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1 /*
2  * sample.c
3  *
4  * Created on: 16-Jan-2023
5  * Author: Rajat Sankhla
6  */
7
8 //-----
9 // TivaWare Header Files
10 //-----
11     "myLib.h" // invoking user defined header files
12     "lcd.h"    // invoking user defined header files(contains prototypes of user defined
    functions)
13
14
15 //-----
16 // Globals
17 //-----
18     i;
19     a;
20     b;
21
22 uint32_t ui32ADC0Value[4]; // storing samples of ADC0
23     uint32_t ui32TempAvg; // average of 4 samples(keeps on changing as ADC values changes
    hence qualifier volatile is added)
24     uint32_t ui32TempValueC; // stores calculated value of temp in Celcius.
25     digit[3];
26 //-----
27 // main()
28 //-----
29     main(    )
30
31 {
32
33     //.....LCD MAIN.....//
34     lcd_init(); // clock is initialized inside this
35     //lcd_cursor(1,1);
36     //lcd_string("RAJ-DRU-JAN");
37     //lcd_string("Temperature : ");
38     //lcd_cursor(2,1);
39     //lcd_string("IIT BOMBAY");
40     lcd_cursor(1,1);
41     lcd_string("Temperature :");
42     //while(1); // while is used for first part of program
43
44     //.....ADC MAIN.....//
45     ADC_config(); // configuring ADC
46
47     (1)
48     {
49
50         ADCIntClear(ADC0_BASE,1); // clears the flag which marks the end of sampling
        conversion
51
52         ADCProcessorTrigger(ADC0_BASE,1); // Start the conversion of 4 samples to their
        digital equivalent also raise interrupt flag when conversion is complete
53         (!ADCIntStatus(ADC0_BASE,1,false)); // waits until conversion is not complete

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54     ADCSequenceDataGet(ADC0_BASE, 1, ui32ADC0Value); // copies the converted data from
        FIFO buffer to ui32ADC0Value
55
56     ui32TempAvg = (ui32ADC0Value[0] + ui32ADC0Value[1] + ui32ADC0Value[2] + ui32ADC0Value
        [3])/4;
57     ui32TempValueC = (1475 - ((2475 * ui32TempAvg)) / 4096)/10; // contains the analog
        value of temperature
58
59     lcd_print(1,14, ui32TempValueC);
60     lcd_char(" ");
61 }
62
63 }
64
65
66 //-----
67
68     lcd_portconfig(    )
69 {
70     //Set CPU Clock to 40MHz. 400MHz PLL/2 = 200 DIV 5 = 40MHz
71     SysCtlClockSet(SYSCTL_SYSDIV_5|SYSCTL_USE_PLL|SYSCTL_XTAL_16MHZ|SYSCTL_OSC_MAIN);
72
73     /* * * * * * Setting Ouput for LCD * * * * *
74     SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOB);
75     GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTB_BASE, 0xFF);
76
77     // * * * * * LCD_Control Pin* * * * *
78     SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_GPIOC);
79     GPIOPinTypeGPIOOutput(GPIO_PORTC_BASE, 0x70);
80 }
81
82
83     lcd_init()
84 {
85     lcd_portconfig();
86
87     lcd_reset_RW(); //writing to the lcd
88     lcd_reset_EN(); // low at start of data transfer
89
90     // transferring of data starts
91
92     lcd_command(0x38); // function set command
93     lcd_command(0x0f); // display switch command
94     lcd_command(0x06); // increment cursor to the right after one character is sent
95     lcd_command(0x01); // clear screen command
96     lcd_command(0x80); // Set cursor to second line starting
97 }
98
99
100     lcd_command(    cmd)
101 {
102     lcd_put_data(cmd);
103     lcd_reset_RS(); // pulled low for command transfer
104     lcd_delay;
105     lcd_set_EN();// setting enable high means command transfer is complete
106     lcd_delay;
107     lcd_reset_EN(); //setting enable to zero for future command transfer
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108     lcd_delay;
109 }
110
111 /*
112 *lcd_char()
113 *Description: Print single character
114 *Example lcd_char('A'); prints letter A
115 */
116
117     lcd_char(     data)
118 {
119     /* TASK 3 : Write the code here
120        Hint: Somehow Similar to the function lcd_command()*/
121
122     lcd_set_RS(); //enabling data transfer
123     lcd_delay;
124     lcd_reset_EN(); // pulling enable low for data transfer
125     lcd_delay;
126     // RW is already pulled low in lcd_init();
127     lcd_put_data(data); // putting the data
128     lcd_delay;
129     lcd_set_EN(); // marks the completion of data transfer
130     lcd_delay;
131
132
133 }
134
135 /*
136 * lcd_string()
137 * Description: Print string
138 * Example: lcd_string("Hello World");
139 */
140     lcd_string(     *name){
141
142         (*name){
143             // means while pointer is pointing to the string
144             lcd_char(*name); // keep sending the characters of the string one by one to the
            lcd_char(); function.
145             name++;
146         }
147         lcd_char(" ");
148     }
149
150 /*
151 * Name: lcd_cursor (row, column). For setting cursor position in 16 by 2 lcd
152 * Description: Position the LCD cursor at "row", "column"
153 * row: 1,2
154 * column: 1 to 16
155 * Example: lcd_cursor(2,14) - Places cursor at 2nd line 14th column
156 */
157
158     lcd_cursor (     row,     column)
159 {
160     /* TASK 4 : Write the code to set the cursor position*/
161
162
163     (row==1){
```

```

164
165     a = 0x80;
166     b = 0x80 + column-1;
167 }
168     (row==2){
169     a = 0xC0;
170     b= 0xC0 + column-1;
171 }
172
173 lcd_command(a);
174 lcd_command(b);
175
176
177 }
178
179     lcd_integer(    integer){
180 //integer = ui32TempValueC;
181     r=0;
182     sizee;
183     q=integer;
184     i=0;
185     j;
186     (q!=0){
187     r=q%10;
188     digit[i]=r;
189     q=q/10;
190     i++;
191 }
192     sizee=i;
193
194     (j=sizee-1 ; j>=0 ; j--)
195     {
196         lcd_char(digit[j] + 0x30);
197     }
198
199 }
200
201 /*
202 * Name: lcd_print (value, digit). Print value (a numeric number).
203 * Description: Print number
204 * value: Numeric number
205 * digit: number of digits in number. Maximum allowed digit is 7
206 * Example: lcd_print(456,3) - Print 456 on LCD
207 */
208
209
210
211     lcd_print (    row,        column, uint32_t value)
212 {
213
214     /* row    : Input Cursor position for the row position
215        column : Input Cursor position for the column position
216        value  : Input integer value to be displayed on LCD
217        digits : Input number to depict the number of decimal places u want to show*/
218
219     // To set the LCD cursor position
220

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```
221     lcd_cursor(row,column);
222
223     /* TASK 5 : Write the code to convert the integer number into ASCII format so
224        that can passed to the LCD for display */
225     /* You can declare your own variables also*/
226
227     lcd_integer(value);
228
229
230 }
231
232
233 //.....ADC configuration.....//
234
235     ADC_config(){
236
237         SysCtlPeripheralEnable(SYSCTL_PERIPH_ADC0);
238         // ADC_TRIGGER_PROCESSOR is a trigger generated by the processor to start taking the
239         samples. 0 is the highest priority given to sampling sequencer
240         ADCSequenceConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,ADC_TRIGGER_PROCESSOR,0);
241         // we know that sample sequencer 1 will take 4 samples(steps) we need to configure each
242         of these steps below
243         ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,0,ADC_CTL_TS); // configuring step 0 of sample
244         sequencer to take sample from internal temp sensor.
245         ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,1,ADC_CTL_TS);// configuring step 1 of sample
246         sequencer to take sample from internal temp sensor.
247         ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,2,ADC_CTL_TS);// configuring step 2 of sample
248         sequencer to take sample from internal temp sensor.
249         // configuring the last step of sample sequencer to take sample from internal temp sensor
250         and generate an interrupt when sampling is complete and mark the ending of sample sequencing
251         ADCSequenceStepConfigure(ADC0_BASE,1,3,ADC_CTL_TS|ADC_CTL_IE|ADC_CTL_END); // all three
252         are flags which sets to high.
253         ADCSequenceEnable(ADC0_BASE,1); // Enabling the ADC
254     }
```