# Credit EDA Assignment

Ihsan Qaid Jowhar

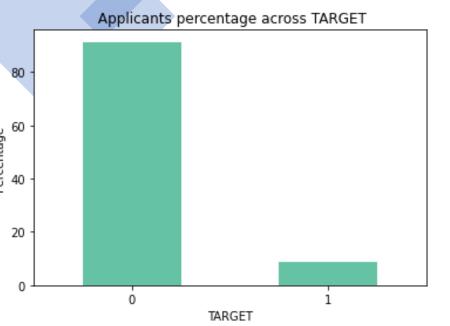
## Objective

- When the company receives a loan application, the company must decide for loan approval based on the applicant's profile. Two types of risks are associated with the bank's decision:
  - If the applicant is likely to repay the loan, then not approving the loan results in a loss of business to the company
  - If the applicant is not likely to repay the loan, i.e. he/she is likely to default, then approving the loan may lead to a financial loss for the company.
- This case study aims to identify patterns which indicate if a client has difficulty paying their installments which may be used for taking actions such as denying the loan, reducing the amount of loan, lending (to risky applicants) at a higher interest rate, etc. This will ensure that the consumers capable of repaying the loan are not rejected.

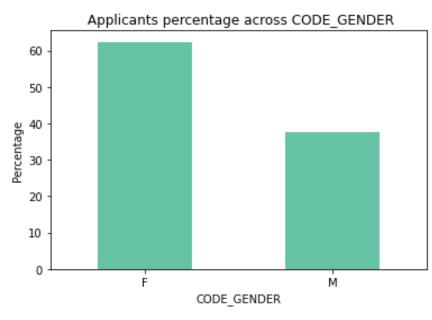
## Approach

- The application dataset and previous application datasets are cleaned by:
  - Identifying columns with highest null percentages and dropping those columns, in some cases the rows are dropped or imputed with mean/median
  - Outliers in some columns are not removed, rather there are replaced with the upper / lower fence values.
  - Incorrect values like negative numbers in some columns are converted to absolute values.
- Analysis (univariate, bivariate and multivariate) is performed separately on both datasets
- Both datasets are merged to a single 'Merged' dataframe.
- Analysis (univariate, bivariate and multivariate) is performed on the 'Merged' dataframe

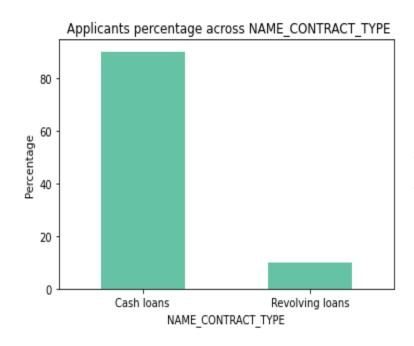
## APPLICATIONS DATASET



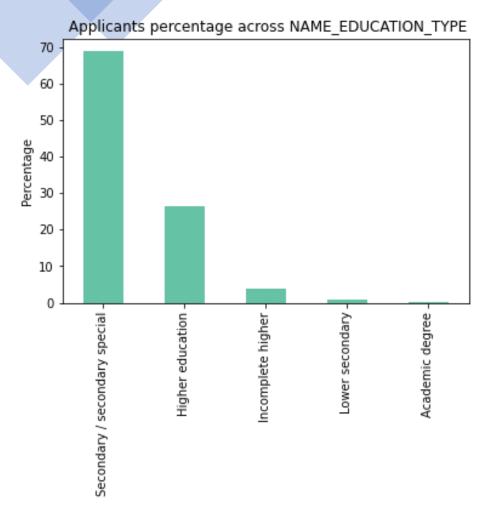
More than 90% of applicants are non-defaulters



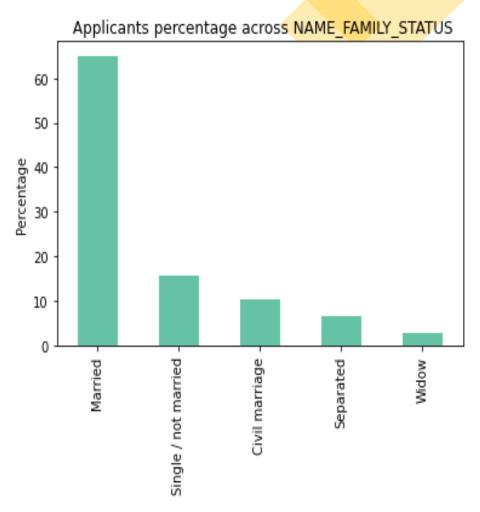
Females form the majority of loan applicants (>60%)



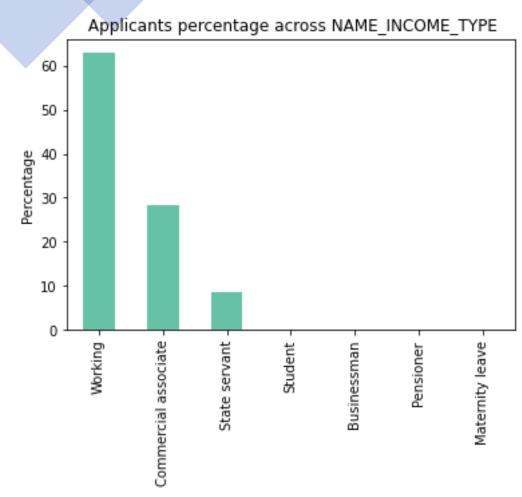
More than 80% of loans are cash loans



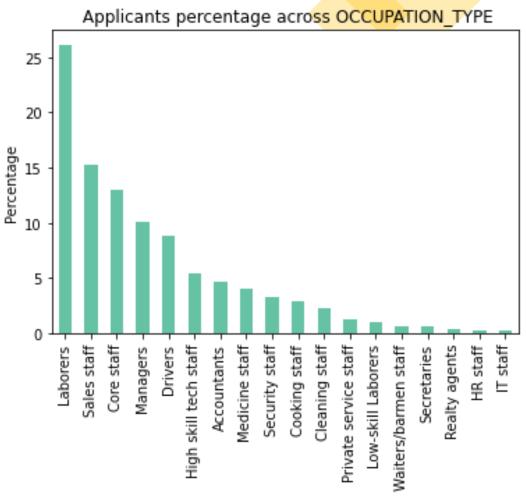
Almost 70% of applicants have secondary level education



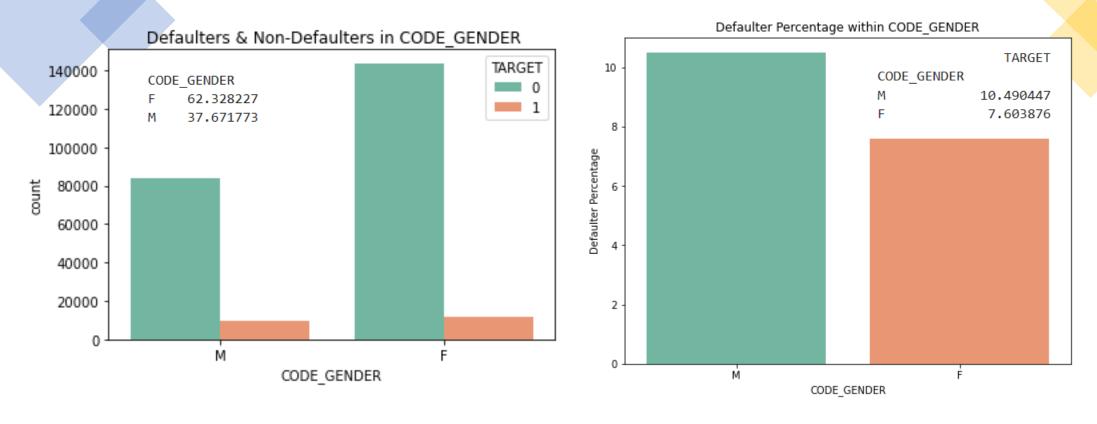
More than 60% of applicants are married whereas only about 18% are single



Majority of the applicants (>60%) are working, with negligible numbers in Student and Businessmen

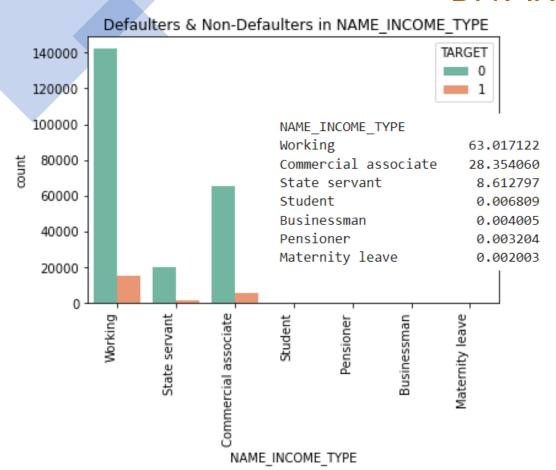


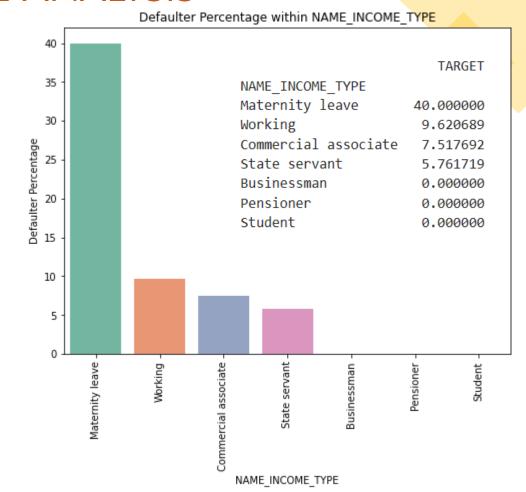
25% of applicants are laborers



Even though more than 60% of the applicants are Females (as seen in the univariate analysis), the defaulter percentage in Males is very close to Females (7.6% vs 10.5%)

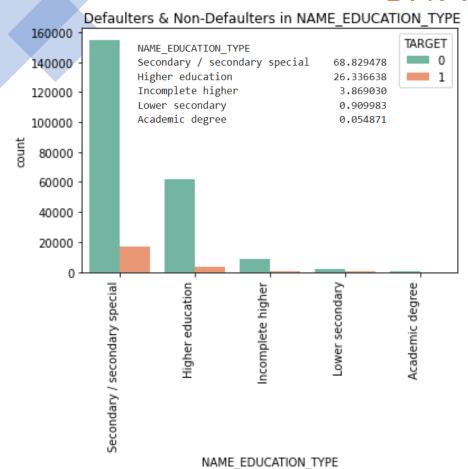
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give a loan to Females

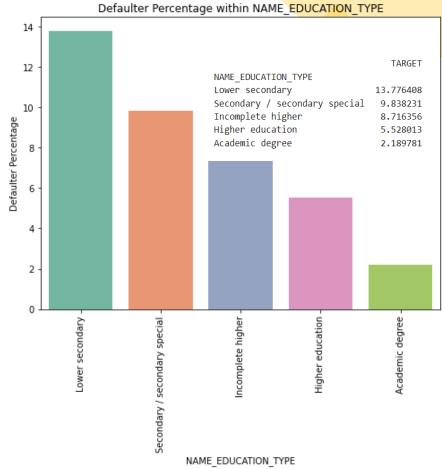




More than 60% of the applicants are in the Working category of income type (as seen in the univariate analysis), but the defaulter percentage within applicants on Maternity Leave is a clear majority (40%)

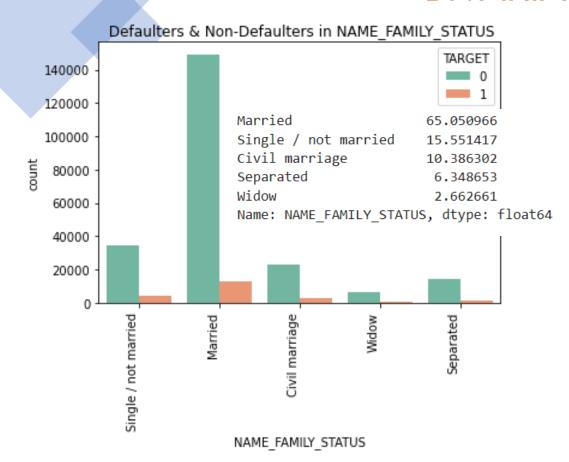
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give a loan to Working people as they take up more than 60% of applications, yet their defaulter percentage is low. Also, Businessman, Pensioners and Students have 0% default rate

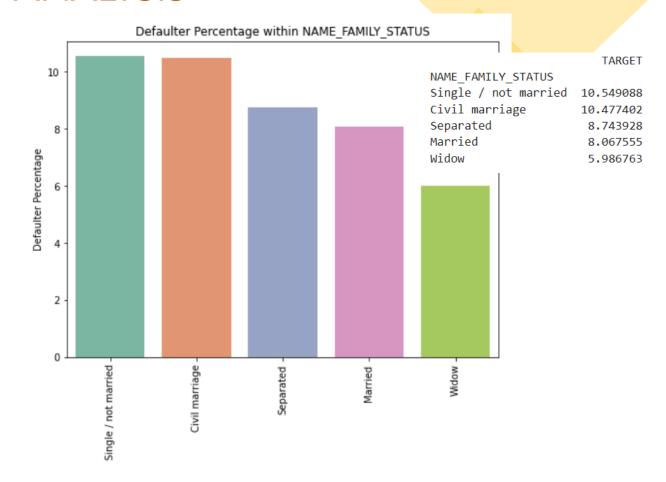




Almost 70% of the applicants have Secondary level education (as seen in the univariate analysis) as compared to Lower secondary which is less than 1%, but applicants within Lower Secondary category have a defaulting percent of 13.7%

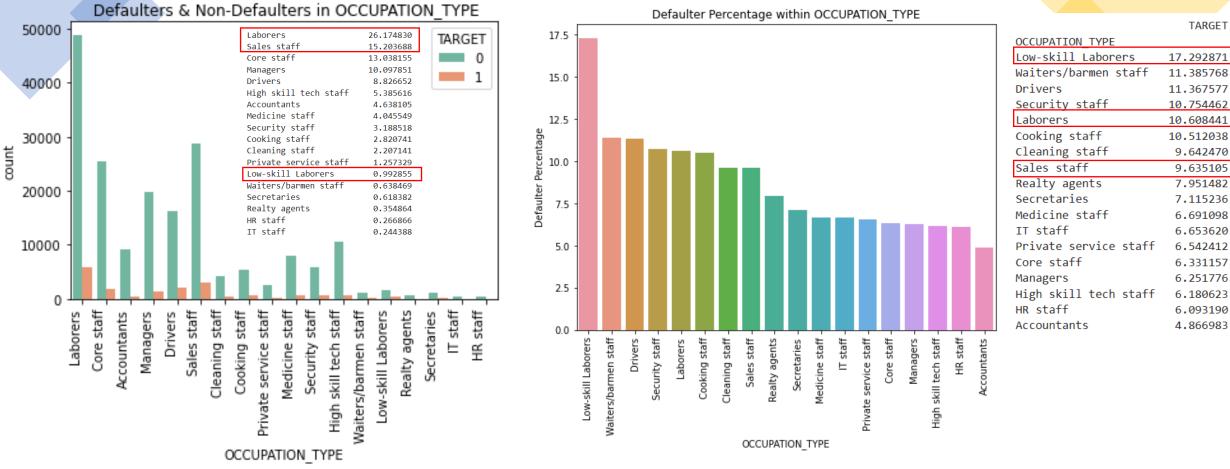
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give a loan to applicants with Secondary education or Higher education as they take up more than 95% of applications (combined), yet their defaulter percentage is only about 15% combined as compared to 13.7% amongst Lower Secondary





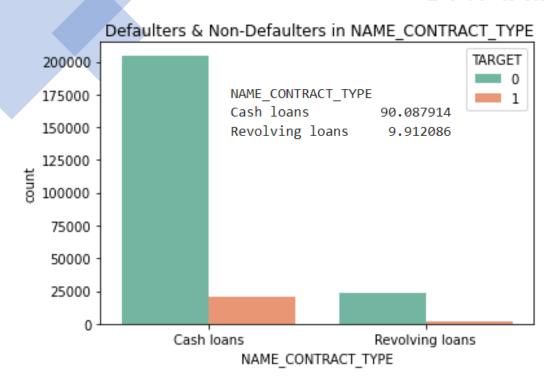
More than 65% of the applicants are Married (as seen in the univariate analysis) as compared to Single people who are 15%, but applicants who are Single, have a defaulting percent of 10.5%

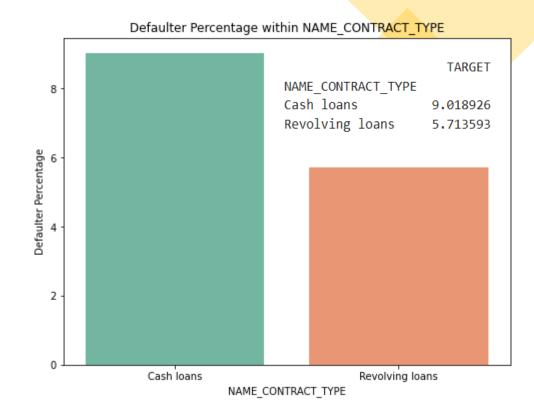
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give a loan to applicants who are Married as they take up more than 65% yet their defaulter percentage is only about 8% as compared to 10.5% amongst Single people who only take up 15% of applications.



More than (40% combined) of the applicants are either Laborers or Sales Staff (as seen in the univariate analysis) as compared to Low Skilled Laborers who are <1%, but applicants who are Low Skilled Laborers, have the highest defaulting percent of 17.2% in it's category

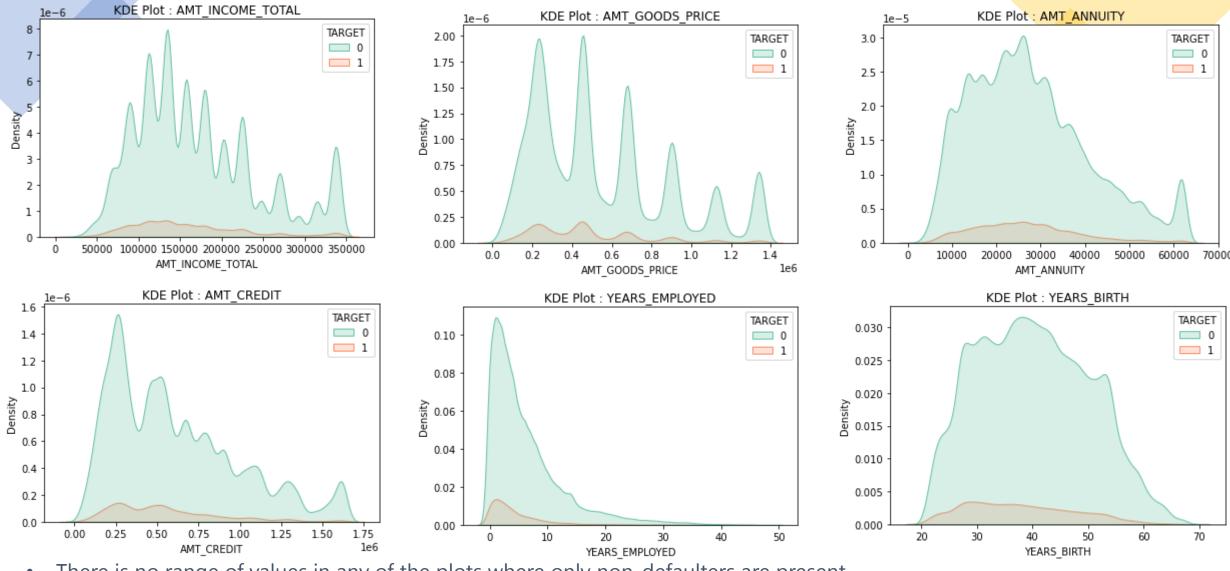
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give a loan to applicants who are Laborers or Sales Staff as they take up more than 40% applications, yet their defaulter percentage is only about 20% as compared to 17.2% amongst Low Skilled Laborers who only take up <1% of applications. Accountants are the least defaulters with about 4.86% default %



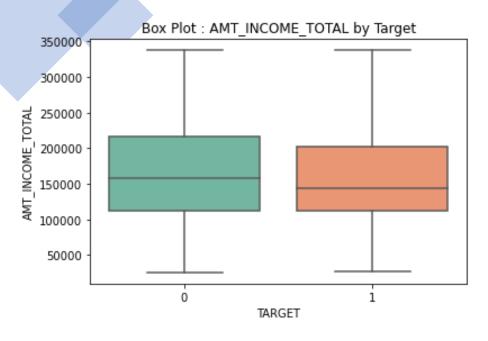


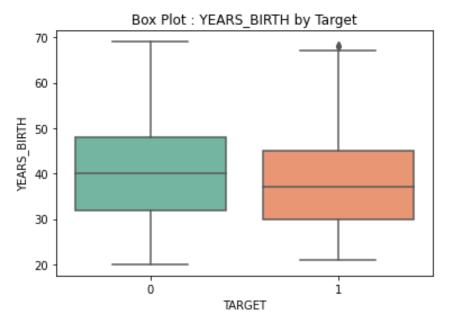
More than 90% of the applications are either Cash Loan (as seen in the univariate analysis) as compared to Revolving Loans who are <10%, but the defaulting rate is 9% for Cash Loans and close to it, 6% for Revolving Loans

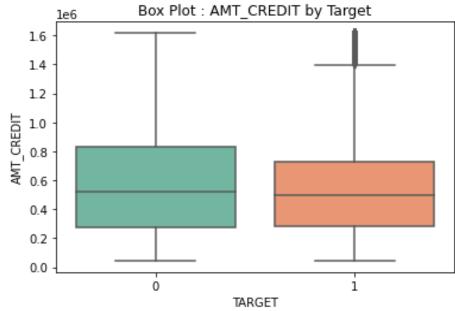
Recommendation: Going by the proportion of defaulters to applicants, it's safer to give Cash Loans as the default rate for its proportion to number of applications is low.



- There is no range of values in any of the plots where only non-defaulters are present
- Income Amount and Goods Price have peaks and valleys at various points: signifying many high values and few low values
- The Years Employed are significantly higher in the range 0-5 years and then reduces significantly.
  - Recommendation: People with years employed between 0-5 have highest non-defaulters, they can be targeted



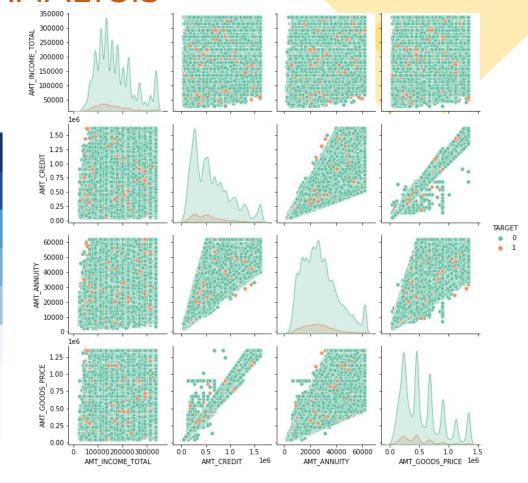




- The median income of defaulters is lower than non-defaulters and is around 1.4lakhs
- The median age of defaulters is lower than non-defaulters and is around 37-38 years of age. This is expected as they have lower incomes since they have been employed for a lesser duration
- The median loan amount appears to be almost the same, although the 75th percentile is around 8 lakhs for non-defaulters and around 7 lakhs for defaulters.

#### **MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS**

#### **DEFAULTERS**



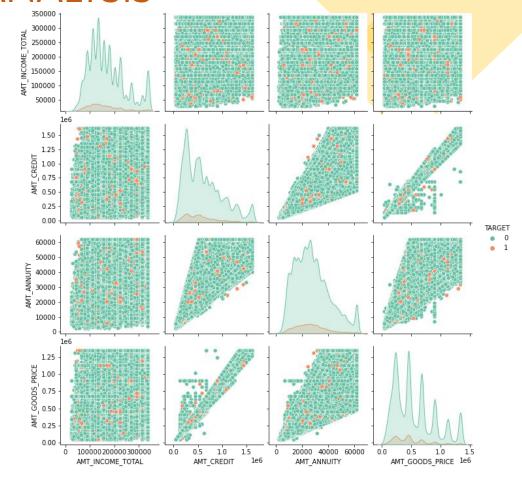
Credit Amount has the highest correlation with Goods Price of Credit amount also has a high correlation with Annuity Amount of Good Price also has a high correlation with Annuity Amount of

0.98 0.75 0.75

#### **MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS**

#### NON - DEFAULTERS

| 5222  |
|-------|
| 9221  |
| 3379  |
| 51480 |
| 9861  |
| 0925  |
| 37731 |
| 35454 |
|       |



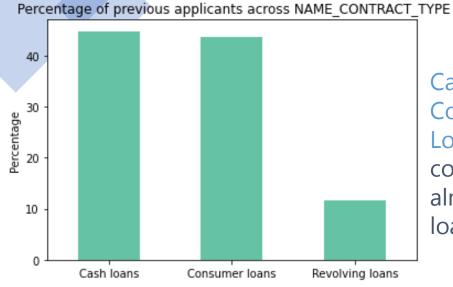
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0.98

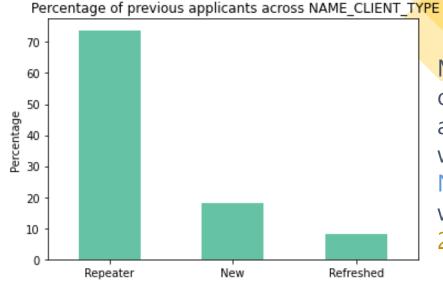
0.78

0.78

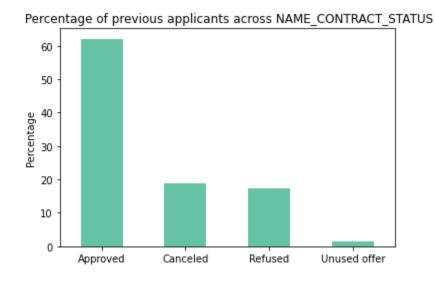
# PREVIOUS APPLICATION DATASET



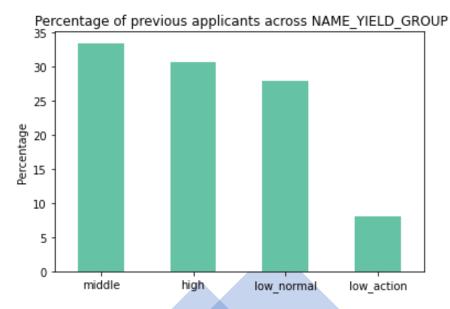
Cash Loans and
Consumer
Loans both
constitute
almost 45%
loan types



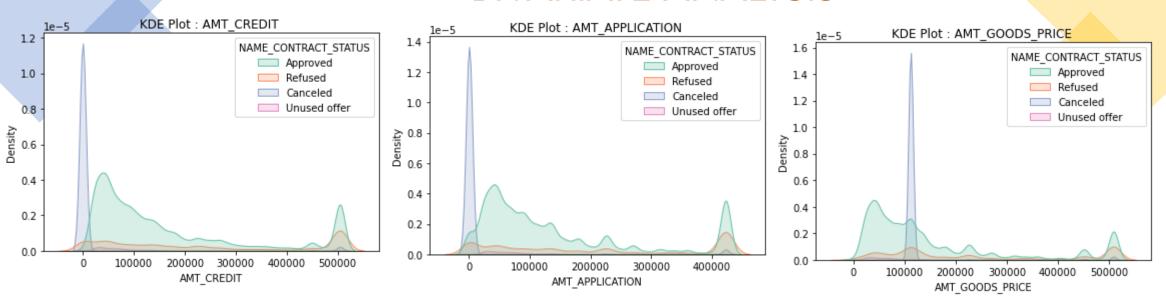
More than 70% of previous applications were Repeaters. New applicants were around 20%

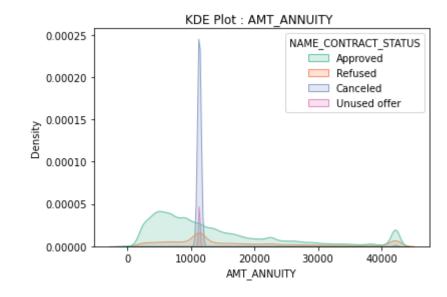


More than 60% of previous applications were Approved



The interest rates of middle, high and low normal categories are almost equal (28-32%) of total previous applications

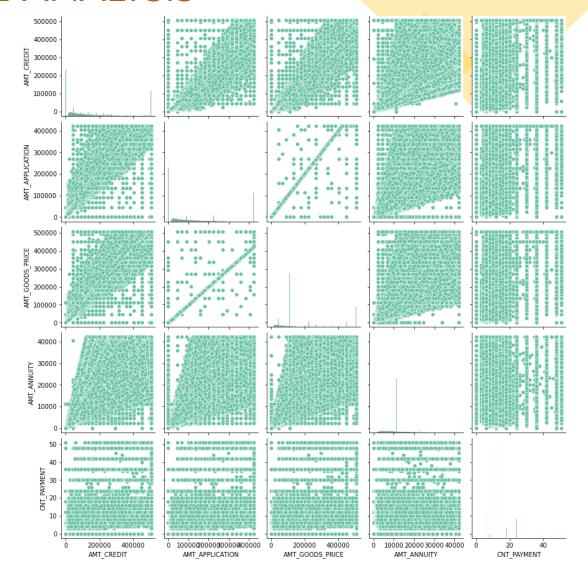




- The previous applications that were Cancelled appear in only a small range of amounts across all categories, as seen in the graphs
- The Approved applications are distributed fairly across all amounts across all categories, although the approvals become less towards the 4 Lakh range and then increase again for 5 Lakh
- For Amount credited and Amount requested (AMT\_CREDIT, AMT\_APPLICATION)
   , Refusals appear more at the 5 Lakh and 4.5 Lakh peaks respectively
- For goods price, the Refusals are more at two peaks, 1.2 Lakhs and just over 5 Lakhs
- For annuity amount, Refusals are more that two peaks, 1.2 Lakhs and just over 4
   Lakhs
- Unused offers appear only for a small range in Annuity amount, mainly at around 1.2 Lakhs

#### **MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS**

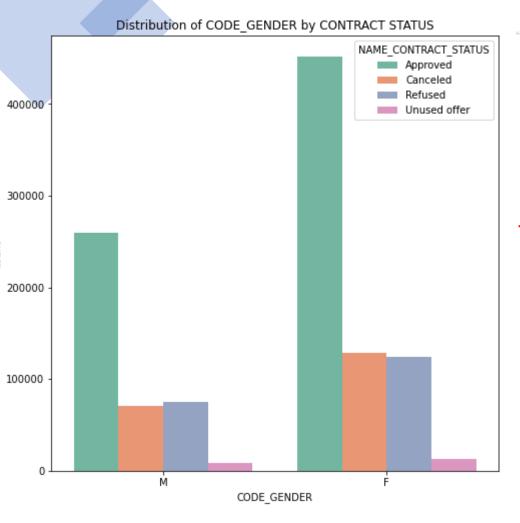
| Column 1        | Column 2        | Correlation |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| AMT_CREDIT      | AMT_APPLICATION | 0.941141    |
| AMT_GOODS_PRICE | AMT_APPLICATION | 0.941061    |
| AMT_GOODS_PRICE | AMT_CREDIT      | 0.923592    |
| AMT_ANNUITY     | AMT_GOODS_PRICE | 0.857584    |
| AMT_ANNUITY     | AMT_CREDIT      | 0.823068    |
| AMT_APPLICATION | AMT_ANNUITY     | 0.798669    |
| CNT_PAYMENT     | AMT_GOODS_PRICE | 0.691801    |
| CNT_PAYMENT     | AMT_APPLICATION | 0.669099    |
| CNT_PAYMENT     | AMT_CREDIT      | 0.637245    |



Credit Amount has the highest correlation with Application Amount of Goods Price also has a highest correlation with Application Amount of

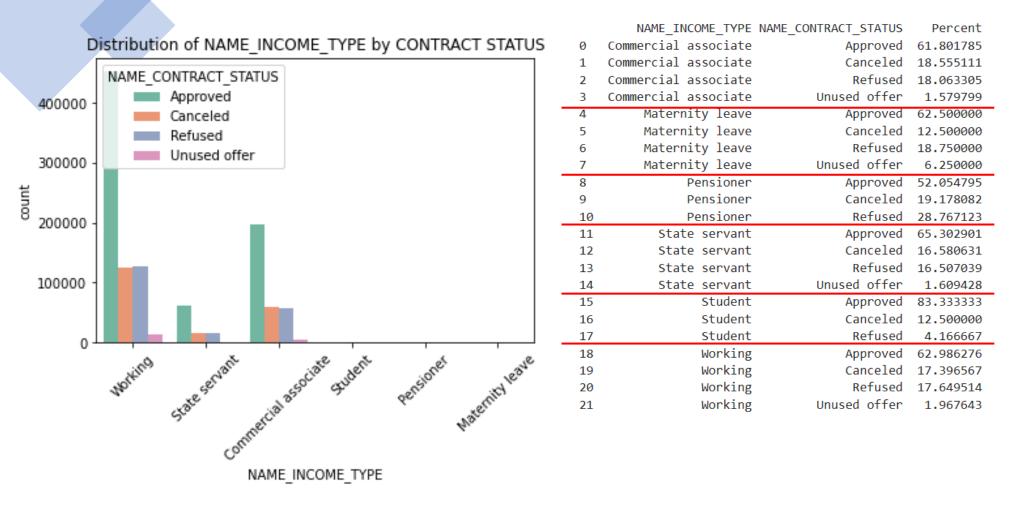
0.94 0.94

## MERGED DATASET



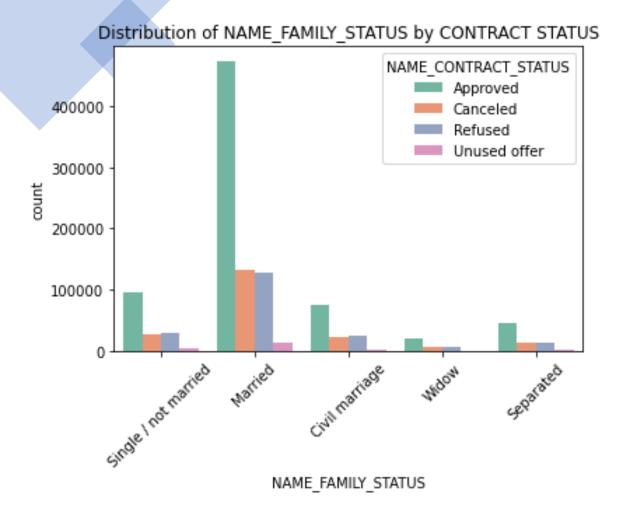
|   | CODE_GENDER | NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS | Percent   |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 0 | F           | Approved             | 62.974573 |
| 1 | F           | Canceled             | 17.934122 |
| 2 | F           | Refused              | 17.352883 |
| 3 | F           | Unused offer         | 1.738423  |
| 4 | М           | Approved             | 62.617554 |
| 5 | М           | Canceled             | 17.172322 |
| 6 | М           | Refused              | 18.225356 |
| 7 | М           | Unused offer         | 1.984768  |

The contract statuses of previous applications is fairly equal across both Genders



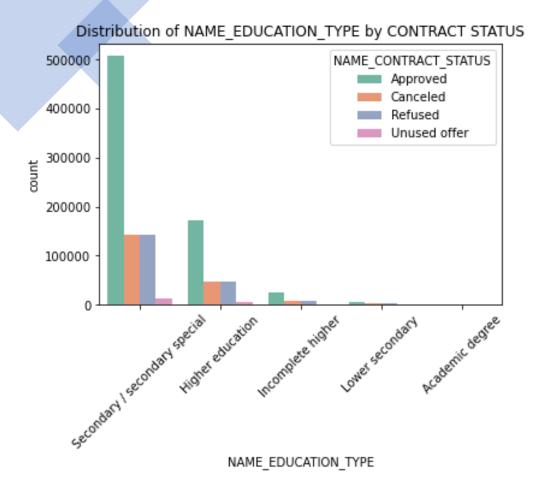
The Approved rate is the highest for Student at 83%, Refused rate is the lowest for student at 4% and Cancellation rate is lowest at 12.5% in previous applications

Recommendation: Based on previous applications, since Students have the highest approved rate, lowest refused rate and lowest cancellation rate, they are a safe Income Type to target for giving loans



|   |    | NAME_FAMILY_STATUS   | NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS | Percent   |   |
|---|----|----------------------|----------------------|-----------|---|
|   | 0  | Civil marriage       | Approved             | 60.951179 |   |
|   | 1  | Civil marriage       | Canceled             | 17.770268 |   |
|   | 2  | Civil marriage       | Refused              | 19.773606 |   |
|   | 3  | Civil marriage       | Unused offer         | 1.504947  |   |
| Ī | 4  | Married              | Approved             | 63.495145 | _ |
|   | 5  | Married              | Canceled             | 17.724049 |   |
|   | 6  | Married              | Refused              | 17.008790 |   |
|   | 7  | Married              | Unused offer         | 1.772017  |   |
|   | 8  | Separated            | Approved             | 62.435276 |   |
|   | 9  | Separated            | Canceled             | 17.358443 |   |
|   | 10 | Separated            | Refused              | 18.214465 |   |
|   | 11 | Separated            | Unused offer         | 1.991816  |   |
|   | 12 | Single / not married | Approved             | 61.672920 |   |
|   | 13 | Single / not married | Canceled             | 17.234380 |   |
|   | 14 | Single / not married | Refused              | 18.677568 |   |
|   | 15 | Single / not married | Unused offer         | 2.415131  |   |
| Ī | 16 | Widow                | Approved             | 61.610365 | _ |
|   | 17 | Widow                | Canceled             | 18.301485 |   |
|   | 18 | Widow                | Refused              | 18.893096 |   |
|   | 19 | Widow                | Unused offer         | 1.195054  |   |

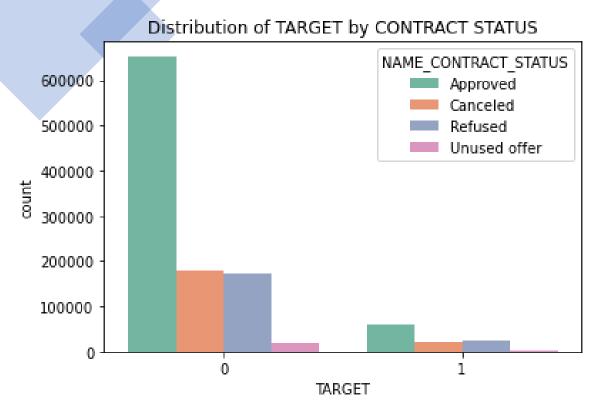
The contract statuses of previous applications is fairly equal across all family statuses



|    | NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE           | NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS | Percent   |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 0  | Academic degree               | Approved             | 71.602434 |
| 1  | Academic degree               | Canceled             | 9.330629  |
| 2  | Academic degree               | Refused              | 17.849899 |
| 3  | Academic degree               | Unused offer         | 1.217039  |
| 4  | Higher education              | Approved             | 62.668588 |
| 5  | Higher education              | Canceled             | 17.612124 |
| 6  | Higher education              | Refused              | 17.413183 |
| 7  | Higher education              | Unused offer         | 2.306106  |
| 8  | Incomplete higher             | Approved             | 61.245617 |
| 9  | Incomplete higher             | Canceled             | 17.269971 |
| 10 | Incomplete higher             | Refused              | 19.200701 |
| 11 | Incomplete higher             | Unused offer         | 2.283711  |
| 12 | Lower secondary               | Approved             | 62.417431 |
| 13 | Lower secondary               | Canceled             | 17.923691 |
| 14 | Lower secondary               | Refused              | 18.406783 |
| 15 | Lower secondary               | Unused offer         | 1.252095  |
| 16 | Secondary / secondary special | Approved             | 62.987361 |
| 17 | Secondary / secondary special | Canceled             | 17.692184 |
| 18 | Secondary / secondary special | Refused              | 17.670330 |
| 19 | Secondary / secondary special | Unused offer         | 1.650125  |
|    |                               |                      |           |

Applicants with Academic degrees have the highest Approval rate of 71% and the lowest cancelled rate of 9% amongst previous applications

Recommendation: Applicants with Academic degrees cancel the least and due to high Approved rate in previous applications, they can be targeted



|   | TARGET | NAME_CONTRACT_STATUS | Percent   |
|---|--------|----------------------|-----------|
| 0 | 0      | Approved             | 63.660722 |
| 1 | 0      | Canceled             | 17.515003 |
| 2 | 0      | Refused              | 16.979422 |
| 3 | 0      | Unused offer         | 1.844854  |
| 4 | 1      | Approved             | 54.911965 |
| 5 | 1      | Canceled             | 19.020257 |
| 6 | 1      | Refused              | 24.397955 |
| 7 | 1      | Unused offer         | 1.669822  |

As expected, the Approval rate for defaulters is lesser at 55% and the Refusal rate is higher at 24%