

P. 144.17  $\int \frac{\cos x dx}{5-3\cos x}$  ,  $\searrow u = \tan \frac{x}{2}$  ,  $dx = \frac{2du}{1+u^2}$   $\sin^3 \frac{x}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{8}$

$$= \int \frac{\frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}}{5-3 \cdot \frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}} \cdot \frac{2du}{1+u^2} \quad \cos x = \frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}$$

$$= \int \frac{1-u^2}{5+5u^2-3+3u^2} \cdot \frac{2du}{1+u^2} = \int \frac{1-u^2}{2+8u^2} \cdot \frac{2du}{1+u^2} = - \int \frac{(u^2+1-2)du}{(1+4u^2) \cdot (1+u^2)}$$

$$= - \int \frac{du}{1+4u^2} + \frac{2}{3} \int \left( \frac{4}{1+4u^2} - \frac{1}{1+u^2} \right) du$$

$$= \frac{5}{3} \int \frac{du}{1+4u^2} - \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{du}{1+u^2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{arctan} 2u - \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{arctan} u + C$$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{arctan} \left( 2 \tan \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{x}{2} + C = \frac{5}{6} \operatorname{arctan} \left( 2 \tan \frac{x}{2} \right) - \frac{x}{3} + C.$$

P. 144.18  $\int \frac{\cos^3 x dx}{\sin x + \cos x} = \int \frac{\cos^2 x d\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} = \int \frac{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} d\sin x + \int \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} d\sin x$

$$I = \int (\cos x - \sin x) d\sin x + \int \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{\sin x + \cos x} \cdot \cos x dx$$

$$= \int \cos^2 x dx - \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + \int \frac{\cos x dx}{\sin x + \cos x} - I$$

$$2I = \int \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{2} dx - \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + \int \frac{\sin x + \cos x - \sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{4} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{2} + x - \int \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

$$\hookrightarrow \int \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x} dx = \int \frac{\frac{2u}{1+u^2}}{\frac{2u}{1+u^2} + \frac{1-u^2}{1+u^2}} \cdot \frac{2du}{1+u^2} = \int \frac{u}{2u+1-u^2} \cdot \frac{2du}{1+u^2}$$

$$= \int \frac{-2u du}{(u^2-2u+1)(1+u^2)} = \int \left( \frac{1}{1+u^2} - \frac{1}{u^2-2u+1} \right) du$$

$$= \operatorname{arctan} u - \int \frac{1}{1+(u-1)^2} d(u-1)$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} - \operatorname{arctan}(u-1) + C$$

$$= \frac{x}{2} - \operatorname{arctan} \left[ \tan \frac{x}{2} - 1 \right] + C$$

$$\hookrightarrow \int \frac{\cos^3 x dx}{\sin x + \cos x} = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{8} - \frac{\sin^2 x}{4} + \operatorname{arctan} \left[ \tan \frac{x}{2} - 1 \right] + C.$$