

# Tasks – for Loops and range()

---

Practice `for` loops with `range()` : one argument, two arguments, step, countdown, and combinations with input, variables, and conditions. Create each file, run it, and check the output.

Run scripts with: `python3 script_name.py`

---

## Part 1 – Basics: for and range()

---

### Task 1.1 – `range(stop): 0 to n-1` ( `for_range_basic.py` )

- Create `for_range_basic.py` .
- Use `for i in range(5):` and in the body print `i` . Run the script. You should see 0, 1, 2, 3, 4.

Expected output:

```
0  
1  
2  
3  
4
```

---

### Task 1.2 – `range(start, stop): 1 to n` ( `for_range_start_stop.py` )

- Create `for_range_start_stop.py` .
- Use `for i in range(1, 6):` and print `i` each time. The loop runs with  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$  (stops before 6).

Expected output:

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5
```

---

### Task 1.3 – range with step ( `for_range_step.py` )

- Create `for_range_step.py` .
- Use `for i in range(0, 10, 2):` and print `i` . You should get 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 (step 2).

Expected output:

```
0  
2  
4  
6  
8
```

---

### Task 1.4 – range countdown (negative step) ( `for_countdown.py` )

- Create `for_countdown.py` .
- Use `for i in range(5, 0, -1):` and print `i` . Then after the loop print "Go!" . You should see 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, then Go!

Expected output:

```
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
Go!
```

---

### Task 1.5 – Print 1 to N with input ( `for_one_to_n.py` )

- Create `for_one_to_n.py`.
- Read an integer `n` with `input()` and convert to `int`. Use `for i in range(1, n + 1):` and print `i`. Run and enter e.g. 4.

Expected output (if you enter 4):

```
Enter n: 4
1
2
3
4
```

---

### Task 1.6 – Sum 1 to N with for (`for_sum.py`)

- Create `for_sum.py`.
- Read an integer `n`. Use a variable `total = 0`. Loop with `for i in range(1, n + 1):` and add `i` to `total`. After the loop print `total`. For `n=5` you should get 15.

Expected output (`n = 5`):

```
Enter n: 5
15
```

---

## Part 2 – More for and range

### Task 2.1 – Repeat a message N times (`for_repeat.py`)

- Create `for_repeat.py`.
- Read an integer `n`. Use `for _ in range(n):` (underscore if you don't use the loop variable) and print `"Hello"` each time. Run with `n=3`.

Expected output (`n = 3`):

```
How many? 3
Hello
```

```
Hello  
Hello
```

---

## Task 2.2 – Even numbers from 0 to N ( `for_evens.py` )

- Create `for_evens.py` .
- Read an integer `n` . Use `for i in range(0, n + 1, 2):` and print `i` . For `n=8` you get `0, 2, 4, 6, 8`.

Expected output (`n = 8`):

```
Enter n: 8  
0  
2  
4  
6  
8
```

---

## Task 2.3 – `range(2, 11, 2)` ( `for_two_to_ten.py` )

- Create `for_two_to_ten.py` .
- Use `for i in range(2, 11, 2):` and print `i` . Then print one line with the sum of those numbers ( $2+4+6+8+10 = 30$ ). Use a variable to accumulate the sum inside the loop.

Expected output:

```
2  
4  
6  
8  
10  
30
```

---

## Part 3 – for with input and real tasks

## Task 3.1 – Multiplication table (1 to 10) ( `for_times_table.py` )

- Create `for_times_table.py` .
- Read a number `num` (int). Use `for i in range(1, 11):` and print each line as `num * i` (e.g. "7 x 1 = 7"). Use variables and `str()` to build the message: `str(num) + " x " + str(i) + " = " + str(num * i)` .

Expected output (num = 7, first 3 lines):

```
Enter a number: 7
7 x 1 = 7
7 x 2 = 14
7 x 3 = 21
...
7 x 10 = 70
```

## Task 3.2 – Average of N scores ( `for_scores_avg.py` )

- Create `for_scores_avg.py` .
- Ask "How many scores?" and read `n`. Use `total = 0` and `for i in range(n):` to read a score each time (convert to float), add to total. After the loop compute `average = total / n` and print "Average: " + `str(round(average, 1))`. Use a variable for the current score.

Expected output (example – 3 scores 80, 90, 70):

```
How many scores? 3
Score 1: 80
Score 2: 90
Score 3: 70
Average: 80.0
```

## Task 3.3 – Print a line of characters ( `for_line.py` )

- Create `for_line.py` .
- Read an integer `n` and a character (e.g. ask "Character?" and read one character or a string like ""). Use `for i in range(n):` and inside the loop use `print(char, end="")` so

they appear on one line. After the loop print a newline (e.g. `print()`). Run with 5 and "" to get `*****`.

Expected output (n=5, char \*):

```
Length: 5
Character: *
*****
```

### Task 3.4 – List of names and greeting ( `for_names.py` )

- Create `for_names.py` .
- Ask "How many names?" and read `n`. Use `for i in range(n):` to ask for a name each time (e.g. "Name 1:", "Name 2:", ...). Build the prompt with `"Name " + str(i+1) + ": "`. Print each name with a greeting (e.g. "Hello, Alice") using the variable and string concatenation.

Expected output (example – 2 names):

```
How many names? 2
Name 1: Ali
Hello, Ali
Name 2: Bo
Hello, Bo
```

### Task 3.5 – Sum of N entered numbers ( `for_sum_input.py` )

- Create `for_sum_input.py` .
- Ask "How many numbers?" and read `n`. Use `total = 0` and `for i in range(n):` to read a number each time (int or float), add it to total. After the loop print "Sum: " + `str(total)`. Use variables for the current number and total.

Expected output (example – 3 numbers 10, 20, 30):

```
How many numbers? 3
Number 1: 10
Number 2: 20
```

Number 3: 30

Sum: 60

---

## Done

---

You've used: `for i in range(stop)` , `range(start, stop)` , `range(start, stop, step)` , negative step for countdown, accumulation in a for loop, and combined for + range with `input()`, `variables`, `str()`, and `print(end="")`.