

中山大学软件学院 2010 级软件工程专业 (2010 学年春季学期)

《SE-106 离散数学》期末考试试卷(A)

(考试形式： 闭卷 考试时间：2 小时)



《中山大学授予学士学位工作细则》第六条

考试作弊不授予学士学位

方向：_____ 姓名：_____ 学号：_____

注意：答案一定要写在答卷中，写在本试题卷中不给分。本试卷要和答卷一起交回。

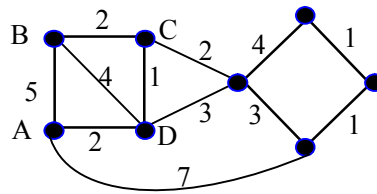
1. **(10 points)** Let A and B be sets, Prove or disprove the following statements
 - (a) $A \cap B = A \cap C$, then $B=C$
 - (b) If $A \cup B = B$ for all any set B, then $A=\phi$
2. **(10 points)** Determine whether the following statements are tautology
 - (a) $\sim P \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow q)$
 - (b) $(p \Rightarrow q) \wedge (p \vee q)$
3. **(15 points)** Let $A=\{a, b, c, d\}$, and $R=\{(a, d), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c), (d, b)\}$
 - (a) Construct the diagram of R
 - (b) Show the corresponding matrix M_R and then compute M_{R^2}
 - (c) Give the transitive closure of R
4. **(10 points)** Let $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $A=S \times S$. Define the following relation R on A: $(a, b) R (a', b')$ if and only if $b=b'$.
 - (a) Show that R is an equivalence relation
 - (b) Compute A/R
5. **(10 points)** Let $A=\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ and

$$p = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 & 5 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

be a permutation of A

- (a) Write p as a product of disjoint cycles;
- (b) Compute p^{-1} and p^2 .

6. **(10 points)** $A = \{2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 18, 36\}$ with the partial order of divisibility
- Draw the corresponding Hasse diagram;
 - Determine the greatest, least, maximal and minimal elements, if they exist, of the poset.
7. **(15 points)** Consider the completely parenthesized expression $(a + b) \times (c \div (d - e))$
- Show a tree representation of the expression;
 - Travel the tree in (a) using POSTORDER algorithm;
 - Let $a=1, b=2, c=3, d=4, e=3$, calculate the expression $(a + b) \times (c \div (d - e))$ according to the string obtained in (b) step by step.
8. **(10 points)** Consider the following weight graph



- Use Prim's Algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree (start at vertex A)
 - Use Kruskal's Algorithm to find a minimal spanning tree
9. **(10 points)** consider the following graphs

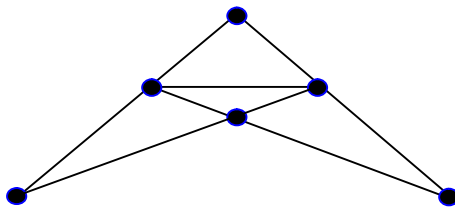


Fig. 1

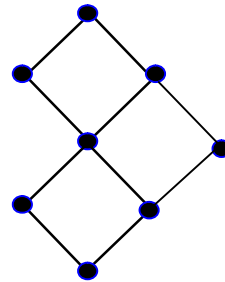


Fig. 2

- Determine which of the graphs has a Euler circuit, and give reasons for your choice;
- Use Fleury's algorithm to produce an Euler circuit for the graph in (a)