5.5	17.0	76.00
## midnightblue	13	4.0	14.0	57.00
## pink	3	8.5	34.0	70.00
## purple	18	15.0	13.0	25.00
## red	12	10.5	21.0	64.00
## royalblue	2	2.5	22.0	55.00
## salmon	19	20.5	12.0	8.90
## tan	10	5.5	19.0	74.00
## turquoise	11	16.5	47.0	56.00
## yellow	21	19.0	8.4	23.00

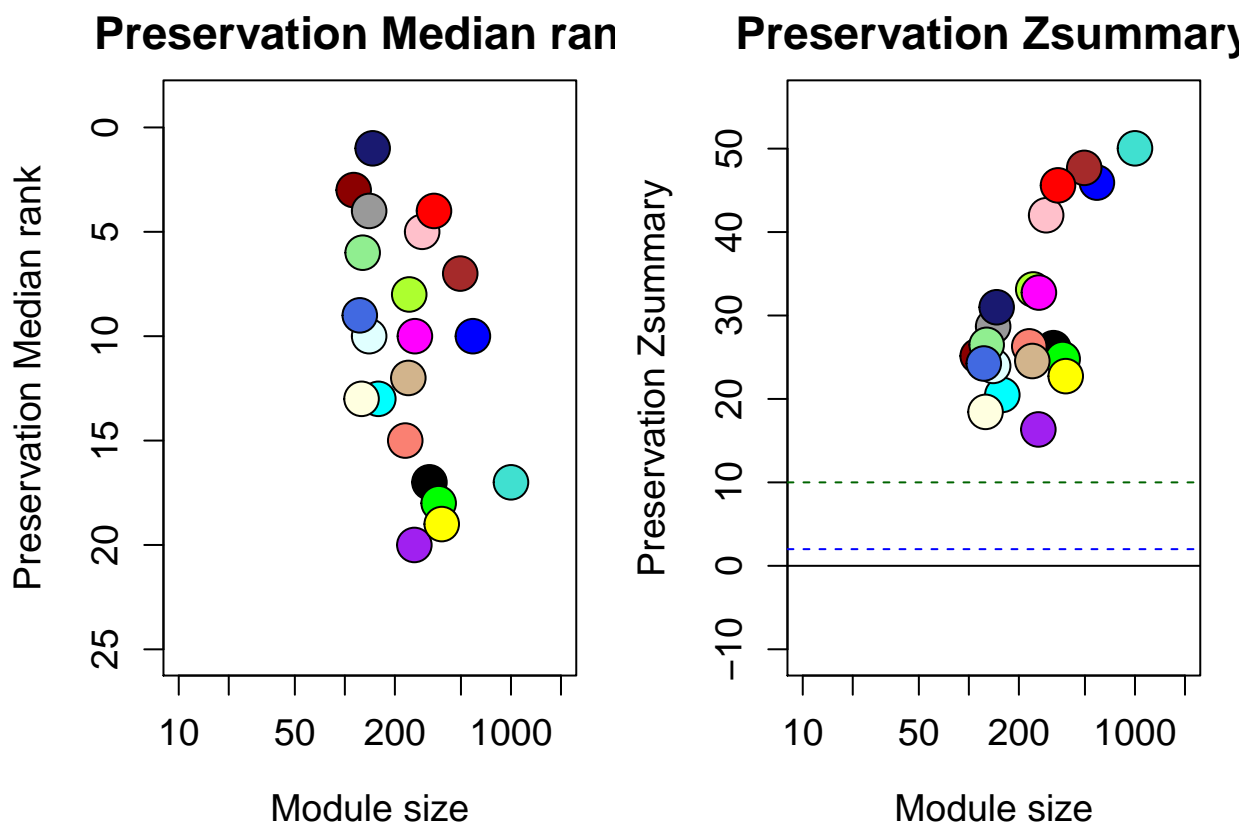
TD - ASD Poor module preservation results

```
nperm = 1000
rand_seed = 1

setLabels = c("TD", "ASDPoor");
multiExpr = list(TD = list(data = datExpr_td),
                  ASDPoor = list(data = datExpr_asdpoor))
multiColor = list(TD = td_colors)

# Calculate module preservation stats
mp_td_asdpoor = modulePreservation(multiExpr,
                                   multiColor,
                                   networkType = networkType,
                                   corFnc = corFnc2use,
                                   referenceNetworks = 1,
                                   nPermutations = nperm,
                                   randomSeed = rand_seed,
                                   quickCor = 0,
                                   verbose = 0)

mp_res = modulePreservationReport(mp_td_asdpoor)
```



mp_res

##	medianRank.pres	medianRank.qual	Zsummary.pres	Zsummary.qual
## black	17	18.0	26.0	28.00
## blue	10	11.0	46.0	68.00

## brown	7	13.0	48.0	74.00
## cyan	13	20.5	20.0	7.40
## darkred	3	7.0	25.0	45.00
## gold	22	22.0	24.0	0.34
## green	18	13.5	25.0	41.00
## greenyellow	8	1.0	33.0	81.00
## grey	23	23.0	9.9	-15.00
## grey60	4	6.0	29.0	54.00
## lightcyan	10	16.0	24.0	23.00
## lightgreen	6	4.5	26.0	54.00
## lightyellow	13	12.5	18.0	27.00
## magenta	10	5.5	33.0	76.00
## midnightblue	1	4.0	31.0	57.00
## pink	5	8.5	42.0	70.00
## purple	20	15.0	16.0	25.00
## red	4	10.5	46.0	64.00
## royalblue	9	2.5	24.0	55.00
## salmon	15	20.5	26.0	8.90
## tan	12	5.5	25.0	74.00
## turquoise	17	16.5	50.0	56.00
## yellow	19	19.0	23.0	23.00

ASD Good - ASD Poor module preservation results

```

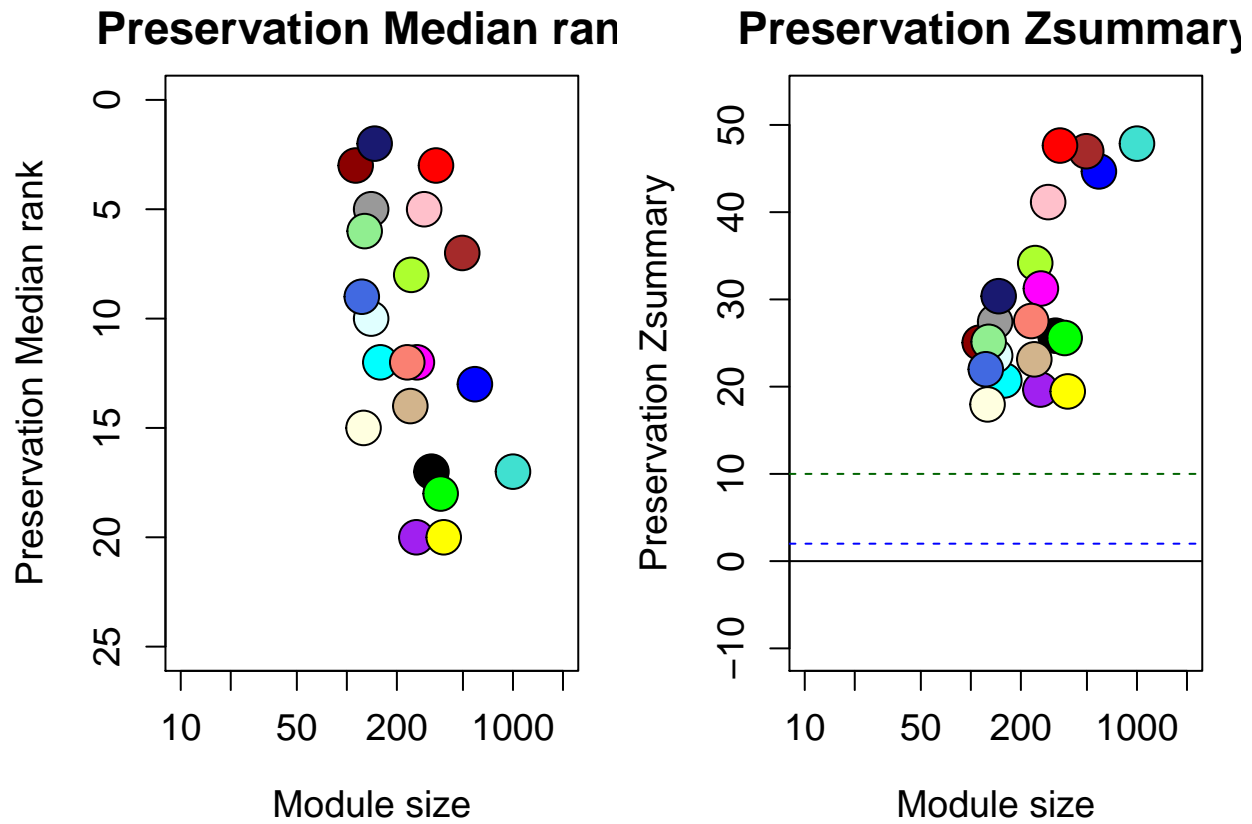
nperm = 1000
rand_seed = 1

setLabels = c("ASDGood", "ASDPoor")
multiExpr = list(ASDGood = list(data = datExpr_asdgood),
                  ASDPoor = list(data = datExpr_asdpoor))
multiColor = list(ASDGood = asdgood_colors)

# Calculate module preservation stats
mp_asdgood_asdpoor = modulePreservation(multiExpr,
                                       multiColor,
                                       networkType = networkType,
                                       corFnc = corFnc2use,
                                       referenceNetworks = 1,
                                       nPermutations = nperm,
                                       randomSeed = rand_seed,
                                       quickCor = 0,
                                       verbose = 0)

mp_res = modulePreservationReport(mp_asdgood_asdpoor)

```

mp_res

##	medianRank.pres	medianRank.qual	Zsummary.pres	Zsummary.qual
## black	17	17.5	26.0	23.00
## blue	13	10.5	45.0	55.00
## brown	7	11.0	47.0	84.00
## cyan	12	8.0	21.0	32.00
## darkred	3	5.5	25.0	27.00
## gold	22	22.0	26.0	-0.61
## green	18	14.0	26.0	35.00
## greenyellow	8	1.0	34.0	110.00
## grey	23	23.0	7.5	-13.00
## grey60	5	8.0	27.0	29.00
## lightcyan	10	16.5	24.0	17.00
## lightgreen	6	4.0	25.0	43.00
## lightyellow	15	9.0	18.0	38.00
## magenta	12	18.5	31.0	24.00
## midnightblue	2	11.0	30.0	25.00
## pink	5	3.0	41.0	79.00
## purple	20	19.0	20.0	18.00
## red	3	17.0	48.0	30.00
## royalblue	9	2.0	22.0	56.00
## salmon	12	15.5	28.0	20.00
## tan	14	6.5	23.0	40.00
## turquoise	17	11.0	48.0	78.00
## yellow	20	21.0	19.0	15.00