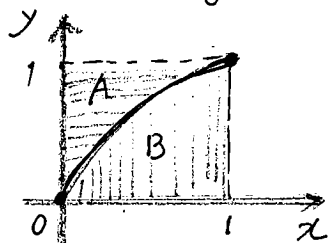


P.110.3 $\int_0^1 x^2 dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i) \cdot \Delta x_i$; $f(\xi_i) = \xi_i^2 = (\frac{i}{n})^2$, $\Delta x_i = \frac{1}{n}$. Len 8/28

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n (\frac{i}{n})^2 \cdot \frac{1}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{i^2}{n^3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2}{n^3}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{6} n \cdot (n+1) \cdot (2n+1)}{n^3} = \frac{1}{6} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (1 + \frac{1}{n}) \cdot (2 + \frac{1}{n}) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

P.110.4 求 $\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx$, (利用 2, 3 题结果)



$$A+B = \int_0^1 y^2 dy + \int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx = 1 \times 1 = 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx = 1 - \int_0^1 x^2 dy = 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

P.111.5 证明下列不等式

(1) $\frac{\pi}{2} < \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 + \sin x) dx < \pi$;

证: $\frac{\pi}{2} = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1+0) dx < \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 + \sin x) dx < \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1+1) dx = 2 \cdot \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} dx = 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \pi$

(2) $\sqrt{2} < \int_0^1 \sqrt{2+x-x^2} dx < \frac{3}{2}$.

证: $x \in [0,1]$ 时, $\sqrt{2} \leq \sqrt{2+x-x^2} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{4} - (x-\frac{1}{2})^2} < \sqrt{\frac{9}{4} - 0} = \frac{3}{2}$
 $x^2 \leq x$

从而, $\int_0^1 \sqrt{2} dx < \int_0^1 \sqrt{2+x-x^2} dx < \int_0^1 \frac{3}{2} dx$

$$\sqrt{2} < \int_0^1 \sqrt{2+x-x^2} dx < \frac{3}{2}$$

P.111.6 比较定积分的大小。

(1) $\int_0^1 e^x dx > \int_0^1 e^{x^2} dx$; 因为 $x \in (0,1)$ 时 $x^2 < x$, $e^{x^2} < e^x$.

(2) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x^2 dx > \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin x)^2 dx$. 因为, $x \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$, $0 < \sin x < x$, $0 < \sin^2 x < x^2$.

(3) $\int_0^1 x dx < \int_0^1 \sqrt{1+x^2} dx$, 因为, $x \in [0,1]$, $0 < x = \sqrt{x^2} < \sqrt{1+x^2}$.