Answer sheet

姓名_____学号

PART 2

 PART 1

 D
 D
 B
 C
 C
 C
 A
 D
 D
 C

55 45 121 296

PART 3

1

For &&, if the left operand is false, the result will be false regardless of the right operand. To improve execution speed, C allows the program to skip the execution of the second operand in this case. This is call the short-circuit operation for &&.

For ||, if the left operand is true, the result will be true regardless of the right operand.

2

A continue-statement skips the following statements inside the current iteration.

The break-statement ends the current loop, and continues with the statement that follows the loop.

3

- 1. Make program easier to design.
- 2. Make program simpler to read
- 3. Hide implementation
- 4. Code reusing

Before each function call

1) Allocating the memory space for the local variables

4

2) Passing values for arguments

After each function call:

- 1) Setting return value
- 2) Releasing the memory space for the local variables

PART 3 请写背面

PART 4

2
line 2: missing "using namespace std;"
line 4: undefined "value"
line 6: additional ";"
line 8: missing ";"
line 9: dangling "else"
line 12: should be "!= 0"
line 15: dangling "else"
4
line 2: ";" should be ","
line 2: endless recursive function calls
between the two "max" functions.
line 6: each parameter should have a type
line 9: ambiguous function call
line 10: should be "max(value1, value3);"
line 15: should be "(value1 < value2 ? value1 :
value2)"
line 22: missing ")"

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 using namespace std;
4 bool isAnswer(int x) {
       int answer = x * x * x -
6
           28 * x * x +
7
           245 * x * x - 650;
       return (answer == 0);
9 }
10
11 int main() {
12
    for (int x = 1; x \le 100; ++ x) {
13
           if (isAnswer(x)) {
               cout << "x=" << x << endl;</pre>
14
15
           }
16
      }
17 }
```